

Tree of Thoughts Prompting

Instructor

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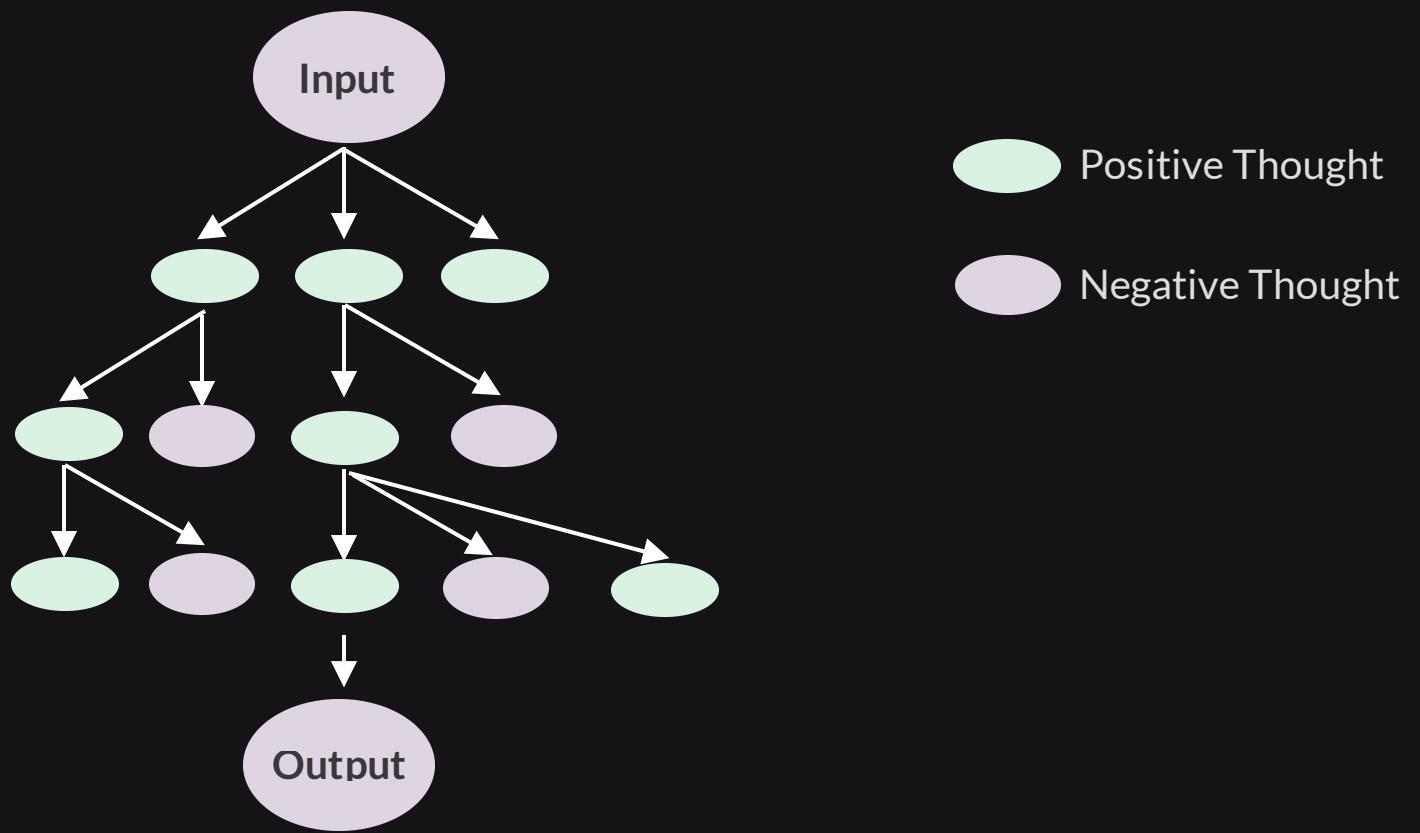
Definition

- Tree of Thoughts Prompting is a method to solve problems by exploring different paths or 'thoughts' that lead to a solution.
- This method breaks down the problem-solving process into smaller parts called 'thought steps'.

How Tree of Thought (TOT) Works?

