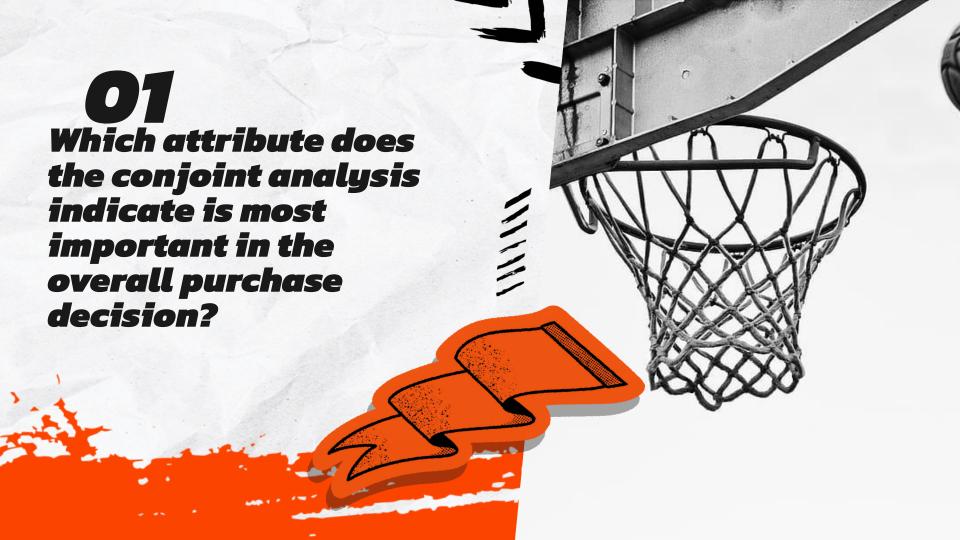


Overview

- The Portland Trail Blazers faced challenges both on and off the court following the 2005 NBA All-Star break.
- On-court issues included a coaching change and a poor win-loss record, while off-court challenges involved declining attendance and a negative perception among Portland-area residents.
- Various player-related controversies contributed to the team's tarnished reputation, leading to decreased fan support.



Utility	Number of Games		
0.03257	3-game create-your-own pack, including one elite team and two very good teams		
0.24383	6-game create-your-own pack, including two elite teams and four very good teams		
-0.2764	10-game create-your-own pack, including any combination of teams		

Utility	Ticket Price		
0.65646	\$15 per seat per game		
0.22011	\$25 per seat per game		
0.126	\$35 per seat per game		
1.00257	\$60 per seat per game		

Utility	Ticket Location		
-0.73169	300 level, behind the baskets		
-0.43716	300 level, on the corners		
0.15736	300 level, midcourt		
1.01148	200 level, midcourt		

Utility Promotional Item		
0.12511	Priority for home playoff tickets	
0.17428	Hot dog and soda with each ticket	
0.00158	Trail Blazer apparel (hat, jersey, etc.)	
0.01689	\$20 gift certificate for popular local restaurant	
-0.31786	No promotional item	

Impact on purchase decisions

	Range of utility	Importance of
	scores	attribute
Number of Games	0.52023	0.143230794
Ticket Price	1.65903	0.241339056
Ticket Location	1.74317	0.479933152
Promotional Item	0.49214	0.135496998





















The top 3 combinations with the highest total utilities are:

- Combination 2: 6-game create-your-own pack, \$15 per seat per game, 200 level midcourt, Hot dog and soda with each ticket
- Combination 1: 3-game create-your-own pack, \$15 per seat per game, 200 level midcourt, Hot dog and soda with each ticket
- 3. Combination 3: 3-game create-your-own pack, \$25 per seat per game, 200 level midcourt, Hot dog and soda with each ticket



Combination 1	Cost	Utility
6-game create-your-own pack, including two elite teams and four very good teams		0.24383
\$25 per seat per game	25	0.22011
300 level, behind the baskets	-10	-0.73169
Priority for home playoff tickets	15	0.12511
Total	15	0.58905

Combination 2	Cost	Utility
6-game create-your-own pack, including two elite teams and four very good teams		0.24383
\$35 per seat per game	35	0.126
300 level, on the corners	-12	-0.43716
Hot dog and soda with each ticket	-3.25	17428
Total	19.75	0.54411

Combination 3	Cos	t Utility
6-game create-your-own pack, including two elite teams and four very good teams		0.24383
\$60 per seat per game	60	-1.00257
300 level, midcourt	-18	0.15736
Hot dog and soda with each ticket	-3.25	0.17428
Total	38.7	5 0.57547

Combination 4	Cost	Utility
6-game create-your-own pack, including two elite teams and four very good teams		0.24383
\$60 per seat per game	60	-1.00257
300 level, on the corners	-12	-0.43716
Priority for home playoff tickets	0	0.12511
Total	48	0.36894

Trade-Off Analysis for Basketball Game Ticket Packages:

Utility per Dollar Calculation:

The utility per dollar spent for each combination can be calculated using the formula:

Utility per Dollar = Utility / Cost

- Combination 1: Utility per Dollar = 0.03927
- Combination 2: Utility per Dollar = 0.02755
- Combination 3: Utility per Dollar = 0.014851
- Combination 4: Utility per Dollar = 0.00768

Combination 1 provides the highest utility per dollar





Baseline Combination

We assumed the baseline combination is Combination 1 since it has the lowest cost at \$25 per seat per game.

