

Our solution will go in form of instructions to the computer.

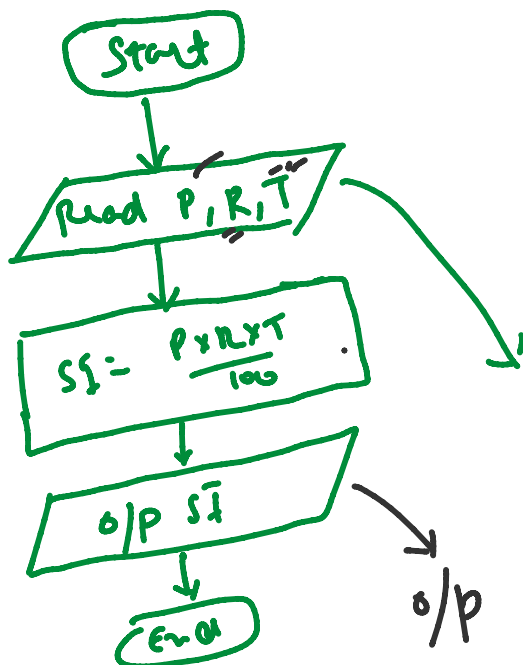
Now, while depicting / representing our solution / Algorithm in flowcharts & pseudocodes, we must use only those instructions that can be understood by computer.

What kind of instructions computers can understand?

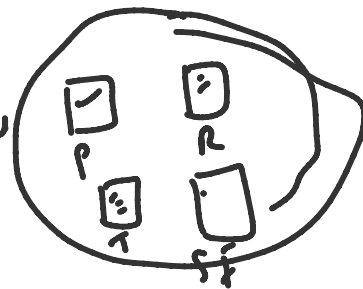
only 6 kinds of Instructions.

You can give P, R, T, calc. S.I.

Flowchart



- ① → Read the values of P, R, T.
- ② $SI = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100}$
- ③ print / o/p SI



SI naam ki jagan hai, usme jo value hai usko print krna hai

more than 1 char

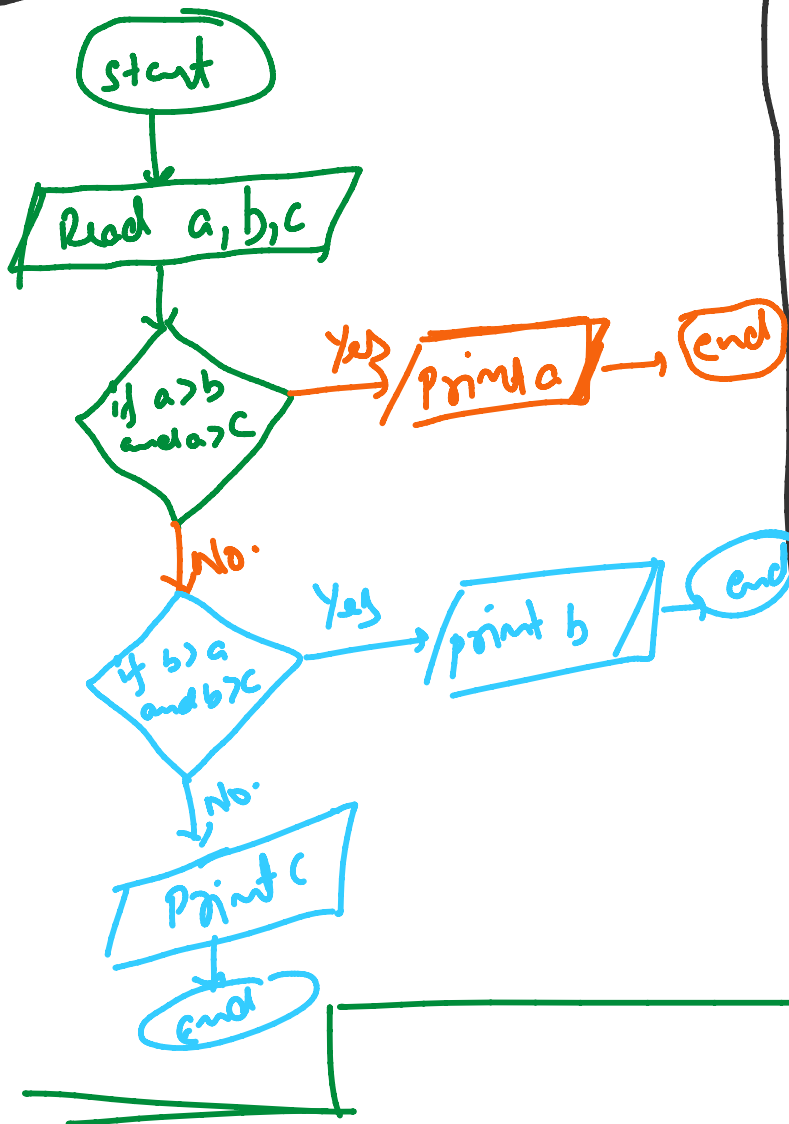
SI on screen

o/p "SI" \rightarrow more
 print SI on screen

single character \rightarrow o/p 'A' \rightarrow A

SI

You are given 3 nos. , find the largest among them. a, b, c. $a \neq b \neq c$. given



