GitLab-CI/CD

1. Implement a Sample GitLab Pipeline with Artifacts

YAML script stages: - build - test - deploy # build stage build-job: stage: build script: - echo "Building application" - mkdir build - echo "This is a build artifact file" > build/test.txt - echo "Build completed" artifacts: paths: - build/ # test stage test-job: stage: test script: - echo "Running test stage" - cat build/test.txt || echo "artifact not found!!!" - echo "Test passed successfully" # deploy stage deploy-job:

stage: deploy

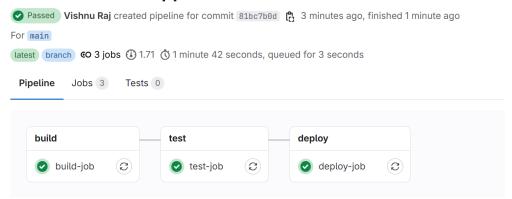
script:

- echo "Deploying application"
- echo "Content:"
- cat build/test.txt
- echo "Deploy completed"

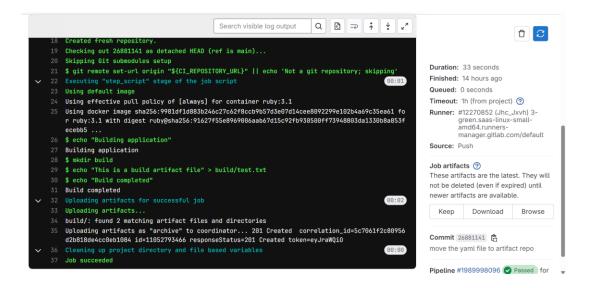
Output

GitLab build pipleline

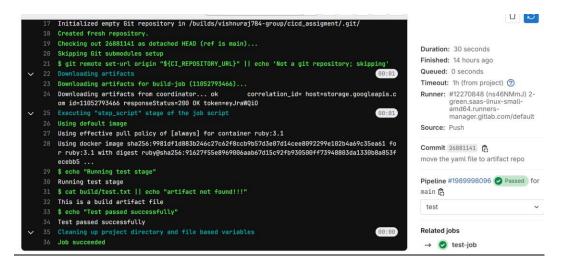
create a artifact application



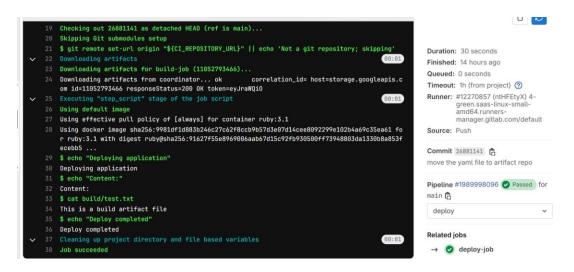
build stage



test stage



deploy stage



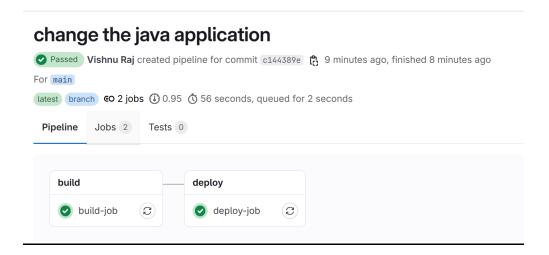
2. Implement Maven Build Job in GitLab CI/CD

YAML script

```
#yaml file for java application
stages:
- build
- deploy
#docker image
image: maven:latest
#build job stage
build-job:
 stage: build
 script:
  - echo "Building the application"
  - mvn clean package
  - echo "Build stage completed"
 artifacts:
  paths:
   - target/
#deploy job stage
deploy-job:
 stage: deploy
 script:
  - echo "Deploy stage in-progress"
  - Is target
  - java -cp target/sum-app-1.0-SNAPSHOT.jar com.example.App 5 7
  - echo "Completed the application"
```

Output

GitLab build pipleline



build stage



deploy stage



3. Implement Protected Variables in GitLab

Navigate to CI/CD Settings

- 1. Open your GitLab project.
- 2. Go to Settings → CI/CD → Variables.
- 3. Click **Expand** next to Variables.
- 4. Click Add Variable.
- 5. Check Protected and Masked
- 6. Enter **Key** and **Value**
- 7. Click Save Variable.