Utility-to-Price Conversion Factor Calculation:

Given that Combination 1 costs \$25 and has a total utility of 0.58905, we'll use this to set the baseline utility-to-price ratio. Then, we use this ratio to find the additional price customers might be willing to pay for the increased utility in other combinations relative to the baseline.



Combination 2: Willingness to pay is approximately \$23.09 per seat per game. Combination 3: Willingness to pay is approximately \$24.42 per seat per game. Combination 4: Willingness to pay is approximately \$15.66 per seat per game. These values reflect how much more (or less) a customer might be willing to pay for the utility provided by each combination, relative to the baseline cost and utility of Combination 1 (\$25 per seat per game).





Enhancing Ticket Value with Promotional Items

Based on the utility scores from the conjoint analysis, we can evaluate whether giving away promotional items to season-ticket holders is worthwhile in terms of adding value and enhancing ticket attractiveness

0.12511

0.17428

0.00158

0.01689

-0.31786

- Priority for home playoff tickets
- Hot dog and soda with each ticket
- Trail Blazers apparel (hat, jersey, etc.)
- \$20 gift certificate for a popular local restaurant

No promotional item

Cost vs. Benefit Analysis:

- Priority for home playoff tickets offers significant perceived value without a direct cost.
- Hot dog and soda costs the Blazers \$3.25 per package.
- Trail Blazers apparel costs \$12.00 per item, and the restaurant gift certificate costs \$10.00 to provide a \$20 value.

Incremental Value:

 Promotional items like playoff ticket priority and hot dog and soda offer the highest utility scores, indicating significant perceived value.

Promotional items, particularly those with high utility scores like playoff ticket priority and hot dog and soda, enhance the attractiveness of ticket packages

Strategic Promotion Selection for Season-Ticket Holders

Analysis of Promotional Item Utility:

- None of the promotional items have a demonstrably negative impact on utility.
- "Hot dog and soda with each ticket" promotion offers a positive utility contribution of 0.17428, approximately 3.9% increase in overall utility.

Recommendation:

• Strong recommendation to include the "Hot dog and soda with each ticket" promotion due to its high utility score and relatively low cost.

Cost-Effectiveness Comparison:

 Compared to other potential promotional items, "Hot dog and soda" promotion presents a compelling value proposition with the highest utility contribution and significantly lower cost.

Providing promotional items, especially those like hot dog and soda with high utility scores, can enhance ticket value and customer satisfaction for season-ticket holders, warranting their inclusion in ticket packages





Utility score of Ticket Packages

3

3-game package

0.03257

6

6-game package

0.24383

10

10-game package

-0.2764

Strategic Implications



Focus on 6-game packages

It has the highest utility score and thus should be the primary focus in marketing efforts



Customizable 3-game packages

It has a positive utility score and thus might be appealing to those who prefer less commitment or are selective about the games they want to attend.

Strategic Implications



Reevaluate 10-game packages

It has a negative utility score, indicating it might be costly for many customers. Adding exclusive benefits or discounts might help offset the negative perception.



Optimizing Ticket Packages and Pricing Strategy

Optimize Ticket Packages:

- Promote the 6-game packages: Focus marketing efforts on these packages due to their high utility scores. Consider including high-demand games to enhance appeal.
- Offer customizable 3-game packages: Provide flexibility for fans who prefer fewer games. Allow fans to select games to cater to diverse preferences.
- Reassess 10-game packages: Due to negative utility scores, enhance with additional benefits or promote less aggressively.

Strategic Pricing:

- Leverage price sensitivity: Adjust prices based on utility scores to maximize attendance and profitability.
- Implement dynamic pricing: Adjust ticket prices based on demand, time of purchase, and opponent strength

These strategies ensure ticket packages are optimized to meet fan preferences while maximizing revenue and attendance

Enhancing Promotional Offerings and Improving Seat Allocation

Enhance Promotional Offerings:

- Focus on high-value promotions: Prioritize items with higher utility scores like playoff ticket priority and hot dogs and sodas.
- Minimize less impactful promotions: Reduce focus on items with lower utility scores unless cost-effective.

Improve Seat Allocation:

- Capitalize on preferred seating: Optimize availability and pricing of preferred seating areas like the 200 level midcourt.
- Offer discounts for less desirable seats: Provide discounts or bundle less attractive seats with appealing promotions.

By focusing on high-value promotions and optimizing seat allocation, the Blazers can enhance fan experience and maximize ticket sales.

Thank You



