FOURTH SEMESTER [BCA] MAY-JUNE 2012

Paper Code: BCA208.

Subject: Operating Systems

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks :75

Note: Section-A is compulsory. Attempt one question from remaining each section.

SECTION-A

Q1 Explain in brief the following:-

(3x5=15)

- (a) List the differences between short term and long term scheduling.
- (b) List the differences between process and program.
- (c) List the differences between page and segment.
- (d) List the differences between Batch processing and multiprocessing systems.
- (e) List the differences between deadlock and starvation.

SECTION-B

- Q2 (a) Discuss Demand Page memory management technique in detail. (8)
 - (b) Consider the page trace- 3,1,2,5,4,1,2,5,2,1,3. Find the failure frequency for "FIFO and Least recent used" page replacement policy. (7)
- Q3 Why an operating system is known as "Resource manager"? Explain its function in detail. (15)

SECTION-C

- Q4 Explain 'Critical Section Problem' and discuss the various algorithms to solve synchronization problem. List the advantages and disadvantage of each algorithm. (15)
- What do you understand about process scheduling? Why is it important? Explain the various process scheduling techniques with the help of examples. (15)

SECTION-D

- Q6 Discuss Banker's algorithm in detail. Also provide an example for Banker's algorithm. (15)
- Q7 (a) Explain the following terms used in Device management. (9)
 (i) Dedicated device (ii) Channel (iii) Control unit
 - (b) Discuss the following Disk Scheduling technique with an example:- (6)
 (i) SCAN (ii) LOOK

SECTION-E

- Q8 Discuss the general model of a file system. Also, explain the steps to map a logical address to its physical address. (15)
- Q9 List the advantages and disadvantages of the following File-Allocation methods:- (5x3=15)
 - (a) Continuous file allocation method.
 - (b) Indexed file allocation method.
 - (c) Heirarical file allocation method.

FIFTH SEMESTER [BCA] DECEMBER-2014

Paper	Code: BCA30	01		Subject: Operating Systems
Time :	3 Hours			Maximum Marks:75
Note:	Attempt any	y five question Select one qu		no.1 which is compulsory. ach unit.
4	b Explain logi c List the diffe d Explain bit	t-interleaved par	cal address space pre-emptive and	
1	organization (e) Explain logi	cal and physical	file system.	(5x5=25)
			UNIT-I	
		ious types of frag	gmentation and	memory allocation strategies. (7.5) (5)
	Used Replace (b) The following {0,7,1,4,3,8} Find the no	cement Algorithm ng reference strin ,1,4,3,9,1,4,3,2,7 umber of page fa	n. g (access seque 7,5,6} aults for a main	portance? Explain Least Recently (7.5) (5) n memory subsystem that has 4 icy for on demand paging.
	irames and	uses LRU page r	epiacement por	icy for on demand paging.
-			UNIT-II	
04	(a) Consider th	e following set of		length of CPU burst times (given
		nds) and arrival		
	Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time	
	P1	0	7	
	P2	1	4	
	P3	2	8	
	P4	3	5	
	/emptive SJ	F scheduling algo	orithm. Also, ca	on of these processes using pre- lculate the average waiting time. (5) rithm and Priority Scheduling (7.5)
	(b) What is the	e critical section	problem? Wha	s-Writers problem. (7.5) at are the three requirement that critical section problem? (5)
1			UNIT-III	
Q6	(a) Discuss Ba	nker's Algorithm	in detail.	(7.5)
7	(b) Discussion	Resource Allocat	tion Graph Algo	rithm in detail. (5)
		rious types of dis e concept of buffe		chniques. (7.5)
/			UNIT-IV	
		ectory structure		(7.5)
	(b) Discuss ger	neral model of file	e system.	(5)
		he different appro e various types of		

FIFTH SEMESTER [BCA] DECEMBER 2015

Subject: Operating Systems Paper Code: BCA-301 Batch: 2011 onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt any five questions including Q.no. 1 which is compulsory. Select one question from each unit.

