

EXPERIMENT :1

AIM:-

Pandas program to select distinct department id from employees file.

CODE:-

```
1.py - C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/1.py (3.11.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

import pandas as pd

data = {
    "DEPARTMENT_ID": [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270],
    "DEPARTMENT_NAME": ["Administration", "Marketing", "Purchasing", "Human Resources", "Shipping", "IT", "Public Relations", "Sales", "Executive", "Finance",
        "Accounting", "Treasury", "Corporate Tax", "Control And Credit", "Shareholder Services", "Benefits", "Manufacturing", "Construction",
        "Contracting", "Operations", "IT Support", "WOC", "IT Helpdesk", "Government Sales", "Retail Sales", "Recruiting", "Payroll"],
    "MANAGER_ID": [200, 201, 114, 203, 121, 103, 204, 145, 100, 108, 205, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
    "LOCATION_ID": [1700, 1800, 1700, 2400, 1500, 1400, 2700, 2500, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700, 1700]
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

distinct_department_ids = df["DEPARTMENT_ID"].unique()

print(distinct_department_ids)
```

INPUT:-

DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME	MANAGER_ID	LOCATION_ID
10	Administration	200	1700
20	Marketing	201	1800
30	Purchasing	114	1700
40	Human Resources	203	2400
50	Shipping	121	1500
60	IT	103	1400
70	Public Relations	204	2700
80	Sales	145	2500
90	Executive	100	1700
100	Finance	108	1700
110	Accounting	205	1700
120	Treasury	0	1700
130	Corporate Tax	0	1700
140	Control And Credit	0	1700
150	Shareholder Services	0	1700
160	Benefits	0	1700
170	Manufacturing	0	1700
180	Construction	0	1700
190	Contracting	0	1700
200	Operations	0	1700
210	IT Support	0	1700
220	NOC	0	1700
230	IT Helpdesk	0	1700
240	Government Sales	0	1700
250	Retail Sales	0	1700
260	Recruiting	0	1700
270	Payroll	0	1700

OUTPUT:-

```
IDLE Shell 3.11.0
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.11.0 (main, Oct 24 2022, 18:26:48) [MSC v.1933 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/1.py =====
[ 10  20  30  40  50  60  70  80  90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180
 190 200 210 220 230 240 250 260 270]
>>>
```

EXPERIMENT :2

AIM:-

Pandas program to display the ID for those employees who did two or more jobs in the past

CODE:-

2.py - C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/2.py (3.11.0)

File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

```
import pandas as pd
data = {
    "EMPLOYEE_ID": [102, 101, 101, 201, 114, 122, 200, 176, 176, 200],
    "START_DATE": ["2001-01-13", "1997-09-21", "2001-10-28", "2004-02-17", "2006-03-24", "2007-01-01", "1995-09-17", "2006-03-24", "2007-01-01", "2002-07-01"],
    "END_DATE": ["2006-07-24", "2001-10-27", "2005-03-15", "2007-12-19", "2007-12-31", "2007-12-31", "2001-06-17", "2006-12-31", "2007-12-31", "2006-12-31"],
    "JOB_ID": ["IT_PROG", "AC_ACCOUNT", "AC_MGR", "MK_REP", "ST_CLERK", "ST_CLERK", "AD_ASST", "SA_REP", "SA_MAN", "AC_ACCOUNT"],
    "DEPARTMENT_ID": [60, 110, 110, 20, 50, 50, 90, 80, 80, 90]
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

employee_counts = df['EMPLOYEE_ID'].value_counts()
employees_multiple_jobs = employee_counts[employee_counts > 1].index
print(employees_multiple_jobs)
```

INPUT:-

EMPLOYEE_ID	START_DATE	END_DATE	JOB_ID	DEPARTMENT_ID
102	2001-01-13	2006-07-24	IT_PROG	60
101	1997-09-21	2001-10-27	AC_ACCOUNT	110
101	2001-10-28	2005-03-15	AC_MGR	110
201	2004-02-17	2007-12-19	MK_REP	20
114	2006-03-24	2007-12-31	ST_CLERK	50
122	2007-01-01	2007-12-31	ST_CLERK	50
200	1995-09-17	2001-06-17	AD_ASST	90
176	2006-03-24	2006-12-31	SA_REP	80
176	2007-01-01	2007-12-31	SA_MAN	80
200	2002-07-01	2006-12-31	AC_ACCOUNT	90

