

Slip 1

Q.1) AngularJS Script for Addition of Two Numbers

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en" ng-app="myApp">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>AngularJS Addition</title>
  <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.2/angular.min.js"></script>
</head>
<body ng-controller="additionController" ng-init="a=0; b=0; sum=0; showSum=false">
  <h2>AngularJS Addition Example</h2>
  <!-- Input Fields -->
  <label>Number 1:</label>
  <input type="number" ng-model="a" /><br>
  <label>Number 2:</label>
  <input type="number" ng-model="b" /><br>
  <!-- Button -->
  <button ng-click="calculate()" ng-disabled="!a || !b">Calculate</button>
  <button ng-show="showSum" ng-click="clear()">Clear</button>
  <!-- Result -->
  <p ng-show="showSum">The sum is: <span ng-bind="sum"></span></p>
<script>
  var app = angular.module('myApp', []);
  app.controller('additionController', function($scope) {
    $scope.calculate = function () {
      $scope.sum = parseInt($scope.a) + parseInt($scope.b);
      $scope.showSum = true;
    };
    $scope.clear = function () {
      $scope.a = 0;
      $scope.b = 0;
      $scope.sum = 0;
      $scope.showSum = false;
    };
  });
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Q.2) Node.js Application: Reading Data from Multiple Files Asynchronously

```
const
fs = require('fs').promises;
async function readFiles() {
  try {
```

```

// Read files asynchronously
const [data1, data2, data3] = await Promise.all([
  fs.readFile('file1.txt', 'utf8'),
  fs.readFile('file2.txt', 'utf8'),           fs.readFile('file3.txt',
  'utf8')
]);
  console.log('Contents of file1:', data1);
console.log('Contents of file2:', data2);      console.log('Contents
of file3:', data3);
} catch (err) {
  console.error('Error reading files:', err);
}
}
readFiles();
run :- node app.js

```

slip 2

Q.1) AngularJS Script to Print Bank Details in Tabular Form Using `ng-repeat`

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en" ng-app="bankApp">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>Bank Details</title>
  <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.2/angular.min.js"></script>
  <style>
table {
width: 50%;
  border-collapse: collapse;
margin: 20px 0;
}
th, td {
  border: 1px solid #ddd;
padding: 8px;
  text-align: left;
}
th {
  background-color: #f4f4f4;
}
</style>
</head>
<body ng-controller="bankController">

<h2>Bank Details</h2>

```

```

<table>
  <thead>
    <tr>
      <th>Bank Name</th>
      <th>MICR Code</th>
      <th>IFC Code</th>
      <th>Address</th>
    </tr>
  </thead>
  <tbody>
    <tr ng-repeat="bank in banks">
      <td>{{bank.name}}</td>
      <td>{{bank.micr}}</td>
      <td>{{bank.ifsc}}</td>
      <td>{{bank.address}}</td>
    </tr>
  </tbody>
</table>

<script>
  var app = angular.module('bankApp', []);
  app.controller('bankController', function ($scope) {
    $scope.banks = [
      { name: 'State Bank of India', micr: '123456', ifsc: 'SBIN0000123', address: 'Mumbai, India' },
      { name: 'Punjab National Bank', micr: '654321', ifsc: 'PUNB0001234', address: 'Delhi, India' },
      { name: 'ICICI Bank', micr: '112233', ifsc: 'ICIC0000111', address: 'Bangalore, India' }
    ];
  });
</script>
</body>
</html>

```

Q.2) Simple Angular Application to Fetch Data from an API Using HttpClient

```
ng new api-fetch-app cd api-fetch-app ng generate service api ng generate
```

```
component bank-details
```

```
api.service.ts
```

```
import { Injectable } from '@angular/core'; import {
  HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';
import { Observable } from 'rxjs';
@Injectable({
  providedIn: 'root',
})
export class ApiService {
  private apiUrl = 'https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts'; // Example API
```

