





MAGENDA 1998

- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
- Identify the highest-priced pizza.
- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.



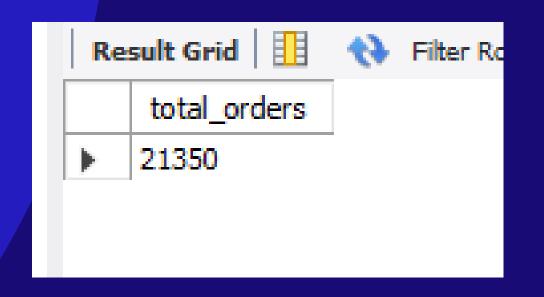
- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.





Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

QUERY

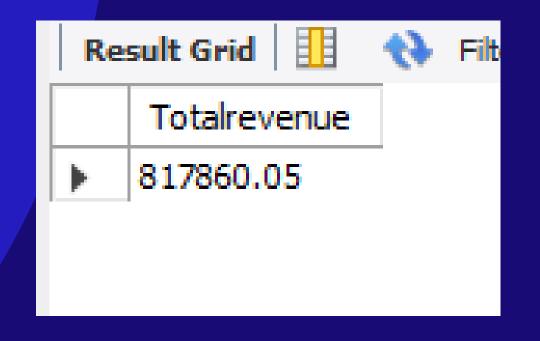


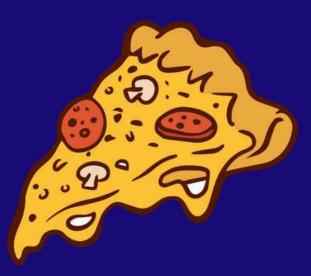




Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

QUERY



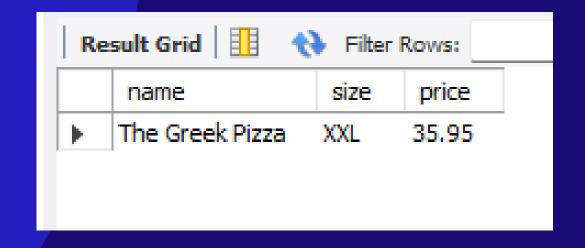


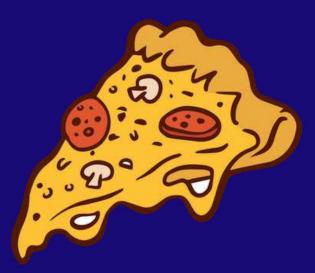


Identify the highest-priced pizza.

QUERY

```
1  -- Q3 Identify the highest-priced pizza
2  SELECT
3    pizza_types.name, pizzas.size, pizzas.price
4  FROM
5    pizzas
6         JOIN
7    pizza_types ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
8  ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
9  LIMIT 1;
```



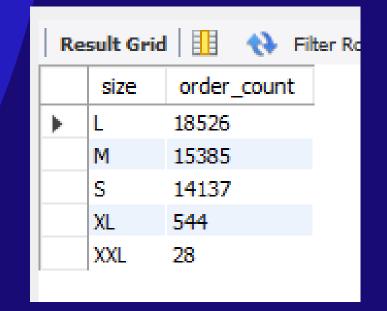


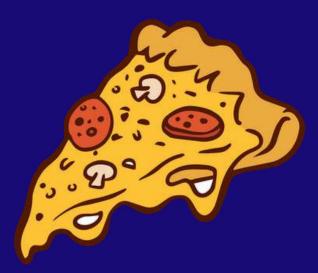


Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

QUERY

```
1 -- Q4 Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
2 SELECT
3    pizzas.size,
4    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
5 FROM
6    pizzas
7    JOIN
8    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
9 GROUP BY pizzas.size
10 ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```





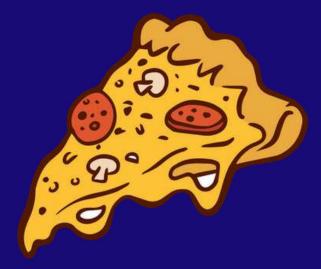
List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with

their quantities

QUERY

