1. Write a Java program that reads data from a sample.txt file located outside the program's directory.

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.FileReader;
import java.io.IOException;
public class File {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Replace this with the actual path of your file
        String filePath = "D:\\DYP\\Second Year\\Sem4\\AOOC\\Experiments\\Experiment 7\\Q1\\sample.txt";
        try (BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(filePath))) {
            String line;
            System.out.println("Contents of the file:");
            while ((line = br.readLine()) != null) {
                System.out.println(line);
        } catch (IOException e) {
   System.out.println("An error occurred while reading the file:");
            e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
```

Develop a Java program that performs the following operations: O Accept student information such as name, age, weight, height, city, and phone number from the user. O Store this information in a file using DataOutputStream along with FileOutputStream.
 O Retrieve and display the data using DataInputStream along with FileInputStream.

```
import java.io.";
import java.util.Scanner;
public ctatic void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

    // Accept student information
    System.out.print("Enter Name: ");
    String name = scanner.nextLine();

    System.out.print("Enter Weight (kg): ");
    float weight = scanner.nextFloat();

    System.out.print("Enter Weight (kg): ");
    float weight = scanner.nextFloat();

    System.out.print("Enter Height (cm): ");
    float height = scanner.nextFloat();

    System.out.print("Enter Height (cm): ");
    float height = scanner.nextFloat();

    System.out.print("Enter City: ");
    String city = scanner.nextLine();

    // File to store the data
    String fileName = "studentdata.dat";

    // Writing to file using DataOutputStream
    try (DataOutputStream dos = new DataOutputStream(new FileOutputStream(fileName))) {
        dos.writePl(Canne);
        dos.writePl(city);
        dos.writePloat(weight);
        dos.writePloat(weigh
```

3. Write a Java program to read a text file and compute the following: O The total number of vowels in the file. O The total number of words in the file. O The number of times the character 'a' appears in the file.

```
import java.io.*;
public class FileAnalysis {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Change this path to the actual file location
        String filePath = "D:\\DYP\\Second Year\\Sem4\\AOOC\\Experiments\\Experiment 7\\Q3\\sample.txt";
        int vowelCount = 0;
        int wordCount = 0;
        int aCount = 0;
        try (BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(filePath))) {
            String line;
            while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
                // Count vowels and 'a'
                for (char ch : line.toLowerCase().toCharArray()) {
                    if ("aeiou".index0f(ch) != -1) {
                        vowelCount++;
                    if (ch == 'a') {
                        aCount++;
               }
                // Count words
                String[] words = line.trim().split("\\s+");
                if (!line.trim().isEmpty()) {
                    wordCount += words.length;
            }
            // Output the results
            System.out.println("Total number of vowels: " + vowelCount);
            System.out.println("Total number of words : " + wordCount);
            System.out.println("Occurrences of 'a'
        } catch (IOException e) {
            System.out.println("Error reading the file: " + e.getMessage());
   }
```

Write a program that takes a file name as input through the command line. • If the file exists, open it and display its contents. • After displaying the contents, ask the user: "Do you want to add data to the end of the file?" • If the user's response is "Yes", accept data from the user and append it to the file. • If the file does not exist, create a new file and allow the user to input data to store in it. • The user should type "exit" on a new line to stop entering Implement this program using character stream classes.

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class FileEditor {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
         // Check if filename is provided via command line
         if (args.length == 0) {
             System.out.println("Usage: java FileEditor <filename>");
             return:
        String filename = args[0];
File file = new File(filename);
         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
         // If file exists, display contents
         if (file.exists()) {
             System.out.println("\n--- File Contents ---");
             try (BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(file))) {
                  String line;
                  while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
                      System.out.println(line);
             } catch (IOException e) {
                  System.out.println("Error reading file: " + e.getMessage());
             // Ask user if they want to append
             System.out.print("\nDo you want to add data to the end of the file? (Yes/No): "); String response = scanner.nextLine();
             if (response.equalsIgnoreCase("Yes")) {
                  appendToFile(file, scanner);
             } else {
                  System.out.println("No changes made.");
             System.out.println("File does not exist. Creating new file...");
             appendToFile(file, scanner);
    }
    // Method to accept user input and write to file
    private static void appendToFile(File file, Scanner scanner) {
    System.out.println("Enter data (type 'exit' on a new line to stop):");
         try (BufferedWriter writer = new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(file, true))) {
             while (true) {
                  String input = scanner.nextLine();
                  if (input.equalsIgnoreCase("exit")) {
                      break;
                  writer.write(input);
                  writer.newLine();
             System.out.println("Data saved to file: " + file.getName());
         } catch (IOException e) {
    System.out.println("Error writing to file: " + e.getMessage());
         }
    }
}
```