Git gerrit and linux

Git:

Git –version

For version

Git config –global user.name “ “ for setting the usrname

Git config –global user.email “” for setting the email

Git config –global –edit it will show the global configurations

Git status shows the changes

Git add <filename> adding the files to staging area

Git commit -m “message” commit

Git log shows the logs

Cmd +k for clear the terminal

Git checkout <hashcode/branchname> for checking both branches and commitid

Git checkout -b <branchname> for creating the branch and directly moving to it

Switch to the main branch you want add changes and run git merge <branch name> branch name = the one you created changes

Touch filename to create a filename

Git remote add <branch name you want to create> url of repo

Ex:git remote add origin https://github.com/vishnukoyyada/python.git

Git push -u origin <branch name> it maybe not only origin and <branch name mostly will be mmaster

-M means forcefully move

Ex: git branch -M main

Means it forcefully renames the master branch name as main branch

GERRIT:

LINUX: