

Chain-of-Thought Prompting

Instructor

Bhaskarjit Sarmah

Vice President, Blackrock



Definition

- Chain-of-thought is a method that improves the reasoning abilities of large language models by generating a series of intermediate reasoning steps

How Does it Work?

- Chain-of-thought allows models to decompose multi-step problems into intermediate steps.

- But this also leads to additional computation for problems that require more reasoning steps.

Use-cases: Chain-of-Thought Prompting

✓ Enhances language model's ability

Language models can generate chains of thought to solve complex tasks such as arithmetic, commonsense reasoning, and symbolic manipulation.

✓ Interpretable window into model's behavior

Chain-of-thought allows for insights into how it arrived at a particular answer and opportunities for debugging.

✓ Matches human capabilities

This methodology can be applied to various tasks that humans solve using language, potentially extending beyond arithmetic reasoning to tasks like machine translation.

Chain-of-Thought Prompting: Example

Standard Prompting

Model Input

Q: Roger has 5 tennis balls. He buys 2 more cans of tennis balls. Each can have 3 tennis balls. How many tennis balls does he have now?

A: The answer is 11

Q: The cafeteria had 23 apples. If they used 20 to make lunch and bought 6 more, how many apples do they have?

Model Output

A: The answer is 27. X

Chain-of-Thought Prompting

Model Input

Q: Roger has 5 tennis balls. He buys 2 more cans of tennis balls. Each can have 3 tennis balls. How many tennis balls does he have now?

A: Roger started with 5 balls. 2 cans of 3 tennis balls each is 6 tennis balls. $5 + 6 = 11$. The answer is 11.

Q: The cafeteria had 23 apples. If they used 20 to make lunch and bought 6 more, how many apples do they have?

Model Output

A: The cafeteria had 23 apples originally. They used 20 to make lunch. So they had $23 - 20 = 3$. They bought 6 more apples, so they have $3+6 = 9$. The answer is 9. ✓

Pros: Chain-of-Thought Prompting

Achieves state-of-the-art accuracy, surpassing finetuned models with a verifier

Applicable to various tasks that require multi-step reasoning, making it a versatile approach in different domains

Enhances the interpretability of language models by providing insights into the model's reasoning process through the generated chains of thought

Chain-of-thought prompting is a ready-to-use, cost-effective strategy that doesn't require model finetuning.

Cons: Chain-of-Thought Prompting

Augmenting exemplars with thought chains for finetuning is resource-intensive

Generated thought chains don't necessarily yield correct reasoning, potentially leading to mixed accuracy.

Chain-of-thought reasoning is mainly effective in larger models and less practical for smaller ones.

Thank You