```

constructor(private http: HttpClient) {}

fetchData(): Observable<any[]> {
  return this.http.get<any[]>(this.apiUrl);
}

}
bank-details.component.ts
import { Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core'; import
{ ApiService } from './api.service'; @Component({
  selector: 'app-bank-details', templateUrl:
'./bank-details.component.html', styleUrls:
['./bank-details.component.css']
})
export class BankDetailsComponent implements OnInit {
  data: any[] = [];

  constructor(private apiService: ApiService) {}

  ngOnInit(): void {
    this.apiService.fetchData().subscribe({
      next: (response) => {
        this.data =
        response;
      },
      error: (error) => {
        console.error('Error fetching data:', error);
      }
    });
  }
}
bank-details.component.html
<h2>API Data</h2>
<table>
  <thead>
    <tr>
      <th>ID</th>
      <th>Title</th>
      <th>Body</th>
    </tr>
  </thead>
  <tbody>
    <tr *ngFor="let item of data">
      <td>{{ item.id }}</td>
      <td>{{ item.title }}</td>
    
```

```

<td>{{ item.body }}</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Add HttpClientModule in app.module.ts import {
NgModule } from '@angular/core'; import { BrowserModule } from '@angular/platform-browser'; import {
AppRoutingModule } from './app-routing.module'; import {
AppComponent } from './app.component'; import {
HttpClientModule } from '@angular/common/http';
import { BankDetailsComponent } from './bank-details/bank-details.component'; @NgModule({
declarations: [
  AppComponent,
  BankDetailsComponent
],
imports: [
  BrowserModule,
  AppRoutingModule,
  HttpClientModule
],
providers: [],
bootstrap: [AppComponent]
})
export class AppModule { }

```

slip 3

Q.1) Write an AngularJS script to display list of games stored in an array on click of button using ng-click and also demonstrate ng-init, ng-bind directive of AngularJS. [15]

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en" ng-app="gameApp">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>Game List</title>
  <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.2/angular.min.js"></script> </head>
<body ng-controller="gameController" ng-init="games=[]">
  <h2>Game List</h2>
  <!-- Button to Load Games -->
  <button ng-click="loadGames()">Show Games</button>
  <!-- Display Games -->
  <ul>
    <li ng-repeat="game in games" ng-bind="game"></li>
  </ul>
  <script>

```

```

var app = angular.module('gameApp', []);
app.controller('gameController', function($scope) {
    $scope.loadGames = function () {
        $scope.games = ['Chess', 'Football', 'Tennis', 'Cricket', 'Hockey'];
    };
});
</script>
</body>
</html>

```

Q.2) Find a company with a workforce greater than 30 in the array (use find by id method) const companies = [

```

{ id: 1, name: 'TechCorp', workforce: 25 },
{ id: 2, name: 'Innovate Ltd', workforce: 45 },
{ id: 3, name: 'BuildIt Inc', workforce: 15 },
{ id: 4, name: 'MegaWorks', workforce: 50 }
];
// Find the company with a workforce greater than 30
const largeCompany = companies.find(company => company.workforce > 30); if
(largeCompany) {
    console.log('Company with workforce greater than 30:', largeCompany);
} else {
    console.log('No company found with workforce greater than 30.');
}

```

Slip 4

Q.1) Fetch Details Using ng-repeat in AngularJS

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en" ng-app="detailsApp">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Fetch Details</title>
    <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.2/angular.min.js"></script>
</head>
<body ng-controller="detailsController">
    <h2>Details List</h2>
    <table border="1">
        <thead>
            <tr>
                <th>ID</th>
                <th>Name</th>
                <th>Age</th>
                <th>Profession</th>

```

```

        </tr>
    </thead>
    <tbody>
        <tr ng-repeat="detail in details">
            <td>{{detail.id}}</td>
            <td>{{detail.name}}</td>
            <td>{{detail.age}}</td>
            <td>{{detail.profession}}</td>
        </tr>
    </tbody>
</table>
<script>
var app = angular.module('detailsApp', []);
app.controller('detailsController', function ($scope) {
    $scope.details = [
        { id: 1, name: 'Alice', age: 25, profession: 'Engineer' },
        { id: 2, name: 'Bob', age: 30, profession: 'Doctor' },
        { id: 3, name: 'Charlie', age: 28, profession: 'Teacher' }
    ];
});
</script>
</body>
</html>

```

Q.2) Express.js Application with Middleware for Parsing Request Bodies and Validating Input Data

Initialize a New Node.js Project: mkdir express-app cd express-app npm init -y npm install

express body-parser joi **Create app.js:**

