NYC 311 Complaints data analysis

Big data analysis C.Sc. 84030 : Final project VISHAL BHARTI

311 Service

- 311 is New York City's main source of government information and non-emergency services.
- NYC receives 311 calls for non-emergency services from it's residents, businesses and visitors.
- Response time for these calls is longer than those for emergency (911) calls.
- The data is open and updated frequently.
- Data used in the project 1/1/2010-12/7/2016 (~8.8 gb).
- Comprise of 14.2 million rows and 53 columns.

Hypothesis

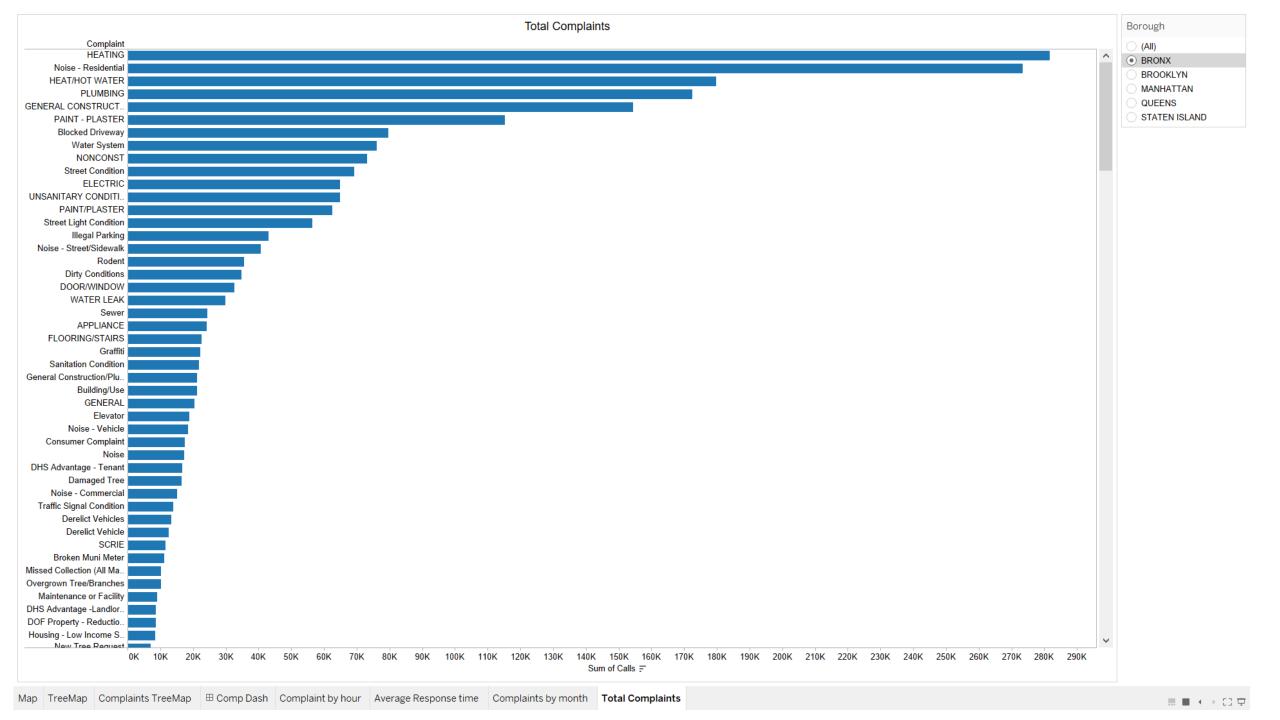
- Complaints will be vary for each location.
- Complaints will vary based on time of day, the day of week and time of the year.
- Noise complaints will be higher in residential areas.
- Parking violations complaints will increase during weekends.
- Street light conditions complaints will be higher during night time.
- Correlation between the number of complaints and response time.

