## Familiarization with the Microwave Laboratory Apparatus

S.No.	Name of the Equipment	Image	Symbol	Function
1	Circulator		A Q D B	It transports radio frequency or microwave signals from one port to another.
2	Isolator	MAZZ 521	A Q D B	It transmits microwave or radio frequency power in one direction only. It is used to shield equipment on its input side, from the effects of conditions on its output side.
3	Attenuator			It decreases the strength of the input signal either continuously or step by step without appreciable signal distortion while substantially maintaining constant impedance match
4	Magic Tee		Collinear arms Port 2  H arm Port 4	The magic-tee can be used as a power combiner or divider, depending on the needs of the application.
5	Directional Coupler		1 2 3	The basic function of a directional coupler is to operate on an input so that two output signals are available.
6	Horn Antenna		~	A horn antenna is used to transmit radio waves from a waveguide (a metal pipe used to carry radio waves) out into space, or collect radio waves into a waveguide for reception.

7	H-Plane Tee		2	It is used to either divide or combine power in a waveguide system. It is a two way in-phase power divider/combiner i.e it is additive in nature. When two input signals are fed to port 1 & 2, the output at port 3 is in phase and additive and when the input signal is fed to port 3, the signal is split in to two equal parts that are in-phase at port 1 & 2.
8	E-Plane Tee	H	1 0 2	It is similar to a power divider. The outputs we get in this type of tee are 180° out of phase with each other, irrespective of from which port the input is fed.
9	Frequency Meter			A frequency meter is an instrument that displays the frequency of a periodic electrical signal.
10	Pin Modulator		Carrier Oscillator Osc	It accepts a low frequency (base band) signal that modulates the output of e.g. a generator, typically in amplitude, frequency or phase. Its use is that this is the signal you are actually interested in. The high frequency signal is just a carrier: without modulation it is useless.
11	Gunn Oscillator		â C	It is a low-cost, stable source of continuous-wave microwave signals essential for telecommunications, radar systems, and scientific applications.
12	Power Meter		P	It is an instrument which measures the electrical power at microwave frequencies typically in the range 100 MHz to 40 GHz.
13	VSWR Meter	VSWR METER OF THE PARTY OF THE	TX AHT AHT AHT	It is used to determine the amount of radio frequency that is being reflected back to the transmitter compared to the amount that is being sent out during transmission.