Step 1

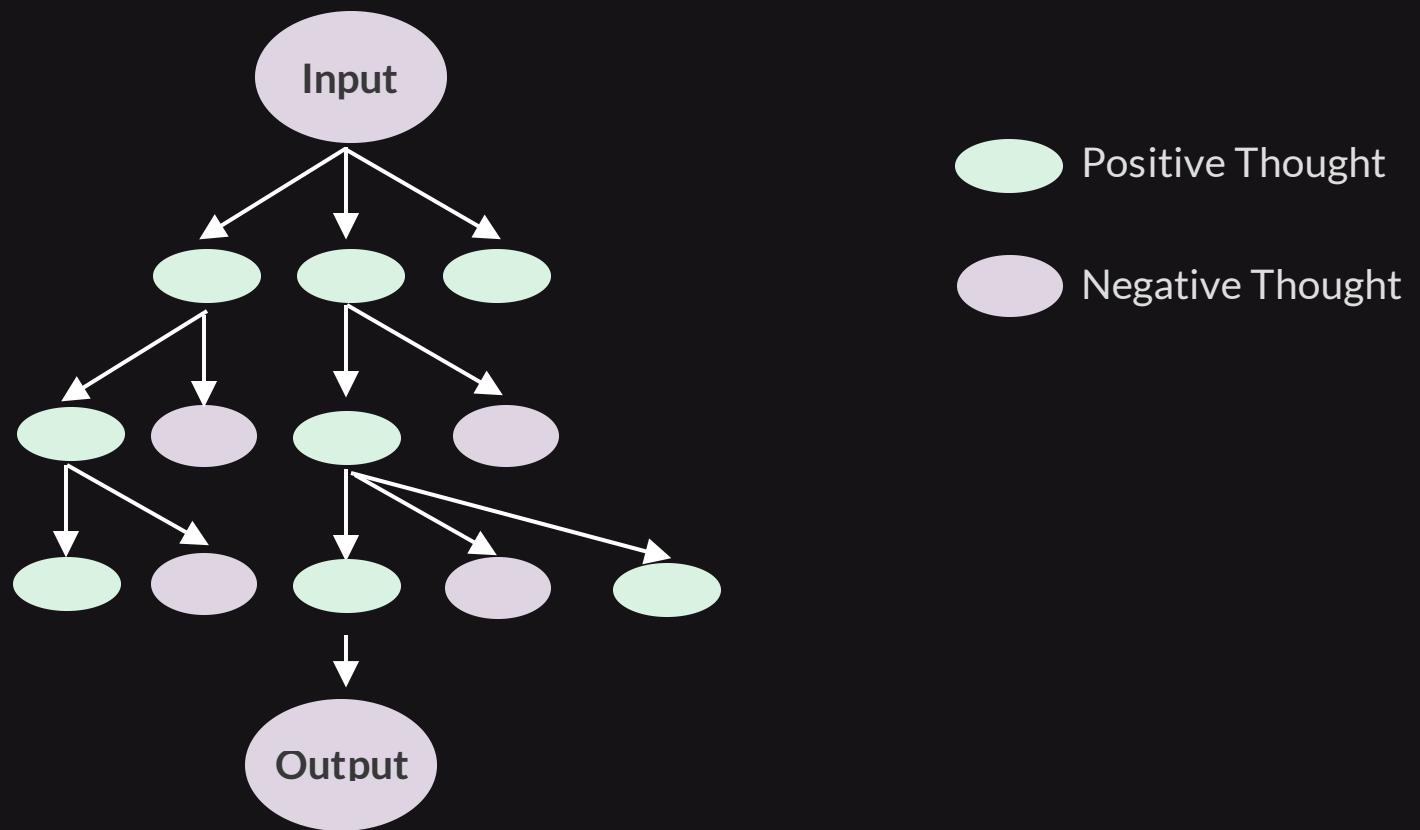
Generates multiple 'thoughts' per step, selecting the most promising to solve problems.



How Tree of Thought (TOT) Works?