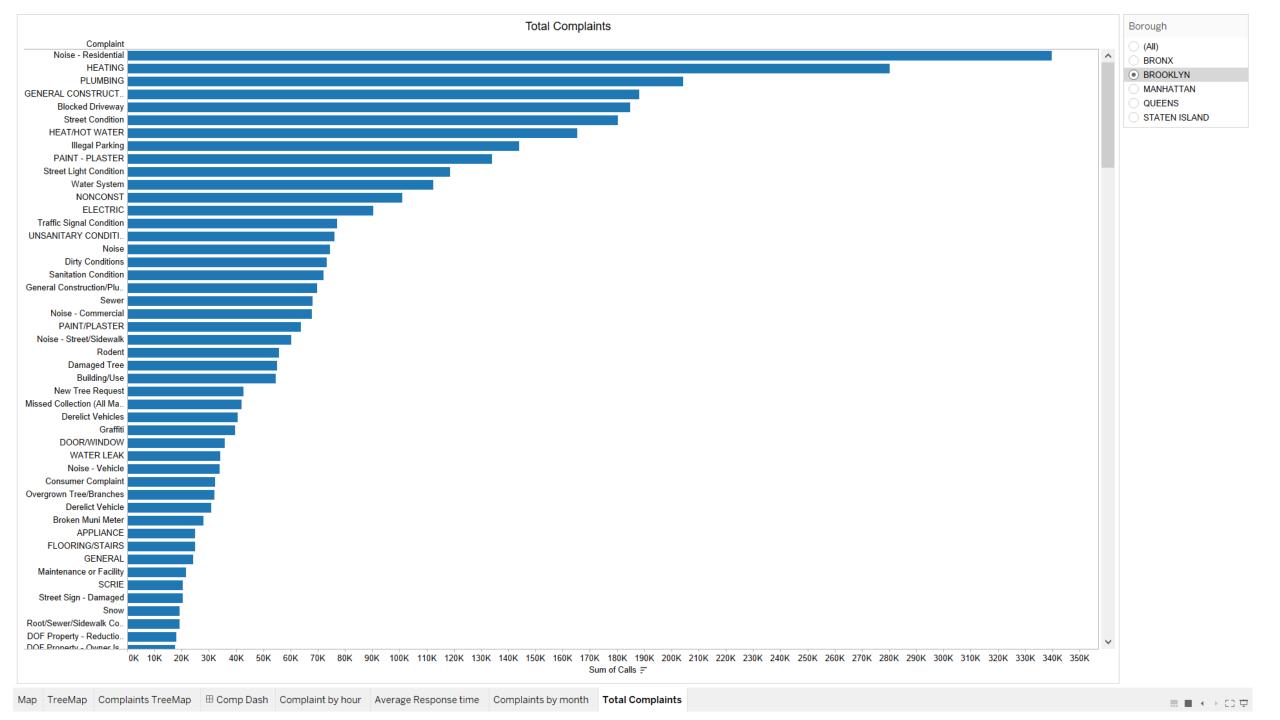
Methodology

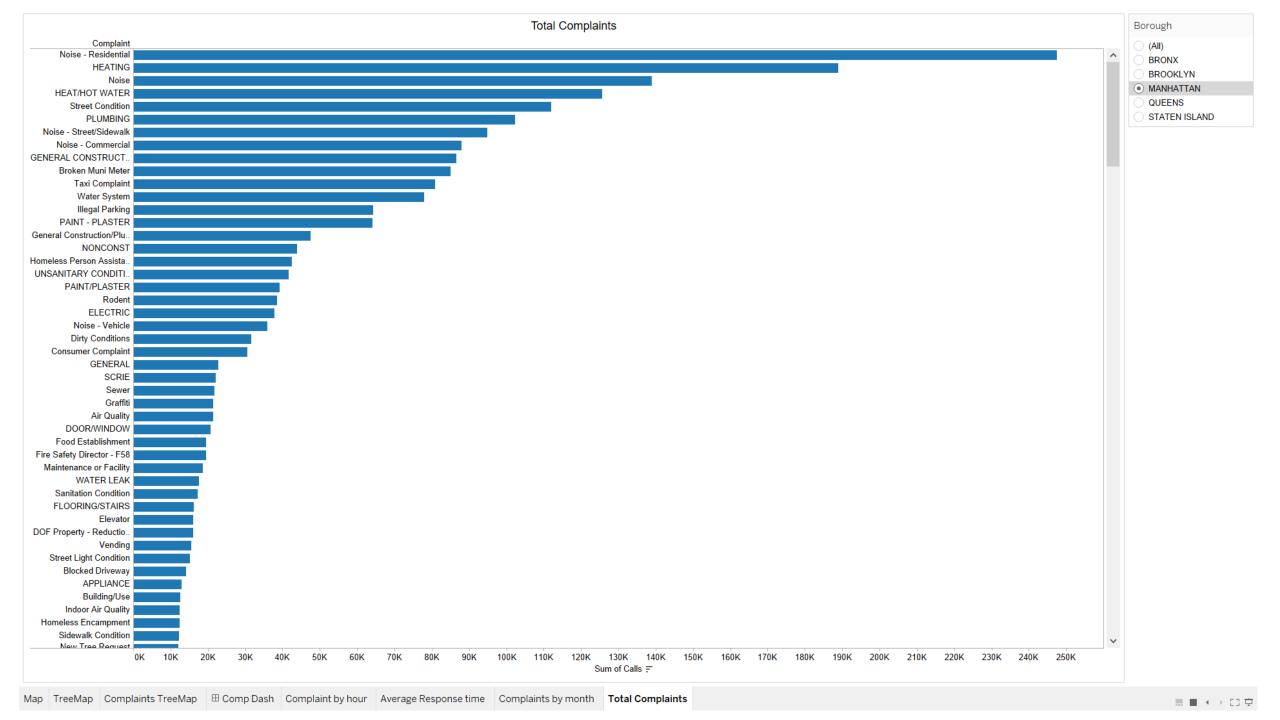
- Filtered dataset to remove noisy records. Some records had missing or incorrect closing date.
- Used Pyspark to filter the data based on keys.
- The data size was reduced from 8.8 gb to approx. 300mb.
- Visual analytics was used to draw information from the resulting dataset.
- Tableau was used for visual analytics.