```

const express = require('express'); const
bodyParser = require('body-parser');
const Joi = require('joi');
const app = express(); const
port = 3000;
// Middleware for parsing JSON and form data app.use(bodyParser.json());
app.use(bodyParser.urlencoded({ extended: true }));
// Validation schema using Joi const userSchema
= Joi.object({
    name:
Joi.string().min(3).required(),
    age:
Joi.number().integer().min(18).required(),
    email: Joi.string().email().required()
});
// Route to handle POST requests app.post('/users',
(req, res) => {
    const { error, value } = userSchema.validate(req.body);
    if (error) {

```

```

        return res.status(400).send({ error: error.details[0].message });
    }
    res.send({
        message: 'User data is valid!',
        data: value
    });
});
// Start the server app.listen(port,
() => {
    console.log(`Server is running on http://localhost:${port}`);
});

```

Slip 5

Q.1) Simple Angular Component to Take Input and Display Data

```

ng new simple-angular-app cd simple-angular-app
ng generate component display-input display-input.component.html
<div class="container">
    <h2>Input Data</h2>
    <label for="inputData">Enter Data:</label>
    <input id="inputData" [(ngModel)]="inputData" placeholder="Type something..." />
    <p><strong>Output:</strong> {{ inputData }}</p>
</div>
display-input.component.ts
import { Component } from '@angular/core';
@Component({
    selector: 'app-display-input',
    templateUrl: './display-input.component.html',
    styleUrls: ['./display-input.component.css']
})
export class DisplayInputComponent {
    inputData: string = "" // Variable to hold the input data
}

```

app.module.ts

```

import { NgModule } from '@angular/core';
import { BrowserModule } from '@angular/platform-browser'; import {
FormsModule } from '@angular/forms'; // Import FormsModule import {
AppComponent } from './app.component';
import { DisplayInputComponent } from './display-input/display-input.component';
@NgModule({
    declarations: [
        AppComponent,
        DisplayInputComponent
    ],

```

```

imports: [
  BrowserModule,
  FormsModule // Include FormsModule here
],
providers: [],
bootstrap: [AppComponent]
})
export class AppModule { } app.component.html
<app-display-input></app-display-input> ng
serve

```

Q.2) Implement a Simple Server Using Node.js
 mkdir simple-server cd simple-server npm init
 -y npm install express

Create server.js:

```

const express = require('express');
const app = express(); const port
= 3000; // Middleware to parse
JSON app.use(express.json()); //
Simple GET Route app.get('/', (req, res) => {
  res.send('Welcome to the Node.js Server!');
});
// Simple POST Route
app.post('/submit', (req, res) => {
  const data = req.body;
  res.send({
    message: 'Data received successfully!',
    receivedData: data
  });
});
// Start the Server app.listen(port, () => {
  console.log(`Server is running on http://localhost:${port}`);
});

```

slip 6

Q.1) Express.js Application for Create and Read Operations on Products

mkdir express-crud cd express-crud npm init -y npm install express

body-parser Create server.js:

```

const express = require('express'); const
bodyParser = require('body-parser'); const
app = express(); const port = 3000;

```

```

// Middleware to parse JSON request bodies
app.use(bodyParser.json()); // In-memory
database for products let products = [];
// Create Product (POST route)
app.post('/products', (req, res) => {
const { id, name, price } = req.body; if
(!id || !name || !price) {
    return res.status(400).send({ error: 'ID, Name, and Price are required' });
}
const newProduct = { id, name, price };
products.push(newProduct);
res.status(201).send({ message: 'Product created successfully', product: newProduct });
});

// Read Products (GET route) app.get('/products',
(req, res) => { res.send(products);
});
// Start the server app.listen(port,
() => {
    console.log(`Server running on http://localhost:${port}`);
});

```

Q.2) Find a Company with Workforce Greater than 30

```

const companies = [
    { id: 1, name: 'TechCorp', workforce: 50 },
    { id: 2, name: 'Innovate Ltd', workforce: 25 },
    { id: 3, name: 'FutureTech', workforce: 75 }
];
// Find a company with workforce greater than 30
const company = companies.find(company => company.workforce > 30); if
(company) {
    console.log('Company with workforce greater than 30:', company);
} else {
    console.log('No company found with workforce greater than 30.');
}

```

Slip 7

Q.1) Node.js Application to Read Data from Multiple Files Asynchronously

