

Importing the dependencies

```
In [1]: import numpy as np # linear algebra
import os # for file hierarchy
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # plotting the images and data
import matplotlib.image as mpimg # reading the images
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split # for preprocessing and cutting whole dataset into train and test subsets
from PIL import Image # for loading the images
import cv2 # for reading the images and converting the images into various forms
import glob # for getting the files from directory
```

Getting the dataset in list.

```
In [2]: dirpath = '../input/kaggle-cat-vs-dog-dataset/kagglecatsanddogs_3367a/PetImages'
files = next(os.walk(dirpath))
dogs = next(os.walk(dirpath + '/Dog'))
cats = next(os.walk(dirpath + '/Cat'))
dogs = dogs[2]
cats = cats[2]
```

Counting the number of images in dataset

```
In [3]: print(f'The number of dogs images is {len(dogs)}')
print(f'The number of cat images is {len(cats)}')
print(f'Total number of images in dataset is {len(cats) + len(dogs)}')
```

The number of dogs images is 12470
The number of cat images is 12401
Total number of images in dataset is 24861

Cutting the dataset into smaller set

```
In [4]: dogs = dogs[:3000]
cats = cats[:3000]
print(f'The number of dogs images after cutting is {len(dogs)}')
print(f'The number of cat images after cutting is {len(cats)}')
print(f'Total number of images in dataset is {len(cats) + len(dogs)}')
```

The number of dogs images after cutting is 3000
The number of cat images after cutting is 3000
Total number of images in dataset is 6000

Displaying the sample Images

```
In [5]: %matplotlib inline
img = mpimg.imread(f'{dirpath}/Dog/{dogs[2]}')
imgplot = plt.imshow(img)
```



```
In [6]: %matplotlib inline
img = mpimg.imread(f'{dirpath}/Cat/{cats[2]}')
imgplot = plt.imshow(img)
```



Resizing the images

```
In [7]: # creating a separate folder
import shutil

# delete the folder hierarchy if the resized is already runned
if os.path.isdir('./resized'):
    path = './resized'
    shutil.rmtree(path)
    os.mkdir('./resized')
    os.mkdir('./resized/dog')
    os.mkdir('./resized/cat')
```

Resizing the dog images

```
In [8]: resized_dog_path = './resized/dog'
resized_cat_path = './resized/cat'
c = 0
```

```
for i in range(3000):
    oimg = f'{dirpath}/Dog/{dogs[i]}'
    img = Image.open(oimg)
    img = img.resize((224,224))
    img = img.convert('RGB')
    img.save(f'{resized_dog_path}/{c}.jpg')
    c+=1
print('completed resizing for dogs')
```

/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/PIL/TiffImagePlugin.py:845: UserWarning: Truncated File Read
warnings.warn(str(msgg))
completed resizing for dogs

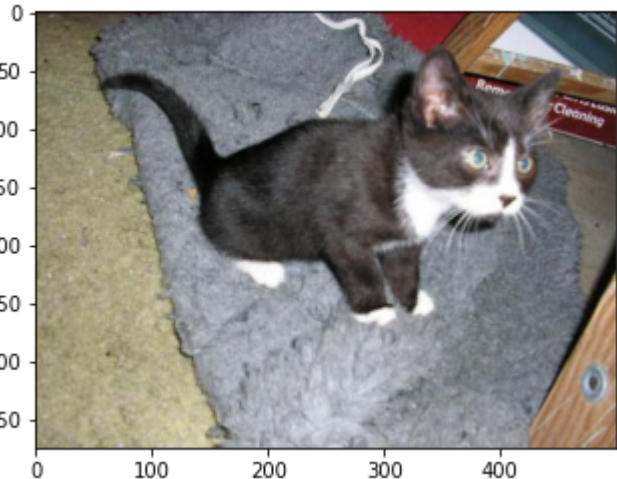
Resizing the cat images

```
In [9]: c = 0
for i in range(3000):
    oimg = f'{dirpath}/Cat/{cats[i]}'
    img = Image.open(oimg)
    img = img.resize((224,224))
    img = img.convert('RGB')
    img.save(f'{resized_cat_path}/{c}.jpg')
    c+=1
print('completed resizing for cats')
```

completed resizing for cats

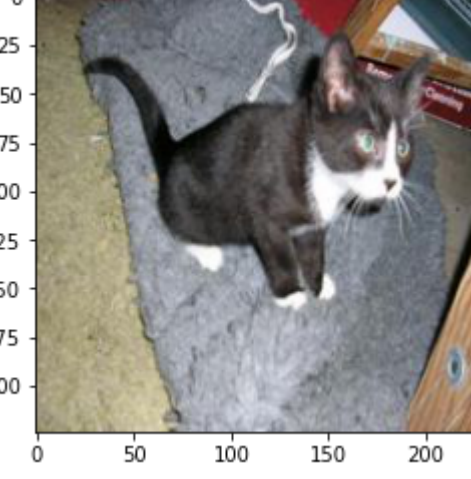
Original image

```
In [10]: %matplotlib inline
img = mpimg.imread(f'{dirpath}/Cat/{cats[2]}')
imgplot = plt.imshow(img)
```