YAML script

stages:

- test
- deploy

test_protected:

stage: test

script:

- echo "Running tests..."
- echo "admin_name is not accessible here for unprotected branches."

deploy:

stage: deploy

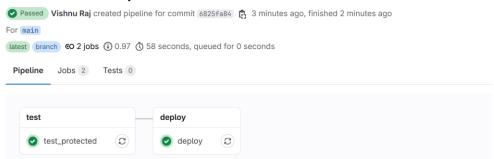
script:

- echo "Deploying with secret token:\$admin_name"

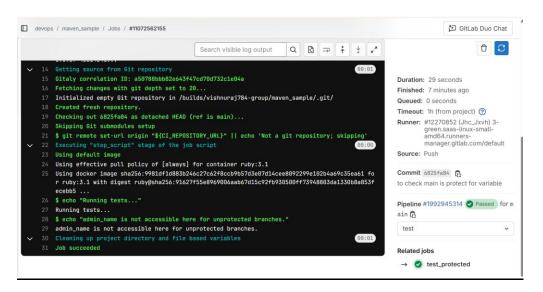
Output

GitLab build pipleline

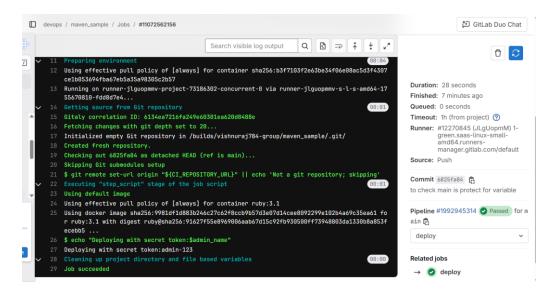
to check main is protect for variable



test stage



deploy stage



4. Implement a Sample GitLab Pipeline with environment

YAML script stages: - build - test - deploy #build job build-job: stage: build script: - echo "Compiling code stage" - echo "Build stage successfully" #test job test-job: stage: test script: - echo "Running tests stage" - echo "Test stage successfully" # deploy stage for version/1.1.0 deploy-job: stage: deploy script: - echo "Deploying application stage" - echo "application deployed by \$first_name" - echo "Deploy successfully" environment: name: staging

only:

- version/1.1.0

deploy stage for production

deploy-prod:

stage: deploy

script:

- echo "Deploying application stage"
- echo "application deployed by \$second_name"
- echo "Deploy successfully"

environment:

name: production

only:

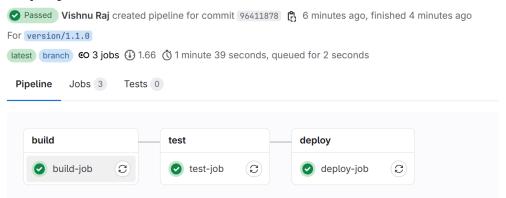
- main

Output

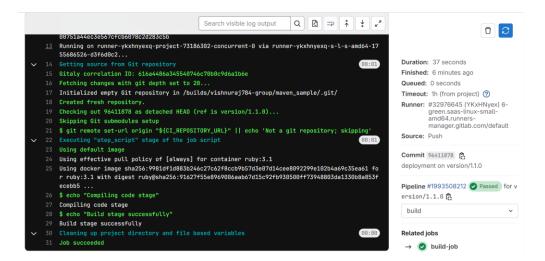
GitLab pipleline

This pipleline is run on version/1.1.0

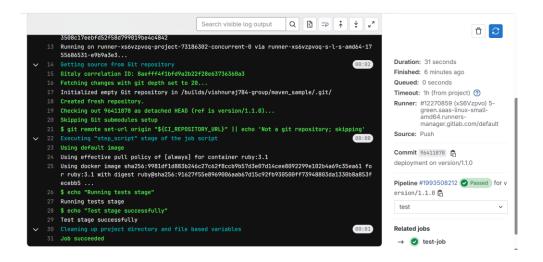
deployment on version/1.1.0



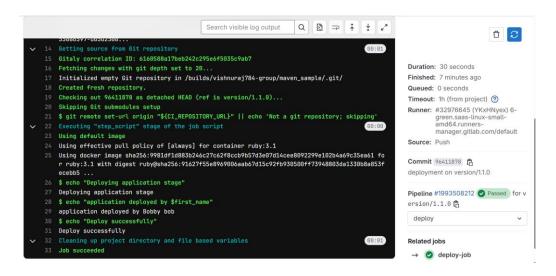
Build stage



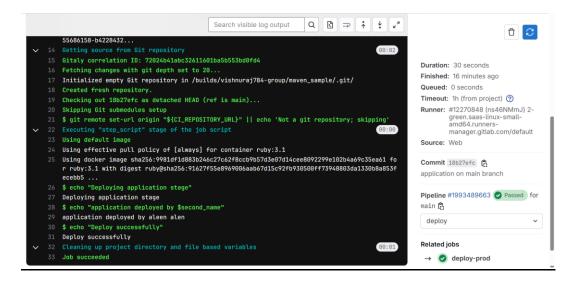
Test stage



Deploy stage on staging environment



Deploy stage on production environment



5. Implement a Sample GitLab Pipeline with rules

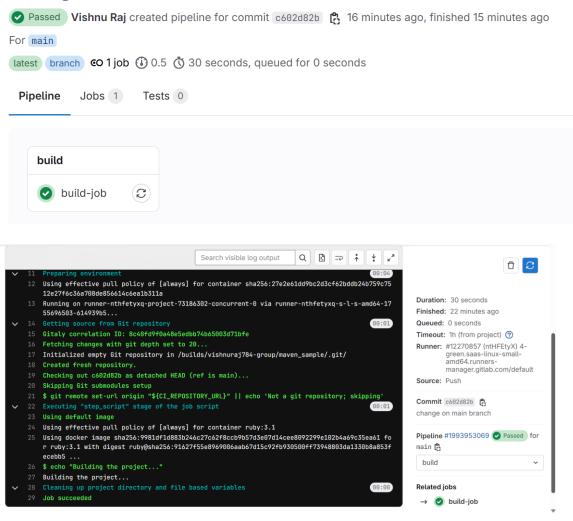
stages: - build - test build-job: stage: build script: - echo "Building the project..." rules: - if: '\$CI_COMMIT_BRANCH == "main"' test-job: stage: test script: - echo "Running tests..." rules: - if: '\$CI_COMMIT_BRANCH == "version/1.1.0"'

YAML script

Output

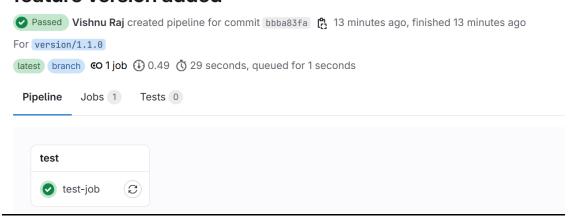
GitLab main branch

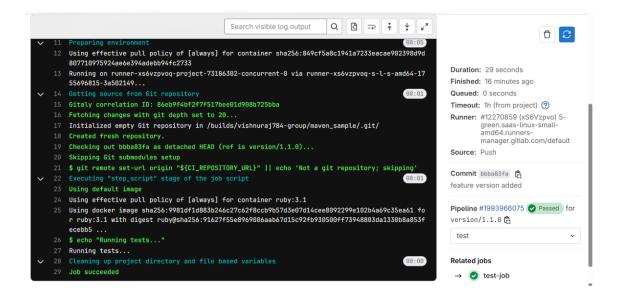
change on main branch



GitLab sub branch

feature version added

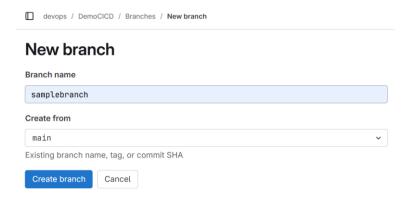




6. Implement Protected Branches in GitLab

Create a new branch (e.g., main or release or master) that you want to protect.

- Go to Code → Branches.
- Click New branch.
- Enter a branch name (e.g., main, master, or release).
- Select the source branch (commonly develop or an existing stable branch).
- Click Create branch.



Navigate to Repository Settings in GitLab and configure the selected branch as a protected branch.