```

mkdir node-asynchronous-read cd node-asynchronous-read npm init -y readFiles.js const
fs = require('fs').promises; // Function to read a single file
async function readFile(fileName) {
try {

```

```

    const data = await fs.readFile(fileName, 'utf-8');
    return data; } catch (err) {
        throw new Error(`Error reading ${fileName}: ${err.message}`);
    }
}

// Function to read multiple files async
function readMultipleFiles(fileNames) { try
{
    const promises = fileNames.map(readFile);
    const results = await Promise.all(promises);
    return results;
} catch (err) {
    console.error(err.m
essage);
}
}

// Main execution (async
() => {
    const fileNames = ['file1.txt', 'file2.txt'];
    const fileContents = await readMultipleFiles(fileNames);
    console.log('File Contents:');
    fileContents.forEach((content, index) => {
        console.log(`File ${index + 1}: ${content}`);
    });
}();
node readFiles.js

```

Q.2) Express.js Application for Create and Read Operations on Users

```

mkdir express-user-crud cd express-user-crud npm init -y
npm install express body-parser server.js
const express = require('express'); const
bodyParser = require('body-parser'); const
app = express(); const port = 3000;
// Middleware to parse JSON request bodies
app.use(bodyParser.json()); // In-memory
database for users let users = [];
// Create User (POST route)
app.post('/users', (req, res) => {
const { id, name, email } = req.body;
if (!id || !name || !email) {
    return res.status(400).send({ error: 'ID, Name, and Email are required' });
}
const newUser = { id, name, email };
users.push(newUser);
res.status(201).send({ message: 'User created successfully', user: newUser });

```

```

});

// Read Users (GET route) app.get('/users',
(req, res) => { res.send(users);
});

// Start the server app.listen(port,
() => {
  console.log(`Server is running on http://localhost:${port}`);
});

```

Slip 8

Q.1) Simple Angular Application to Fetch Data from an API Using HttpClient and Observables

```

ng new angular-httpclient-demo cd angular-httpclient-demo
npm install @angular/common @angular/core rxjs
ng generate component employee-list app.module.ts
import { BrowserModule } from '@angular/platform-browser';
import { NgModule } from '@angular/core'; import {
HttpClientModule } from '@angular/common/http'; import {
AppComponent } from './app.component';
import { EmployeeListComponent } from './employee-list/employee-list.component';
@NgModule({
declarations: [
  AppComponent,
  EmployeeListComponent
],
imports: [
  BrowserModule,
  HttpClientModule
],
providers: [],
bootstrap: [AppComponent]
})
export class AppModule { }

generate service employee
employee.service.ts
import { Injectable } from '@angular/core'; import {
HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';
import { Observable } from 'rxjs';
@Injectable({
providedIn: 'root'
})
export class EmployeeService {
  private apiUrl = 'https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/users'; // Example API
constructor(private http: HttpClient) {} getEmployees(): Observable<any[]> {

```

```

        return this.http.get<any[]>(this.apiUrl);
    }
}

employee-list.component.ts
import { Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core';
import { EmployeeService } from './employee.service';
@Component({
  selector: 'app-employee-list', templateUrl:
  './employee-list.component.html',
  styleUrls: ['./employee-list.component.css']
})
export class EmployeeListComponent implements OnInit {
  employees: any[] = [];
  constructor(private employeeService: EmployeeService) {}
  ngOnInit(): void {
    this.employeeService.getEmployees().subscribe(data => {
      this.employees = data;
    });
  }
}
employee-list.component.html
<h2>Employee List</h2>
<ul>
  <li *ngFor="let employee of employees">
    {{ employee.name }} - {{ employee.email }}
  </li>
</ul> ng
serve

```

Q.2) Express.js Application for Create and Update Operations on Employees

mkdir express-crud-employee cd express-crud-employee npm init -y npm

install express body-parser **Code for server.js:**

```

const express = require('express'); const
bodyParser = require('body-parser'); const
app = express(); const port = 3000;
// Middleware to parse JSON request bodies
app.use(bodyParser.json()); // In-memory
database for employees let employees = [];
// Create Employee (POST route)
app.post('/employees', (req, res) => {
  const { id, name, position } = req.body; if
  (!id || !name || !position) {
    return res.status(400).send({ error: 'ID, Name, and Position are required' });
  }
}

```

