

4 Bits.

Signed form:  
 MSB → represent sign  
 ↓  
 of number.  
 last significant bit

$\begin{array}{r} \swarrow \\ - - - \\ 8427 \end{array}$

1 --- → five number.

→ five numbers. → (7)

$$0 \begin{array}{c} - \\ - \\ - \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \rightarrow 0 \quad 010 \rightarrow 2 \quad 100 \rightarrow 4 \quad 110 \rightarrow 6$$

$$0 \begin{array}{c} - \\ - \\ - \\ \hline 0 & 1 \end{array} \rightarrow 1 \quad 011 \rightarrow 3 \quad 101 \rightarrow 5 \quad \underline{111 \rightarrow 7}$$

The diagram illustrates the following binary representations:

- Binary Rep.** (green):
  - 0: 000
  - 1: 001
  - 2: 010
  - 3: 011
  - 4: 100
  - 5: 101
  - 6: 110
  - 7: 111
  - 8: 1000
- 2's Comp.** (blue):
  - 0: 111
  - 1: 110
  - 2: 110
  - 3: 110
  - 4: 101
  - 5: 101
  - 6: 101
  - 7: 101
  - 8: 000
- ive no.** (red):
  - 1: 1
  - 2: 11
  - 3: 21
  - 4: -1
  - 5: -1
  - 6: -1
  - 7: -1
  - 8: -1
- 2's complement of 1000 relative to 8.** (black):
  - 1: 111
  - 2: 110
  - 3: 101
  - 4: 101
  - 5: 101
  - 6: 101
  - 7: 101
  - 8: 1010

A curved arrow points from the bottom right towards the center, labeled "2's complement of f.s. binary representation".

(1) Identify the task  
spaces, stars.

2) Jab kisi pattern mai symmetry ho, uske first half solve krne ke koshish kro.  
uske baad un pattern mirror image ko check hai.

⑤ Job pattern mai numbers / Alphabets  
given no. then first try to do  
it for / by stars.

```

pseudo code
    read lines
    int rows = 1
    while (rows <= 8)

```

一  
〇  
一

十  
\* \* +  
\* + - x  
— . —

l pno  
 alt++;  
 point ''  
 rowno++;  
 rows  
 first ch. is 1.  
 num - no. → spaces

	1	2	3	4	5
1	1				
2	0	1			
3	0	0	1		
4	0	1	0	1	
5	1	0	1	0	1

cols.      row + col

(1,1) → 1 ← 2  
 (2,1) → 0 ← 3  
 (2,2) → 1 ← 4  
 (3,1) → 1 ← 4  
 (3,2) → 0 ← 5  
 (3,3) → 1 ← 6

i  
 3  
 0

1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
2	-	-	-	2	3	2	-	-	-
3	-	3	4	5	4	3	2	-	-
4	1	5	6	7	6	5	4	-	-
5	5	6	7	8	9	8	7	6	5

Identify tasks  
 try for stars.  
 print spaces ?  
 print \* ?

3 4 5 4 3    c.r.n. = 3

```

int j=1, num=c.r.n.;  

while (j <= c.r.n.)  

{ cout << num;  

  num++;  

  j++;  

  int j=1, num = num-2;  

  while (j <= c.r.n.-1)  

  { cout << num;  

    num--;  

    j++;  

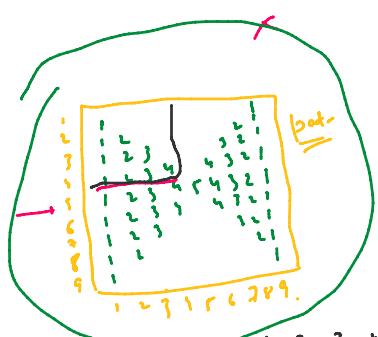
  }
}
  
```

c.r.n.

3  
2

3	4	5	4	3
---	---	---	---	---

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
i	y	num	*	*	*	*	*	*
x	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
z	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*



do if for stars

- ① (1) → cur.rowno.      Spec.ws.
- ②
- ③ cur.rowno. → ①

9  
lines / 2

+1  
(n+1) → 0

*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

numba

↑

↓

upto stars 6 spaces.      lines rowno.      Stars      Spces

9	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

→ \* \* \*

$$u+1 \quad -x^p$$

formula

$$\text{Species} = \text{lines} - (2 \times \text{mt. row.w})$$

for each row.

print stars upto cur. row.no. count.

print spaces

print stars upto cur. row.no.

print new line.

for each row

print nos. from 1 to cur. row.no.

print spaces.

print nos. from cur. row.no. to 1.

for centre row of the whole pattern or for the last row of half pattern it is faster.

