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# **Recursive Digit Sum**

Problem Submissions Leaderboard Discussions

We define super digit of an integer  ${m x}$  using the following rules:

Given an integer, we need to find the *super digit* of the integer.

- If  $\boldsymbol{x}$  has only  $\boldsymbol{1}$  digit, then its super digit is  $\boldsymbol{x}$ .
- Otherwise, the super digit of  $\boldsymbol{x}$  is equal to the super digit of the sum of the digits of  $\boldsymbol{x}$ .

For example, the super digit of **9875** will be calculated as:

```
super_digit(9875)
                        9+8+7+5 = 29
super_digit(29)
                        2 + 9 = 11
                        1 + 1 = 2
super_digit(11)
super_digit(2)
```

#### Example

n = '9875'

k = 4

The number p is created by concatenating the string n k times so the initial p = 9875987598759875.

```
superDigit(p) = superDigit(9875987598759875)
              9+8+7+5+9+8+7+5+9+8+7+5+9+8+7+5 = 116
superDigit(p) = superDigit(116)
             1+1+6 = 8
superDigit(p) = superDigit(8)
```

All of the digits of p sum to 116. The digits of 116 sum to 8.8 is only one digit, so it is the super digit.

# **Function Description**

Complete the function *superDigit* in the editor below. It must return the calculated super digit as an integer.

superDigit has the following parameter(s):

- string n: a string representation of an integer
- *int k:* the times to concatenate **n** to make **p**

# Returns

• *int:* the super digit of n repeated k times

#### **Input Format**

The first line contains two space separated integers, n and k.

# Constraints

- $1 \le n < 10^{100000}$
- $1 \le k \le 10^5$

#### Sample Input 0

148 3

#### Sample Output 0

3

# Explanation 0

```
Here n = 148 and k = 3, so p = 148148148.
```

#### Sample Input 1

9875 4

### Sample Output 1

8

# Sample Input 2

123 3

# Sample Output 2

9

#### **Explanation 2**

Here n=123 and k=3, so p=123123123.

f ⊌ in

Submissions: 10 Max Score: 30 Difficulty: Medium

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```
Java7

1 vimport java.io.*;
2 import java.math.*;
3 import java.security.*;
4 import java.text.*;
```

```
import java.util.*;
   import java.util.concurrent.*;
   import java.util.regex.*;
9 delass Result {
10
11 🔻
         * Complete the 'superDigit' function below.
12
13
         * The function is expected to return an INTEGER.
14
15
         * The function accepts following parameters:
         * 1. STRING n
16
         * 2. INTEGER k
17
18
         */
19
20 🔻
        public static int superDigit(String n, int k) {
            // Calculate sum of digits of n
21
            long sum = 0;
22
23 🔻
            for (int i = 0; i < n.length(); i++) {</pre>
24
                sum += (n.charAt(i) - '0'); // convert char to int value
25
26
            // Calculate super digit of the sum
27
            int superDigit = calculateSuperDigit(sum);
28
29
            // Multiply super digit by k and find its super digit
30
31
            long multipliedResult = superDigit * k;
32
            return calculateSuperDigit(multipliedResult);
33
        }
34
35 ▼
        private static int calculateSuperDigit(long num) {
36
            // Calculate super digit of a number (sum of its digits)
37 ■
            while (num >= 10) {
                long sum = 0;
38
                while (num > 0) {
39 🔻
                    sum += num % 10;
40
41
                    num /= 10;
                }
42
43
                num = sum;
44
45
            return (int) num;
46
   }
47
48
49 → public class Solution {
        public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
51
            BufferedReader bufferedReader = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
            BufferedWriter bufferedWriter = new BufferedWriter(new
52
   FileWriter(System.getenv("OUTPUT_PATH")));
53
            String[] firstMultipleInput = bufferedReader.readLine().replaceAll("\\s+$", "").split("
54
   ");
55
56 ▼
            String n = firstMultipleInput[0];
57
            int k = Integer.parseInt(firstMultipleInput[1]);
58 ▼
59
            int result = Result.superDigit(n, k);
60
61
62
            bufferedWriter.write(String.valueOf(result));
            bufferedWriter.newLine();
63
64
            bufferedReader.close();
65
            bufferedWriter.close();
66
        }
67
68
   }
69
```

Line: 46 Col: 6

<u>♣ Upload Code as File</u> Test against custom input

Run Code

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