

Write a program to learn how to select features for machine learning

```
In [4]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectKBest, f_classif, RFE
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

In [5]: # Load dataset
iris = load_iris()

In [6]: X = pd.DataFrame(iris.data, columns=iris.feature_names)
y = iris.target

In [7]: # Split data into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
```

1. Univariate Feature Selection

What is it?

Univariate Feature Selection means selecting the best features based on individual statistical tests between each feature and the target variable.

“Univariate” = each feature is evaluated independently.

This is useful for removing irrelevant or less important features.

What is SelectKBest?

SelectKBest is a feature selection method in Scikit-learn that selects the top k features based on a scoring function.

Key Components:

Parameter	Description
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Parameter	Description
score_func	The scoring function to evaluate each feature (e.g., <code>f_classif</code> , <code>chi2</code>)
k	Number of top features to keep

Common Scoring Functions:

Function	Use Case	Description
<code>f_classif</code>	Classification	ANOVA F-value between label/feature
<code>chi2</code>	Classification (non-negative features)	Chi-squared stats between each feature and target
<code>mutual_info_classif</code>	Classification	Information gain between each feature and target
<code>f_regression</code>	Regression	F-value for regression tasks
<code>mutual_info_regression</code>	Regression	Mutual information for regression tasks

```
In [8]: # 1. Univariate Feature Selection
print("Univariate Feature Selection:")
# Apply SelectKBest
selector = SelectKBest(score_func=f_classif, k=2)
X_new = selector.fit_transform(X_train, y_train)
X_new
```

Univariate Feature Selection:

```
Out[8]: array([[3.7, 1. ],
               [5.1, 1.5],
               [5.5, 1.8],
               [4.4, 1.4],
               [6.1, 2.5],
               [4.2, 1.3],
               [6.6, 2.1],
               [4.5, 1.5],
               [1.4, 0.2],
               [6.7, 2. ],
               [4.1, 1. ],
               [1.4, 0.2],
               [1.3, 0.3],
               [1.9, 0.4],
               [3.5, 1. ],
               [4.9, 1.8],
               [1.9, 0.2],
               [1.6, 0.2],
               [1.7, 0.5],
               [4.2, 1.3],
               [1.5, 0.2],
               [4.2, 1.2],
               [6.7, 2.2],
               [1.4, 0.2],
               [4.3, 1.3],
               [5. , 2. ],
               [1.4, 0.2],
               [4.8, 1.8],
               [5.1, 1.9],
               [4. , 1. ],
               [4.5, 1.5],
               [5.4, 2.3],
               [4. , 1.3],
               [1.7, 0.4],
               [3.3, 1. ],
               [5.3, 1.9],
               [1.4, 0.2],
               [1.2, 0.2],
               [3.8, 1.1],
               [5. , 1.7],
               [1.5, 0.2],
               [5.1, 2.4],
```

```
[1.5, 0.2],  
[1.6, 0.6],  
[4.8, 1.8],  
[3. , 1.1],  
[5.7, 2.3],  
[5.1, 1.6],  
[5.6, 1.4],  
[6.1, 2.3],  
[4. , 1.3],  
[1.4, 0.2],  
[1.1, 0.1],  
[5. , 1.5],  
[6. , 1.8],  
[1.5, 0.2],  
[1.4, 0.3],  
[1.3, 0.2],  
[4.9, 1.5],  
[5.6, 2.4],  
[1.4, 0.3],  
[5.5, 2.1],  
[6. , 2.5],  
[1.3, 0.2],  
[4.7, 1.4],  
[4.6, 1.5],  
[4.8, 1.8],  
[4.7, 1.4],  
[5.3, 2.3],  
[1.6, 0.2],  
[5.4, 2.1],  
[4.2, 1.5],  
[5.2, 2. ],  
[3.5, 1. ],  
[3.9, 1.4],  
[4.6, 1.4],  
[1.3, 0.3],  
[4.6, 1.3],  
[4.4, 1.2],  
[1.5, 0.2],  
[4.1, 1.3],  
[6.3, 1.8],  
[5.7, 2.1],  
[1.5, 0.4],
```

```
[3.3, 1. ],  
[5.7, 2.5],  
[5.8, 1.6],  
[1.4, 0.1],  
[5.6, 2.4],  
[1.4, 0.2],  
[4.9, 1.5],  
[6.1, 1.9],  
[5.6, 1.8],  
[4.1, 1.3],  
[5.5, 1.8],  
[4.4, 1.3],  
[4.3, 1.3],  
[4.9, 2. ],  
[5.1, 1.8],  
[1.7, 0.2],  
[4. , 1.3],  
[4.5, 1.7],  
[1.2, 0.2],  
[4. , 1.2],  
[5.9, 2.1]])
```

```
In [9]: # Display scores and selected features  
print("Feature scores:", selector.scores_)  
print("Selected features:", X_train.columns[selector.get_support()])
```

```
Feature scores: [ 74.7572012   33.41979913 713.45534904 526.54162416]  
Selected features: Index(['petal length (cm)', 'petal width (cm)'], dtype='object')
```

2. Recursive Feature Elimination (RFE)

To select the best subset of features for your model by recursively removing the least important ones.

How it works (Step-by-Step):

Train a model (e.g., logistic regression, decision tree) on all features.

Rank features based on importance (e.g., model coefficients or feature_importances).

Remove the least important feature(s).

Repeat the process on the remaining features until:

You reach the desired number of features (n_features_to_select).

```
In [10]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
model = RandomForestClassifier()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[10]: ▼ RandomForestClassifier
RandomForestClassifier()
```

```
In [11]: # 2. Recursive Feature Elimination (RFE)
print("\nRecursive Feature Elimination (RFE):")
rfe = RFE(estimator=model, n_features_to_select=2)
rfe.fit(X_train, y_train)
# Display selected features
print("Selected features:", X_train.columns[rfe.support_])
```

Recursive Feature Elimination (RFE):

Selected features: Index(['petal length (cm)', 'petal width (cm)'], dtype='object')

3. Feature Importance from Random Forest

```
In [12]: print("\nFeature Importance from Random Forest:")
# Display feature importance
importances = model.feature_importances_
indices = np.argsort(importances)[::-1]
print("Feature ranking:")
for f in range(X_train.shape[1]):
    print(f"{X_train.columns[indices[f]]}: {importances[indices[f]]}")
```

Feature Importance from Random Forest:

Feature ranking:

petal width (cm): 0.4330064240493466

petal length (cm): 0.3955833154085587

sepal length (cm): 0.12929497833439274

sepal width (cm): 0.04211528220770196