


CS23331-DAA-2024-CSE / 6-Pair with Difference -O(n) Time Complexity,O(1) Space Complexity

6-Pair with Difference -O(n) Time Complexity,O(1) Space Complexity

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Started on | Wednesday, 5 November 2025, 6:56 AM |
| State | Finished |
| Completed on | Wednesday, 5 November 2025, 6:57 AM |
| Time taken | 34 secs |
| Marks | 1.00/1.00 |
| Grade | 4.00 out of 4.00 (100%) |

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00  [Flag question](#)

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that $A[j] - A[i] = k$, $i \neq j$.

Input Format:

First Line n - Number of elements in an array

Next n Lines - N elements in the array

k - Non - Negative Integer

Output Format:

1 - If pair exists

0 - If no pair exists

Explanation for the given Sample Testcase:

YES as $5 - 1 = 4$

So Return 1.

For example:

| Input | Result |
|-----------------|--------|
| 3 1 3 5 4 | 1 |

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main() {
4     int n;
5     scanf("%d", &n);
6     int arr[n];
7     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
8         scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
9
10    int k;
11    scanf("%d", &k);
12
13    int i = 0, j = 1;
14    while (i < n && j < n) {
15        int diff = arr[j] - arr[i];
16        if (diff == k && i != j) {
17            printf("1\n");
18            return 0;
19        } else if (diff < k) {
20            j++;
21        } else {
22            i++;
23        }
24    }
25
26    printf("0\n");
27    return 0;
28 }
29
```

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|-----------------|----------|-----|---|
| ✓ | 3 1 3 5 4 | 1 | 1 | ✓ |
| ✓ | 10 | 1 | 1 | ✓ |

| | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | 1 4 6 8 12 14 15 20 21 25 1 | | | |
| ✓ | 10 1 2 3 5 11 14 16 24 28 29 0 | 0 | 0 | ✓ |
| ✓ | 10 0 2 3 7 13 14 15 20 24 25 10 | 1 | 1 | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Finish review

Back to Course