

## 7th Chapter

### PDF0

'''

Write a program to determine area and circumference of circle

- 1) What is the input ? ---> Radius
- 2) What are the outputs ? ---> Area and circumference
- 3) What is the area of circle ? --->  $\pi * r^2$
- 4) What is the circumference of circle ? --->  $2 * \pi * r$

'''

```
import math
```

```
try:
```

```
    r = float(input('Enter radius of circle : '))
```

```
    area = math . pi * r ** 2
```

```
    cir = 2 * math . pi * r
```

```
    print(F'Area : {area:.2f}')
```

```
    print(F'Circumference : {cir:.2f}')
```

```
except:
```

```
    print('Input should be a number')
```

'''

- 1) Read inputs
- 2) Perform computations on inputs and derive the results
- 3) Print results

'''

### PDF 1

'''

Write a program to add , subtract , multiply and divide two complex numbers

Let first input be  $3 + 4j$  and second input be  $5 + 6j$

What is the sum ? --->  $(3 + 4j) + (5 + 6j) = 8 + 10j$

What is the difference ? --->  $(3 + 4j) - (5 + 6j) = -2 - 2j$

What is the product ? --->  $(3 + 4j) * (5 + 6j) = 15 + 18j + 20j - 24 = -9 + 38j$

What is the division ? --->  $(3 + 4j) / (5 + 6j) = (3 + 4j) * (5 - 6j) / (5 + 6j) * (5 - 6j)$

$$= (15 - 18j + 20j + 24) / (25 + 36)$$

$$= 39 / 61 + 2j / 61$$

'''

```
try:
```

```
    x = complex(input('Enter first complex number : '))
```

```
    y = complex(input('Enter second complex number: '))
```

```
    print('Sum : ' , x + y)
```

```
    print('Difference : ' , x - y)
```

```
    print('Product: ' , x * y)
```

```

print('Division : ', x / y)
except:
    print('Input should be complex number')
'''
1) a = complex(input('Enter 1st complex number : '))
    b = complex(input('Enter 2nd complex number : '))
    What are values of a and b if inputs are 3 and 4 ? ---> 3 + 0j , 4 + 0j
    What is the result of a + b ? ---> 7 + 0j
    What is the result of a - b ? ---> -1 + 0j
    What is the result of a * b ? ---> 12 + 0j
    What is the result of a / b ? ---> 0.75 + 0j
2) a = complex(input('Enter 1st complex number : '))
    b = complex(input('Enter 2nd complex number : '))
    What are values of a and b if inputs are 3j and 4j ? ---> 3j and 4j
    What is the result of a + b ? ---> 7j
    What is the result of a - b ? ---> -1j
    What is the result of a * b ? ---> -12 + 0j
    What is the result of a / b ? ---> 0.75 + 0j
3) a = eval(input('Enter 1st complex number : '))
    b = eval(input('Enter 2nd complex number : '))
    What are values of a and b if inputs are 3 and 4 ? ---> 3 and 4
    What is the result of a + b ? ---> 7
    What is the result of a - b ? ---> -1
    What is the result of a * b ? ---> 12
    What is the result of a / b ? ---> 3 / 4 = 0.75
'''

```

## PDF 2

'''

Write a program to determine sum , difference , product , quotient , largest and smallest of two numbers.  
 Also find remainder, sqrt of first input , power, gcd and factorial of first input  
 Hint: Use F string to print results

'''

```

import math
try:
    a = int(input('Enter 1st integer number : '))
    b = int(input('Enter 2nd integer number : '))
    print(F'{a} + {b} = {a + b}')
    print(F'{a} - {b} = {a - b}')
    print(F'{a} * {b} = {a * b}')
    print(F'{a} / {b} = {a / b}')
    print(F'{a} % {b} = {a % b}')
    print(F'max({a} , {b}) = {max(a , b)}')

```

```

print(F'min({a} , {b}) = {min(a , b)}')
print(F'{a} ^ {b} = {a ** b}')
print(F'sqrt({a}) = {math . sqrt(a)}')
print(F'gcd({a} , {b}) = {math . gcd(a , b)}')
print(F'fact({a}) = {math . factorial(a)}')
except:
    print('Input should be integer number')
'''

```

- 1) Where are gcd() , factorial() and sqrt() functions defined ? ---> In math module
  - 2) Where are max() and min() functions defined ? ---> In builtins module
  - 3) Can inputs be float numbers ? ---> No becoz gcd and factorial are defined only for integers
- '''