```

const newEmployee = { id, name, position };
employees.push(newEmployee);
res.status(201).send({ message: 'Employee created successfully', employee: newEmployee });
});
// Update Employee (PUT route)
app.put('/employees/:id', (req, res) => {
const { id } = req.params; const {
name, position } = req.body;
const employee = employees.find(emp => emp.id === parseInt(id));
if (!employee) {
    return res.status(404).send({ error: 'Employee not found' });
}
if (name) employee.name = name; if
(position) employee.position = position;
res.send({ message: 'Employee updated successfully', employee });
});
// Start the server app.listen(port,
() => {
    console.log(`Server running on http://localhost:${port}`);
});

```

Slip 9

Q.1) Find a Company with a Workforce Greater than 30

```

const companies = [
    { id: 1, name: "TechCorp", workforce: 25 },
    { id: 2, name: "InnovateInc", workforce: 45 },
    { id: 3, name: "BuildIt", workforce: 15 },
];
const company = companies.find(company => company.workforce > 30); if
(company) {
    console.log(`Company Found: ${company.name} with a workforce of ${company.workforce}`);
} else {
    console.log("No company with a workforce greater than 30 was found.");
}

```

Q.2) Express.js Application with Middleware for Parsing Request Bodies and Validating Input Data

mkdir express-middleware-app cd express-middleware-app npm init -y

npm install express body-parser

Code for `server.js`

```

const express = require('express'); const
bodyParser = require('body-parser'); const
app = express(); const port = 3000;
// Middleware to parse JSON and form data app.use(bodyParser.json());

```

```

app.use(bodyParser.urlencoded({ extended: true }));
// In-memory database const
users = [];
// Middleware for input validation const
validateUserInput = (req, res, next) => {
const { name, email, age } = req.body;  if
(!name || !email || !age) {
    return res.status(400).json({ error: "Name, Email, and Age are required fields." });
}

if (typeof age !== 'number' || age <= 0) {
    return res.status(400).json({ error: "Age must be a positive number." });
}
next();
};

// Create User (POST route)
app.post('/users', validateUserInput, (req, res) => {
const { name, email, age } = req.body;
const newUser = { id: users.length + 1, name, email, age };
users.push(newUser);
res.status(201).json({ message: "User created successfully", user: newUser });
});

// Get All Users (GET route) app.get('/users',
(req, res) => {  res.json(users);
});

// Start the server app.listen(port,
() => {
    console.log('Server running on http://localhost:${port}');
});

```

Slip 10

Q.1) Implement a Simple Server Using Node.js **server.js**:

```

const http = require('http');
// Define the port const
PORT = 3000; // Create the
server
const server = http.createServer((req, res) => {
    // Set response header
    res.writeHead(200, { 'Content-Type': 'text/plain' });

    // Send a response based on the request URL
    if (req.url === '/') {
        res.end('Welcome to the Node.js server!');
    } else if (req.url === '/about') {

```

```

        res.end('This is the About page.');
    } else {
        res.end('Page not found.');
    }
});

// Start the server server.listen(PORT,
() => {
    console.log(`Server is running on http://localhost:${PORT}`);
});

```

Q.2) Extend Express.js Application with Middleware for Parsing and Validation npm
install express body-parser

```

app.js:
const express = require('express'); const
bodyParser = require('body-parser'); const
app = express(); const PORT = 4000;
// Middleware for parsing JSON and form data app.use(bodyParser.json());
app.use(bodyParser.urlencoded({ extended: true }));
// In-memory database const
employees = [];
// Middleware for input validation const
validateEmployeeInput = (req, res, next) => {
const { name, position, salary } = req.body; if
(!name || !position || !salary) {
    return res.status(400).json({ error: 'Name, Position, and Salary are required fields.' });
}
if (typeof salary !== 'number' || salary <= 0) {
    return res.status(400).json({ error: 'Salary must be a positive number.' });
}
next();
};
// Create Employee (POST route)
app.post('/employees', validateEmployeeInput, (req, res) => {
const { name, position, salary } = req.body;
const newEmployee = { id: employees.length + 1, name, position, salary };
employees.push(newEmployee);
res.status(201).json({ message: 'Employee created successfully', employee: newEmployee });
});
// Update Employee (PUT route)
app.put('/employees/:id', validateEmployeeInput, (req, res) => {
const { id } = req.params;
const { name, position, salary } = req.body;
const employee = employees.find(emp => emp.id === parseInt(id));
if (!employee) {

```