Q1 (a) Define race condition with an example. (5x5=25)

- (b) What is dead-lock? List the necessary conditions for a deadlock to occur.
- (c) Define starvation in a deadlock situation with an example. (d) Briefly how starvation is avoided in the operating system.
- (e) Give four general examples of the use of threads in a single-user multiprocessing system.

UNIT-I

- (a) What are deadlock prevention techniques? What do you mean by Q2deadlock avoidance?
 - (b) What is dining philosopher problem? Provide solution to solve the dining philosopher problem. (7.5)
- (a) What is semaphore? Describe how semaphore can be used for block Q3 wake up synchronization between processes.
 - (b) Given a total of 10 units of a resource type, and given the sage state shown below, should process 2 be granted a request of 2 additional resources? Justify your answer whether the new state is safe or (7.5)unsafe state.

Process	Used	Max
P1	2	5
P2	1	6
P3	2	6
P4	1	2
P5	1	4

UNIT-II

- (a) What is Critical-Section problem? What are the requirements that critical-Q4 section problem must satisfy for its solution?
 - (b) Describe the need for Device management. Explain techniques used for (7.5)managing and allocating devices.
- (a) What is an operating system? Discuss the main services of operating system **Q5** and also discuss the purpose of system calls in operating system.
 - (b) What is the goal of multiprogramming? Differentiate between a time sharing (7.5)system and real time system.

UNIT-III

- (a) What is process control block (PCB)? Explain various states of a process Q6 with suitable diagram.
 - (b) What are cooperating processes? Explain message passing method for achieving inter-process communication (IPC) with suitable diagram. (7.5)

P.T.O.



Q7 (a) What are multiprocessor systems? List their advantages and explain different types of multiprocessor systems. (5)

(b) What resources are typically shared by all the threads of a process? List reasons why a mode switch between threads may be cheaper than a mode switch between processes. And also differentiate between user level threads and kernel level threads. (7.5)

UNIT-IV

Consider that the pages are referenced in the following sequence 0,9,0,1,8,1,8,7,8,7,1,2,8,2,7,8,2,3,8,3. (12.5)

How many page faults would occur for the following page replacement algorithm with three page frames?

- (a) FIFO
- (b) Optimal
- (c) LRU
- O9 Write a short note on:

(6.25x2=12.5)

- (a) Swap space management
- (b) Risk reliability



BCA-301 P2/2

FIFTH SEMESTER [BCA] DECEMBER 2016

Paper Code: BCA-301

Subject: Operating Systems

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt any five questions including Q.no.1 which is compulsory.

Select one question from each Unit.

Q1 Attempt the following:

(2.5x10=25)

- (a) What are the main functions of operating system?
- (b) Is it possible to have a deadlock involving only one process? Explain.
- (c) Explain the various states of a process.
- (d) Differentiate between logical and physical address.
- (e) Explain thrashing.
- (f) What is Belady's anomaly?
- (g) Explain Race condition.
- (h) Explain RAID.
- (i) What are the various types of devices? Explain.
- (i) Differentiate between starvation and deadlock.

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Unit-I

- Q2 (a) Define operating systems. Discuss in detail how the operating system can be classified into different categories? (8.5)
 - (b) Given memory partitions of 100 KB, 500 KB, 200 KB, 300 KB, and 600 KB (in order), how would each of the first-fit, best fit, and worst-fit algorithms place processes of 212 KB, 417 KB, 112 KB and 426 KB (in order)? Which algorithm makes the most efficient use of memory? (4)
- Q3 (a) Under what circumstances do page faults occur? Describe the actions taken by the operating system when a page fault occurs. (4.5)
 - (b) Consider the reference string: 7, 0, 1, 2, 0, 3, 0, 4, 2, 3, 0, 3, 2, 1, 2, 0, 1, 7, 0, 1. If 3 frames are there in the memory then how many page faults will be there using FIFO, Optimal and LRU page replacement algorithms?

 (8)

Unit-II

Q4 Consider the following set of processes, with the length of the CPU-burst time given in nanoseconds:

Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time	Priority
P ₁	0	10	3
P ₂	1	1	1
P ₃	3	2	3
P ₄	4	1	4
P ₅	6	5	2

Time Ouantum = 2ns.

