# RDBMS Coding Challenge Date:18-4-2024

#### 1.Creating database:

Create database exam;

Use exam;

o/p:Database Changed

#### 2. Create tables for Companies, Jobs, Applicants and Applications

Creating table name companies

create table companies(company\_id integer(20) primary key,company\_name varchar(30),Location varchar(30));

o/p: Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.03 sec)

mysql> create table companies(company\_id integer(20) primary key,company\_name varchar(30),Location varchar(30)); Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.03 sec)

Creating table jobs:

create table jobs (job\_id integer(20),company\_id integer(20),job\_title varchar(30),job\_description text(50),job\_location varchar(30),salary decimal(10,2),job\_type varchar(30),posted\_date date);

o/p:Query OK, 0 rows affected, 2 warnings (0.02 sec)

Creating applicants table:

create table applicants(applicant\_id integer(20) primary key,first\_name varchar(30),last\_name varchar(30),email varchar(30),phone varchar(20),resume text(100));

o/pQuery OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.01 sec)

Creating table applications:

create table applications(application\_id integer(30) primary key,job\_id integer(30),applicant\_id integer(20),application date date,cover letter text(100));

o/p:Query OK, 0 rows affected, 3 warnings (0.02 sec)

## 3. Define appropriate primary keys, foreign keys, and constraints.

enforcing foreign key constraints:

alter table jobs add constraint fk1 foreign key(company\_id) references companies(company\_id);

mysql> alter table applications add constraint fk2 foreign key(job\_id) references jobs(job\_id);

alter table applications add constraint fk3 foreign key(applicant\_id) references applicants(applicant\_id);

# inserting data:

mysql> INSERT INTO companies (company\_id, company\_name, Location) VALUES

- -> (1, 'Hexaware', 'Pune'),
- -> (2, 'Infosys', 'Mumbai'),
- -> (3, 'Accenture', 'Hyderabad'),
- -> (4, 'TCS', 'Chennai'),
- -> (5, 'Pennent', 'Vizag'),
- -> (6, 'Amedus', 'Bangalore');

## tables

## companies:

company_id	company_name	Location
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Hexaware Infosys Accenture TCS Pennent Amedus RMS Technologies	Pune     Mumbai     Hyderabad     Chennai     Vizag     Bangalore     Hyderabad
+ 7 rows in set	(0.00 sec)	

## jobs:

job_id   company_id   job_title   job_description   job_location   salary   job_type   posted_date
102   1   Testing   testing software   pune   20000.00   part-time   2023-06-12     103   2   developer   Developing software   Chennai   80000.00   full-time   2021-07-24
104

# Applicants:

mysql> select *	from applicar	nts;		<b>.</b>	
applicant_id	first_name	last_name	email	phone	resume
502	vishnu soma satya sai	charan shekar pavan	vcptes44@gmail.com shek@gmail.com pavan@gmail.com	1234574337 9495743371 9848652314	resume2
	0.00 sec)				++

### Appliacations:

application_id	job_id	applicant_id	application_date	cover_letter
201	101	501	2023-05-15	coverletter1
202	102	502	2023-06-20	coverletter2
203	103	503	2023-07-10	coverletter3
204	101	501	2023-08-05	coverletter4
205	102	503	2023-09-12	coverletter5
206	104	503	2023-10-18	coverletter6
207	107	501	2023-11-25	coverletter7
208	108	501	2023-12-30	coverletter8
209	109	503	2024-01-10	coverletter9
210	110	503	2024-02-22	coverletter10
+	+	·	·	++
10 rows in set (0	.00 sec)			

#### Queries:

4. Ensure the script handles potential errors, such as if the database or tables already exist.

Create database if not exists exam

Create table applica

5. Write an SQL query to count the number of applications received for each job listing in the "Jobs" table. Display the job title and the corresponding application count. Ensure that it lists all jobs, even if they have no applications.

```
select j.job_title,count(application_id) as number from jobs j join applications a on a.job_id=j.job_id group by j.job_id;
```

## o/p:

job_title	number
Developer Testing developer Testing developer Testing developer Testing	2   2   1   1   1   1   1
8 rows in set	(0.00 sec)