```
-- Q5 List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantiti
      SELECT
          pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS orderpizza
      FROM
          order_details
              JOIN
          pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
              JOIN
          pizza_types ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
10
      GROUP BY pizza types.name
11
      ORDER BY orderpizza DESC
12
      LIMIT 5;
13
```

Result Grid	
name orderpizza	
▶ The Classic Deluxe Pizza 2453	
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza 2432	
The Hawaiian Pizza 2422	
The Pepperoni Pizza 2418	
The Thai Chicken Pizza 2371	

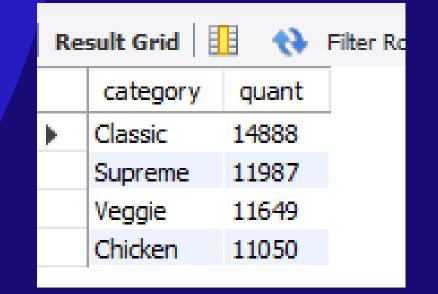




Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

QUERY

```
1  -- Q6 Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each
2
3     SELECT
4     pizza_types.category, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quant
5     FROM
6     pizza_types
7         JOIN
8     pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
9         JOIN
10     order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
11     GROUP BY pizza_types.category
12     ORDER BY quant DESC;
```



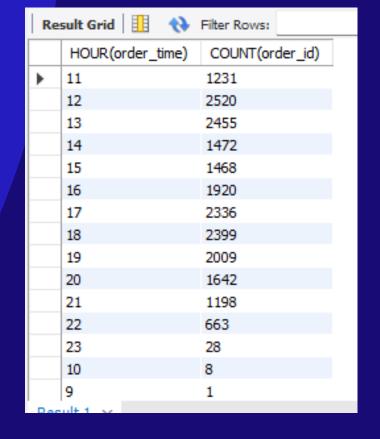




Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

QUERY

```
1 -- Q7 Determine the distribution of order
2 · SELECT
3    HOUR(order_time), COUNT(order_id)
4    FROM
5    orders
6    GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```



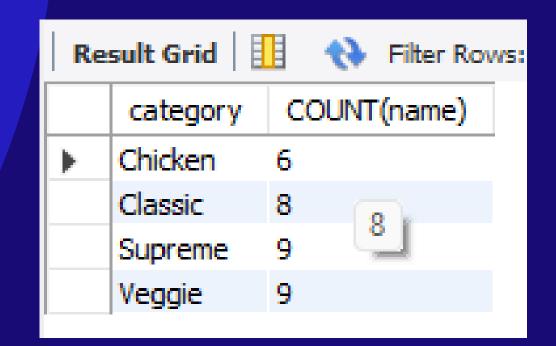




Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas

QUERY

```
1 -- Q8 Join relevant tables to
2 SELECT
3 category, COUNT(name)
4 FROM
5 pizza_types
6 GROUP BY category;
```