Step 2

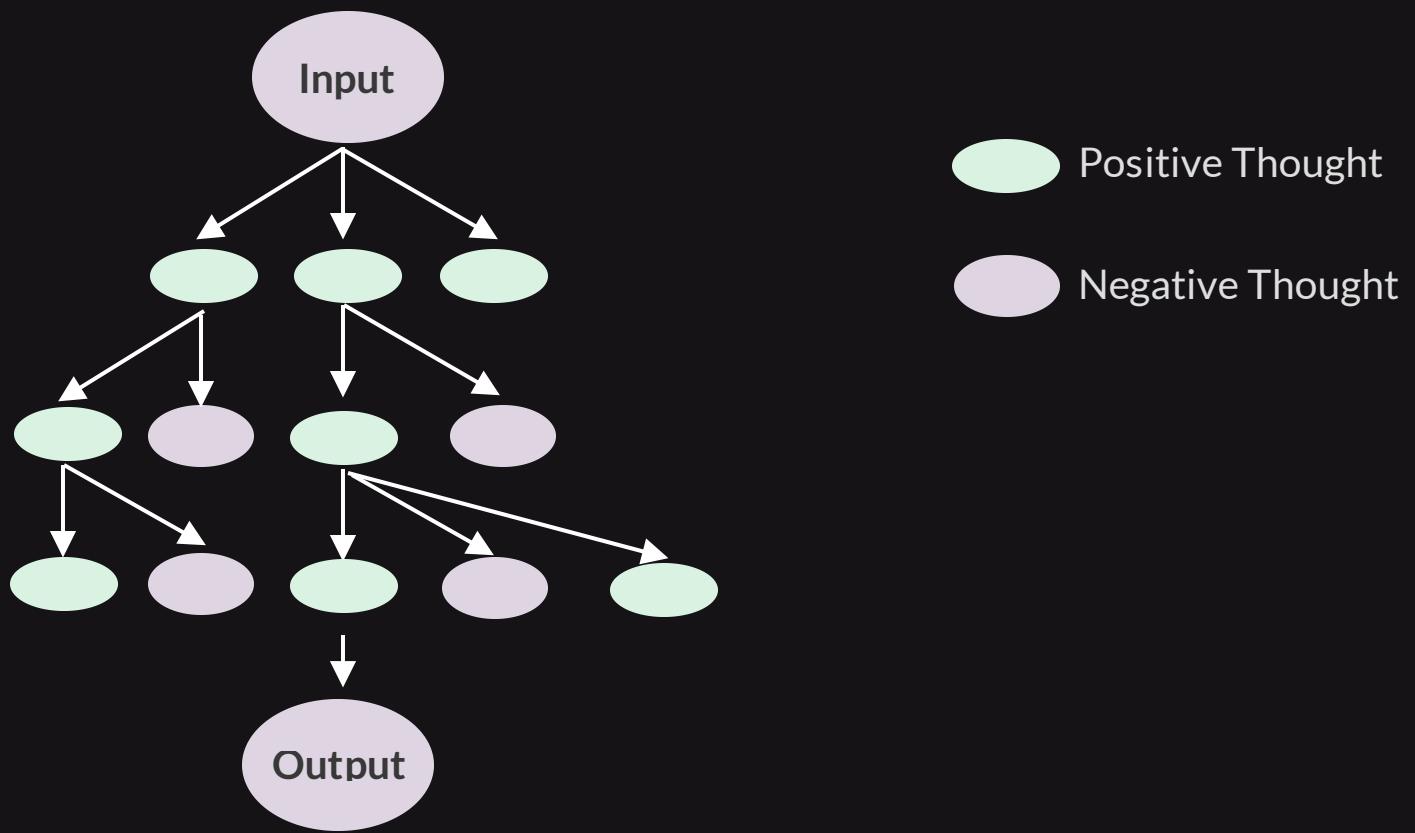
Employs straightforward search tactics to determine which paths to pursue.



How Tree of Thought (TOT) Works?

Step 3

Resembles a decision tree, exploring various 'thought branches' for optimal solutions.



Difference Between Tree of Thoughts and Chain-of-Thoughts



Single vs. Multiple Paths

CoT advances in a single direction, while ToT branches out into multiple paths.



Sequential Reasoning

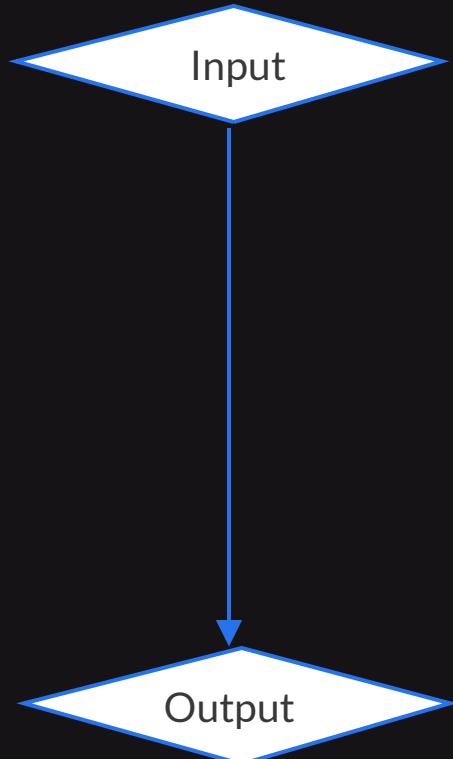
CoT generates a sequence of thoughts, whereas ToT considers different sequences to derive the best outcome.