Resized Image

```
In [11]: %matplotlib inline
img = mpimg.imread(f'{resized_cat_path}/2.jpg')
imgplot = plt.imshow(img)
```



Creating labels for dataset

```
In [12]: # cats -> 0
# dogs -> 1
resized_dogs = os.listdir('./resized/dog')
labels=[]
for i in resized_dogs:
    labels.append(1)

resized_cats = os.listdir('./resized/cat')
for i in resized_cats:
    labels.append(0)
```

Finding the unique value and count of individual subsets

```
In [13]: val , cnt = np.unique(labels,return_counts=True)
print(f'The value is {val[0]} and count of that is {cnt[0]}')
print(f'The value is {val[1]} and count of that is {cnt[1]}')
```

The value is 0 and count of that is 3000
The value is 1 and count of that is 3000

Creating a numpy array of all the images present

```
In [14]: allimgPath = './resized/dog/'
img_extension = ['.png','jpg']
files = []

[files.extend(glob.glob(allimgPath + '*' + e)) for e in img_extension]

allimgPath = './resized/cat/'
[files.extend(glob.glob(allimgPath + '*' + e)) for e in img_extension]

allimg = np.asarray([cv2.imread(file) for file in files])
```

Getting information from numpy array 'allimg' that consist all the images in matrix form

```
In [15]: print(allimg.shape)
print(allimg.dtype)
print(type(allimg))
print(len(allimg))
```

(6000, 224, 224, 3)
uint8
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>
6000

Train test split

```
In [16]: X = allimg
X = np.asarray(labels)
```

```
In [17]: x_train , x_test , y_train , y_test = train_test_split(X,Y,test_size=0.1,random_state=2)
```

Getting the insights of train test split

```
In [18]: print (f'The X images are splitted into train set : {len(x_train)} test set : {len(x_test)}')
print (f'The Y labels are splitted into train set : {len(y_train)} test set : {len(y_test)}')
```

The X images are splitted into train set : 5400 test set : 600
The Y labels are splitted into train set : 5400 test set : 600

[[[177 163 167]
[177 163 167]
[178 162 166]
...
[176 163 165]
[177 164 166]
[178 165 167]]

[[180 166 170]
[180 166 170]
[179 165 169]
...
[177 164 166]
[179 166 168]
[180 167 169]]

[[180 169 172]
[179 168 171]
[178 167 170]
...
[178 165 167]
[181 168 170]
[183 170 172]]

...
[[207 208 212]
[206 207 211]
[203 203 209]
...
[209 207 213]
[206 204 210]
[201 199 205]]

[[213 214 218]
[210 211 215]
[207 207 213]
...
[202 200 206]
[198 194 200]
[191 189 195]]

[[212 213 217]
[209 210 214]
[209 209 215]
...
[203 201 207]
[199 197 203]
[196 194 200]]]

scaling the data by dividing with 255

```
In [19]: x_train = x_train/255
x_test = x_test/255
```

```
In [20]: print(x_train[0])
```

[[[0.69411765 0.63921569 0.65490196]
[0.69411765 0.63921569 0.65490196]
[0.69019608 0.63529412 0.65998039]
...
[0.69019608 0.63921569 0.64705082]
[0.69411765 0.64313725 0.65998039]
[0.69803922 0.64705082 0.65490196]]

[[[0.70588235 0.65098039 0.66666667]
[0.70588235 0.65098039 0.66666667]
[0.70196078 0.64705082 0.6027451]
...
[0.69411765 0.64313725 0.65998039]
[0.70196078 0.65098039 0.65802533]
[0.70588235 0.65490196 0.6027451]]

[[[0.70588235 0.6627451 0.6745008]
[0.70196078 0.65802533 0.67058024]
[0.69803922 0.65490196 0.66666667]
...
[0.69803922 0.64705082 0.65490196]
[0.70980392 0.64882353 0.66666667]
[0.71764706 0.66666667 0.6745008]]

...
[[[0.81176471 0.81568627 0.82137255]
[0.80784314 0.81176471 0.82745098]
[0.79607843 0.79607843 0.81960784]
...
[0.81960784 0.81176471 0.83529412]
[0.80784314 0.8 0.82352941]
[0.78823529 0.78039216 0.80392157]]