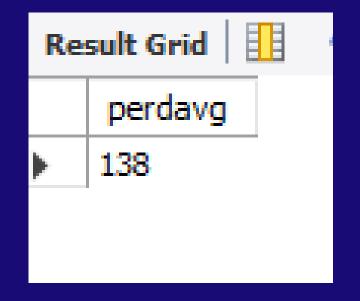


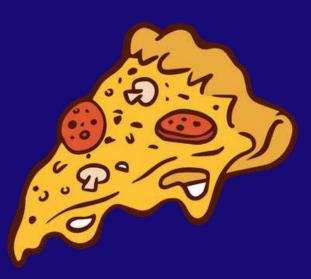


Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

QUERY

```
1 -- Q9 Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizz
2
3 SELECT
4 ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0)
5 FROM
6 (SELECT
7 orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
8 FROM
9 orders
10 JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
11 GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```





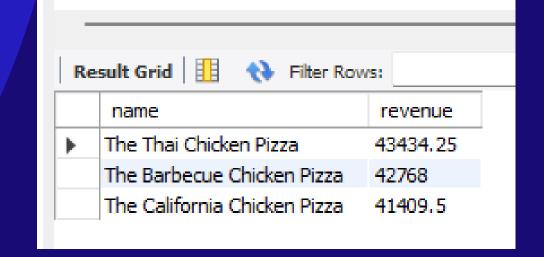


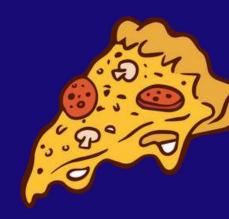
Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on

revenue.

QUERY

```
-- Q10 Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
 2
       SELECT
           pizza types.name,
           SUM(pizzas.price * order details.quantity) AS revenue
       FROM
           pizzas
               JOIN
           pizza_types ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
               JOIN
11
           order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
12
       GROUP BY pizza_types.name
13
       ORDER BY revenue DESC
       LIMIT 3;
14
```





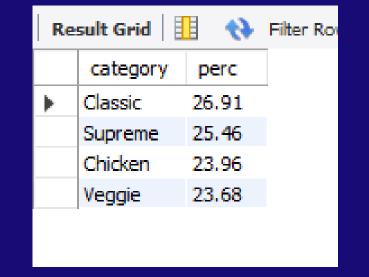


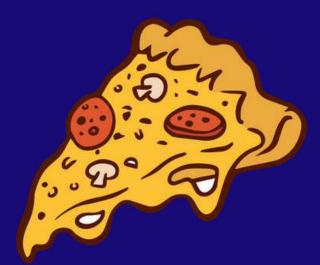
Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza

type to total revenue.

QUERY

```
-- Q11 Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
      SELECT
          pizza_types.category,
         round((SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity) / (SELECT
                  ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
              FROM
                  order_details
 9
                      JOIN
                  pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id)) * 100,2) AS perc
10
11
      FROM
12
          pizzas
13
              JOIN
          pizza_types ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
14
15
              JOIN
          order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
16
17
      GROUP BY pizza_types.category
18
      ORDER BY perc DESC
19
```







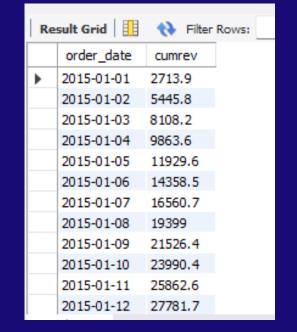
Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

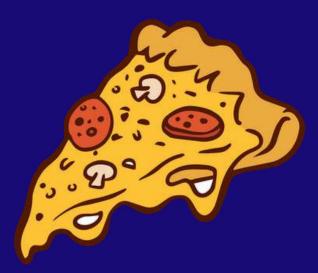
QUERY

```
SELECT
      order_date,
      ROUND(sum(revenue) over(order by order_date),1) as cumrev
      FROM

⊕ (SELECT)

      orders.order_date,
      sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue
      FROM
10
      orders JOIN order details
11
      ON orders.order id=order details.order id
      JOIN pizzas
13
      ON order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id
      group by orders.order_date) as sales;
15
```







Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

QUERY

```
-- Q13 Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.
      SELECT
      category, name, rev
      FROM
      (SELECT
      category, name, rev,
      rank() over(partition by category order by rev DESC) as rn
 9
      FROM
      (SELECT
10
      pizza types.category, pizza types.name, ROUND(sum(pizzas.price*order details.quantity),0) as rev
      FROM
12
13
      pizza_types JOIN pizzas
14
      ON pizza types.pizza type id=pizzas.pizza type id
15
      JOIN order details
16
17
      pizzas.pizza id=order details.pizza id
      group by pizza types.category, pizza types.name) as a) as b
18
      where rn<=3;
```





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THANK YOU!

