

Home > Money and tax > Income Tax

Income Tax rates and Personal Allowances

1. Current rates and allowances

How much Income Tax you pay in each tax year depends on:

- how much of your income is above your Personal Allowance
- · how much of your income falls within each tax band

Some income is tax-free (/income-tax).

The current tax year is from 6 April 2023 to 5 April 2024.

This guide is also available in Welsh (Cymraeg) (/cyfraddau-treth-incwm).

Your tax-free Personal Allowance

The standard Personal Allowance is £12,570, which is the amount of income you do not have to pay tax on.

Your Personal Allowance may be bigger if you claim <u>Marriage Allowance</u> (/marriage-allowance) or <u>Blind Person's Allowance</u> (/blind-persons-allowance). It's smaller if your <u>income is over £100,000</u> (/income-tax-rates/income-over-100000).

Income Tax rates and bands

The table shows the tax rates you pay in each band if you have a standard Personal Allowance of £12,570.

Income tax bands are different <u>if you live in Scotland (/scottish-rate-income-tax/how-it-works)</u>.

Band	Taxable income	Tax rate
Personal Allowance	Up to £12,570	0%
Basic rate	£12,571 to £50,270	20%
Higher rate	£50,271 to £125,140	40%
Additional rate	over £125,140	45%

You can also see the <u>rates and bands without the Personal Allowance</u> (/government/publications/rates-and-allowances-income-tax/income-tax-rates-and-allowances-current-and-past#tax-rates-and-bands). You do not get a Personal Allowance on taxable income over £125,140.

If you're employed or get a pension

Check your Income Tax (/check-income-tax-current-year) to see:

- · your Personal Allowance and tax code
- · how much tax you've paid in the current tax year
- · how much you're likely to pay for the rest of the year

Other allowances

You have tax-free allowances for:

- savings interest (/apply-tax-free-interest-on-savings)
- · dividend income (/tax-on-dividends), if you own shares in a company

You may also have tax-free allowances for:

- your first £1,000 of <u>income from self-employment (/working-for-yourself)</u> this is your 'trading allowance'
- your first £1,000 of income from property you rent (/renting-out-a-property/paying-tax) (unless you're using the Rent a Room Scheme (/rent-room-in-your-home/the-rent-a-room-scheme))

Find out whether you're eligible for the <u>trading and property allowances</u> (https://www.gov.uk/guidance/tax-free-allowances-on-property-and-trading-income).

You pay tax on any interest, dividends or income over your allowances.

Paying less Income Tax

You may be able to claim <u>Income Tax reliefs (/income-tax-reliefs)</u> if you're eligible for them.

If you're married or in a civil partnership

You may be able to <u>claim Marriage Allowance</u> (<u>/marriage-allowance</u>) to reduce your partner's tax if your income is less than the standard Personal Allowance.

If you do not claim Marriage Allowance and you or your partner were born before 6 April 1935, you may be able to claim <u>Married Couple's Allowance</u> (/married-couples-allowance).

2. Previous tax years

The standard Personal Allowance from 6 April 2022 to 5 April 2023 was £12,570.

Tax rate	Taxable income above your Personal Allowance for 2022 to 2023
Basic rate 20%	£0 to £37,700 People with the standard Personal Allowance started paying this rate on income over £12,570
Higher rate 40%	£37,701 to £150,000 People with the standard Personal Allowance started paying this rate on income over £50,270
Additional rate 45%	Over £150,000

Example

You had £35,000 of taxable income and you got the standard Personal Allowance of £12,570. You paid basic rate tax at 20% on £22,430 (£35,000 minus £12,570).

Your Personal Allowance would have been smaller if your <u>income was over</u> £100,000 (/income-tax-rates/income-over-100000), or bigger if you got <u>Marriage Allowance</u> (/marriage-allowance) or <u>Blind Person's Allowance</u> (/blind-persons-allowance).

Other rates and earlier tax years

HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) publishes tables with full <u>rates and allowances for current and past tax years (/government/publications/rates-and-allowances-income-tax)</u>.

3. Income over £100,000

Your Personal Allowance goes down by £1 for every £2 that your <u>adjusted</u> <u>net income (/adjusted-net-income#what-is-adjusted-net-income)</u> is above £100,000. This means your allowance is zero if your income is £125,140 or above.

You'll also need to do a <u>Self Assessment tax return (/self-assessment-tax-returns</u>).

If you do not usually send a tax return, you need to register by 5 October following the tax year you had the income.

Register for Self Assessment

You'll get a letter telling you what to do next (https://www.gov.uk/register-for-self-assessment/not-self-employed) after you've registered.

Register (https://online.hmrc.gov.uk/shortforms/form/SA1) now

OGL

All content is available under the Open Government Licence v3.0, except where otherwise stated

© Crown copyright