

demo

September 27, 2024

```
[10]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import warnings

warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

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[11]: df = pd.read_csv("avaitaion-data.csv")

df
```

```
[11]:  FlightNumber  DepartureDate  DepartureTime  ArrivalDate  ArrivalTime  \
0      AA1234    09/01/2023      08:30 AM    09/01/2023      10:45 AM
1      DL5678    09/01/2023      01:15 PM    09/01/2023      03:30 PM
2      UA9101    09/01/2023      05:00 PM    09/01/2023      07:15 PM
3      AA1234    09/01/2023      08:30 AM    09/01/2023      10:45 PM
4      DL5678    09/02/2023      02:00 PM    09/02/2023      04:10 PM
5      UA9101    09/02/2023      05:00 PM    09/02/2023      07:15 PM
6      AA1234    09/02/2023      08:30 PM    09/03/2023      10:45 AM
7      DL5678    09/03/2023      01:00 PM    09/03/2023      03:30 PM
8      UA9101    09/03/2023      03:00 PM    09/03/2023      05:20 PM
9      AA1234    09/03/2023      08:30 AM    09/03/2023      10:00 AM
10     DL5678    09/04/2023      12:30 PM    09/04/2023      02:40 PM
11     UA9101    09/04/2023      07:00 PM    09/04/2023      09:15 PM
```

	Airline	DelayMinutes
0	American Airlines	15.0
1	Delta	5.0
2	United Airlines	25.0
3	American Airlines	30.0
4	Delta	NaN
5	United Airlines	20.0
6	American Airlines	60.0
7	Delta	10.0
8	United Airlines	NaN
9	American Airlines	15.0
10	Delta	25.0
11	United Airlines	45.0

```
[ ]: # create a mysql database and store the data in the database and write a query
      ↳ to get the data from the database and store in database.
```

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[12]: # Step 1: Handle missing values by filling with the mean delay (for simplicity).
mean_delay = df["DelayMinutes"].mean()
df["DelayMinutes"].fillna(mean_delay, inplace=True)

# Step 2: Remove duplicate entries based on FlightNumber, DepartureDate, and
↳ DepartureTime.
df_cleaned = df.drop_duplicates(
    subset=["FlightNumber", "DepartureDate", "DepartureTime"], keep="first"
)

# Step 3: Convert dates to standard YYYY-MM-DD format and times to 24-hour
↳ format
df_cleaned["DepartureDate"] = pd.to_datetime(
    df_cleaned["DepartureDate"], format="%m/%d/%Y"
).dt.strftime("%Y-%m-%d")
df_cleaned["ArrivalDate"] = pd.to_datetime(
    df_cleaned["ArrivalDate"], format="%m/%d/%Y"
).dt.strftime("%Y-%m-%d")
df_cleaned["DepartureTime"] = pd.to_datetime(
    df_cleaned["DepartureTime"], format="%I:%M %p"
).dt.strftime("%H:%M")
df_cleaned["ArrivalTime"] = pd.to_datetime(
    df_cleaned["ArrivalTime"], format="%I:%M %p"
).dt.strftime("%H:%M")

# Display the cleaned data
df_cleaned
```

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[12]:
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	FlightNumber	DepartureDate	DepartureTime	ArrivalDate	ArrivalTime	\
0	AA1234	2023-09-01	08:30	2023-09-01	10:45	
1	DL5678	2023-09-01	13:15	2023-09-01	15:30	
2	UA9101	2023-09-01	17:00	2023-09-01	19:15	
4	DL5678	2023-09-02	14:00	2023-09-02	16:10	
5	UA9101	2023-09-02	17:00	2023-09-02	19:15	
6	AA1234	2023-09-02	20:30	2023-09-03	10:45	
7	DL5678	2023-09-03	13:00	2023-09-03	15:30	
8	UA9101	2023-09-03	15:00	2023-09-03	17:20	
9	AA1234	2023-09-03	08:30	2023-09-03	10:00	
10	DL5678	2023-09-04	12:30	2023-09-04	14:40	
11	UA9101	2023-09-04	19:00	2023-09-04	21:15	

	Airline	DelayMinutes
0	American Airlines	15.0
1	Delta	5.0

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4	Delta	25.0
5	United Airlines	20.0
6	American Airlines	60.0
7	Delta	10.0
8	United Airlines	25.0
9	American Airlines	15.0
10	Delta	25.0
11	United Airlines	45.0

```
[13]: # Step 4: Handle inconsistent times by ensuring ArrivalTime is later than
      ↪DepartureTime.
      # We will assume that any flight with an ArrivalTime earlier than DepartureTime
      ↪occurs the next day.