```

        return res.status(404).json({ error: 'Employee not found.' });
    }
    employee.name = name;
employee.position = position;
employee.salary = salary;
    res.json({ message: 'Employee updated successfully', employee });
});
// Start the server app.listen(PORT,
() => {
    console.log(`Server is running on http://localhost:${PORT}`);
});

```

Slip 11

Q.1) Develop an Express.js Application That Defines Routes for Create Operations on a Resource (Movie)

npm install express

app.js

```

const express = require('express'); const
bodyParser = require('body-parser'); const
app = express(); const PORT = 3000;
// Middleware to parse JSON bodies app.use(bodyParser.json());
// In-memory database to store movies
const movies = [];
// POST route to create a movie app.post('/movies',
(req, res) => {    const { title, director, releaseYear, genre
} = req.body;    if (!title || !director || !releaseYear || !genre) {
    return res.status(400).json({ error: 'All fields (title, director, releaseYear, genre) are required.' });
}
const newMovie = {
    id: movies.length + 1,
    title,
    director,
    releaseYear,
    genre
};
movies.push(newMovie);
res.status(201).json({ message: 'Movie created successfully', movie: newMovie });
});
// Start the server app.listen(PORT,
() => {
    console.log(`Server is running on http://localhost:${PORT}`);
});

```

Q.2) Create an Angular Application That Prints the Name of Students Who Play Basketball Using `filter` and `map` Methods
ng new basketball-app cd basketball-app
ng generate component student-list

```
student-list.component.ts:  
import { Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core';  
@Component({  
  selector: 'app-student-list',  
  templateUrl: './student-list.component.html',  
  styleUrls: ['./student-list.component.css']  
})  
export class StudentListComponent implements OnInit {  
  students = [  
    { name: 'John Doe', playsBasketball: true },  
    { name: 'Jane Smith', playsBasketball: false },  
    { name: 'Alice Johnson', playsBasketball: true },  
    { name: 'Bob Brown', playsBasketball: false }  
  ];  
  basketballPlayers: string[] = [];  
  ngOnInit(): void {  
    this.getBasketballPlayers();  
  }  
  getBasketballPlayers(): void {  
    // Filter students who play basketball and map their names  
    this.basketballPlayers = this.students  
      .filter(student => student.playsBasketball)  
      .map(student => student.name);  
  }  
}
```

```
student-list.component.html  
<h2>Students Who Play Basketball</h2>  
<ul>  
  <li *ngFor="let player of basketballPlayers">{{ player }}</li>  
</ul>
```

Slip 12

Q.1) AngularJS Script to Print Employee Details in Tabular Form Using `ng-repeat`

```
<!DOCTYPE html>  
<html lang="en" ng-app="employeeApp">  
<head>  
  <meta charset="UTF-8">  
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
```

```

<title>Employee Details</title>
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.2/angular.min.js"></script>
<style>
    table {
        width: 100%;
        border-collapse: collapse;
    }
    th, td {
        border: 1px solid #ddd;
        padding: 8px;
        text-align: left;
    }
</style>
</head>
<body ng-controller="EmployeeController">
    <h2>Employee Details</h2>
    <table>
        <thead>
            <tr>
                <th>Employee Name</th>
                <th>Employee ID</th>
                <th>Pin Code</th>
                <th>Address</th>
            </tr>
        </thead>
        <tbody>
            <tr ng-repeat="employee in employees">
                <td>{{ employee.name }}</td>
                <td>{{ employee.id }}</td>
                <td>{{ employee.pinCode }}</td>
                <td>{{ employee.address }}</td>
            </tr>
        </tbody>
    </table>
<script>
    var app = angular.module('employeeApp', []);
    app.controller('EmployeeController', function($scope) {
        $scope.employees = [
            { name: 'John Doe', id: 'E001', pinCode: '12345', address: '123 Main St' },
            { name: 'Jane Smith', id: 'E002', pinCode: '67890', address: '456 Elm St' },
            { name: 'Sam Brown', id: 'E003', pinCode: '54321', address: '789 Oak St' },
            { name: 'Lisa Green', id: 'E004', pinCode: '98765', address: '321 Pine St' }
        ];
    });
</script>

```