OUTPUT:-

```
IDLE Shell 3.11.0
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.11.0 (main, Oct 24 2022, 18:26:48) [MSC v.1933 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/2.py =====
Index([101, 200, 176], dtype='int64', name='EMPLOYEE_ID')
>>> |
```

EXPERIMENT :3

AIM:-

Pandas program to display the details of jobs in descending sequence on job title

CODE:-

```
3.py - C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/3.py (3.11.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

import pandas as pd
data = {
    "JOB_ID": ["AD_PRES", "AD_VP", "AD_ASST", "FI_MGR", "FI_ACCOUNT", "AC_MGR", "AC_ACCOUNT", "SA_MAN", "SA_REP", "PU_MAN", "PU_CLERK", "ST_MAN", "ST_CLERK", "SH_CLERK", "IT_PROG", "MK_MAN", "Sales Manager", "Sal"],
    "JOB_TITLE": ["President", "Administration Vice President", "Administration Assistant", "Finance Manager", "Accountant", "Accounting Manager", "Public Accountant", "Sales Manager", "Sal"],
    "MIN_SALARY": [20080, 15000, 3000, 8200, 4200, 8200, 4200, 10000, 6000, 8000, 2500, 5500, 2008, 2500, 4000, 9000, 4000, 4000, 4500],
    "MAX_SALARY": [40000, 30000, 6000, 16000, 9000, 16000, 9000, 20080, 12008, 15000, 5500, 8500, 5000, 5500, 10000, 15000, 9000, 9000, 10500]
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

sorted_jobs = df.sort_values(by='JOB_TITLE', ascending=False)
print(sorted_jobs)
```

INPUT

JOB_ID	JOB_TITLE	MIN_SALARY	MAX_SALARY
AD_PRES	President	20080	40000
AD_VP	Administration Vice President	15000	30000
AD_ASST	Administration Assistant	3000	6000
FI_MGR	Finance Manager	8200	16000
FI_ACCOUNT	Accountant	4200	9000
AC_MGR	Accounting Manager	8200	16000
AC_ACCOUNT	Public Accountant	4200	9000
SA_MAN	Sales Manager	10000	20080
SA_REP	Sales Representative	6000	12008
PU_MAN	Purchasing Manager	8000	15000
PU_CLERK	Purchasing Clerk	2500	5500
ST_MAN	Stock Manager	5500	8500
ST_CLERK	Stock Clerk	2008	5000
SH_CLERK	Shipping Clerk	2500	5500
IT_PROG	Programmer	4000	10000
MK_MAN	Marketing Manager	9000	15000
MK_REP	Marketing Representative	4000	9000
HR_REP	Human Resources Representative	4000	9000
PR_REP	Public Relations Representative	4500	10500

OUTPUT

```
IDLE Shell 3.11.0
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.11.0 (main, Oct 24 2022, 18:26:48) [MSC v.1933 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/3.py =====
      JOB_ID              JOB_TITLE  MIN_SALARY  MAX_SALARY
11      ST_MAN              Stock Manager      5500         8500
12      ST_CLERK            Stock Clerk       2008         5000
13      SH_CLERK            Shipping Clerk    2500         5500
8        SA_REP              Sales Representative  6000        12008
7        SA_MAN              Sales Manager    10000        20080
9        PU_MAN              Purchasing Manager  8000        15000
10       PU_CLERK            Purchasing Clerk   2500         5500
18       PR_REP              Public Relations Representative  4500        10500
6        AC_ACCOUNT          Public Accountant   4200         9000
14       IT_PROG              Programmer        4000        10000
0        AD_PRES              President        20080        40000
16       MK_REP              Marketing Representative  4000         9000
15       MK_MAN              Marketing Manager   9000        15000
17       HR_REP              Human Resources Representative  4000         9000
3        FI_MGR              Finance Manager    8200        16000
1        AD_VP              Administration Vice President  15000        30000
2        AD_ASST            Administration Assistant  3000         6000
5        AC_MGR              Accounting Manager  8200        16000
4        FI_ACCOUNT          Accountant        4200         9000
>>> |
```

EXPERIMENT :4

AIM

Pandas program to create a line plot of the historical stock prices of Alphabet Inc. between two specific dates