### PDF 3

'''

### Gift

Write a program to swap values of any two objects in a single statement without using 3rd object

Let 'x' be 25 and 'y' be 'Hyd'

What are 'x' and 'y' after swap ? ---> Hyd and 25

Hint: Swap references but not objects

'''

```

x = input('Enter 1st input : ')
y = input('Enter 2nd input : ')
print(F'Before swap : {x=} \t {y=}')
x , y = y , x
print(F'After swap : {x=} \t {y=}')
'''

```

- 1) x , y = y , x

What are modified (References (or) objects) ? ---> References

- 2) x , y = y , x

Both x and y are modified simultaneously

- 3) Why are objects not swapped ? ---> Since inputs are strings which are immutable objects

'''

### PDF 4a

### Ternary operator

-----

- 1) What is the syntax of ternary operator ? ---> op1 if cond else op2
- 2) What is the result of ternary operator when cond is True ? ---> op1  
What is the result of ternary operator when cond is False ? ---> op2

3) In other words, result is op1 (or) op2 and it all depends on the condition

4) Why is it called ternary operator ? ---> Since there are 3 operands

i.e. op1 if op3 else op2

5) print(100 if 9 > 12 else 200)

What is the result of the above statement ? ---> 200 becoz 9 > 12 is false

6) print('Hyd' if 6 != 8 else 'Sec')

What is the result of the above statement ? ---> Hyd becoz 6 != 8 is true

7) op1 if cond1 else op2 if cond2 else op3

When is the result op1 ? ---> When cond1 is True

When is the result op2 ? ---> When cond1 is False and cond2 is True

When is the result op3 ? ---> When both the conditions are False

8) Ternary operator in ternary operator is called nested ternary operator

PDF 4b

'''

Write a program to determine largest of two inputs without using max() function

1) What is the output if inputs are 10 and 20 ? ---> 20

2) What is the output if inputs are 35.8 and 27.9 ? ---> 35.8

3) What is the output if inputs are 'RAMA' and 'RAJESH' ? ---> 'RAMA' becoz 'M' > 'J'

4) What is the output if inputs are [10, 20, 15, 18, 19, 28] and [10, 20, 25, 17] ? ---> [10, 20, 25, 17] becoz 25 > 15

5) Use ternary operator

'''

try:

```
a = eval(input('Enter 1st input : '))
```

```
b = eval(input('Enter 2nd input : '))
```

```
max = a if a > b else b
```

```
print('Largest Input : ', max)
```

```
except NameError:
```

```
    print('Input string should be in quotes')
```

```
except TypeError:
```

```
    print('Input can not be complex number')
```

'''

The above program determines largest of which objects ? --->

Any Python objects except complex objects becoz

complex objects can not be compared with > operator

'''

PDF 5

'''

Write a program to determine largest of three inputs without using max() function

1) What is the output if inputs are 10 , 20 and 15 ? ---> 20

2) What is the output if inputs are 35.8 , 42.8 and 27.9 ? ---> 42.8

3) What is the output if inputs are 'RAMA' , 'RAKESH' and 'RAJESH' ? ---> 'RAMA'

4) What is the output if inputs are [10 , 20 , 15 , 18] , [10 , 20 , 32, 19] and [10 , 20 , 25, 17] ? ---> [10 , 20 , 32 , 19]

5) Use nested ternary operator

'''

try:

```
a = eval(input('Enter 1st input : '))
```

```
b = eval(input('Enter 2nd input : '))
```

```
c = eval(input('Enter 3rd input : '))
```

```
max = a if a > b and a > c else b if b > c else c
```

```
print('Largest Input : ', max)
```

```
except NameError:
```

```
print('Input string should be in quotes')
```

```
except TypeError:
```

```
print('Input can not be complex number')
```

'''

1) The above program determines largest of which objects ? --->

Any object except complex becoz complex numbers can not be compared with > operator

2) max = a if a > b and a > c else b if b > c else c

What does 1st else indicate ? ---> 'a' is not largest

What does 2nd else indicate ? ---> 'b' is also not largest

'''

PDF 6

'''