      # Convert DepartureTime and ArrivalTime into timedelta for easy comparison
      df_cleaned["DepartureDateTime"] = pd.to_datetime(
          df_cleaned["DepartureDate"] + " " + df_cleaned["DepartureTime"]
      )
      df_cleaned["ArrivalDateTime"] = pd.to_datetime(
          df_cleaned["ArrivalDate"] + " " + df_cleaned["ArrivalTime"]
      )

      # Adjust ArrivalDateTime if it occurs before DepartureDateTime (assume the
      ↪arrival is the next day)
      df_cleaned.loc[
          df_cleaned["ArrivalDateTime"] < df_cleaned["DepartureDateTime"],
          ↪"ArrivalDateTime"
      ] += pd.Timedelta(days=1)

      # Step 5: Create FlightDuration column by calculating the difference between
      ↪ArrivalDateTime and DepartureDateTime
      df_cleaned["FlightDuration"] = (
          df_cleaned["ArrivalDateTime"] - df_cleaned["DepartureDateTime"]
      )

      # Display the updated dataset with FlightDuration
      df_cleaned[
          [
              "FlightNumber",
              "DepartureDateTime",
              "ArrivalDateTime",
              "FlightDuration",
              "Airline",
              "DelayMinutes",
          ]
      ]
```

```
[13]:
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	FlightNumber	DepartureDateTime	ArrivalDateTime	FlightDuration	\
0	AA1234	2023-09-01 08:30:00	2023-09-01 10:45:00	0 days 02:15:00	
1	DL5678	2023-09-01 13:15:00	2023-09-01 15:30:00	0 days 02:15:00	
2	UA9101	2023-09-01 17:00:00	2023-09-01 19:15:00	0 days 02:15:00	
4	DL5678	2023-09-02 14:00:00	2023-09-02 16:10:00	0 days 02:10:00	
5	UA9101	2023-09-02 17:00:00	2023-09-02 19:15:00	0 days 02:15:00	
6	AA1234	2023-09-02 20:30:00	2023-09-03 10:45:00	0 days 14:15:00	
7	DL5678	2023-09-03 13:00:00	2023-09-03 15:30:00	0 days 02:30:00	
8	UA9101	2023-09-03 15:00:00	2023-09-03 17:20:00	0 days 02:20:00	
9	AA1234	2023-09-03 08:30:00	2023-09-03 10:00:00	0 days 01:30:00	
10	DL5678	2023-09-04 12:30:00	2023-09-04 14:40:00	0 days 02:10:00	
11	UA9101	2023-09-04 19:00:00	2023-09-04 21:15:00	0 days 02:15:00	