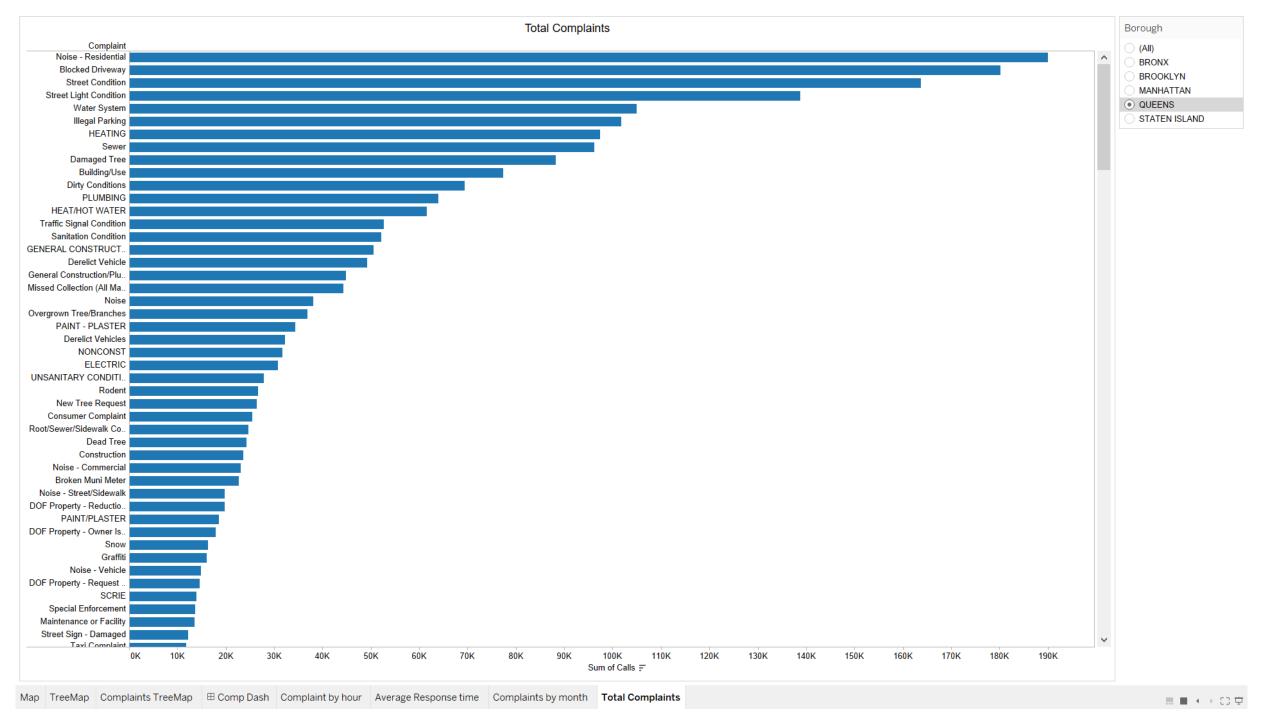
Complaints by location

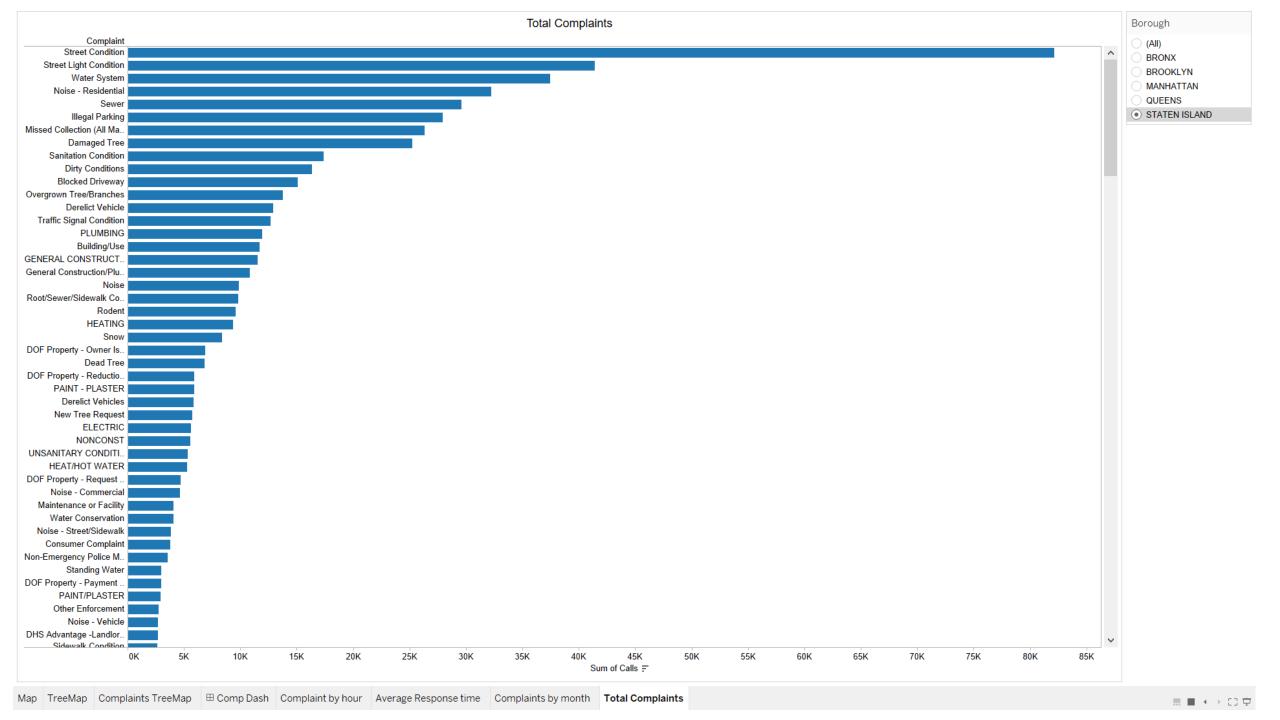
- For Bronx, 'Noise', 'Heating' and 'Street Light Conditions' were the most common complaints.
- For Brooklyn, 'Noise', 'Heating' and 'Street Conditions' were the most common complaints.
- Manhattan also had, 'Noise', 'Heating' and 'Street Conditions' as the most reported complaints.
- Queens had 'Noise', 'Street Light Conditions' and 'Blocked Driveway' as the most reported complaints.
- Staten Island had 'Street Light Conditions', 'Street Conditions' and 'Water System' as the most reported complaints.
- 'Noise', 'Heating' and 'Street Light Conditions' were the overall most reported complaints.