CODE

```
4.py - C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/4.py (3.11.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

data = {
    'Date': pd.date_range(start='2023-01-01', periods=10, freq='D'),
    'Close': [1500, 1520, 1480, 1530, 1550, 1570, 1540, 1580, 1600, 1620]
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)
df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'])

start_date = '2023-01-03'
end_date = '2023-01-08'
mask = (df['Date'] >= start_date) & (df['Date'] <= end_date)
filtered_df = df.loc[mask]

plt.plot(filtered_df['Date'], filtered_df['Close'])
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Close Price')
plt.title('Historical Stock Prices of Alphabet Inc.')
plt.show()
```

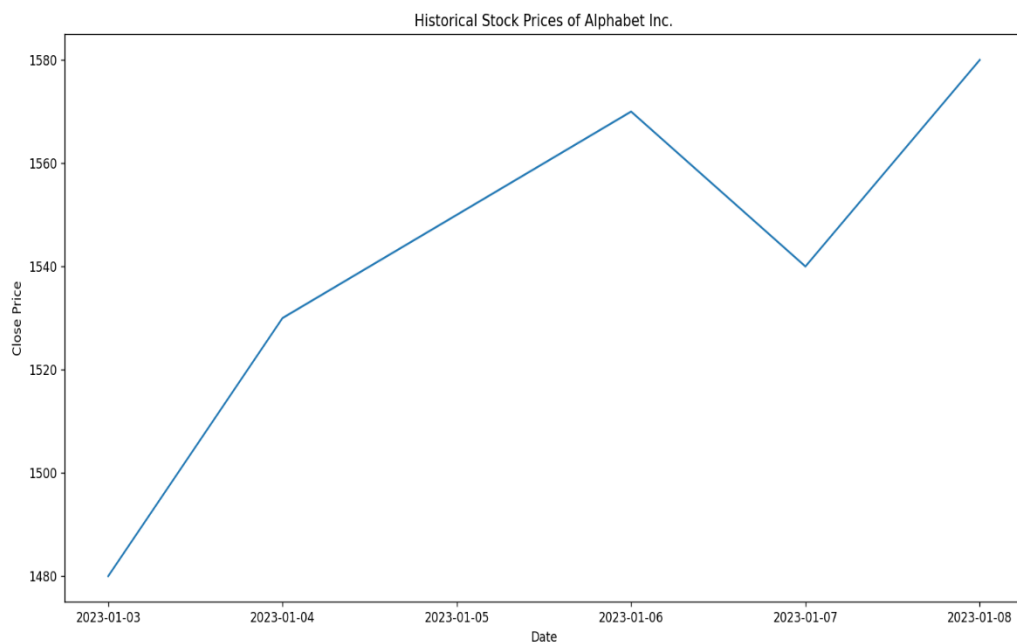
INPUT

Date = 2023-01-01

Close = [1500,1520,1480,1530,1550]

OUTPUT

Figure 1



EXPERIMENT :5

AIM

Pandas program to create a bar plot of the trading volume of Alphabet Inc. stock between two specific dates

