



# Binary Search Tree : Lowest Common Ancestor ☆

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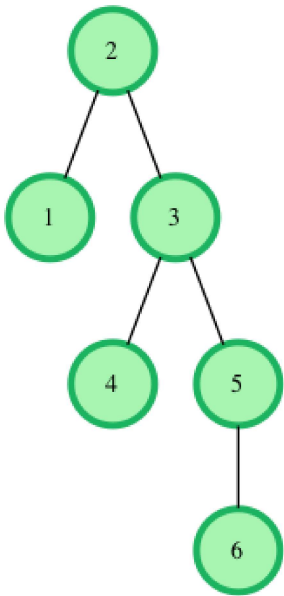
## Problem

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You are given pointer to the root of the binary search tree and two values  $v1$  and  $v2$ . You need to return the lowest common ancestor (LCA) of  $v1$  and  $v2$  in the binary search tree.



In the diagram above, the lowest common ancestor of the nodes 4 and 6 is the node 3. Node 3 is the lowest node which has nodes 4 and 6 as descendants.

### Function Description

Complete the function `lca` in the editor below. It should return a pointer to the lowest common ancestor node of the two values given.

`lca` has the following parameters:

- `root`: a pointer to the root node of a binary search tree
- `v1`: a `node.data` value
- `v2`: a `node.data` value

### Input Format

The first line contains an integer,  $n$ , the number of nodes in the tree.

The second line contains  $n$  space-separated integers representing *node.data* values.

The third line contains two space-separated integers,  $v1$  and  $v2$ .

To use the test data, you will have to create the binary search tree yourself. Here on the platform, the tree will be created for you.

### Constraints



$1 \leq n, \text{node.data} \leq 25$

$1 \leq v1, v2 \leq 25$

$v1 \neq v2$

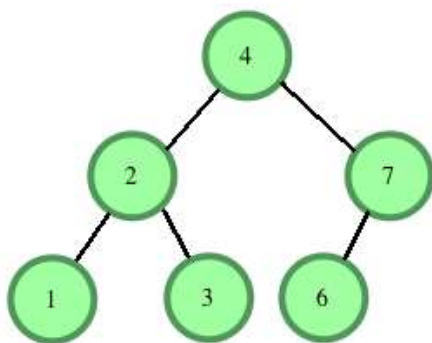
The tree will contain nodes with data equal to  $v1$  and  $v2$ .

### Output Format

Return the a pointer to the node that is the lowest common ancestor of  $v1$  and  $v2$ .

### Sample Input

```
6
4 2 3 1 7 6
1 7
```



$v1 = 1$  and  $v2 = 7$ .

### Sample Output

[reference to node 4]

### Explanation

LCA of **1** and **7** is **4**, the root in this case.

Return a pointer to the node.