	Airline	DelayMinutes
0	American Airlines	15.0
1	Delta	5.0
2	United Airlines	25.0
4	Delta	25.0
5	United Airlines	20.0
6	American Airlines	60.0
7	Delta	10.0
8	United Airlines	25.0
9	American Airlines	15.0
10	Delta	25.0
11	United Airlines	45.0

```
[14]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

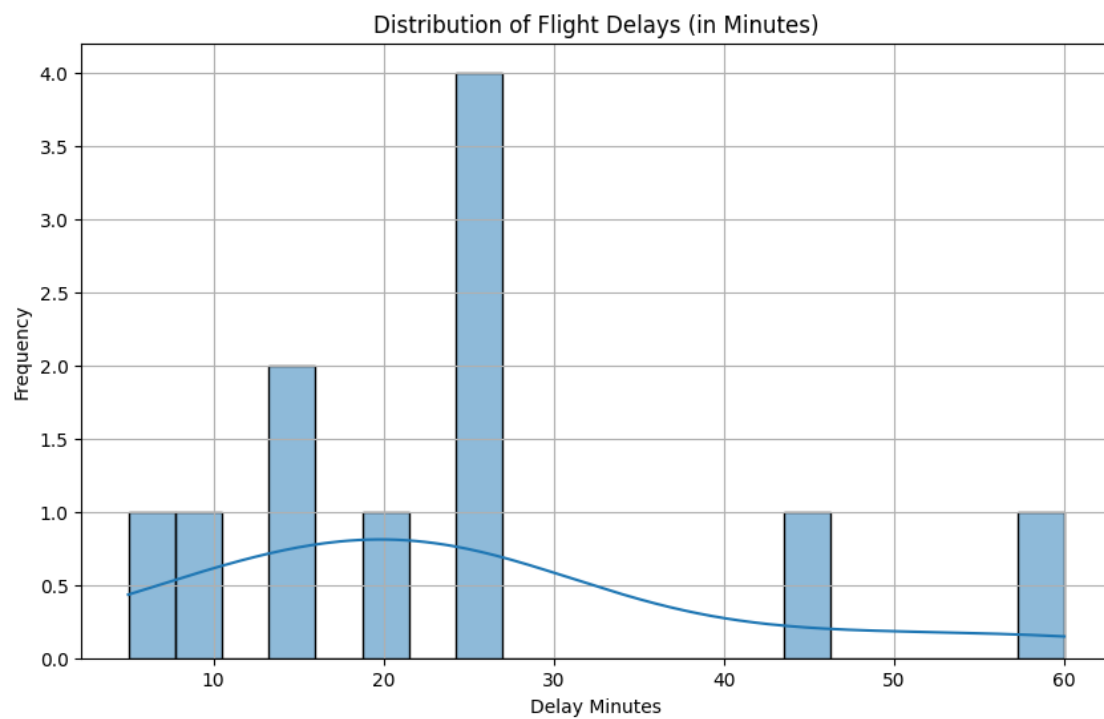
# Step 1: Analyze the distribution of delays
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(df_cleaned["DelayMinutes"], bins=20, kde=True)
plt.title("Distribution of Flight Delays (in Minutes)")
plt.xlabel("Delay Minutes")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

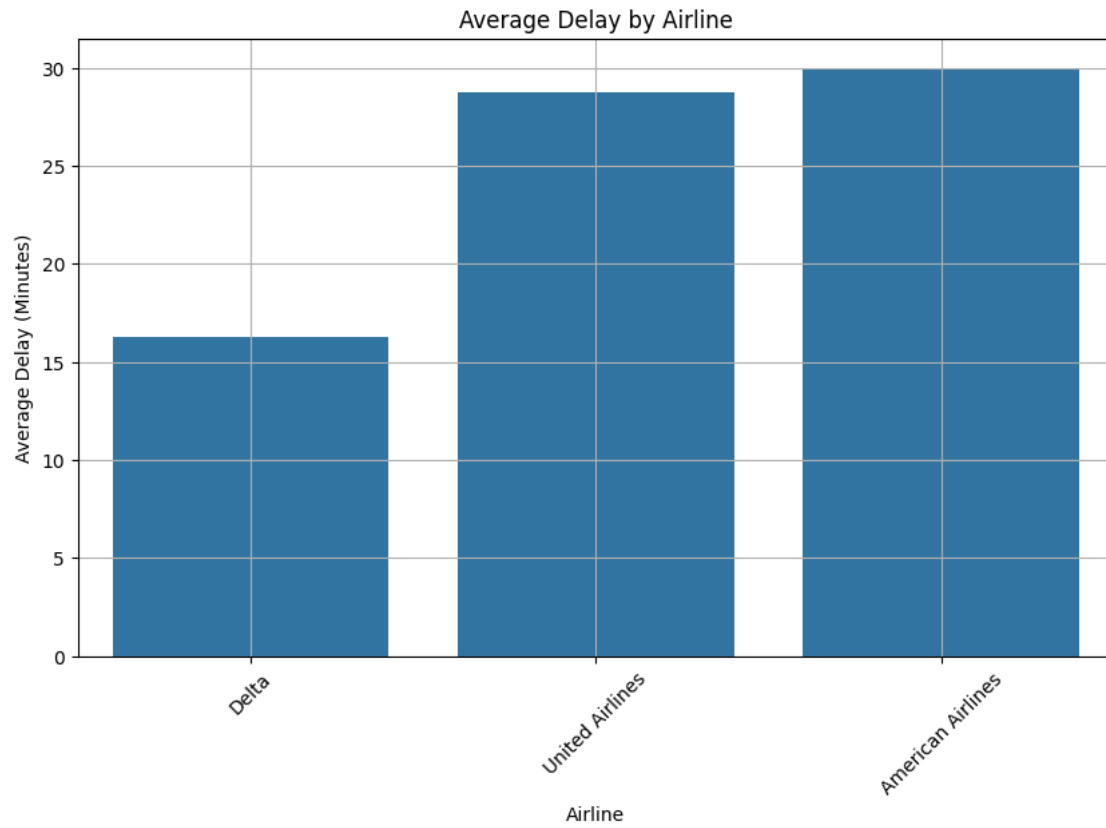
# Step 2: Calculate the average delay per airline
avg_delay_per_airline = (
    df_cleaned.groupby("Airline")["DelayMinutes"].mean().sort_values()
)

# Step 3: Visualize average delay by airline
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.barplot(x=avg_delay_per_airline.index, y=avg_delay_per_airline.values)
plt.title("Average Delay by Airline")
```

```
plt.xlabel("Airline")
plt.ylabel("Average Delay (Minutes)")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

```
avg_delay_per_airline
```





```
[14]: Airline
      Delta      16.25
      United Airlines  28.75
      American Airlines  30.00
      Name: DelayMinutes, dtype: float64
```