- Navigate to:
 - Project → Settings → Repository.
 - o Expand the **Protected branches** section.
- In the dropdown, select **Protected branches** and click on **Add protected branch** (main, master, or release).
- Select your new branch (main, master, or release).
- Click Protect.

Set restrictions on who can push, merge, and force-push to the protected branch.

- Select **Protected branches** and click on **Add protected branch** (main, master, or release).
- Allowed to merge \rightarrow Choose roles (e.g., *Maintainers only*).
- Allowed to push and merge → Restrict to *No one* or *Maintainers only* (to enforce merge requests).
- Allowed to force push \rightarrow Leave disabled (to prevent history rewriting).
- Require approval from code owners \rightarrow Enable if CODEOWNERS file is used.
- Click **Protect**.

Test the protection rules by attempting actions with different user roles and permissions.

- As a Developer:
 - \circ Try pushing directly \rightarrow should be **blocked**.
 - \circ Try merging an MR \rightarrow may be blocked depending on settings.
- As a Maintainer:
 - \circ Try merging an MR → should be **allowed**.
 - o Try force-pushing → should be **blocked** unless explicitly allowed.
- As a Guest/Reporter:
 - Should not be able to push/merge at all.

7. Maven Build Lifecycle Assignment: Validate, Test, Install, Publish, and Deploy

Set up a Local Maven Build

- Clone or create a simple Maven-based Java project (pom.xml must be present).
 - o To create a new project:

- o This will generate a project with a pom.xml.
- Run the **validate** phase to ensure the project is correctly configured.

mvn validate

Run Tests

• Execute unit tests using the mvn test command.

mvn test

Ensure the tests pass successfully

```
TERMINAL PORTS
Downloading from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/surefire/surefire-junit3/3.2.5/surefire-jun
Downloaded from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/surefire/surefire-junit3/3.2.5/surefire-juni
Downloading from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/surefire/common-junit3/3.2.5/common-junit3-
3.2.5.jar
Downloading from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/surefire/common-java5/3.2.5/common-java5-3.
Downloaded from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/surefire/common-java5/3.2.5/common-java5-3.2
.5.jar (18 kB at 516 kB/s)
Downloaded from central: https://repo.maven.apache.org/maven2/org/apache/maven/surefire/common-junit3/3.2.5/common-junit3-3
.2.5.jar (12 kB at 243 kB/s)
[INFO] Running com.example.AppTest
[INFO] Tests run: 1, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed: 0.015 s -- in com.example.AppTest
[INFO]
[INFO] Results:
[INFO] Tests run: 1, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0
[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS
[INFO]
[INFO] Total time: 10.206 s
[INFO] Finished at: 2025-08-26T16:56:25+05:30
Vishnu Raj@LAPTOP-KSAOBH37 MINGW64 ~/devops/cicdmaven-1 (main)
```

Install the Build Locally

• Use mvn install to install the built package into the local Maven repository

mvn install

Publish the Build to an Artifact Repository (Optional)

 Configure GitLab Package Registry or Apache Nexus or JFrog Artifactory as a Maven repository.

In your pom.xml, add a <distributionManagement> section:

In ~/.m2/settings.xml, configure credentials:

```
<server>
<id>id>internal-releases</id>
<username>your-username</username>
<password>your-password</password>
</server>
<id>id>internal-snapshots</id>
<username>your-username</username>
<password>your-password</password>
</server>
</server>
</server>
</server>
</server>
</server>
```

Use mvn deploy to publish the artifact to the repository.

mvn deploy

```
TERMINAL
[INFO]
[INFO] --- compiler:3.13.0:testCompile (default-testCompile) @ sum-app ---
[INFO] Nothing to compile - all classes are up to date.
[INFO] --- surefire:3.2.5:test (default-test) @ sum-app ---
[INFO] Using auto detected provider org.apache.maven.surefire.junit.JUnit3Provider
[INFO]
[INFO] -----
[INFO] TESTS
[INFO] ------
[INFO] Running com.example.AppTest
[INFO] Tests run: 1, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed: 0.018 s -- in com.example.AppTest
[INFO]
[INFO] Results:
[INFO]
[INFO] Tests run: 1, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0
[INFO] --- jar:3.4.1:jar (default-jar) @ sum-app ---
```