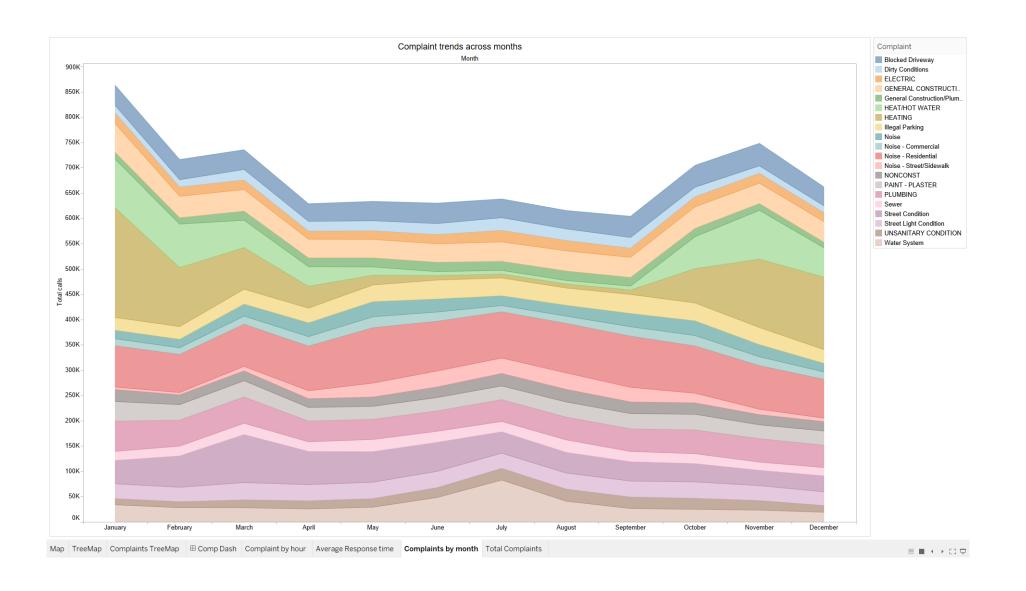




Complaints by month

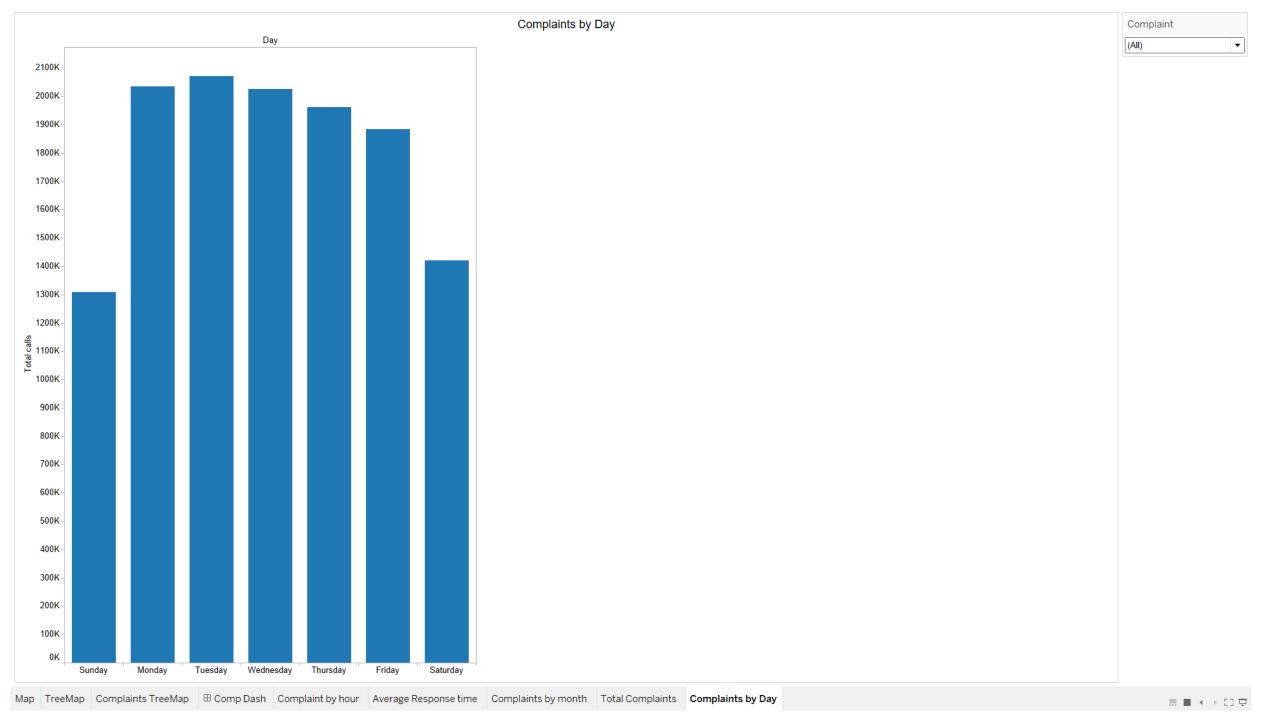
- Heating related complaints were higher at the start and end of the year.
- Street condition complaints were somewhat higher at the start of the year and show a decline after that.
- Water system complaints show a peak in the middle of the year.
- Illegal parking complaints increase slightly in the second half of the year.
- Noise, Street Light Conditions, Blocked Driveway, etc., are some complaints that follow don't vary too much throughout the year.