CODE

```
5.py - C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/5.py (3.11.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

data = {
    'Date': pd.date_range(start='2023-01-01', periods=10, freq='D'),
    'Volume': [1000, 1500, 2000, 1200, 1700, 1800, 1600, 1900, 2100, 2200]
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)
df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'])

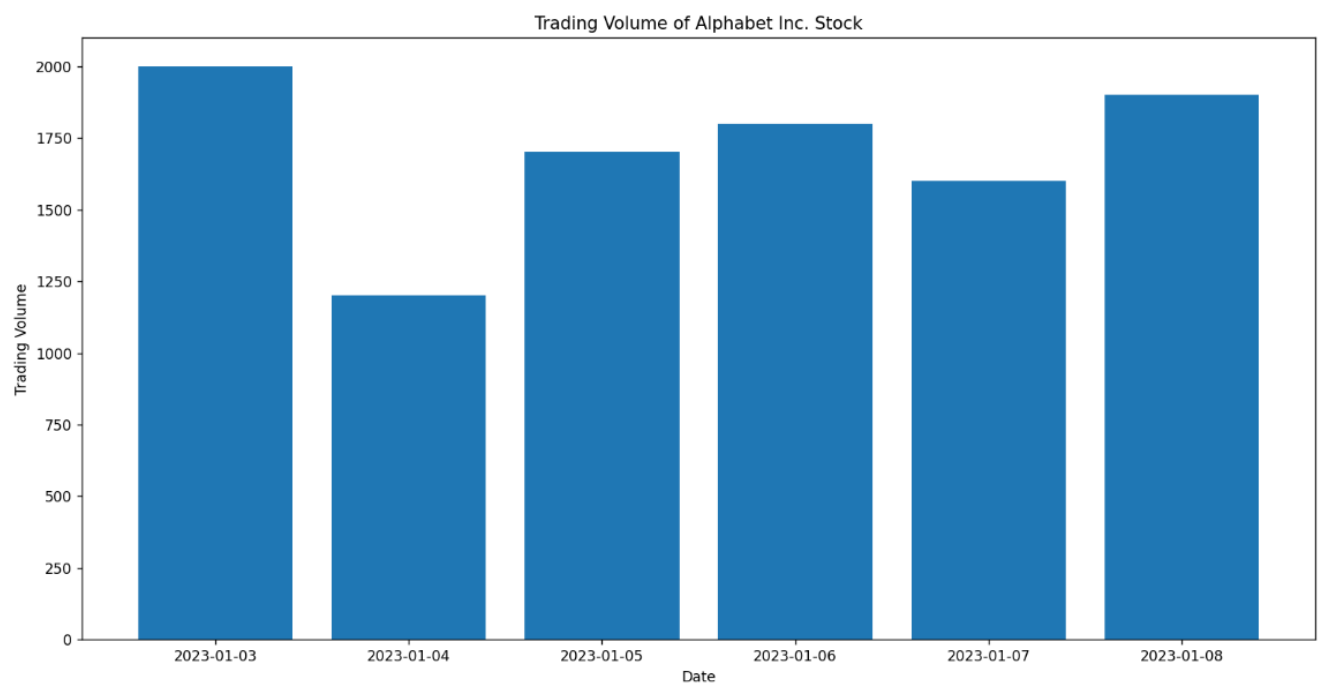
start_date = '2023-01-03'
end_date = '2023-01-08'
mask = (df['Date'] >= start_date) & (df['Date'] <= end_date)
filtered_df = df.loc[mask]

plt.bar(filtered_df['Date'], filtered_df['Volume'])
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Trading Volume')
plt.title('Trading Volume of Alphabet Inc. Stock')
plt.show()
```

INPUT

VOLUME:-[1000,1500,2000,1200,1700,1800,1600,1900]

OUTPUT



EXPERIMENT :6

AIM

Pandas program to create a scatter plot of the trading volume/stock prices of Alphabet Inc. stock between two specific dates.

CODE

```
6.py - C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/6.py (3.11.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

data = {
    'Date': pd.date_range(start='2023-01-01', periods=10, freq='D'),
    'Close': [1500, 1520, 1480, 1530, 1550, 1570, 1540, 1580, 1600, 1620],
    'Volume': [1000, 1500, 2000, 1200, 1700, 1800, 1600, 1900, 2100, 2200]
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)
df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'])

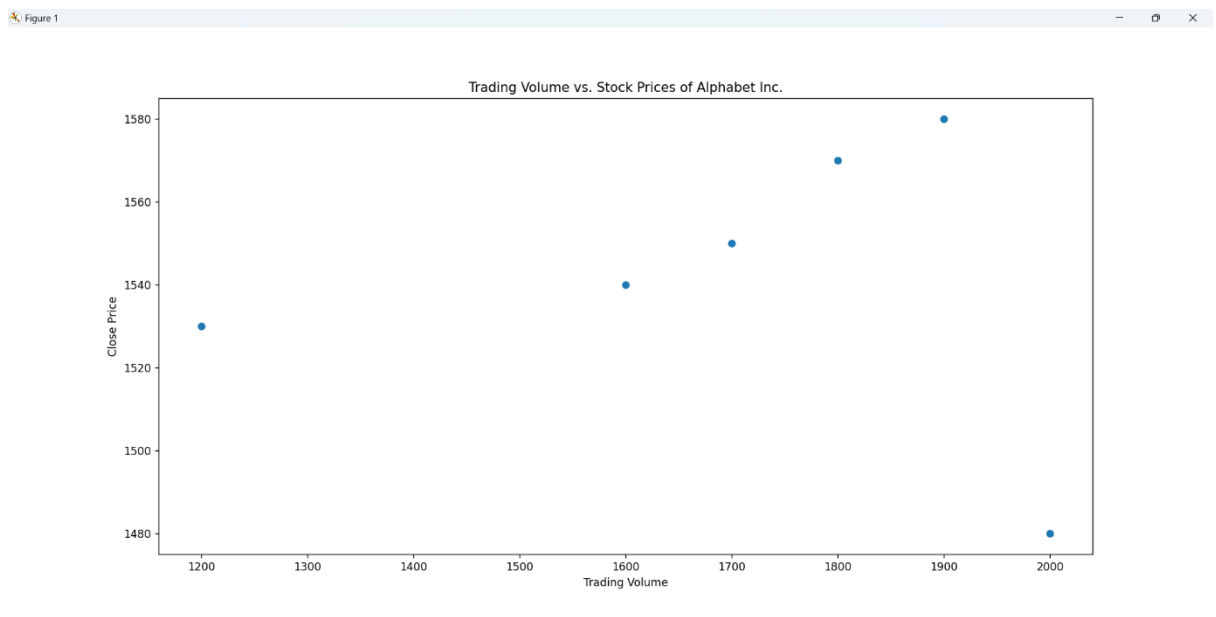
start_date = '2023-01-03'
end_date = '2023-01-08'
mask = (df['Date'] >= start_date) & (df['Date'] <= end_date)
filtered_df = df.loc[mask]

plt.scatter(filtered_df['Volume'], filtered_df['Close'])
plt.xlabel('Trading Volume')
plt.ylabel('Close Price')
plt.title('Trading Volume vs. Stock Prices of Alphabet Inc.')
plt.show()
```

