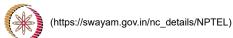
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vp2749@srmist.edu.in >

NPTEL (https://swayam.gov.in/explorer?ncCode=NPTEL) » Programming in C++ (course)

Announcements (announcements) About the Course (preview) Ask a Question (forum)

Progress (student/home) Mentor (student/mentor)

Unit 10 - Week 8

Course outline How does an **NPTEL** online course work? Week 0 Week 1 Week 2 Week 3 Week 4 Week 5 Week 6 Week 7 Week 8 O Module 36: Exceptions (Error Handling in C): Part I (Lecture

Assignment 8

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2020-11-11, 23:59 IST.

Assignment submitted on 2020-11-11, 23:54 IST

1) 2 points

```
52) (unit?
                           Consider the program below.
 unit=89&lesson=90)
O Module 37:
                           #include<iostream>
 Exceptions (Error
                           using namespace std;
 Handling in C):
 Part II (Lecture
 53) (unit?
                           void fun(int test) {
 unit=89&lesson=91)
                                try {
Module 38 :
                                     test ? throw test : throw "zero ";
 Template
 (Function
                                catch (int i) {
                                                                            //LINE-1
 Template): Part I
                                     cout << "Caught: " << i << " ";
 (Lecture 54)
 (unit?
 unit=89&lesson=92)
O Module 39:
                           int main() {
 Template
                                try{
 (Function
                                     fun(1);
 Template): Part II
 (Lecture 55)
                                     fun(2);
 (unit?
                                     fun(0);
 unit=89&lesson=93)
                                     fun(3);
Module 40:
 Closing
                                catch (const char *str) {
                                                                               //LINE-2
 Comments
                                     cout << "CaughtString ";
 (Lecture 56)
 (unit?
 unit=89&lesson=94)
                                return 0;
                           }

    Lecture Materials

 (unit?
 unit=89&lesson=95)
                               What will be the output?
Quiz :
 Assignment 8
                              a) Caught:
                                                          2 CaughtString Caught: 3
                                            1 Caught:
 (assessment?
 name=176)
                             b) Caught:
                                            1 Caught:
                                                          2 CaughtString
W8 Programming-
 Qs1
 (/noc20 cs57/progassignment?
                             c) Caught:
                                            1 Caught:
                                                          2 CaughtString zero Caught:
 name=178)
W8 Programming-
                          Od) Caught:
                                            1 Caught:
 Qs2
 (/noc20 cs57/progassignment?
 name=179)
                         Yes, the answer is correct.
                        Score: 2
W8 Programming-
                        Accepted Answers:
 (/noc20_cs57/progassignment b) Caught: 1 Caught:
                                                       2 CaughtString
 name=180)
W8 Programming-
                       2)
                                                                                                         2 points
  Qs4
```

(/noc20_cs57/progassignm name=181)

Feedback For Week 8 (unit? unit=89&lesson=96)

DOWNLOAD VIDEOS

Text Transcripts

Assignment Solution

Books

Live Interactive Session

Programming Test (11th Dec): Session-1 (10.00AM -11.00AM)

Programming Test (11th Dec): Session-2 (8.00PM - 9.00PM)

```
Consider the program below.
 #include <iostream>
 using namespace std;
 namespace cust_error {
      class error { };
      class spec_error : public error { };
      class unknown_error : public error { };
      void f() { throw unknown_error(); }
 };
 int main() {
      try {
          cust_error::f();
      catch (cust_error::spec_error&) {
                                                 // LINE-1
          cout << "specific error" << endl;</pre>
      }
      catch (cust_error::error&) {
                                                  // LINE-2
          cout << "error" << endl;
      catch (cust_error::unknown_error&) {
                                                  // LINE-3
          cout << "unknown error" << endl;</pre>
      7
      catch (...) {
                                                  // LINE-4
          cout << "default" << endl;
      }
      return 0;
 }
 What will be the output?
    a) specific error
   b) error
 c) unknown error
 d) default
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
```

```
b) error
3)
   Consider the following program.
   #include <iostream>
   #include <string>
   using namespace std;
   int main() {
       try {
            throw "s";
       catch (int x) {
           cout << "Caught 1 " << x;
       }
       catch (char x) {
           cout << "Caught 2 " << x;
       catch (string x) {
            cout << "Caught 3 " << x;
       catch (...) {
           cout << "Default Exception";</pre>
       return 0;
   }
   What will be the output?
  a) Caught 1
  b) Caught 2
  c) Caught 3

    d) Default Exception

 Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
 d) Default Exception
```

2 points

```
4)
                                                                    2 points
    Consider the following program.
    #include <iostream>
    using namespace std;
    template<class T> T GetMax(T& a, T& b) { // LINE-1
        return ((a>b) ? a : b);
    }
    int main() {
        int i = 5, j = 6, k;
         long l = 10, m = 5, n;
        k = GetMax<int>(i, j);
        n = GetMax<long>(1, m);
         cout << k << " ";
         cout << n;
        return 0;
    }
    Fill the blank at LINE-1, such that the output is:
    6 10
 a) int GetMax (int a, int b)
 b) template <typename T> GetMax
 c) template <typename T> T GetMax(T a, T b)
 d) template <class T> T GetMax(T& a, T& b)
No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0
Accepted Answers:
  c) template <typename T> T GetMax(T a, T b)
  d) template <class T> T GetMax(T& a, T& b)
5)
                                                                    2 points
```

```
Consider the code below.
 #include <iostream>
 using namespace std;
 template <typename T>
 T sum(T x, T y) {
     return x + y;
 }
 int main() {
     cout << ____; // LINE-1
     return 0;
 }
 What shall be the output/error when the blank space in LINE-1 is filled with the following:
 (i) sum(10, 20)
 (ii) sum(3.14, 9.76)
 (iii) sum(3.14, 9)
     a) Error: For all the calls, type is not instantiated
    b) (i) 30, (ii) 12.9, (iii) 12.14
 o (i) 20, (ii) 12, (iii) error: as no matching for sum(double, int)
     d) (i) 30, (ii) 12.9, (iii) error: as no matching for sum(double, int)
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
  d) (i) 30, (ii) 12.9, (iii) error: as no matching for sum(double, int)
```

2 points

```
6)
      Consider the following program.
      #include <iostream>
      using namespace std;
        _____ // LINE-1
      class List {
          T arr[N];
      public:
          void setVal(int x, T value) {
               arr[x] = value;
          }
          T getVal(int x) {
              return arr[x];
          }
      };
      int main() {
          List<int, 5> myints;
          List <double, 5> mydoubles;
          myints.setVal(3, 10);
          mydoubles.setVal(1, 3.14);
          cout << myints.getVal(3) << " ";</pre>
          cout << mydoubles.getVal(1) << " ";</pre>
          return 0;
      }
      Fill in the blank at LINE-1 such that the output is:
      10 3.14
 a) template <class T>
    b) template <typename T, int N = 0>
 c) template <class T, class N = 0>
 d) template <class T, int N>
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
```

```
b) template <typename T, int N = 0>
 d) template <class T, int N>
7)
                                                                    2 points
  Consider the program below.
  #include <iostream>
  using namespace std;
  template <class T, int i>
  void repeat(T val) {
      i = 5;
      for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
           cout << val << " ";
      return;
  }
  int main() {
      repeat<int, 10>(10);
      return 0;
  }
  What will be the output / error?
  (a) 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
  b) 10 10 10 10 10
  O c) 10 10 10 10 10 0 0 0 0 0
  Od) Compiler error: 1-value required
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
 d) Compiler error: 1-value required
                                                                    2 points
8)
```

```
Consider the program below.
 #include <iostream>
 using namespace std;
 template<class T>
 class Adder {
    T n1, n2;
 public:
    Adder(T _n1, T _n2) :n1(_n1), n2(_n2) { }
    T Add();
 };
                     // LINE-1: Declare the Template
 _____
                     // LINE-2: Fill with the correct Template signature
 _____ {
    return n1 + n2;
 }
 int main() {
    Adder<int> obj1(10, 20);
    Adder<double> obj2(3.14, 8.6);
     cout << obj1.Add() << " " << obj2.Add() << endl;
    return 0;
 }
 Fill in the blanks at LINE-1 and LINE-2 with appropriate options such that the output is:
 30 11.74
 a) LINE-1: template<class T>, LINE-2: T Adder<>::Add()
 b) LINE-1: template<class T>, LINE-2: T Adder<T>::Add()
 c) LINE-1: template<typename T>, LINE-2: T Adder::Add()
  d) LINE-1: template<typename T>, LINE-2: T Adder<typename T>::Add()
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
 b) LINE-1: template<class T>, LINE-2: T Adder<T>::Add()
```

```
9)
 Consider the program below.
 #include <iostream>
 using namespace std;
 typedef struct complex_num {
     int r, i;
 }COMPLEX;
 template<class T>
 T operator+(T& a, T& b) {
     return a + b;
 }
                            // LINE-1
 COMPLEX operator+(COMPLEX& a, COMPLEX& b) {
     COMPLEX c;
     c.r = a.r + b.r;
     c.i = a.i + b.i;
     return c;
 }
 int main() {
     int a = 10, b = 20;
     COMPLEX c1 = \{ 10, 20 \};
     COMPLEX c2 = \{ 30, 40 \};
    int c = a + b;
    cout << c << endl;
    COMPLEX c3 = c1 + c2;
    cout << c3.r << " , " << c3.i;
    return 0;
}
Fill in the blank at LINE-1 with appropriate option such that the output is:
30
40,60
  a) LINE-1: template<>
```

2 points

O b) LINE-1: template<COMPLEX>

O c) LINE-1: template

O d) LINE-1: template<T>

Yes, the answer is correct. Score: 2

Accepted Answers:

a) LINE-1: template<>