Calculate the average waiting time and average turnaround time using FIFO, SJF(Preemptive and Non-Preemptive), RR, Priority Algorithm. (12.5)

P.T.O.

BCA-301 P1/2 Q5 (a) Explain PCB.

(8.5)

(b) Explain Dining Philosophers Problem in detail.

(4)

Unit-III

Q6 Suppose that a disk drive has 5000 cylinders, numbered 0 to 4999. The drive is currently serving a request at cylinder 147, and the previous request was at cylinder 125. The queue of pending requests, in FIFO order, is 86, 1470, 913, 1774, 948, 1509, 1022, 1750, 130.

Starting from the current head position, what is the total distance (in cylinders) that the disk arm moves to satisfy all FIFO, SSTF, SCAN, LOOK, C-SCAN, C-LOOK. (12.5)

Q7 (a) Consider the following snap shot of a system:

P	rocess	Allocation				Max				Available			
		A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D	A	В	C	D
	Po	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	1	5	2	0
	P ₁	1	0	0	0	1	7	5	0				
	P ₂	1	3	5	4	2	3	5	6				
	P ₃	0	6	3	2	0	6	5	2				
	P ₄	0	0	1	4	0	6	5	6				

Answer the following questions using the banker's algorithm: (8.5)

(i) What is the content of Need matrix?

(ii) Is the system in safe state?

(iii) If a request from process p₁ arrives for (0, 4, 2, 0). Can be request be granted immediately.

(b) What are the various ways for deadlock prevention? Explain.

Unit-IV

Q8 (a) How will you protect files of a user from other user in a computer?

Discuss. (6)

(b) Describe directory structure of a file system.

(6.5)

(4)

Q9 List the advantages and disadvantages of the following File-Allocation methods: (12.5)

- (a) Contiguous Memory allocation
- (b) Linked Allocation
- (c) Indexed Allocation

BCA-301

FIFTH SEMESTER [BCA] NOVEMBER-DECEMBER 2018

Paper Code: BCA-301 Subject: Operating systems
Time: 3 Hours

Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q no.1 which is compulsory.

Select one question from each unit.

Q1 Answer the following:-

 $(2.5 \times 10 = 25)$

. (a) Write a short note on Batch System.

- (b) Explain semaphores. What happens when the value of semophose is negative?
- (c) What is Thrashing? What are possible solutions for this problem?
 - (d) Mention various CPU scheduling criterias.
- (e) What is boot block?
- (f) Write a short note on buffering.
- . (g) Discuss some operations that could be performed on a directory.
 - (h) Explain Denial of service.
 - (i) Discuss Swap space management,
- · (j) What are the necessary conditions for a deadlock to occur?

UNIT-I

- Q2 (a) What is fragmentation? What are the various measures to avoid fragmentation?
 - (b) Explain the concept of paging and demand paging. (6)
 - (c) Discuss in detail the process of segmentation. (2.5)
- Q3 (a) Explain in detail the concept of swapping. (3.5)
 - (b) Consider the reference string: 1,2,3,2,1,5,2,1,6,2,5,6,3,1,3,6,1,2,4,3. If 3 frames are there in memory then how many page faults will be there using following page replacement algorithms:
 - (i) FIFO
 - (ii) Optimal
 - (iii) LRU

UNIT-II

- Q4 (a) What is critical section? Discuss the requirements that must be satisfied as a solution to critical section problem. (4)
 - (b) Explain Readers-Writers problem in detail. (4)
 - (c) Define process. Explain various states that process undergoes with the help of process state diagram. (4.5)
- Q5 (a) What are the various operations that could be carried out on a process?
 - (b) Consider the following set of processes, with the length of CPU-burst time given in nanoseconds:

Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time	Priority
P1	0	21	2.
P2	1	3	1.
P3	2	6	4
P4	3	2	3

P.T.O.

Time Quantum = 2ns.

Prepare a GANTT chart and calculate the average time using FIFO, Round Robin, Priority Scheduling algorithms.