INPUT

Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	Volume
01-04-2020	1122	1129.69	1097.45	1105.62	1105.62	2343100
02-04-2020	1098.26	1126.86	1096.4	1120.84	1120.84	1964900
03-04-2020	1119.015	1123.54	1079.81	1097.88	1097.88	2313400
06-04-2020	1138	1194.66	1130.94	1186.92	1186.92	2664700
07-04-2020	1221	1225	1182.23	1186.51	1186.51	2387300
08-04-2020	1206.5	1219.07	1188.16	1210.28	1210.28	1975100
09-04-2020	1224.08	1225.57	1196.735	1211.45	1211.45	2175400
13-04-2020	1209.18	1220.51	1187.598	1217.56	1217.56	1739800
14-04-2020	1245.09	1282.07	1236.93	1269.23	1269.23	2470400
15-04-2020	1245.61	1280.46	1240.4	1262.47	1262.47	1671700
16-04-2020	1274.1	1279	1242.62	1263.47	1263.47	2518100
17-04-2020	1284.85	1294.43	1271.23	1283.25	1283.25	1949000
20-04-2020	1271	1281.6	1261.37	1266.61	1266.61	1695500
21-04-2020	1247	1254.27	1209.71	1216.34	1216.34	2153000
22-04-2020	1245.54	1285.613	1242	1263.21	1263.21	2093100
23-04-2020	1271.55	1293.31	1265.67	1276.31	1276.31	1566200
24-04-2020	1261.17	1280.4	1249.45	1279.31	1279.31	1640400
27-04-2020	1296	1296.15	1269	1275.88	1275.88	1600600
28-04-2020	1287.93	1288.05	1232.2	1233.67	1233.67	2951300
29-04-2020	1341.46	1359.99	1325.34	1341.48	1341.48	3793600
30-04-2020	1324.88	1352.82	1322.49	1348.66	1348.66	2665400
01-05-2020	1328.5	1352.07	1311	1320.61	1320.61	2072500

OUTPUT



EXPERIMENT :7

AIM

Pandas program to create a Pivot table and find the maximum and minimum sale value of the items.(refer sales_data table)

CODE

```
7.py - C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/7.py (3.11.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

import pandas as pd

data = {
    'OrderDate': ['1-6-18', '1-23-18', '2-9-18', '2-26-18', '3-15-18', '4-1-18', '4-18-18', '5-5-18', '5-22-18', '6-8-18',
                  '6-25-18', '7-12-18', '7-29-18', '8-15-18', '9-1-18', '9-18-18', '10-5-18', '10-22-18'],
    'Region': ['East', 'Central', 'Central', 'Central', 'West', 'East', 'Central', 'Central', 'West', 'East',
               'Central', 'East', 'East', 'West', 'Central', 'Central', 'Central', 'Central'],
    'Rep': ['Jones', 'Kivell', 'Jardine', 'Gill', 'Sorvino', 'Jones', 'Andrews', 'Jardine', 'Thompson', 'Jones',
            'Morgan', 'Howard', 'Parent', 'Smith', 'Gill', 'Andrews', 'Thompson', 'Jardine'],
    'Item': ['Pencil', 'Binder', 'Pencil', 'Pen', 'Pencil', 'Binder', 'Pencil', 'Binder', 'Pencil', 'Binder',
             'Binder', 'Binder', 'Binder', 'Desk', 'Pen Set', 'Binder', 'Pencil', 'Binder'],
    'Units': [95, 50, 36, 27, 56, 60, 75, 90, 32, 60, 55, 29, 81, 2, 42, 28, 32, 55],
    'UnitCost': [1.99, 19.99, 4.99, 19.99, 1.99, 4.99, 1.99, 19.99, 4.99, 4.99, 19.99, 4.99, 19.99, 125.00, 23.50, 4.99, 1.99, 19.99],
    'Total': [189.05, 999.50, 179.64, 539.73, 111.44, 299.40, 149.25, 1799.10, 159.68, 299.40, 1099.45, 144.71, 1619.19, 250.00, 993.00, 139.72, 63.68, 1099.45]
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

pivot_table = df.pivot_table(values='Total', index='Item', aggfunc=['max', 'min'])

print(pivot_table)
```

