Practical 02

PART 01:

- 1. Create a new class called 'Item' with two protected instance variables (private variables), an integer variable called 'location', and a String variable called 'description'.
- 2. Add a constructor method for the Item class that takes an integer and a String as arguments (in that order).
- 3. The constructor should assign the value of these parameters to the corresponding instance variables.
- 4. Add getter and setter methods for the location and description variables.
- 5. Add another class called Monster and make the Monster class a sub-class of the Item class.
- 6. Add a constructor method to the Monster class that takes an integer and a String argument just like the Item class constructor.
- 7. Use these arguments to call the Item super class constructor from within the Monster class constructor so that the instance variables in the superclass are instantiated correctly.

```
*public class Item

{
    protected int location;
    protected String description;

public Item(int location, String description)

{
```

```
this.location = location;
    this.description = description;
  }
  // Getter
  public int getLocation()
    return location;
  }
 // Setter
  public void setLocation(int location)
  {
    this.location = location;
   }
  // Getter
  public String getDescription()
  {
    return description;
  }
  // Setter
  public void setDescription(String description)
    this.description = description;
  }
}
public class Monster extends Item
{
  public Monster(int location, String description)
```

```
super(location, description);
}
```

PART 02

1.	Which of these keywords is used to re a) upper b) super c) this	fer to member of base class from a sub class? d) None of the mentioned
3.		member can only be accessed in its own class is c) protected d) none
4.	Which of these is a mechanism for na a) Object c) Interfaces	ming and visibility control of a class and its content? b) Packages d) None of the Mentioned.
5.	Which of the following is correct way a) import pkg. c) import pkg.*	of importing an entire package 'pkg'? b) Import pkg. d) Import pkg.*
6.	Which of these method of class String object? a) CHARAT() c) charAt()	is used to extract a single character from a String b) charat() d) CharAt()
7.	Which of these method of class String a) get() c) lengthof()	<pre>is used to obtain length of String object? b) Sizeof() d) length()</pre>

PART 03: Fill in the blanks using appropriate term.

- 1. Real-world objects contain state and behavior.
- 2. A software object's state is stored in **instance variables**.

- 3. A software object's behavior is exposed through **methods**.
- 4. Hiding internal data from the outside world, and accessing it only through publicly exposed methods is known as data <u>encapsulation</u>.
- 5. A blueprint for a software object is called a class.
- 6. Common behavior can be defined in a <u>parent class</u> and inherited into a <u>subclass</u> using the <u>extends</u> keyword.
- 7. A collection of methods with no implementation is called an **interface**.
- 8. A namespace that organizes classes and interfaces by functionality is called a package.
- 9. The term API stands for **Application Programming Interface.**