STATISTICS WORKSHEET-1

- 1. A)TRUE
- 2. A) Central Limit Theorem
- 3. B) Modeling bounded count data
- 4. D) All of the mentioned
- 5. C) Poisson
- 6. B)False
- 7. B) Hypothesis
- 8. A)0
- 9. C) Outliers cannot conform to the regression relationship
- 10. Normal distribution is a probability distribution that is symmetric about the mean and showing that data near the mean are more frequent in occurrence than data far from the mean.
- 11. There are 3 ways handling missing data
 - Zero Replacement: In this replace the missing value with zero irrespective of everything.
 - Min or Max Replacement: Replace the missing value with the minimum or maximum value of a feature.
 - Mean/Median/Mode Replacement: Replace missing value with mean or median or most frequent feature value.

<u>The best imputation techniques is Mean/Median/Mode Replacement</u> method bcoz it takes account of all values to calculate the average and is not affected by very large or very small value.

- 12. A/B testing in its simplest sense is a test on two variants to see which performs better based on a given metric. In this two consumer groups are exposed to two different versions of the same thing to see if there is a significant difference in result.
- 13. Mean imputation is typically considered not good practice since it ignores feature correlation. The process of replacing null values in a data collection with the data's mean. Mean imputation decreases the variance of our data while increasing bias.
- 14. Linear regression analysis is used to predict the output value of a variable based on the input value.
- 15. Inferential and descriptive