INPUT

Csv file (data frame)

OUTPUT

```
IDLE Shell 3.11.0
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.11.0 (main, Oct 24 2022, 18:26:48) [MSC v.1933 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/7.py =====
      max    min
      Total  Total
Item
Binder    1799.10  139.72
Desk       250.00  250.00
Pen        539.73  539.73
Pen Set    993.00  993.00
Pencil     189.05   63.68
>>> |
```

EXPERIMENT :8

AIM

Pandas program to create a Pivot table and find the item wise unit sold. .(refer sales_data table)

CODE

```
8.py - C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/8.py (3.11.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import pandas as pd

data = {
    'Date': ['2023-06-01', '2023-06-01', '2023-06-02', '2023-06-02', '2023-06-03'],
    'Item': ['Apple', 'Banana', 'Apple', 'Banana', 'Apple'],
    'Units_Sold': [10, 5, 15, 8, 10],
    'Price_per_Unit': [0.5, 0.3, 0.5, 0.3, 0.5]
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)
|
pivot_table = pd.pivot_table(df, values='Units_Sold', index='Item', aggfunc='sum')

print(pivot_table)
```

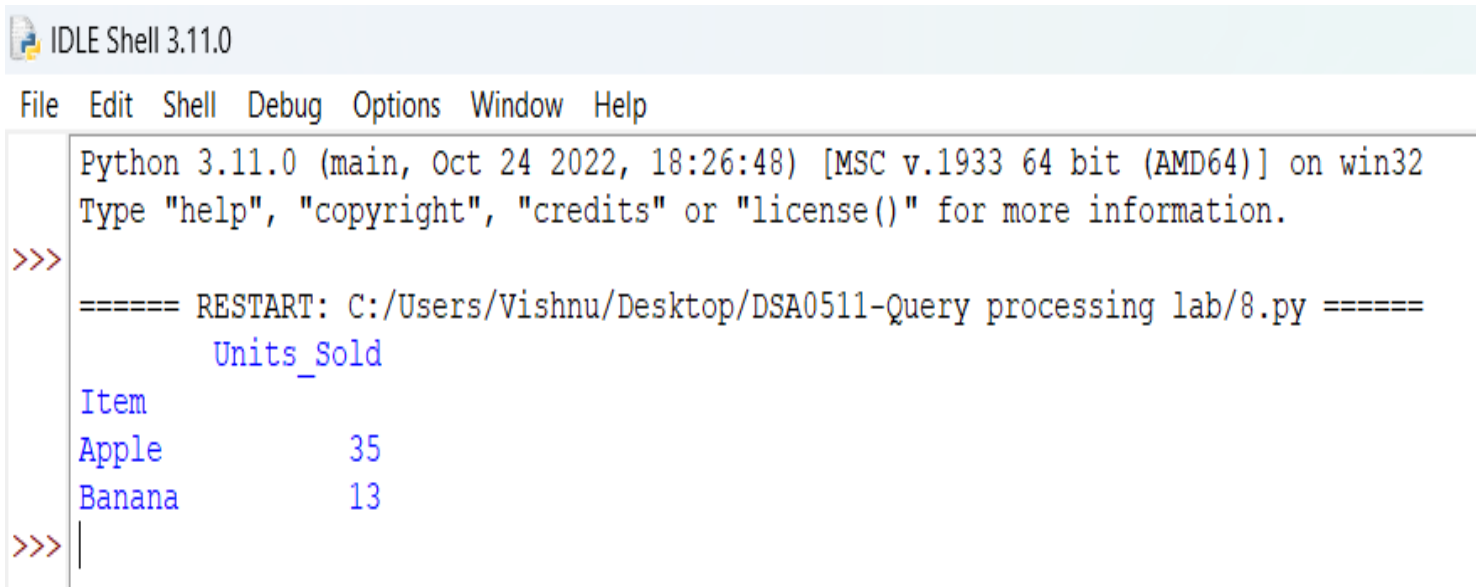
INPUT

Date = [2023-06-01,2023-06-01]