```
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Q.2) Develop an Express.js Application That Defines Routes for Create Operations on a Resource (User)

```
npm install express body-parser app.js
const express = require('express'); const
bodyParser = require('body-parser'); const
app = express(); const PORT = 3000;
// Middleware to parse JSON bodies
app.use(bodyParser.json()); // In-
memory database to store users let
users = [];
// POST route to create a new user
app.post('/users', (req, res) => {    const { name,
email, age, address } = req.body;    if (!name || !email || !age || !address) {
        return res.status(400).json({ error: 'All fields (name, email, age, address) are required.' });
    }
    const newUser = {
id: users.length + 1,
name,      email,
age,
address
};
    users.push(newUser);
    res.status(201).json({ message: 'User created successfully', user: newUser });
});
// Start the server app.listen(PORT,
() => {
    console.log(`Server is running on http://localhost:${PORT}`);
});
```

Slip 13

Q.1) Extend the Previous Express.js Application to Include Middleware for Parsing Request Bodies (e.g., JSON, Form Data) and Validating Input Data
npm install express body-parser app.js

```
const express = require('express'); const
bodyParser = require('body-parser'); const
app = express(); const PORT = 3000;
// Middleware to parse JSON bodies app.use(bodyParser.json());
// Middleware to parse form data (application/x-www-form-urlencoded)
app.use(bodyParser.urlencoded({ extended: true }));
// In-memory database to store users let
users = [];
```

```

// POST route to create a new user with validation app.post('/users',
(req, res) => {
  const { name, email, age, address } = req.body;
  // Validate input data
  if (!name || !email || !age || !address) {
    return res.status(400).json({ error: 'All fields (name, email, age, address) are required.' });
  }
  // Additional email validation (simple example)
  const emailPattern = /^[a-zA-Z0-9._-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9.-]+\.[a-zA-Z]{2,6}$/;
  if (!emailPattern.test(email)) {
    return res.status(400).json({ error: 'Invalid email format.' });
  }
  // Additional age validation (must be a positive integer)
  if (isNaN(age) || age <= 0) {
    return res.status(400).json({ error: 'Age must be a positive number.' });
  }
  const newUser = {
    id: users.length + 1,
    name,      email,
    age,
    address
  };
  users.push(newUser);
  res.status(201).json({ message: 'User created successfully', user: newUser });
});

// Get all users (for testing purposes) app.get('/users',
(req, res) => {
  res.status(200).json({ users });
});

// Start the server app.listen(PORT,
() => {
  console.log(`Server is running on http://localhost:${PORT}`);
});

```

Q.2) Create a Simple Angular Component that Takes Input Data and Displays It
ng new input-display-app cd input-display-app ng generate component input-
display **input-display.component.ts**: import { Component } from

```

'@angular/core';
@Component({
  selector: 'app-input-display', templateUrl:
  './input-display.component.html', styleUrls:
  ['./input-display.component.css']
})
export class InputDisplayComponent {

```

```

  userName: string = "";
  userAge: number = 0;
  userAddress: string = "";
  submittedData: any = null;
  onSubmit(): void {
    this.submittedData = {
      name: this.userName,    age:
      this.userAge,    address:
      this.userAddress
    };
  }
}

```

input-display.component.html:

```

<div>
  <h2>User Information</h2>
  <form (ngSubmit)="onSubmit()">
    <label for="name">Name:</label>
    <input type="text" id="name" [(ngModel)]="userName" name="name" required>
    <label for="age">Age:</label>
    <input type="number" id="age" [(ngModel)]="userAge" name="age" required>
    <label for="address">Address:</label>
    <input type="text" id="address" [(ngModel)]="userAddress" name="address" required>
    <button type="submit">Submit</button>
  </form>
  <div *ngIf="submittedData">
    <h3>Submitted Data:</h3>
    <p>Name: {{ submittedData.name }}</p>
    <p>Age: {{ submittedData.age }}</p>
    <p>Address: {{ submittedData.address }}</p>
  </div>
</div>

```

input-display.component.css (Optional, for styling):

```

form {
  margin-bottom: 20px;
} label {
display: block;
margin-top: 10px;
} input
{
  margin-bottom: 10px;
} button
{
  margin-top: 10px;
} ng
serve
slip 14