Deploy the Application

• Package the application (mvn package).

mvn package

```
[INFO] --- resources:3.3.1:testResources (default-testResources) @ sum-app ---
[WARNING] Using platform encoding (UTF-8 actually) to copy filtered resources, i.e. build is platform dependent!
[INFO] skip non existing resourceDirectory C:\Users\Vishnu Raj\devops\cicdmaven-1\src\test\resources
[INFO]
[INFO] --- compiler:3.13.0:testCompile (default-testCompile) @ sum-app ---
[INFO] Nothing to compile - all classes are up to date.
[INFO] --- surefire:3.2.5:test (default-test) @ sum-app ---
[INFO] Using auto detected provider org.apache.maven.surefire.junit.JUnit3Provider
[INFO]
[INFO] ------
[INFO] TESTS
[INFO] ------
[INFO] Running com.example.AppTest
[INFO] Tests run: 1, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed: 0.016 s -- in com.example.AppTest
[INFO]
[INFO] Results:
[INFO]
[INFO] Tests run: 1, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0
[INFO]
[INFO]
[INFO] --- jar:3.4.1:jar (default-jar) @ sum-app ---
[INFO] ------
[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS
[INFO] -----
[INFO] Total time: 1.578 s
[INFO] Finished at: 2025-08-26T18:11:19+05:30
[INFO] ------
```

 Deploy the generated JAR/WAR file to a local or remote application server (Tomcat, WildFly, etc.).

mvn deploy

8. Implement a Sample GitLab Pipeline with extends

YAML script #yaml file for extends stages: - build - test - deploy #template for all job .job-template: image: maven:latest before_script: - echo "Preparing environment..." #build job build-job: stage: build extends: .job-template script: - echo "Building stage" - mkdir build - echo "This application is build for extends file" > build/app.txt artifacts: paths: - build/ #test job test-job: stage: test

extends: .job-template

script:

- echo "Testing stage"
- echo "Running test"
- cat build/app.txt
- echo "All test passed!"

#deploy job

deploy-job:

stage: deploy

extends: .job-template

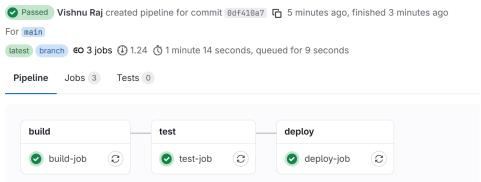
script:

- echo "Deploying stage"
- echo "Deployment completed"

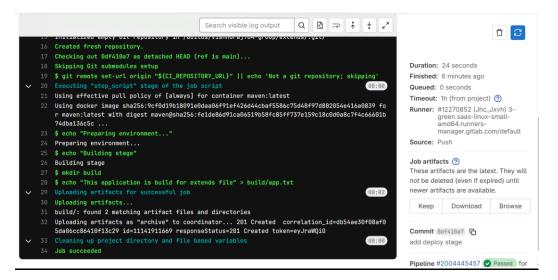
Output

GitLab main branch

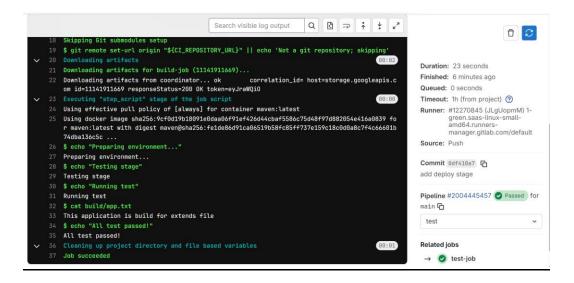
add deploy stage



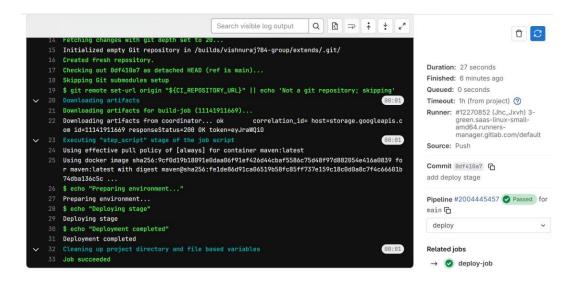
build stage



test stage



deploy stage



9. Setting Up Shell and Docker Executors

Shell Executor Runner

• Register Runner:

gitlab-runner register

- Your project/group's **Settings > CI/CD > Runners > Create project runner**.
- Fill the Tags and Runner description > Create runner

