



Chocolate Feast ☆

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Little Bobby loves chocolate. He frequently goes to his favorite **5 & 10** store, Penny Auntie, to buy them. They know that Bobby loves chocolate, so they have a special promotion. If Bobby saves enough wrappers, he can turn them in for a free chocolate.

For example, Bobby has $n = 15$ to spend on bars of chocolate that cost $c = 3$ each. He can turn in $m = 2$ wrappers for a free bar. If he buys **5** bars and has **5** wrappers after eating them. He turns in **4** of them, leaving him with **1**, for **2** more bars. He buys **2** bars and has **2** wrappers after eating them. He turns in **2** leaving him with **1** wrapper and his new bar. Once he eats that one, he has **2** wrappers and turns in **2** leaving him with **1** wrapper, and his feast ends. Overall, he has eaten $5 + 2 + 1 + 1 = 9$ bars.

Function Description

Complete the `chocolateFeast` function in the editor below. It must return the number of chocolates Bobby can buy with the given amount of money and the wrappers he can turn in for a free chocolate.

`chocolateFeast` has the following parameter(s):

- n : an integer representing Bobby's initial amount of money
- c : an integer representing the cost of a chocolate bar
- m : an integer representing the number of wrappers he can turn in for a free bar

Note: Little Bobby will always turn in his wrappers if he has enough to get a free chocolate.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer, t , denoting the number of test cases to analyze.

Each of the next t lines contains three space-separated integers: n , c , and m . They represent money to spend on chocolate bars, the cost of a chocolate bar, and the number of wrappers he can turn in for a free chocolate.

Constraints

- $1 \leq t \leq 1000$
- $2 \leq n \leq 10^5$
- $1 \leq c \leq n$



- $2 \leq m \leq n$

Output Format

For each trip to Penny Auntie, print the total number of chocolates Bobby eats on a new line.

Sample Input

```
3
10 2 5
12 4 4
6 2 2
```

Sample Output

```
6
3
5
```

Explanation

Bobby makes the following **3** trips to the store:

1. He spends his **10** dollars on **5** chocolates at **2** dollars apiece. He then eats them and exchanges all **5** wrappers for **2** chocolates.
2. He spends his **12** dollars on **3** chocolates at **4** dollars apiece. He has **3** wrappers, but needs **4** to trade for another chocolate. He uses the **2** wrappers from his first trade-in and **1** leftover chocolate wrapper from his initial purchase with the wrapper from his trade-in to do a second trade-in for **1** chocolate.
3. He spends **6** dollars on **3** chocolates at **2** dollars apiece. He then exchanges **2** of the **3** wrappers for **1** additional chocolate. He has **1** wrapper left, which is not enough to perform another trade-in. He eats **5** chocolates.