[[[0.83529412 0.83921569 0.85490196]
[0.82352941 0.82745098 0.84313725]
[0.81176471 0.81176471 0.83529412]
...
[0.79215686 0.78431373 0.80784314]
[0.78602745 0.78078431 0.78431373]
[0.74901961 0.74117647 0.76470588]]

[[[0.83137255 0.83529412 0.85998039]
[0.81960784 0.82352941 0.83921569]
[0.81960784 0.81960784 0.84313725]
...
[0.79607843 0.78823529 0.81176471]
[0.78803216 0.77254902 0.79607843]
[0.78602745 0.78078431 0.78431373]]]

building a neural network

```
In [21]: import tensorflow as tf
import tensorflow_hub as hub
```

```
In [22]: mobilenet_model = tf.keras.layers.experimental.preprocessing.experimental_pretrained_model(
pretrained_model = hub.KerasLayer(mobilenet_model, input_shape=(224,224,3), trainable=False)
```

2022-11-16 13:27:32.481289: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/process_util.cc:146] Creating new thread pool with default inter op setting: 2. Tune using inter_op_parallelism_threads for best performance.

```
In [23]: num_of_classes = 2
```

```
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
    pretrained_model,
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(num_of_classes)
])
```

```
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
keras_layer (KerasLayer)	(None, 120)	2257984
dense (Dense)	(None, 2)	2562

Total params: 2,260,546
Trainable params: 2,562
Non-trainable params: 2,257,984

```
In [24]: model.compile(
    optimizer = 'adam',
    loss = tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits=True),
    metrics = ['acc']
)
```

```
In [25]: model.fit(x_train,y_train, epochs=5)
```

2022-11-16 13:27:32.481289: I tensorflow/compiler/mlir/mlir_graph_optimization_pass.cc:185] None of the MLIR Optimization Passes are enabled (registered 2)
Epoch 1/5
169/169 [=====] - 59s 327ms/step - loss: 0.1249 - acc: 0.9569
Epoch 2/5
169/169 [=====] - 52s 307ms/step - loss: 0.0559 - acc: 0.9889
Epoch 3/5
169/169 [=====] - 51s 301ms/step - loss: 0.0424 - acc: 0.9854
Epoch 4/5
169/169 [=====] - 52s 307ms/step - loss: 0.0355 - acc: 0.9898
Epoch 5/5
169/169 [=====] - 52s 305ms/step - loss: 0.0303 - acc: 0.9913

```
Out [25]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f61ec9a9780>
```

```
In [26]: score , acc = model.evaluate(x_test,y_test)
```

19/19 [=====] - 7s 302ms/step - loss: 0.0608 - acc: 0.9783

```
In [27]: print(f'Accuracy of test dataset is : {int(acc*100)} %')
```

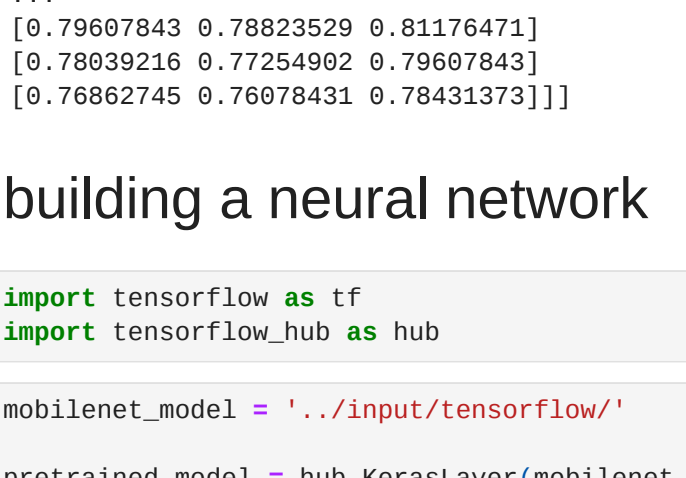
Accuracy of test dataset is : 97 %

prediction of unidentified image

```
In [28]: def predictAnimal(str):
    input_image = mpimg.imread(str)
    imgplot = plt.imshow(input_image)
    input_image_resize = cv2.resize(input_image, (224,224))
    input_image_scaled = input_image_resize/255
    image_resaped = np.reshape(input_image_scaled, [1,224,224,3])
    input_prediction = model.predict(image_resaped)
    print(input_prediction)
    if input_pred_label == 0:
        print('The image represents a Cat')
    else:
        print('The image represents a Dog')
```

```
In [29]: predictAnimal('../input/d/harshonegra/inputset/cat.jpg')
```

[[[5.289031 -2.2416222]]
The image represents a Cat



```
In [30]: predictAnimal('../input/d/harshonegra/inputset/dog.jpg')
```

[[[-2.9447315 3.4424171]]
The image represents a Dog

