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Assignment 1

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Abstract—This document explains how to find the point of intersection of a line and a plane.

Download the python code from

https://github.com/vishalashok98/AI5006/tree/master/Assignment1

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/vishalashok98/AI5006/tree/master/Assignment1

1 Problem

Find the co ordinates of the point when the line through $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ crosses the plane [2 1 1]x=7 and perpendicular to the two lines

2 Explanation

Equation of the plane is

$$2x + y + z = 7 \tag{2.0.1}$$

Direction ratios of line passing through points

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ is given by } [1,-1,-6]$$

Equation of a line passing through the point **a** and having direction ratios **n** is given by:

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a} + \lambda \mathbf{n} \tag{2.0.2}$$

where λ is some constant.

Parametric equations of line passing through
$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ is

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

3 Solution

Since the line intersects plane, by substituting parametric equation of line in equation of plane we get

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} (\mathbf{a} + \lambda \mathbf{n}) = 7 \tag{3.0.1}$$

$$(2 -3 1)\mathbf{a} + (2 -3 1)\lambda\mathbf{n} = 7$$
 (3.0.2)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} \lambda = 7 \quad (3.0.3)$$

$$\lambda = (3.0.4)$$

Substituting the value of λ in parametric equations we get point of intersection as [1,-2,7]

4 Рьот

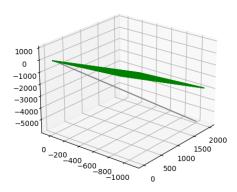


Fig. 0: Intersection of Plane and Line