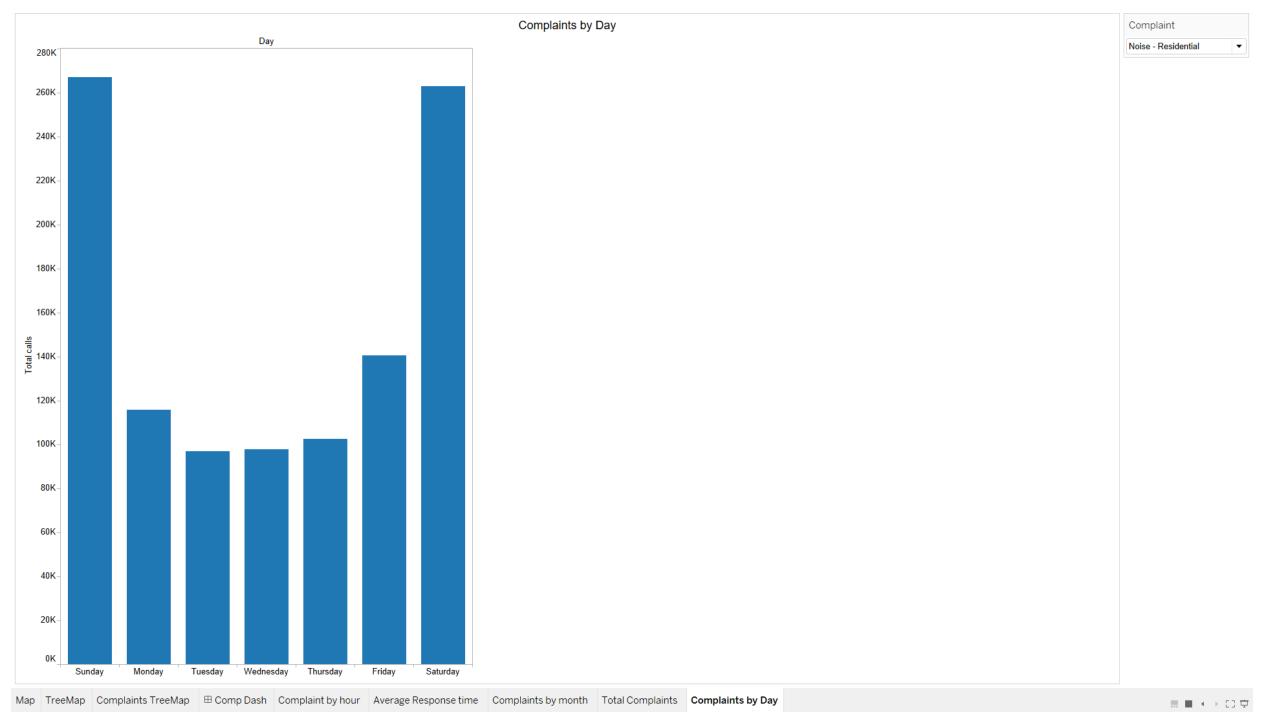
Trends for top 20 Complaints

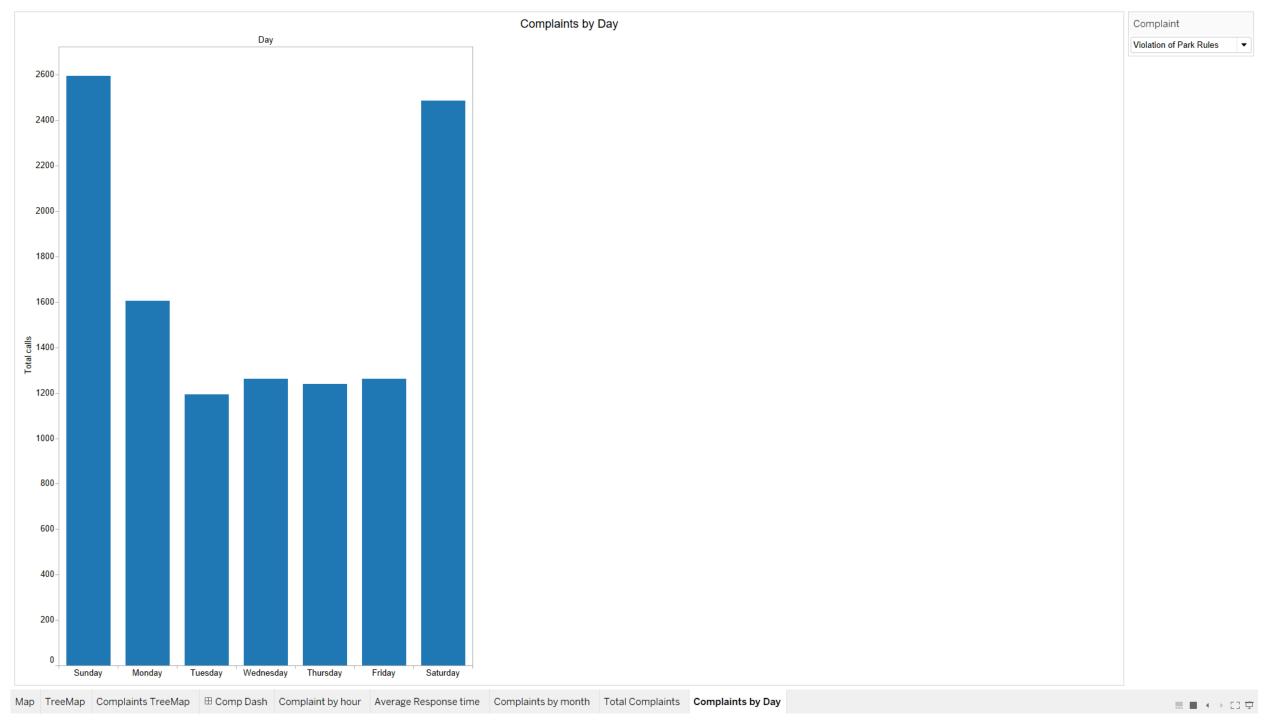


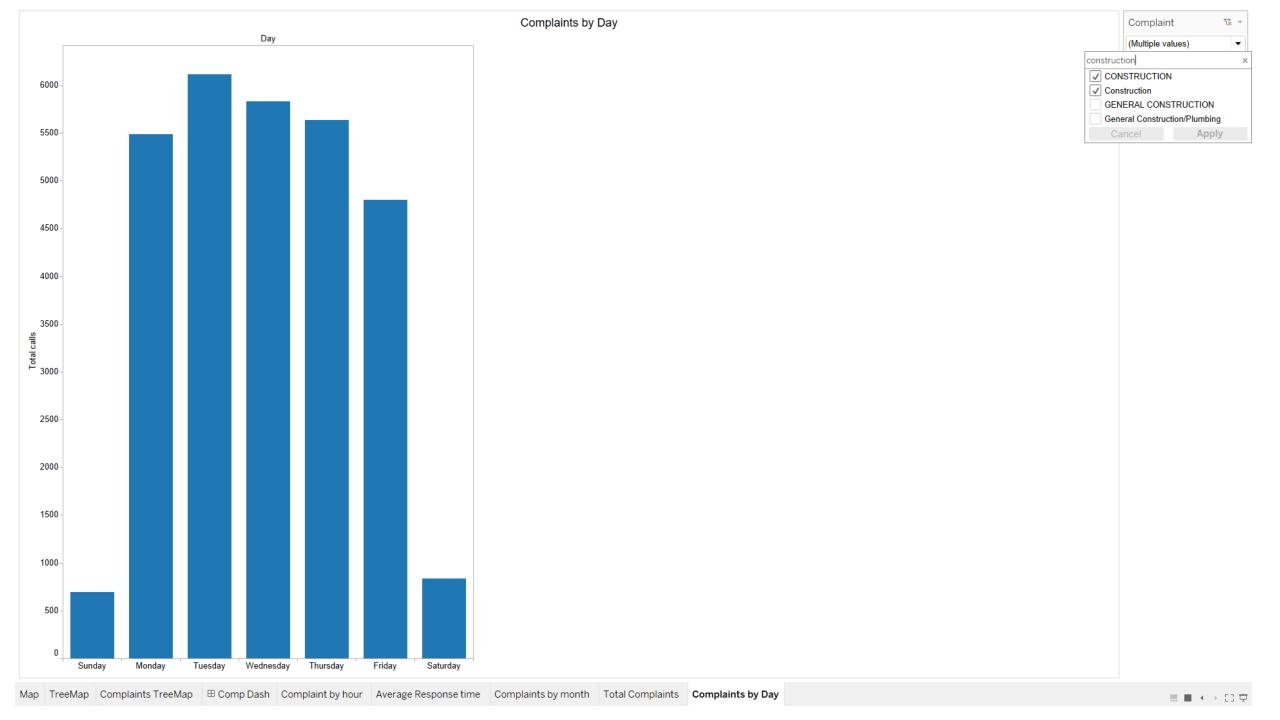
Complaints by day of week

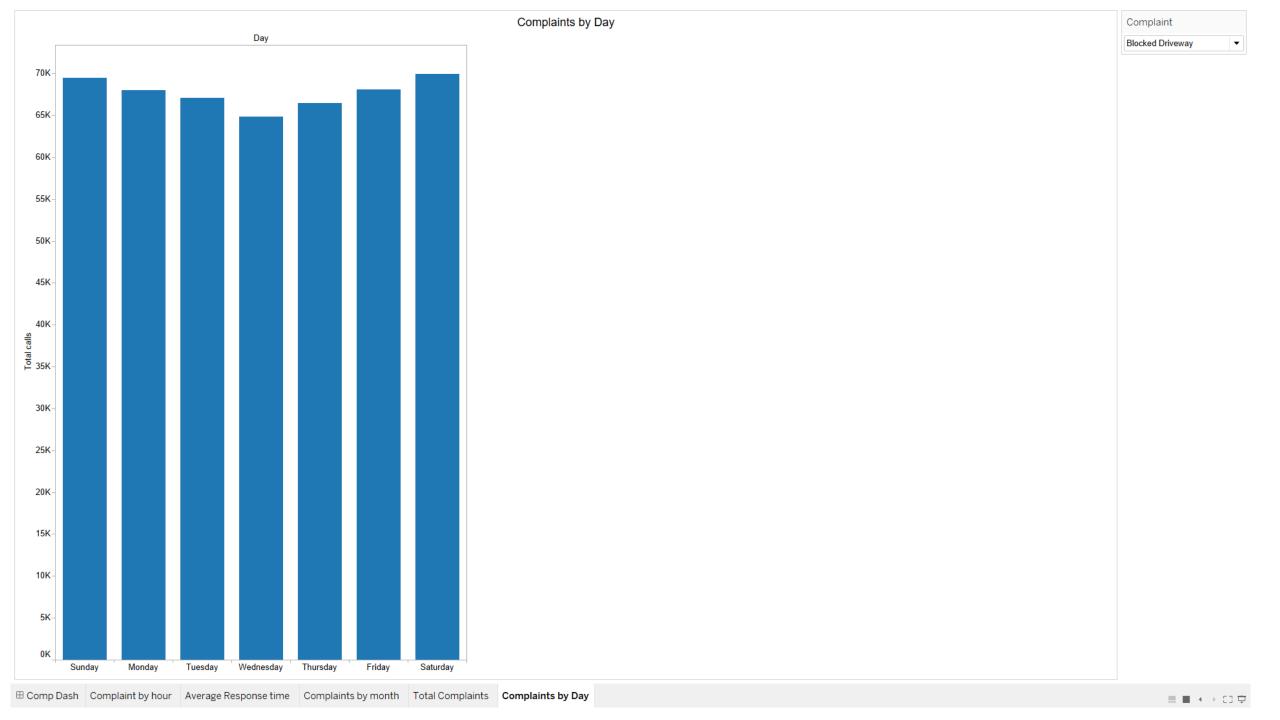
- Complaints were higher in weekdays.
- Noise complaints and Parking Violations were significantly higher in weekends.
- Construction complaints were lower in weekends.
- Blocked driveway complaints were slightly higher in weekends.