- Algo.
1. Read a, b, c.
 2. check if a > b and a > c.
 - ③ \rightarrow print a. exit
 3. check if b > a and b > c.
 - ④ \rightarrow print b. exit
 4. Print c. exit

Read a b d
 print $a + d, a + 2 \times d, a + 3 \times d$
~~10000d~~ $a + 10000d$.

print $a+d$, $a+2 \times d$, ..., $a+10000d$

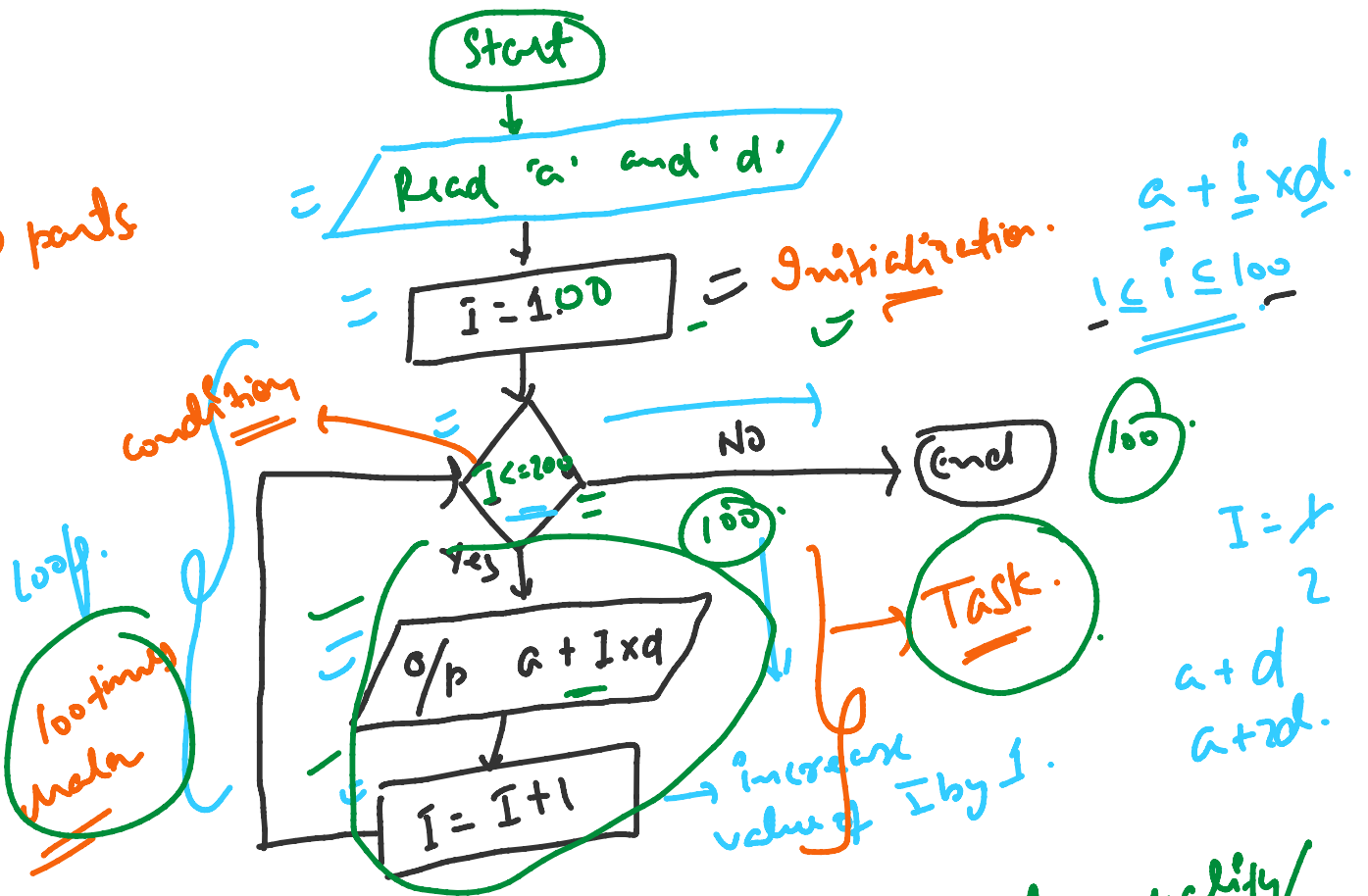
10000

$a+d$.
 $a+2 \times d$.
 $a+3 \times d$.
 \vdots
 $a+100 \times d$.

each term
has occurrence
of a b.d.

~~read a b.d.~~
~~print a+d.~~
~~print a+2d~~
~~print a+3d~~
~~...~~
~~print a+100d.~~

3 parts



In mathematics '=' represent equality/
 equal to.
 In programming '=' represent assignment.

in prog. '=' represent assignment

LHS
variable.

= RHS value.

$I = 1.$

$I = I + 1$
1+1
2
 $I =$

~~2~~
I