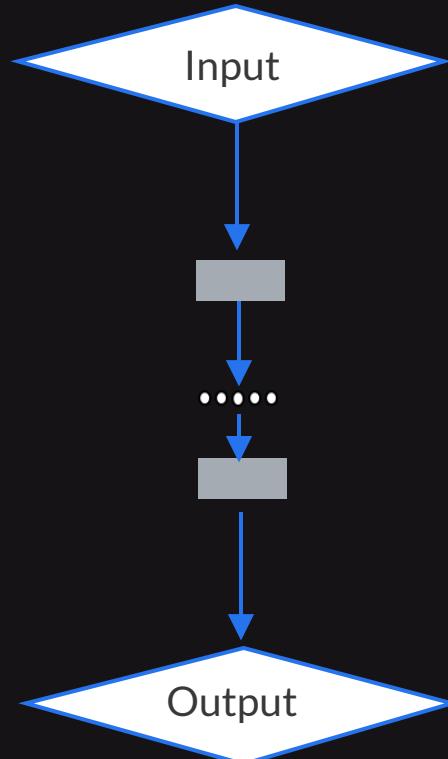
Flexibility in Approach

ToT can reverse or change its reasoning paths if they don't lead to a solution, a flexibility not present in the CoT approach.

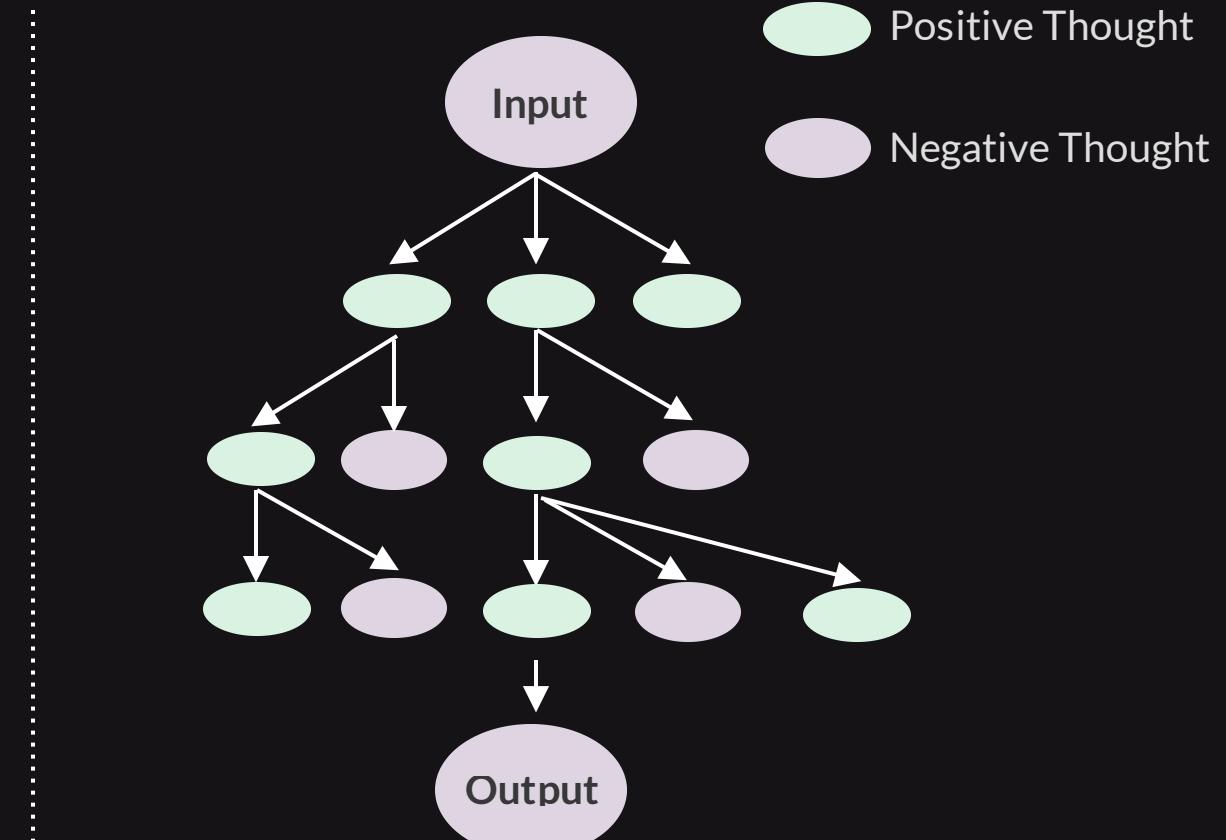
Difference Between Tree of Thoughts and Chain-of-Thoughts



