## Project 1: Predicting Catalog Demand

Complete each section. When you are ready, save your file as a PDF document and submit it here: <a href="https://classroom.udacity.com/nanodegrees/nd008/parts/c0b53068-1239-4f01-82bf-24886872f48e/project">https://classroom.udacity.com/nanodegrees/nd008/parts/c0b53068-1239-4f01-82bf-24886872f48e/project</a>

# Step 1: Business and Data Understanding

Provide an explanation of the key decisions that need to be made. (500 word limit)

## **Key Decisions:**

Answer these questions

1. What decisions needs to be made?

Should catalogs be sent to 250 new customers in the company's mailing list? This decision depends on whether the company can expect a profit from 250 new customers. If the expected profit is greater than \$10,000, catalogs will be mailed to the new customers.

2. What data is needed to inform those decisions?

To make the decision on whether to send catalogs to new customers we need data on the following:

The expected profit if catalog is sent to new customer

The Average number of products bought by each customer

The Average Sale Amount spent by each customer for products bought through catalog

The likelihood that the customer will buy through catalog

The gross margin on products sold through catalog to each customer

The cost of printing and distributing catalog to each customer

# Step 2: Analysis, Modeling, and Validation

Provide a description of how you set up your linear regression model, what variables you used and why, and the results of the model. Visualizations are encouraged. (500 word limit)

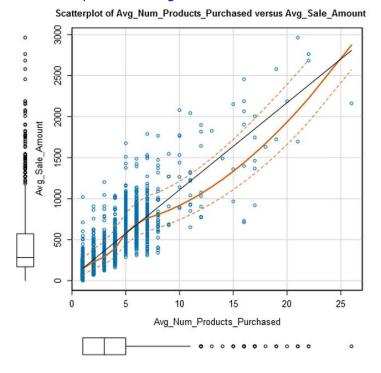
Important: Use the p1-customers.xlsx to train your linear model.

At the minimum, answer these questions:

1. How and why did you select the <u>predictor variables (see supplementary text)</u> in your model? You must explain how your continuous predictor variables you've chosen have a linear relationship with the target variable. Please refer to this <u>lesson</u> to help you explore

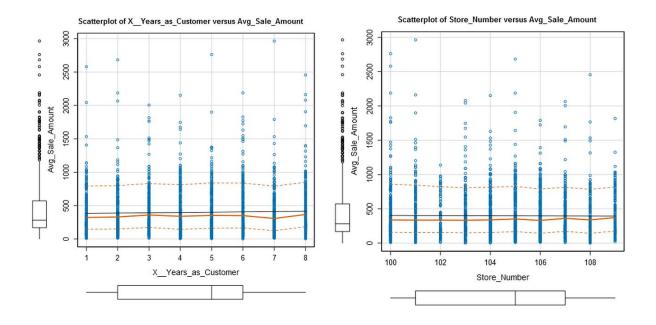
your data and use scatterplots to search for linear relationships. You must include scatterplots in your answer.

Since we need to predict the profit the Average Sale Amount is target variable. Scatterplots are used to check which numeric predictor variables that have a linear relationship with the target variable.

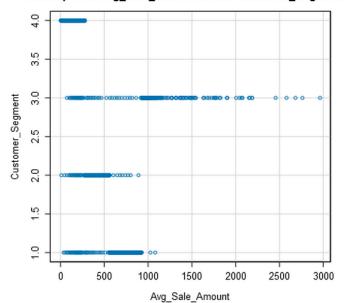


The trend lines in scatter plots below show that only the Average number of products purchased has a linear relationship with Average sale amount, and is thus a good variable to explore in the linear regression model.

The target variable does not have a linear relationship with other continuous numeric variable as shown in the scatterplots below and need not be included in the regression model.



### Scatterplot of Avg\_Sale\_Amount versus Customer\_Segment

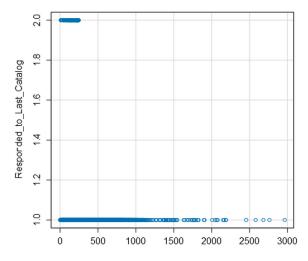


Avg Sale Amount vs Customer Segment shows 4 groups of customers.

Record #	Count	Customer Segment			
1	494	Credit Card Only			
2	579	Loyalty Club Only			
3	194	Loyalty Club and Credit Card			
4	1108	Store Mailing List			

Record #	Count	Customer Segment	Min_Avg Sale Amount	Max_Avg Sale Amount
1	494	Credit Card Only	35.81	1081.12
2	579	Loyalty Club Only	9.76	890.12
3	194	Loyalty Club and Credit Card	72.31	2963.49
4	1108	Store Mailing List	1.22	278.26

#### Scatterplot of Avg\_Sale\_Amount versus Responded\_to\_Last\_Catalog



Avg Sale Amount vs Responded to Last Catalog shows 2 groups of customers (Yes/No)