```

Q.1) Create an Angular Application that Prints the Name of Students Who Got 85% Using filter and map Method

```
ng new student-app
cd student-app
ng generate component student-list
```

student-list.component.ts

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';
@Component({
  selector: 'app-student-list',
  templateUrl: './student-list.component.html',
  styleUrls: ['./student-list.component.css']
})
export class StudentListComponent {
  students = [
    { name: 'John Doe', marks: 92 },
    { name: 'Jane Smith', marks: 85 },
    { name: 'Alice Brown', marks: 88 },
    { name: 'Bob White', marks: 74 },
    { name: 'Charlie Green', marks: 90 }
  ];
  // Filtering and mapping the students who got 85% and above
  highScoringStudents = this.students
    .filter(student => student.marks >= 85)
    .map(student => student.name);
}
```

student-list.component.html

```
<div>
  <h2>Students Who Got 85% and Above</h2>
  <ul>
    <li *ngFor="let student of highScoringStudents">{{ student }}</li>
  </ul>
</div>
```

ng serve

Q.2) Develop an Express.js Application that Defines Routes for Create, Update Operations on a Resource (Employee)

```
npm init -y
npm install express body-parser app.js
const express = require('express'); const
bodyParser = require('body-parser'); const
app = express(); const PORT = 3000;
// Middleware to parse JSON bodies app.use(bodyParser.json());
// In-memory database to store employees let
employees = [];
// POST route to create a new employee app.post('/employees',
(req, res) => {
  const { id, name, position, salary } = req.body;

  // Validate input data
  if (!id || !name || !position || !salary) {
    return res.status(400).json({ error: 'All fields (id, name, position, salary) are required.' });
  }
  const newEmployee = { id, name, position, salary };
  employees.push(newEmployee);
```

```

        res.status(201).json({ message: 'Employee created successfully',
employee: newEmployee });
};

// PUT route to update an existing employee by ID
app.put('/employees/:id', (req, res) => {
const { id } = req.params;
const { name, position, salary } = req.body;

// Find employee by ID
const employee = employees.find(emp => emp.id === parseInt(id));
if (!employee) {
    return res.status(404).json({ error: 'Employee not found.' });
}
// Update employee data
employee.name = name || employee.name;
employee.position = position || employee.position;
employee.salary = salary || employee.salary;

res.status(200).json({ message: 'Employee updated successfully', employee
});
});

// GET route to fetch all employees (for testing)
app.get('/employees', (req, res) => {
    res.status(200).json({ employees });
});

// Start the server
app.listen(PORT,
() => {
    console.log(`Server is running on http://localhost:${PORT}`);
});

```

Slip 15

Q.1) Find an Employee with a Salary Greater Than 25000 in the Array (Using find by ID Method)

```

const employees = [
    { id: 1, name: 'John Doe', salary: 30000 },
    { id: 2, name: 'Jane Smith', salary: 20000 },
    { id: 3, name: 'Alice Brown', salary: 35000 },
    { id: 4, name: 'Bob White', salary: 24000 },
    { id: 5, name: 'Charlie Green', salary: 27000 }
];
// Find employee with salary greater than 25000
const employeeWithHighSalary = employees.find(employee => employee.salary > 25000);
console.log(employeeWithHighSalary);

```

Q.2) Create an Angular Application That Prints the Name of Students Who Got 85% Using filter and map Method

ng new student-app cd student-app

ng generate component student-list

student-list.component.ts

```

import { Component } from '@angular/core';
@Component({
    selector: 'app-student-list',

```

```
templateUrl: './student-list.component.html',
styleUrls: ['./student-list.component.css']
})
export class StudentListComponent {
students = [
  { name: 'John Doe', percentage: 92 },
  { name: 'Jane Smith', percentage: 85 },
  { name: 'Alice Brown', percentage: 88 },
  { name: 'Bob White', percentage: 74 },
  { name: 'Charlie Green', percentage: 90 }
];
// Filter students who got 85% or more and map to their names
highScoringStudents = this.students
  .filter(student => student.percentage >= 85)
  .map(student => student.name);
}
student-list.component.html
<div>
  <h2>Students Who Got 85% and Above</h2>
  <ul>
    <li *ngFor="let student of highScoringStudents">{{ student }}</li>
  </ul>
</div>
```