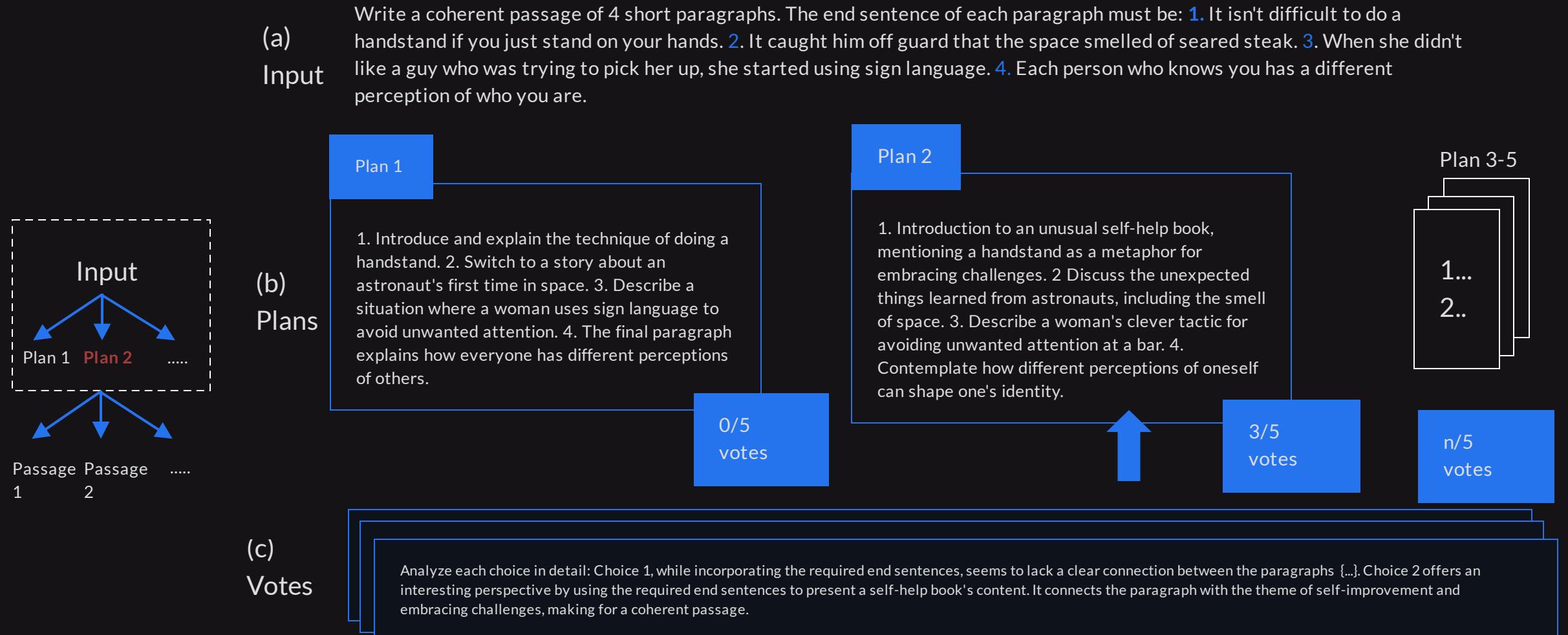
Input-Output Prompting



Chain of Thought Promoting



Tree of Thoughts Prompting: Example



Pros: Tree of Thoughts Prompting

Enables language models to plan and select from various problem-solving strategies for better outcomes.

Enhances adaptability in problem-solving by allowing the model to revise its decisions.

Outperforms other methods by evaluating multiple options for complex problems.

Facilitates understanding of decision-making processes by tracing the model's reasoning steps.

Cons: Tree of Thoughts Prompting

May consume more computing resources than simpler methods, increasing costs.

Unnecessary for simpler tasks where less complex methods suffice.

As a nascent technique under research, it may not be universally effective across problem types.

Thank You
