

## Experiment: 1

P. Vithana Vadhana Reddy  
192011179

Aim: Implement a program to perform symbol table operations.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <malloc.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define NULL 0
int size = 0;
void Insert();
void Display();
void Delete();
int search(char lab[]);
void modify();
struct symTab
{
    char label[10], symbol[10];
    int addr;
    struct symTab *next;
}
struct symTab *first, *last;
int main()
{

```

P. Vishnu vardhan Reddy  
192011179

```
int addy;  
struct symbTab * next; }  
int addy;  
struct symbTab * first, * last.  
int main ()  
{  
    int op, y; char lab[100];  
    clrscr();  
    do  
    {  
        printf("\n + Symbol table Implementation\n")  
        printf("\n 1. Insert /n 2. Display /n 3. Delete /n 4.  
        search /n 5. modify /n 6. END\n");  
        scanf ("%d", &op);  
        switch (op)  
        {  
            case 1;  
                Insert();  
                break;  
            case 2;  
                Display();  
                break;  
            case 3;  
                Delete();  
                break;  
            case 4;  
                printf("\n Enter the label to be searched:");  
                scanf ("%s", la);
```



19/10/179.

```

y = search(l);
printf("\n\t Search Result:");
if (y == 1)
    printf("\n\t the label is present in the symbol table\n");
else
    printf("\n\t the label is not present in the symbol
    table\n");

break;
case 5:
    modify();
    break;
case 6:
    exit(1);
}
} while (op < 6);
getch();
}

void Insert()
{
    int n;
    char l[10];
    printf("\n\t Enter the label:");
    scanf("%s", l);
    n = search(l);
    (n == 1)
    printf("\n\t label exists already in the symbol table.\n\t
    Duplicate can't be inserted\n");
    else
    }
}

```

19/10/11/179.

struct symtab \*p.

p = malloc (size of (struct symtab));

strcpy (p-&gt;label, l);

printf ("%.s", p-&gt;symbol);

scanf ("%n/n Enter the address");

scanf ("%d", &amp;p-&gt;addr);

p-&gt;next = null

if (size == 0).

{ first scan.

printf ("n/n after modification: /n");

display();

}

break;

case 2;

printf ("n Enter the label where address is to be modified");

scanf ("%s", l);

s = search (l);

if (s == 0)

printf ("n/n Enter the new address");

scanf ("%d", &amp;address);

for (i = 0; i &lt; size; i++)

{

if (strcmp (p-&gt;label, l) == 0.

p-&gt;addr = add.

p = p-&gt;next.



P. Vithnu.  
19/20/11/79

```

{
    int a;
    char l[10];
    struct symtab *p, *pa;
    p = first;
    printf("\n Enter the label to be deleted:");
    scanf("%s", l);
    a = search(l); if (a == 0)
    printf("\n label not found\n");
    else
    {
        if (strcmp(first->label, l) == 0)
            first = first->next;
        else if (strcmp(l->label, l) != 0)
        {
            p = p->next;
        }
    }
}

```

sample output:-

Symbol Table Implementation.

Insert  
Display  
search  
modify  
END.

Insert  
Display  
delete  
modify  
END.

Enter your option 1:  
Enter your label: Plus  
Enter the symbol: +  
Enter the address: 100  
Label Inserted.

Enter the option :- 2  
label symbol Address  
100

# Symbol Table Implementation.

Pw/Anna.  
19201179.

Insert.  
Display  
Delete.  
Search.  
modify  
END.

Enter your option : 1.

what do you want to option! only the label.

only the address.

Both the label and address Enter your choice.

Enter the old label :- minur.

Enter the new label :- minur? new-

After modification.

label                      symbol                      address.

minur-new                      -                      200

# symbol table Implementation.

Insert.  
Display  
Delete.  
Search.  
modify.  
END.

Enter your option :- 6.

Result: Hence. the Implementation, a program  
to perform symbol table operation.



2:

## Experiment 2

Prithvi  
(9201179)

**Aim:-** To Write a Program for Identify Identifier constants and operation.

**Program:-**

```
#include <string.h>
#include <type.h>
#include <stdio.h>
void keyword (char str[100]);
{
    if (strcmp ("for", str) == 0 || strcmp ("while", str) == 0 ||
    strcmp ("do", str) == 0 || strcmp ("int", str) == 0 || strcmp ("float", str) == 0 ||
    strcmp ("char", str) == 0 || strcmp ("double", str) == 0 ||
    strcmp ("is a key board", str) == 0)
    printf ("%s is an identifier", str);
}
main ()
{
    file *f1 *f2 *f3;
    char c, str[10], str2[10];
    int num[100] (line no = 0; token = 0; i = 0; k = 0);
    printf ("In Enkard C Program")
    (*gets (str));
```