Item = [apple,banana,apple]

Sold = [10,15,11]

OUTPUT

A screenshot of the IDLE Shell 3.11.0 window. The title bar says 'IDLE Shell 3.11.0'. The menu bar includes 'File', 'Edit', 'Shell', 'Debug', 'Options', 'Window', and 'Help'. The main text area shows the Python 3.11.0 startup message: 'Python 3.11.0 (main, Oct 24 2022, 18:26:48) [MSC v.1933 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32'. Below this, the prompt '>>>' is followed by the output of a script: '==== RESTART: C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/8.py ====='. The output is a table with two columns: 'Item' and 'Units_Sold'. The first row is 'Apple' with '35' units sold, and the second row is 'Banana' with '13' units sold. The prompt '>>>' is followed by a vertical bar '|', indicating the next input line.

```
IDLE Shell 3.11.0
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.11.0 (main, Oct 24 2022, 18:26:48) [MSC v.1933 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
==== RESTART: C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/8.py =====
      Units_Sold
Item
Apple          35
Banana         13
>>> |
```


EXPERIMENT :9

AIM

Pandas program to create a Pivot table and find the total sale amount region wise, manager wise, sales man wise. .(refer sales_data table)

CODE

```
9.py - C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/9.py (3.11.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import pandas as pd

data = {
    'OrderDate': ['1-6-18', '1-23-18', '2-9-18', '2-26-18', '3-15-18', '4-1-18', '4-18-18',
                  '5-5-18', '5-22-18', '6-8-18', '6-25-18', '7-12-18', '7-29-18', '8-15-18',
                  '9-1-18', '9-18-18', '10-5-18', '10-22-18'],
    'Region': ['East', 'Central', 'Central', 'Central', 'West', 'East', 'Central',
               'Central', 'West', 'East', 'Central', 'East', 'East', 'East', 'Central',
               'East', 'Central', 'East'],
    'Manager': ['Martha', 'Hermann', 'Hermann', 'Timothy', 'Timothy', 'Martha', 'Martha',
                'Hermann', 'Douglas', 'Martha', 'Hermann', 'Martha', 'Douglas', 'Martha',
                'Douglas', 'Martha', 'Hermann', 'Martha'],
    'SalesMan': ['Alexander', 'Shelli', 'Luis', 'David', 'Stephen', 'Alexander', 'Steven',
                 'Luis', 'Michael', 'Alexander', 'Sigal', 'Diana', 'Karen', 'Alexander',
                 'John', 'Alexander', 'Sigal', 'Alexander'],
    'Item': ['Television', 'Home Theater', 'Television', 'Cell Phone', 'Television',
             'Home Theater', 'Television', 'Television', 'Television', 'Home Theater',
             'Television', 'Home Theater', 'Home Theater', 'Television', 'Desk',
             'Video Games', 'Home Theater', 'Cell Phone'],
    'Units': [95, 50, 36, 27, 56, 60, 75, 90, 32, 60, 90, 29, 81, 35, 2, 16, 28, 64],
    'Unit_price': [1198.00, 500.00, 1198.00, 225.00, 1198.00, 500.00, 1198.00, 1198.00,
                   1198.00, 500.00, 1198.00, 500.00, 500.00, 1198.00, 125.00, 58.50, 500.00,
                   225.00],
    'Sale_amt': [113810.00, 25000.00, 43128.00, 6075.00, 67088.00, 30000.00, 89850.00,
                 107820.00, 38336.00, 30000.00, 107820.00, 14500.00, 40500.00, 41930.00,
                 250.00, 936.00, 14000.00, 14400.00]
}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

pivot_table = pd.pivot_table(df, values='Sale_amt', index=['Region', 'Manager', 'SalesMan'], aggfunc='sum')

print(pivot_table)
```