Copy and paste the command into your command line to register the runner

• To check Runner is now active:

gitlab-runner list

Step 2: create a .gitlab-ci.yml

stages:

- test

test-job:

stage:

tags:

- runner-shell

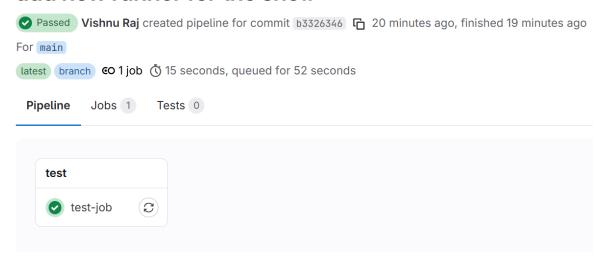
script:

- echo "Running on shell executor"
- whoami
- pwd

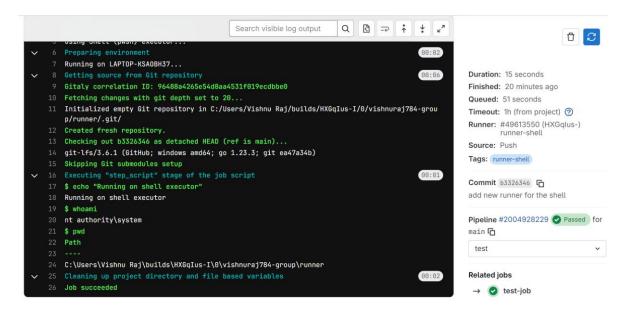
Step 3: Output of the simple shell script job

GitLab main branch

add new runner for the shell



test stage



10. Implement a Sample GitLab Pipeline

YAML script #stages of the pipleline stages: - build - test - deploy #global variables variables: APP_NAME: "MySampleApp" DEV_NAME: "Demo Name" #build job stage build-job: stage: build tags: - simple-runner script: - echo "Starting build stage for \$APP_NAME" - echo "Compiling source code..." - echo "Build stage completed..." #test job stage test-job: stage: test tags:

- simple-runner

script:

- echo "Starting test stage for \$APP_NAME"
- echo "Executing unit test"
- echo "All test successfully completed"

#deploy job stage

deploy-job:

stage: deploy

tags:

- simple-runner

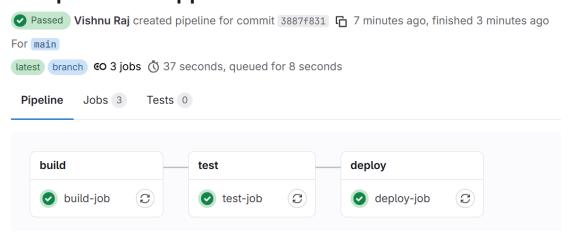
script:

- echo "Start deploying application \$APP_NAME"
- echo "#APP_NAME is deployed by \$DEV_NAME"
- echo "Deploy stage completed"

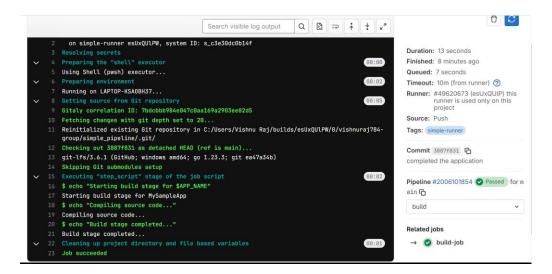
Output

GitLab main branch

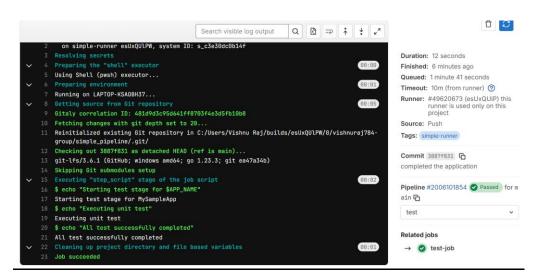
completed the application



build stage



test stage



deploy stage