Write a program to print '>' if 1st input > 2nd input,

'<' if 1st input < 2nd input and

'=' if inputs are same

1) What is the result if inputs are 10 and 20 ? ---> <

2) What is the result if inputs are 70 and 60 ? ---> >

3) What is the result if inputs are 25 and 25 ? ---> =

4) Inputs can be integers , floats , strings and so on

5) Use ternary operator

'''

try:

```
a = eval(input('Enter 1st input : '))
```

```
b = eval(input('Enter 2nd input : '))
```

```
c = '>' if a > b else '<' if a < b else '='
```

```
print('Result : ', c)
```

```
except NameError:
```

```
print('Input string should be in quotes')
```

```
except TypeError:
```

```
print('Inputs can not be complex numbers')
```

## PDF 7

'''

Write a program to print 1 if input is +ve , -1 if input is -ve and 0 if input is 0

1) What is the result if input is -25 ? ---> -1

2) What is the result if input is 75 ? ---> 1

3) What is the result if input is 0 ? ---> 0

4) Use nested ternary operator

'''

try:

```
x = float(input('Enter any number : '))
```

```
y = 1 if x > 0 else -1 if x < 0 else 0
```

```
print('Result : ', y)
```

except:

```
print('Input should be int or float number')
```

## PDF8

'''

Write a program to test input is even number or odd number

1) What is an even number ? ---> Divisible by 2

2) What is an odd number ? ---> Not divisible by 2

3) Use ternary operator

'''

try:

```
x = int(input('Enter any +ve integer : '))
```

```
y = 'Even number' if x % 2 == 0 else 'Odd number'
```

```
print(y)
```

except:

```
print('Input should be an integer')
```

'''

1) What is the issue with `x % 2 = 0` ? ---> operand1 of `=` should be a reference but `x % 2` is an expression

2) Can `== 0` be omitted from `x % 2 == 0` ? ---> Yes but the messages need to be interchanged

i.e. `msg = 'Odd Number' if x % 2 else 'Even Number'`

'''

## PDF 9

# getpass() function demo program

```
import getpass
```

```
usr = input('User Name : ') #Scott
pwd = getpass . getpass('Password : ') # Tiger
print('Logging in ... ')
print('User name : ' , usr)
print('Password : ' , pwd)
'''
```

getpass() function

- 
- 1) What does getpass() function do ? ---> Reads a string without echo
  - 2) In other words, user input is not visible on the screen
  - 3) How is getpass() function different from input() function ? ---> input() function reads a string with echo but  
getpass() function reads a string without echo
  - 4) When is getpass() function recommended ? ---> To read sensitive data such as password
  - 5) In other words, user name can be echoed but not password
  - 6) Where is getpass() function defined ? ---> In getpass module
- '''

PDF 10

# getsizeof() function demo program

```
import sys
print(sys . getsizeof(25)) # size of int object
print(sys . getsizeof(10.8)) # size of float object
print(sys . getsizeof(3 + 4j)) # size of complex object
print(sys . getsizeof('Rama Rao')) # size of str object
print(sys . getsizeof(True)) # size of bool object
print(sys . getsizeof(None)) # size of None object
print(sys . getsizeof([10 , 20 , 15 , 18])) # size of list with 4 elements
#print(getsizeof()) # Error becoz there is no getsizeof() function in current module
'''
```

getsizeof() function

- 
- 1) What does getsizeof(object) do ? ---> Returns size of any python object in the form of bytes
  - 2) Where is getsizeof() function defined ? ---> In sys module
- '''

PDF 11

# Write a program to print month calendar

```
import calendar
try:
    mnth = int(input('Enter month (1 - 12) : ')) # 8
    year = int(input('Enter year : ')) # 1947
```

```
print(calendar . month(year , mnth))
except:
    print('Input month number should be between 1 and 12')
```

'''

month() function

-----

- 1) What does month() function do ? ---> Returns month calendar
- 2) What are the two arguments of month() function ? ---> Year and month
- 3) What does month(2021 , 4) do ? ---> Returns April 2021 calendar
- 4) Is month(2099 , 13) valid ? ---> No becoz month 13 is invalid month number
- 5) Where is month() function defined ? ---> In calendar module

'''

PDF 12

# Write a program to print year calendar

```
import calendar
year = int(input('Enter year : '))
print(calendar . calendar(year))
```

'''

calendar() function

-----

- 1) What does calendar() function do ? ---> Returns year calendar
- 2) What is the argument of calendar() function ? ---> Year
- 3) Where is calendar() function defined ? ---> In calendar module

'''