### **NAME**

CUTEST\_csetup - CUTEst tool to set up the data structures for constrained minimization.

### **SYNOPSIS**

```
CALL CUTEST_csetup( status, input, out, io_buffer, n, m, X, X_l, X_u, Y, C_l, C_u, EQUATN, LINEAR, e order, l order, v order)
```

For real rather than double precision arguments, instead

```
CALL CUTEST_csetup_s( ... )
```

and for quadruple precision arguments, when available,

```
CALL CUTEST_csetup_q( ... )
```

## **DESCRIPTION**

The CUTEST\_csetup subroutine sets up the correct data structures for subsequent computations on the problem decoded from a SIF file by the script sifdecoder. The problem under consideration is to minimize or maximize an objective function f(x) over all  $x \in R^n$  subject to general equations  $c_i(x) = 0$ ,  $(i \in 1, ..., m_E)$ , general inequalities  $c_i^l \le c_i(x) \le c_i^u$ ,  $(i \in m_E + 1, ..., m)$ , and simple bounds  $x^l \le x \le x^u$ . The objective function is group-partially separable and all constraint functions are partially separable.

### **ARGUMENTS**

The arguments of CUTEST\_csetup are as follows

#### status [out] - integer

the outputr status: 0 for a successful call, 1 for an array allocation/deallocation error, 2 for an array bound error, 3 for an evaluation error,

## input [in] - integer

the unit number for the decoded data; the unit from which OUTSDIF.d is read,

### out [in] - integer

the unit number for any error messages,

#### io\_buffer [in] - integer

the unit number for any internal input/output,

# n [inout] - integer

on input, the declared dimesions of X, X\_l and X\_u (see argument n in CUTEST\_cdimen). On output, the number of variables for the problem,

### m [inout] - integer

on input, the declared dimesions of Y, C\_l, C\_u, EQUATN and LINEAR (see argument m in CUTEST\_cdimen). On output, the total number of general constraints,

# X [out] - real/double precision

an array that gives the initial estimate of the solution of the problem,

### X\_l [out] - real/double precision

an array that gives lower bounds on the variables,

## **X\_u** [out] - real/double precision

an array that gives upper bounds on the variables,

#### Y [out] - real/double precision

an array that gives the initial estimate of the Lagrange multipliers at the solution of the problem. By convention, the signs of the Lagrange multipliers Y are set so the Lagrangian function can be written as  $l(x, y) = f(x) + y^T c(x)$ ,

### C I [out] - real/double precision

an array that gives lower bounds on the inequality constraints,

# C\_u [out] - real/double precision

an array that gives upper bounds on the inequality constraints,

### **EQUATN** [out] - logical

a logical array whose i-th component is .TRUE. if the i-th constraint is an equation (i in E) and .FALSE. if the constraint is an inequality (i in I),

#### LINEAR [out] - logical

a logical array whose i-th component is .TRUE. if the i-th constraint is linear or affine and .FALSE. otherwise,

#### e order [in] - integer

if the user wishes the general equations to occur before the general inequalities in the list of constraints, e\_order must be set to 1. If the general equations should follow the general inequalities, e\_order must be set to 2. If the order is unimportant, e\_order should be set to 0; any value except 1 and 2 will be interpreted as 0,

## l\_order [in] - integer

if the user wishes the general linear (or affine) constraints to occur before the general nonlinear ones in the list of constraints, l\_order must be set to 1. If the general linear constraints should follow the general nonlinear ones, l\_order must be set to 2. If the order is unimportant, l\_order should be set to 0; any value except 1 and 2 will be interpreted as 0,

# v\_order [in] - integer

if the user wishes the nonlinear variables to occur before those that only appear linearly in the problem, in the list of variables, v\_order must be set to 1; within the nonlinear variables the smaller set of either the nonlinear objective or nonlinear Jacobian variables will appear first. If the nonlinear variables must follow the linear ones, v\_order should be set to 2. If the order is unimportant, v\_order should be set to 0; any value except 1 and 2 will be interpreted as 0.

## APPLICATION USAGE

A call to CUTEST\_csetup must precede calls to other evaluation tools, except CUTEST\_cdimen, for generally-constrained problems.

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## **SEE ALSO**

CUTEst: a Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment with safe threads,

N.I.M. Gould, D. Orban and Ph.L. Toint,

Computational Optimization and Applications **60**:3, pp.545-557, 2014.

CUTEr (and SifDec): A Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment, revisited,

N.I.M. Gould, D. Orban and Ph.L. Toint,

ACM TOMS, 29:4, pp.373-394, 2003.

CUTE: Constrained and Unconstrained Testing Environment,

I. Bongartz, A.R. Conn, N.I.M. Gould and Ph.L. Toint,

ACM TOMS, 21:1, pp.123-160, 1995.

 $cutest\_usetup(3M), \, cutest\_cdimen(3M), \, sifdecoder(1).$