UNIT-III

- Q6 Suppose a disk has 201 cylinders, numbered from 0 to 200. The drive is currently serving a request at cylinder 100, and there is queue of disk access requests for cylinders 30, 85, 90, 100, 105, 110, 135, 145. Starting from the current head position, what is the total distance (in cylinders) that the disk arm moves to satisfy all FIFO, SSTF, SCAN, LOOK, C-SACN, C-LOOK algorithms. (12.5)
- Q7 (a) What are the various ways to recover from deadlock? Explain. (4.5)

(b) Write a short note on following:-

(8)

(8)

- (i) Dedicated Devices
- (ii) Virtual Devices
- (iii) Shared Devices
- (iv) Storage Devices

UNIT-IV IUGaad.com

- Q8 (a) Explain various access methods available for accessing a file. (4.5)
 - (b) Write a short note on user authentication.
- Q9 (a) Explain some basic operations that could be carried on a file. Also specify what information are associated with an open file. (4)
 - (b) Write a short note on various program threats and system threats. (8.5)

BCA-301

FIFTH SEMESTER [BCA] JANUARY-FEBRUARY 2023

Paper Code: BCA301
Subject: Operating System

Time: 3 Hours
Note: Attempt five questions in all including Q.No.1 which is compulsory.
Select one question from each unit.

Q1. Answer the following (Do any ten parts):

 $(2.5 \times 10 = 25)$

- , a) Explain context switching. How can context switching time be reduced?
- ,b) What is Throughput, Turnaround time, waiting time and Response time?
 - c) What are the tradeoffs in handheld systems?
- d) Explain multithreading models.
- _e) Why do we say that the operating is a resource manager?
- What is an address space? Differentiate between memory address space and I/O address space.
- g) What is a lightweight process, and why is it called so?
- h) What is the difference between starvation and deadlock? Does one necessarily imply the other?
- i) Differentiate between SCAN and C-SCAN disk scheduling algorithm.
- j) What is the need of virtual memory?
- k) What is the principle of page replacement policy?
 - l) Explain general model of file system.
- m) What are the contents of Process Control Block?

UNIT-I

Q2 i) Define the properties of the following operating systems.

(8)

- a) Batch
- b) Time sharing
- c) Real time systems
- d) Parallel systems
- ii) What is the difference between paging and Segmentation?

(4.5)

O3 Consider the following reference string:

(12.5)

1, 2, 3, 4, 2, 1, 5, 6, 2, 1, 2, 3, 7, 6, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 6

How many page faults will occur for a. FIFO b. LRU and c. OPT page replacement algorithms?

Assuming four and five frames. (All frames are initially empty).

UNIT-II

Q4 Consider the following set of processes, with their CPU-burst time and arrival time given in milliseconds: (12.5)

Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time	Priority
P1	0	4	4
P2	3	6	2
P3	5	5	1
P4	8	6	3

P.T.O.

BCA 301

a) Draw four Gantt charts illustrating the execution of these processes using FCFS, SRTN, RR (Time Slice=2) and preemptive priority scheduling.

b) What is the turnaround and waiting time of each process for each of the

c) Which of the schedules in part (a) results in the minimal average waiting

Q5 a) Explain producer consumer problem with the help of algorithm. b) Give a monitor based solution for dining philospher's problem. (6.5)(6)

UNIT-III

Q6 i) Distinguish between:

a) Multiplexing and buffering

(6)

b) Channels and Control Units c) Dedicated and Shared Devices

انر What is the way to recover from deadlock?

(6.5)

Consider the following current resource allocation state: Q7

(12.5)

Process	Allocation			Max			Available		
P1	R1	R2	R3	R1 3	R2	R3		R2	
P2	2	ō	3	4	3	3	1	7	10
P3	1	2	4	3	4	4			

i) Is the current allocation state safe?

ii) Would the following requests be granted in the current state?

Process P1 requests (1, 1, 0)

UNIT-IV

 a) Explain directory structures in detail. Q8 (6)b) Differentiate between contiguous and linked allocation methods of a file. (6.5)

A) What is the use of Access matrix in protection? Q9 (4) b) Explain different threats on systems in detail. (8.5)