INPUT

OrderDate	Region	Manager	SalesMan	Item	Units	Unit_price	Sale_amt
1-6-18	East	Martha	Alexander	Television	95	1,198.00	1,13,810.00
1-23-18	Central	Hermann	Shelli	Home Theater	50	500.00	25,000.00
2-9-18	Central	Hermann	Luis	Television	36	1,198.00	43,128.00
2-26-18	Central	Timothy	David	Cell Phone	27	225.00	6,075.00
3-15-18	West	Timothy	Stephen	Television	56	1,198.00	67,088.00
4-1-18	East	Martha	Alexander	Home Theater	60	500.00	30,000.00
4-18-18	Central	Martha	Steven	Television	75	1,198.00	89,850.00
5-5-18	Central	Hermann	Luis	Television	90	1,198.00	1,07,820.00
5-22-18	West	Douglas	Michael	Television	32	1,198.00	38,336.00
6-8-18	East	Martha	Alexander	Home Theater	60	500.00	30,000.00
6-25-18	Central	Hermann	Sigal	Television	90	1,198.00	1,07,820.00
7-12-18	East	Martha	Diana	Home Theater	29	500.00	14,500.00
7-29-18	East	Douglas	Karen	Home Theater	81	500.00	40,500.00
8-15-18	East	Martha	Alexander	Television	35	1,198.00	41,930.00
9-1-18	Central	Douglas	John	Desk	2	125.00	250.00
9-18-18	East	Martha	Alexander	Video Games	16	58.50	936.00
10-5-18	Central	Hermann	Sigal	Home Theater	28	500.00	14,000.00
10-22-18	East	Martha	Alexander	Cell Phone	64	225.00	14,400.00

OUTPUT

```

IDLE Shell 3.11.0
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.11.0 (main, Oct 24 2022, 18:26:48) [MSC v.1933 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/Vishnu/Desktop/DSA0511-Query processing lab/9.py =====
          Sale_amt
Region Manager SalesMan
Central Douglas John      250.0
          Hermann Luis    150948.0
              Shelli      25000.0
              Sigal       121820.0
          Martha Steven    89850.0
          Timothy David    6075.0
East     Douglas Karen    40500.0
          Martha Alexander 231076.0
              Diana      14500.0
West     Douglas Michael  38336.0
          Timothy Stephen  67088.0
  
```

EXPERIMENT :10

AIM

Pandas program to highlight the negative numbers red and positive numbers black

CODE

```
10.py - C:\Users\anka\Downloads\DSA0511-Query Processing\10.py (3.12.1)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
np.random.seed(24)
df = pd.DataFrame({'A': np.linspace(1, 10, 10)})
df = pd.concat([df, pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(10, 4), columns=list('BCDE'))],
               axis=1)
print("Original array:")
print(df)
def color_negative_red(val):
    color = 'red' if val < 0 else 'black'
    return 'color: %s' % color
print("\nNegative numbers red and positive numbers black:")
df.style.applymap(color_negative_red)
```

INPUT

	A	B	C	D	E
0	1	1.32921	-0.770033	-0.31628	-0.99081
1	2	-1.07082	-1.43871	0.564417	0.295722
2	3	-1.6264	0.219565	0.678805	1.88927
3	4	0.961538	0.104011	-0.481165	0.850229
4	5	1.45342	1.05774	0.165562	0.515018
5	6	-1.33694	0.562861	1.39285	-0.063328
6	7	0.121668	1.2076	-0.00204021	1.6278
7	8	0.354493	1.03753	-0.385684	0.519818
8	9	1.68658	-1.32596	1.42898	-2.08935
9	10	-0.12982	0.631523	-0.586538	0.29072

OUTPUT

```
Python 3.12.1 (tags/v3.12.1:2305ca5, Dec 7 2023, 22:03:25) [MSC v.1937 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
```

```
===== RESTART: C:\Users\ankal\Downloads\DSA0511-Query Processing\l0.py =====
```

```
Original array:
```

	A	B	C	D	E
0	1.0	1.329212	-0.770033	-0.316280	-0.990810
1	2.0	-1.070816	-1.438713	0.564417	0.295722
2	3.0	-1.626404	0.219565	0.678805	1.889273
3	4.0	0.961538	0.104011	-0.481165	0.850229
4	5.0	1.453425	1.057737	0.165562	0.515018
5	6.0	-1.336936	0.562861	1.392855	-0.063328
6	7.0	0.121668	1.207603	-0.002040	1.627796
7	8.0	0.354493	1.037528	-0.385684	0.519818
8	9.0	1.686583	-1.325963	1.428984	-2.089354
9	10.0	-0.129820	0.631523	-0.586538	0.290720

```
Negative numbers red and positive numbers black:
```