6. Develop an SQL query that retrieves job listings from the "Jobs" table within a specified salary range. Allow parameters for the minimum and maximum salary values. Display the job title, company name, location, and salary for each matching job.

select c.company\_name,j.job\_title,c.location,j.salary from companies c join jobs j on c.company\_id=j.company\_id

-> where j.salary between 20000 and 50000;

o/p:

company_name	job_title	location	salary
Hexaware Hexaware Infosys TCS TCS Pennent	Developer Testing Testing developer Testing developer	Pune Pune Mumbai cityX cityX Vizag	50000.00   20000.00   20000.00   45000.00   30000.00

7. Write an SQL query that retrieves the job application history for a specific applicant. Allow a parameter for the ApplicantID, and return a result set with the job titles, company names, and application dates for all the jobs the applicant has applied to

mysql> select j.job\_title,c.company\_name,app.application\_date from

- -> companies c join jobs j on c.company\_id=j.company\_id
- -> join applications app on app.job\_id=j.job\_id
- -> join applicants a on a.applicant\_id=app.applicant\_id
- -> where app.applicant\_id=501;

o/p:

++		tt
job_title	company_name	application_date
Developer     Developer     developer     Testing	Hexaware Hexaware TCS TCS	2023-05-15
# rows in set	(0 00 sec)	•

8. Create an SQL query that calculates and displays the average salary offered by all companies for job listings in the "Jobs" table. Ensure that the query filters out jobs with a salary of zero.

select c.company\_name,c.company\_id,avg(salary)

- -> from companies cjoin jobs j on c.company\_id=j.company\_id
- -> group by company id;

o/p:

company_name	company_id	++   avg(salary)
Hexaware Infosys Accenture TCS Pennent	1 2 3 4 5	35000.000000     50000.000000     65000.000000     37500.000000     40000.0000000
1 Pennent     1		40000.000000   <del> </del>

9. Write an SQL query to identify the company that has posted the most job listings. Display the company name along with the count of job listings they have posted. Handle ties if multiple companies have the same maximum count.

mysql> SELECT c.company\_id, c.company\_name, COUNT(\*) AS job\_number

- -> FROM jobs j JOIN companies c ON j.company\_id = c.company\_id
- -> GROUP BY c.company\_id, c.company\_name
- -> ORDER BY job\_number DESC
- -> LIMIT 1;

10. Find the applicants who have applied for positions in companies located in 'CityX' and have at least 3 years of experience.

select a.applicant\_id,a.first\_name,c.company\_name

- -> from companies c join jobs j on j.company\_id=c.company\_id
- -> join applications app on j.job\_id=app.job\_id
- -> join applicants a on a.applicant\_id=app.applicant\_id
- -> where c.location='cityX' and year(j.posted\_date)<2020 ;</pre>

o/p:

11. Retrieve a list of distinct job titles with salaries between \$60,000 and \$80,000.

select job\_title from jobs where salary between 60000 and 80000;

```
| job_title |
+-----+
| developer |
| Testing |
| developer |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

### 12. Find the jobs that have not received any applications

mysql> select \* from jobs j where j.job\_id not in(select job\_id from applications); o/p:

+				+	+		·
job_id	company_id	job_title	job_description	job_location	salary	job_type	posted_date
105			testing software developing software	Hyderabad   bangalore			2022-03-01   2023-07-11
2 rows in s	et (0.00 sec	:)		,			

# 13. Retrieve a list of job applicants along with the companies they have applied to and the positions they have applied for

select a.applicant\_id,a.first\_name,c.company\_name,j.job\_title

- -> from companies c join jobs j on j.company\_id=c.company\_id
- -> join applications app on j.job\_id=app.job\_id
- -> join applicants a on a.applicant\_id=app.applicant\_id
- -> order by a.applicant id;

applicant_id	first_name	company_name	job_title
501   501   501   501   501   501   501   502   503	vishnu vishnu vishnu vishnu soma satya sai satya sai	Hexaware Hexaware TCS TCS Hexaware Infosys Hexaware Infosys	Developer   Developer   developer   Testing   Testing   developer   Testing   Testing
503     503   +	satya sai satya sai  0.00 sec)	Pennent Pennent	developer     Testing    +

# 14. Retrieve a list of companies along with the count of jobs they have posted, even if they have not received any applications

select c.company\_id,c.company\_name,count(j.job\_id) as number

- -> from jobs j join companies c on c.company\_id=j.company\_id
- -> group by c.company\_id,c.company\_name;

o/p:

company_id	company_name	
1 2 3 4	Hexaware Infosys Accenture TCS	2   2   2   2   2
j 5	Pennent	2   ++
5 rows in set	(0.00 sec)	

15. . List all applicants along with the companies and positions they have applied for, including those who have not applied

mysql> select a.applicant\_id,a.first\_name,c.company\_name,j.job\_title from

- -> applicants a left join applications app on a.applicant\_id=app.applicant\_id
- -> right join jobs j on j.job\_id=app.job\_id
- -> join companies c on c.company\_id=j.company\_id;

+	+	+	·
applicant_id	first_name	company_name	job_title
501	vishnu   vishnu	Hexaware   Hexaware	Developer Developer
502	soma	Hexaware	Testing
503 503	satya sai   satya sai	Hexaware   Infosys	Testing   developer
j 503 I NULL	satýa sai   NULL	Infosys   Accenture	Testing
NULL	NULL	Accenture	Testing   developer
501 501	vishnu   vishnu	TCS TCS	developer   Testing
503	satya sai	Pennent	developer
503 +	satya sai +	Pennent +	Testing 

16. . Find companies that have posted jobs with a salary higher than the average salary of all jobs.

SELECT DISTINCT c.company\_id,c.company\_name

-> FROM companies c join jobs j on c.company\_id = j.company\_id

Where j.salary>(select avg(salary) from jobs);

o/p:

17. Display a list of applicants with their names and a concatenated string of their city and state

mysql> select a.applicant\_id,concat(a.first\_name,' ',a.last\_name) as name,c.location as name from

- -> applicants a join applications app on a.applicant\_id=app.applicant\_id
- -> join jobs j on j.job\_id=app.job\_id
- -> join companies c on c.company\_id=j.company\_id;

o/p:

applicant_id	name	name
501   502   503   501   503   501   501   503	vishnu charan   soma shekar   satya sai pavan   vishnu charan   satya sai pavan   vishnu charan   vishnu charan   satya sai pavan   satya sai pavan	Pune   Pune   Mumbai     Pune   Pune   Mumbai     cityX   cityX     Vizag
10 rows in set	(0.00 sec)	++

18. Retrieve a list of jobs with titles containing either 'Developer' or 'Engineer'

 $mysql> select * from jobs where job\_title like 'Engi%' or job\_title like 'De%';$ 

o/p:

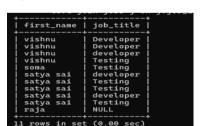
job_id	company_id	job_title	job_description	job_location	salary	job_type	posted_date
101   103   106   107   109	1 2 3 4 5	developer developer	Developing software	bangalore   cityX	80000.00 70000.00 45000.00		2022-04-12 2019-01-01 2023-07-11 2023-06-12 2022-09-17
5 rows in	set (0.00 sec	· )		+		+	++

19. . Retrieve a list of applicants and the jobs they have applied for, including those who have not applied and jobs without applicants

select a.first\_name,j.job\_title from applicants a left join applications app on a.applicant\_id=app.applicant\_id

left join jobs j on j.job\_id=app.job\_id;

o/p:



20) List all combinations of applicants and companies where the company is in a specific city and the applicant has more than 2 years of experience. For example: city=Chennai

mysql> select a.applicant\_id,a.first\_name,c.company\_name

- -> from companies c join jobs j on j.company\_id=c.company\_id
- -> join applications app on j.job\_id=app.job\_id
- -> join applicants a on a.applicant\_id=app.applicant\_id

-> where j.job\_location='cityX' and year(j.posted\_date)<2021;