

4. Demonstrate the working of ECB and CBC modes of AES on plaintext using OpenSSL.

```
touch plain.txt  
gedit plain.txt  
cat plain.txt
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -e -in plain.txt -out cipher1.bin -K  
00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff -iv 0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f  
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -d -in cipher1.bin -out output1.txt -K  
00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff -iv 0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f  
xxd cipher1.bin  
cat output1.txt
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-ecb -e -in plain.txt -out cipher2.bin -K  
00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff  
openssl enc -aes-128-ecb -d -in cipher2.bin -out output2.txt -K  
00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff  
xxd cipher2.bin  
cat output2.txt
```

5. Demonstrate the workings of the ECB and CBC modes of AES on a bitmap image using OpenSSL.

```
openssl enc -aes-128-ecb -e -in pic_original.bmp -out pic_ecb.bmp -K  
0123456789abcdefedcba9876543210
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -e -in pic_original.bmp -out pic_cbc.bmp -K  
0123456789abcdefedcba9876543210 -iv 00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff
```

```
head -c 54 pic_original.bmp > header
```

```
tail -c +55 pic_ecb.bmp > body_ecb  
cat header body_ecb > new_ecb.bmp
```

```
tail -c +55 pic_cbc.bmp > body_cbc  
cat header body_cbc > new_cbc.bmp
```

```
eog new_ecb.bmp  
eog new_cbc.bmp
```

6. Demonstrate the effects of padding in AES using OpenSSL.

```
echo -n 12345 > f1.txt  
echo -n 1234567890 > f2.txt  
echo -n 1234567890abcdef > f3.txt
```

```
ls -l f*.txt
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -e -in f1.txt -out f1.bin -K 0123456789abcdeffedcba9876543210 -iv  
00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -d -in f1.bin -out f1_dec.txt -K  
0123456789abcdeffedcba9876543210 -iv 00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -d -in f1.bin -out f1_nopad.txt -nopad -K
```

```
0123456789abcdeffedcba9876543210 -iv 00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -e -in f2.txt -out f2.bin -K 0123456789abcdeffedcba9876543210 -iv  
00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -d -in f2.bin -out f2_dec.txt -K  
0123456789abcdeffedcba9876543210 -iv 00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -d -in f2.bin -out f2_nopad.txt -nopad -K
```

```
0123456789abcdeffedcba9876543210 -iv 00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -e -in f3.txt -out f3.bin -K 0123456789abcdeffedcba9876543210 -iv  
00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -d -in f3.bin -out f3_dec.txt -K  
0123456789abcdeffedcba9876543210 -iv 00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -d -in f3.bin -out f3_nopad.txt -nopad -K
```

```
0123456789abcdeffedcba9876543210 -iv 00112233445566778899aabcccddeeff
```

```
ls -l f*.bin
```

```
xxd f1.txt
```

```
xxd f1_nopad.txt
```

7. Demonstrate the effects of error propagation in different modes of AES. Also, demonstrate the usage and effects of the initialization vector on AES.

----- 7 A -----

```
touch plain.txt
```

```
gedit plain.txt
```

```
ls -l plain.txt
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-ecb -e -in plain.txt -out error_prop.bin -k  
00112233445566778899aabbccddeeff
```

```
ghex error_prop.bin
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-ecb -d -in error_prop.bin -out error_prop.txt -k  
00112233445566778899aabbccddeeff
```

```
gedit error_prop.txt
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -e -in plain.txt -out error_prop_cbc.bin -k  
00112233445566778899aabbccddeeff -iv 0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f
```

```
ghex error_prop_cbc.bin
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -d -in error_prop_cbc.bin -out error_prop_cbc.txt -k  
00112233445566778899aabbccddeeff -iv 0102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f
```

```
gedit error_prop_cbc.txt
```

----- 7B -----

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -e -in plain.txt -out cipher1.bin -k
```

```
00112233445566778899aabbccddeeff -iv 0102030405060708090a0b0c0e0f
```

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -e -in plain.txt -out cipher2.bin -k
```

```
00112233445566778899aabbccddeeff -iv 102030405060708090a0b0c0d0e0f0
```

```
xxd cipher1.bin
```

```
xxd cipher2.bin
```

8. Demonstrate the key generation, encryption, and decryption procedure of the RSA algorithm using OpenSSL. Also demonstrate the encryption of a secret key using an RSA keypair.

```
openssl genrsa -out key.pri 2048  
cat key.pri
```

```
openssl rsa -in key.pri -noout -text
```

```
openssl rsa -in key.pri -out key.pub -pubout  
cat key.pub
```

```
touch Earth.txt  
gedit Earth.txt
```

```
openssl rsautl -encrypt -inkey key.pub -pubin -in Earth.txt -out Earth.enc  
openssl rsautl -decrypt -inkey key.pri -in Earth.enc -out Earth.dec  
cat Earth.dec
```

```
openssl rand -hex 32 > encryption.key
```

```
openssl rsautl -encrypt -inkey key.pub -pubin -in encryption.key -out encryption.key.enc  
openssl rsautl -decrypt -inkey key.pri -in encryption.key.enc -out encryption.key.dec
```

```
cat encryption.key  
cat encryption.key.dec
```

10. Demonstrate the usage of tcpdump to capture packets based on different filters and protocols. Also demonstrate storing and retrieving data from files.

```
tcpdump -D
```

```
sudo tcpdump -i any  
Ctrl + C
```

```
sudo tcpdump -i any -w capture.pcap  
Ctrl + C
```

```
# open new terminal  
ping google.com  
Ctrl + C
```

```
# back to first terminal  
sudo tcpdump -i any tcp  
Ctrl + C
```

```
sudo tcpdump -i any icmp  
Ctrl + C
```

```
sudo tcpdump -i any port 80  
Ctrl + C
```

```
sudo tcpdump -n -i any 'tcp[tcpflags] & tcp-syn != 0'  
Ctrl + C
```

```
sudo tcpdump -n -i any 'tcp[tcpflags] & tcp-syn != 0' -w tcpsyn.pcap  
Ctrl + C
```

```
sudo tcpdump -n -i any 'tcp[tcpflags] & tcp-ack != 0'  
Ctrl + C
```

```
sudo tcpdump -n -i any 'tcp[tcpflags] & (tcp-syn|tcp-ack) != 0'  
Ctrl + C
```

```
sudo tcpdump -n -i any 'tcp[tcpflags] & tcp-fin != 0' -w tcpfin.pcap  
Ctrl + C
```

```
sudo tcpdump -r capture.pcap
```

```
sudo tcpdump -A -r capture.pcap
```

```
sudo tcpdump -xx -r capture.pcap
```

```
sudo tcpdump -xx -r tcpsyn.pcap
```

```
sudo tcpdump -xx -r tcpfin.pcap
```