Record #	Count	Responded to Last Catalog
1	2204	No
2	171	Yes

Record #	Count	Customer Segment	Responded to Last Catalog	Min_Avg Sale Amount	Max_Avg Sale Amount
1	484	Credit Card Only	No	35.81	1081.12
2	10	Credit Card Only	Yes	92.49	242.72
3	574	Loyalty Club Only	No	9.76	890.12
4	5	Loyalty Club Only	Yes	98.67	232.16
5	193	Loyalty Club and Credit Card	No	72.31	2963.49
6	1	Loyalty Club and Credit Card	Yes	137.08	137.08
7	953	Store Mailing List	No	1.22	278.26
8	155	Store Mailing List	Yes	10.22	244.76

From the detailed study at the relationship between variables in the data, the numeric variable Avg\_Num\_Products\_Purchased and the categorical variables

Customer\_Segment, Responded\_to\_Last Catalog were used as predictor variables to explore in the linear regression model for the target variable Avg\_Sale\_Amount.

2. Explain why you believe your linear model is a good model. You must justify your reasoning using the statistical results that your regression model created. For each variable you selected, please justify how each variable is a good fit for your model by using the p-values and R-squared values that your model produced.

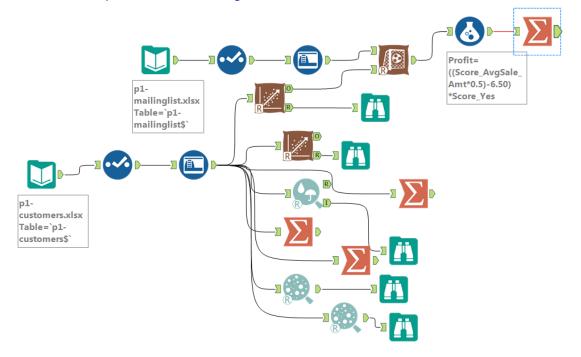
Two linear regression models were built to explore the importance of "Responded \_to\_last\_Catalog. This variable does not change the change the Adjusted R-squared value, it is dropped from the model.

The numeric variable Avg\_Num\_Products\_Purchased and the categorical variable Customer\_Segment were used as predictor variables in the linear regression model for the target variable Avg\_Sale\_Amount.

From R-squared and Adjusted R-squared values of the regression model are both about 0.837. This indicated that all predictor variables are important. About 83.7% variation in the Avg\_Sale\_Amount is explained by the regression model.

The extremely small p values shows that both predictors are statistically significant.

The report for the linear regression model is shown below.



## Report for Linear Model Sales\_LR2

### Basic Summary

Call:

Im(formula = Avg.Sale.Amount ~ Customer.Segment + Avg.Num.Products.Purchased, data =
the.data)

#### Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-663.8	-67.3	-1.9	70.7	971.7

#### Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	303.46	10.576	28.69	< 2.2e-16 ***
Customer.SegmentLoyalty Club Only	-149.36	8.973	-16.65	< 2.2e-16 ***
Customer.SegmentLoyalty Club and Credit Card	281.84	11.910	23.66	< 2.2e-16 ***
Customer.SegmentStore Mailing List	-245.42	9.768	-25.13	< 2.2e-16 ***
Avg.Num.Products.Purchased	66.98	1.515	44.21	< 2.2e-16 ***

Significance codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 137.48 on 2370 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.8369, Adjusted R-Squared: 0.8366 F-statistic: 3040 on 4 and 2370 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

Type II ANOVA Analysis

Response: Avg.Sale.Amount

	Sum Sq	DF	F value	Pr(>F)
Customer.Segment	28715078.96	3	506.4	< 2.2e-16 ***
Avg.Num.Products.Purchased	36939582.5	1	1954.31	< 2.2e-16 ***
Residuals	44796869.07	2370		

Significance codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

3. What is the best linear regression equation based on the available data? Each coefficient should have no more than 2 digits after the decimal (ex: 1.28)

Avg\_Sale\_Amount = 305 + 66.81 \* Avg\_Num\_Products\_Purchased – 150.03 (If Custome\_Segment: Loyalty Club Only) +281.69 (If Custome\_Segment: Loyalty Club an Credit Card) – 242.76 (If Custome\_Segment: Store Mailing List) + 0 (If Custome\_Segment: Credit Card Only)

# Step 3: Presentation/Visualization

Use your model results to provide a recommendation. (500 word limit)

At the minimum, answer these questions:

1. What is your recommendation? Should the company send the catalog to these 250 customers?

Yes, the company should send the 250 new customers.

Since the predicted net profit taking into account the probability the customer will buy the catalog, the \$6.50 cost of printing and distributing catalog, and the 50% average gross margin on products sold through catalog is \$21,987.44

Since the predicted net profit > \$10,000 requirement, company can go ahead and send the catalogs

2. How did you come up with your recommendation? (Please explain your process so reviewers can give you feedback on your process)

Linear regression built with data from past 2375 customers is used to predict the average sale amount of the 250 new customers.

Net expected profit calculated taking into account the probability the customer will buy the catalog (Score\_Yes), the 50% average gross margin on products sold through catalog and the \$6.50 cost of printing and distributing catalog by the formula

3. What is the expected profit from the new catalog (assuming the catalog is sent to these 250 customers)?

Profit = \$21,987.44