

CS23331-DAA-2024-CSE / 3-DP-Longest Common Subsequence



## 3-DP-Longest Common Subsequence

Started on	Wednesday, 5 November 2025, 6:49 AM
State	Finished
Completed on	Wednesday, 5 November 2025, 6:50 AM
Time taken	46 secs
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

**Question 1** | Correct   Mark 1.00 out of 1.00   [Flag question](#)

Given two strings find the length of the common longest subsequence(need not be contiguous) between the two.

Example:

s1: ggtabe

s2: tgatasb

s1	a	g	<b>g</b>	<b>t</b>	a	<b>b</b>	
s2	<b>g</b>	x	<b>t</b>	x	a	y	<b>b</b>

The length is 4

The length is 4

Solving it using Dynamic Programming

For example:

Input	Result
aab	2
azb	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <string.h>
3
4 #define MAX 1000
5
6 int main() {
7     char s1[MAX], s2[MAX];
8     scanf("%s", s1);
9     scanf("%s", s2);
10
11     int n = strlen(s1), m = strlen(s2);
12     int dp[n + 1][m + 1];
13
14     for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
15         for (int j = 0; j <= m; j++) {
16             if (i == 0 || j == 0)
17                 dp[i][j] = 0;
18             else if (s1[i - 1] == s2[j - 1])
19                 dp[i][j] = 1 + dp[i - 1][j - 1];
20             else
21                 dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j] > dp[i][j - 1] ? dp[i - 1][j] : dp[i][j - 1];
22         }
23     }
24
25     printf("%d\n", dp[n][m]);
26     return 0;
27 }
28
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	aab azb	2	2	✓
✓	ABCD ABCD	4	4	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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