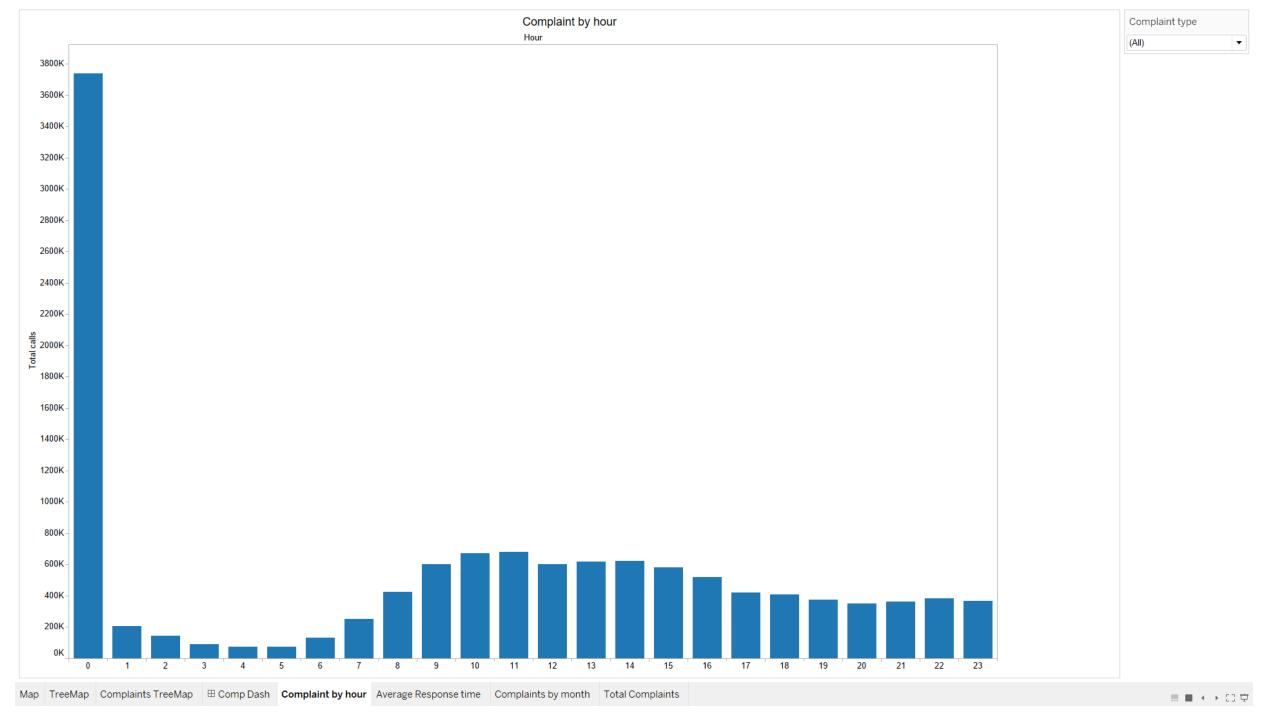


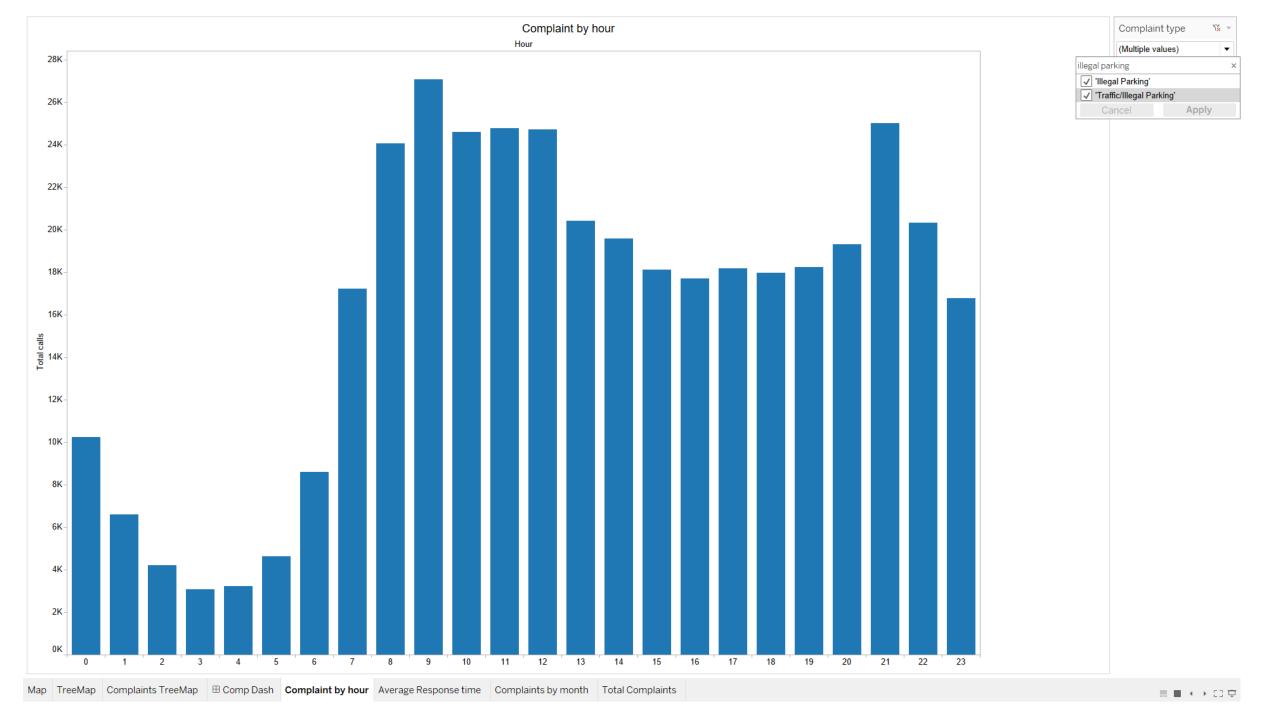


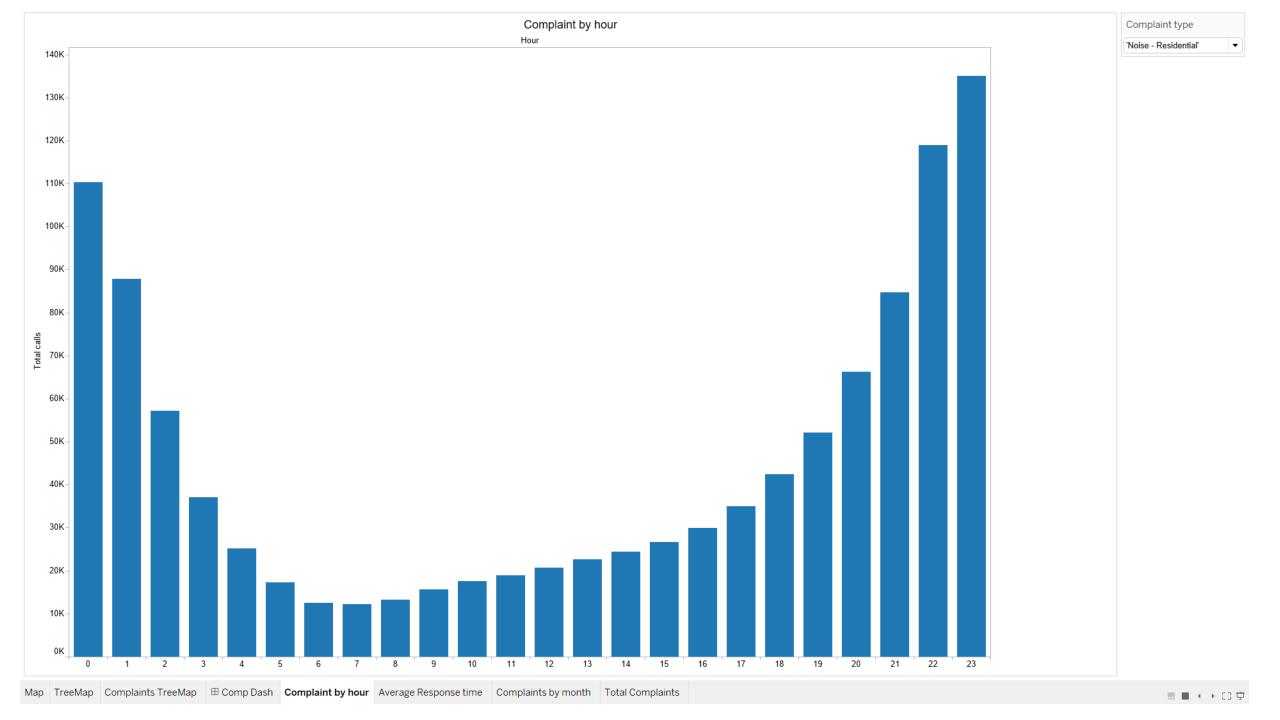


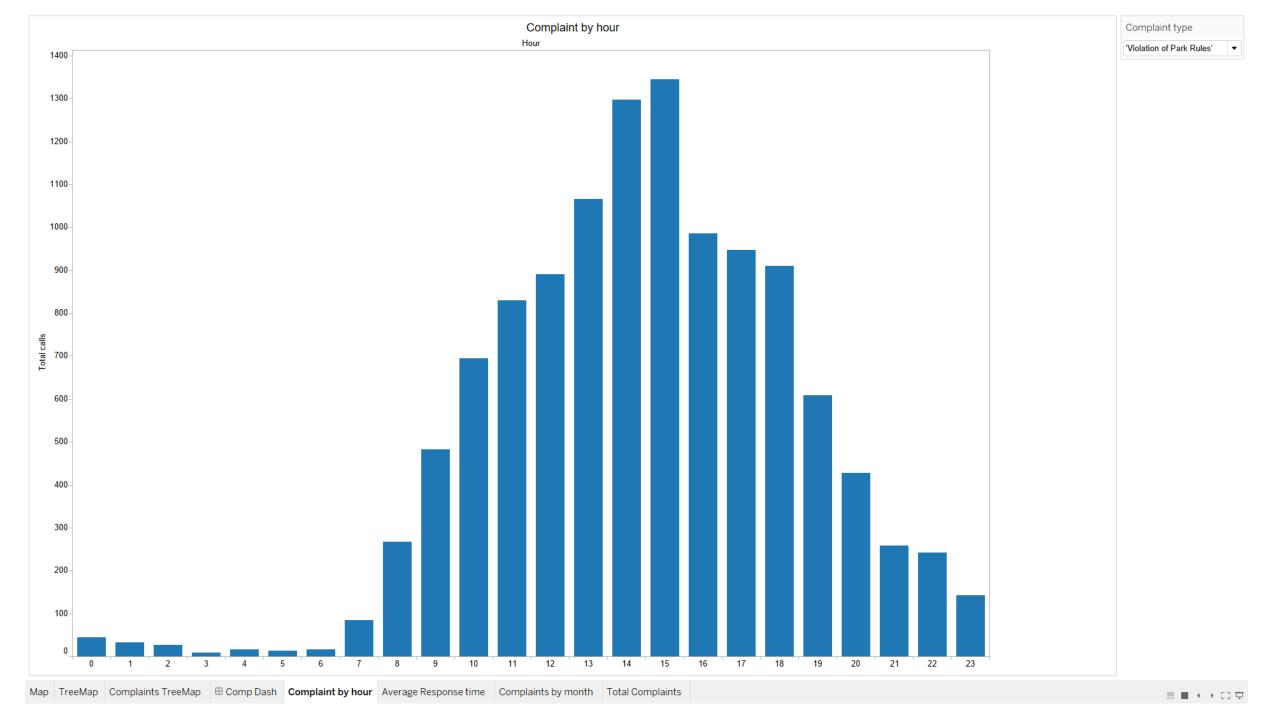
Complaints by time of the day

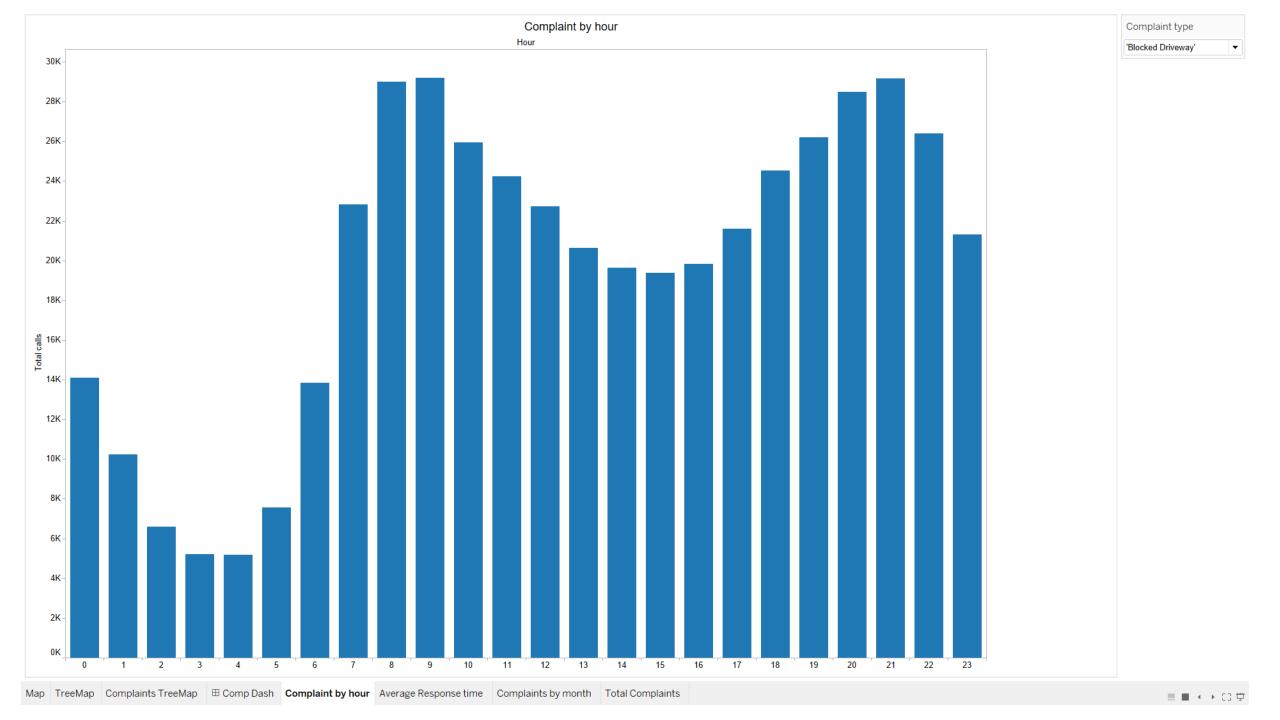
- Most complaints calls were made close to midnight.
- Illegal parking complaints were high throughout the daytime and fall out after midnight.
- Noise complaints reach a peak close to midnight.
- Parking violation complaints are maximum in the after noon, show a decline after that.
- Blocked driveway complaints are maximum in early morning and night periods.







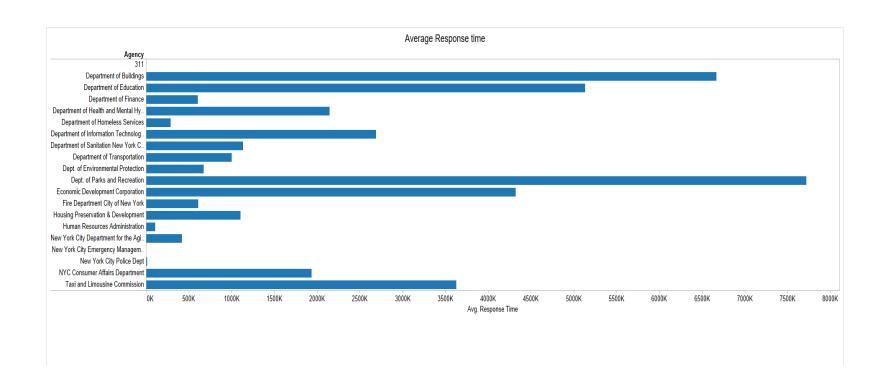




Correlating number of calls with average response time

- For each agency the average response time and number of calls was computed using Pyspark.
- Then using the Statistics module the Pearson's R was computed.
- The correlation was weak and negative.
- The Pearson's R was -0.015.
- Hence there is no relationship between the response time and number of calls.

Response times



Predicting response time using random forest

- Response time for the complaints ("Closed Date" "Created Date") varies significantly for each agency.
- We use random forest regression algorithm to predict the response time for a complaint.
- The data was given a 70:30 (train: test) split.
- The depth was fixed as 10.
- Features considered were: "Agency", "Agency Name", "Complaint Type", "Descriptor", "Incident Zip", "Borough", "X-coordinate" and "Y-coordinate".
- The feature "Agency Name" has 1644 different values and hence max bins were 1644.
- The number of trees was set to 3,7 and 16.

Predicting response time using random forest

- The accuracy was computed in terms of the RMSE (root mean square error).
- The results were as follows:
 - 3 trees: 1560 hours (65 days)
 - 7 trees: 1791 hours (74.5 days)
 - 16 trees: 1782 hours (74.3 days).
- 3 trees had the lowest RMSE of 65 days.
- The features considered didn't give very good prediction results.

Conclusion

- Complaint types varied with location, time, day and month.
- Some locations had really high complaint calls.
- Noise was the most reported complaint across all records, followed by heating.
- Response time was not correlated with the number of calls.
- Some agencies have really long response time.
- Random forest regression was used to predict the response time for a complaint.
- However, there was a high error associated with the prediction.

THANK YOU