```

f3 = fopen("special char.txt")
while ((c = getc(f1)) != EOF)
{
    if = fopen("input.txt");
    f2 = fopen("c = getc(f1) != EOF");
    {
        if (isDigit(c))
        {
            token value = c; c = getc(f1);
            while (isDigit(c))
            {
                token value = 10 * token value + c - '0';
                c = getc(f1);
            }
            num[i++] = token value;
            ugetc(f1);
        }
        num[i++] = token value;
        ugetc(c, f);
    }
    else if (isAlpha(c))
    {
        put(i, f2); c = getc(f1);
        while (isDigit(c) || isAlpha(c) || c == '_');
    }
}

```

P. Vithnu.  
192011179





```

}
puts ("f2");
ungetc (c, f1);

```

P. Vithnu.  
19201179.

```

}
are .
if (c == '(' || c == ')')
printf (" ")
else if (c == '\n') linenott;

```

```

else
putc (c, f3);
}

```

```
fclose (f2);
```

```
fclose (f3);
```

```
fclose (f1);
```

```
printf ("The holes in the program are");
```

```
do { i = 0; i++; i++; }
```

```
printf ("n");
```

```
f2 = fopen ("identifier", "r");
```

```
k = 0;
```

```
printf ("The keywords and identifiers are");
```

```
while ((c = getc (f2)) != EOF)
```

```
{
if (c != getc (f2) != EOF)
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
str[k] = c;
```

```
keywords [str];
```

```
k++;
```

```

}
}
fclose(f2);
f3 = open("specialchar.txt");
printf("\n special characters are\n");
while (c = getc(f3) != EOF)
printf("\n");
fclose(f3);
printf("total no. of lines are %d, lines", f3);
}

```

Purvima.  
192011749.

output:

Input -

```

Enter program to find termination
{
int a[3] to 1.
t1 = 2; a[0] = 1; a[1] = 2; a[2] = 3;
t2 = (a[2] + t1 * 6) / (a[2] - t1);
if t2 > 5 then print(t2); else int t3 = 99, t2 = 25;
print t1 + t2 + t3; // this is comment on 2 lines.
}

```

output:

Variables: a[3] t2 t3 operator = + \* / > ( > constant.  
 Key words: - int if then else end if special symbol  
 comment: // this is comment on 2 lines.  
Result:-



3.

Experiment :- 3

P. Vithnu

Regno: 19201179

Aim: Implement a C program to eliminate left-recursion from a given CFG.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define size to
int main() {
    char beta, 'alpha';
    int num;
    char production[10][size];
    index = 3;
    // string of the string following "\n"
    printf("Enter the number of production:");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    printf("Enter the grammar as E → E-A; /n");
    for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {
        scanf("%s", production[i]);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {
        printf("n Grammar: %s production[i]);
        non terminal = production[i] index;
        alpha = production[i] index;
        printf("is left recursive");
    }
}
```

}  
 for (int i=0; i<num; i++);  
 {  
 printf("is hammer :- is production (i),  
 non terminal = production (i) index");  
 alpha = production (i) index + 1;  
 printf("is left recursive (n)");  
 non terminal = production (i) index + 1;  
 alpha = production (i) (index + 1);  
 printf("is left recursive (n)");  
 while (production (i) index != 0 && production (i)  
 index != hammer without left recursive  
 are.  
 printf("not to be reduction (n)");  
 }  
 else.  
 printf("is not left recursive (n) index");  
 }  
 }

sample output:-

Enter the number of production :- k Enter k.

grammar as  $E \rightarrow EA; E \rightarrow E/A$

$A \rightarrow AT/a; T \rightarrow a$

$E \rightarrow i$

grammar :-  $E \rightarrow EA/A$  is left recursive grammar without

$E \rightarrow AE; E \rightarrow AE/E$

grammar :-  $A \rightarrow AT/a$  is left recursive without left recursion.



14.

# Left factoring Program.

Reg: 19201179.

**Aim:** To Implement a C program to Eliminate left factoring from a given CF.

**Program:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
{
    char gram[26], part[20], part2[20], modified[20];
    int i, j=0, k=0, j2=0, pos;
    printf("Enter production: A -> ");
    gets(gram);
    part[j] = '\0';
    for (i=0; i < strlen(gram); i++)
    {
        if (part[j] == part2[j2])
        {
            modified[k] = part[j];
            pos = i+1;
        }
        new_word(j++) = ' ';
        for (i=part; i = 0; part[i]; i++)
    }
    out put: Enter production A -> abc
    A -> abcX X -> DE/FH.
```

**Result:** C program for left factoring is Executed.