# 7. (a) CTS Test 7

<b>Test Summary</b>
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No. of Sections: 3No. of Questions: 75

• Total Duration: 75 min

## **Section 1 - Quantitative aptitude**

Section	Summary
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No. of Questions: 25Duration: 25 min

<b>Addit</b> None	onal Instructions:	
Q1.	the printed price on a book is Rs.400, a bookseller offers a 10% discount on it.if he state book is:	still earns a profit of 12% ,then the cost price of
	Rs.280	
	Rs.352	
	Rs.360	
	Rs.300	
Q2.	A train runs at a speed of 42 m/s and takes 35seconds to pass a tunnel .after trave a pole . what is the length of the tunnel?	lling some distance,it takes 15 seconds to pass
	162 m	
	630 m	
	840 m	
	240 m	
Q3.	A number when divided by the sum of 555 and 445 gives two times their difference	as quotient and 30 as remainder. The number is
	22030	
	220030	

Processing math: 100%

23030

24030

	60 m/s	
	6.2m/s	
	55 m/s	
	55.7 m/s	
Q5.	what is the value of [52*258/6252]/7	
	5	
	25	
	625	
	0.3	
Q6.	in a bid, two firms A and B are competing against each other.if the probability of a be A is 0.8 and if it is known that the bid is won by the one who quotes the lowest price	id amount quoted by B being lower than that of e,what is the probability that A wins the bid?
	0.8	
	0.004	
	0.2	
	0.001	
Q7.	1. 15% profit,the selling price of dozen pencil is Rs.13.80.Then what is the cost price of	f a pencil?
	Rs.1.15	
	Rs.1	
	Rs.0.85	
	Rs.1.10	
Q8.	During a quality control conference if 30 employees are seated in column, then 50 cemployees are seated in a column then how many such columns could be formed?	column could be formed.However, if 25

Sakhil travels first half of the distance 50m/s and second half at 75m/s. The total distance travelled is 3 km. Find his average speed of travels for the entire journey

Processing math: 100%

Q4.

	105	
	100	
	75	
	60	
Q9.	What are the largest 4 - digit and the smallest 3- digit numbers divisible by 6,15,21 a	nd 24?
	9235,420	
	9980,840	
	9240,840	
	9999,999	
Q10.	If a number is 4 times a number A and three times a number B equals to sum of nur is the value of A:B?	mber B and 7 times of the number A,then what
	3:2	
	2:3	
	4:3	
	3:4	
Q11.	To fill a storage tank of wheat,20 containers full of wheat are required. How many cosame tank if the capacity of the container is reduced to 2/5 th of their present capacity.	ontainers of wheat will be required to fill the city?
	30	
	40	
	60	
	50	
Q12.	Rajesh commutes daily by traveling 4/5 of distance between his home and office by on foot. What is distance between his home and office?	metro train,3/20 by auto and remaining 1 km
	12 km	

	16 km	
	24km	
	20km	
Q13.	Namita has 4.2 kg of flour. She has been asked to make 5 cup cakes out of every 1, out of the flour she has?	'2 kg of flour How many cup cakes can she bak
	42	
	24	
	30	
	21	
Q14.	Evaluate: (4.56 ^3 +5.44^3)/(4.56^2-4.56*5.44+5.44^2)	
	0.88	
	-0.88	
	1	
	10	
Q15.	What is value of i^34?	
	-1	
	1	
	0	
	i	
Q16.	Aaron was riding his bike.He rode 50 m south and took a left turn to ride another 70 50m again and finally he took a right turn to ride 60m more.How far and in which di	m .After that he took another left turn and rode rection is he from starting point?
	120 m,west	
	110m,east	

	110m,west	
	130m,east	
Q17.	A salesman has a record of selling even rejected piece to his customer without letti fault. His skills are rated with a probability of 80% efficiency. If he is given 20 faulty it	
	80	
	16	
	20	
	4	
Q18.	Sawroops draws a certain amount of money from ATM machine. Number of rs. 500 notes. Which of the followinf can be possible amount drawn	notes are double the number of Rs.100
	5000	
	8800	
	10000	
	9500	
Q19.	A train Rajdhani starts from Suratkal at 5 a.m with the speed of 15kmph. Another tradition at 7 a.m with the speed of 20kmph. At what time will both the trains meet	ain starts from Shatabi the same place in same each other?
	3.00 pm	
	2.00 pm	
Q20.	12.00 pm	
	1.00 pm	
	Riya sold the car for car Rs.50000 less than what she bought it for and lost 8%.At w wanted to gain as much as she losting the first transaction?	hat price should she have sold the car,If she
	625000	
	650000	
	675000	

637500	
700000	
Pulse rate of a teenager is 12 beats in 10 sec. at this rate would his pulse rate more minute?	e than, equal to or less than 100 beats per
less than	
greater than	
equal to	
not sufficient	
20 men can do a job in 10 days,working 8 hrs a day.if women are 33.33% more efficiently finish the same job in 10 days,working 6 hrs a day?	cient than men,how many women will it take to
10	
15	
20	
18	
In a class of 25 students,the probability that any one girls will be absent on an given being student 0.3.b calculate the probability of that all student present at Tuesday.	n day is 0.2. the probability of one of the boys
0.3^0.1*0.2^15	
0.7^10*0.8^15	
0.8^10*0.7^15	
0.2^10*0.3^15	
Find x: 8^-1* x = (4)^-1	
	1
3	
4	

Q21.

Q22.

Q23.

Q24.

	·	
Q25.	In a book shop 10% discount for every book and 5% discount for total amount of book for Rs.450,Rs.520 and Rs.250.How much he saved from the purchase?	ook purchased is above Rs.1000.a man bought a
	176.9	
	123.8	
	175.8	
	123.78	
	Section 2 - Reasoning Ability	
	<b>Summary</b> estions: 25 25 min	
<b>Additi</b> None	onal Instructions:	
Q1.	Pointing towards a person in a photograph Pinki said, he is the cousin of my mothe	r's husband.How is that person related to pinki?
	Father	
	Uncle	
	Brother	
	Brother-in-law	
Q2.	24:50::102:?	
	204	
	206	
	152	
	156	
Q3.	1.Lion 2.Dog 3.Duck 4.Insect 5.Deer	

Processing math: 100%, 2,3,5,1

	4,2,3,1,5	
	4,3,2,5,1	
	4,3,2,1,5	
Q4.	Arrange in the most meaningfull order: 1.tajmahal 2.india 3.asia 4.agra 5.uttar prad	esh
	1,5,4,2,3	
	1,4,2,5,3	
	3,2,4,5,1	
	3,2,5,4,1	
Q5.	A child while coming home from his school first goes 4 kms towards south-east,the towards north-west.In which direction is he from his school?	en 8 kms towards west.He then goes 4 kms
	East	
	North	
	South-east	
	West	
Q6.	P is the son-in-law of S.T and Q are the children of P. M is the mother of T. How is N	I related to S?
	Daughter	
	Son	
	Mother	
	Sister	
Q7.	A man goes to the park and sees a girl who he recognized to be his relative. The gir wife. How is the girl Related to the man?	I was the daughter of his sister?s husband?s
	Nigo	
	Niece	
	Sister-in-law	

	Sister	
	Aunt	
Q8.	A programmer is making a database of animals in a zoo along with their properties .Each one has attributes as herbivorous, color and nocturnal . The programmer use for this.How will the system be conceptualized?	
	Class Animal;objects:dog,lion and zebra,data members:herbivorous color and nocturnal	
	Class Animal,objects:herbivorous,color and nocturnal data members: dog,lion and zebra	
	Classes dog, lion and zebra ;objects animal;database herbivorous color and nocturnal	
	None of the above	
Q9.	Pick the odd man out.	
	AE5	
	DF6	
	HN14	
	KF18	
Q10.	Read the passage and answer the question based on the information given i)A,B,C, birthday dates from Jan to May.Each friends are born in one of these months ii)Each birthday out of rice,mutton,chicken,burger and pizza iii) The one who likes pizza is brings rice for D in April v) E who is fond of burger,is born in the next month immed mutton In which month was E born	ch one likes one particular item for his/her oorn on March iv)C does not likes pizza but
	January	
	February	
	March	
	April	
Q11.	Read the passage and answer the question based on the information given i)A,B,C, birthday dates from Jan to May.Each friends are born in one of these months ii)Eac	

birthday out of rice,mutton,chicken,burger and pizza iii) The one who likes pizza is born on March iv)C does not likes pizza but brings rice for D in April v) E who is fond of burger,is born in the next month immediately after B vi) B does not like burgers or

mutton Which is the choice of C?

	Pizza	
	Rice	
	Mutton	
	Chicken	
Q12.	The given sign signify something and on that basis, assume the given statements to and II is/are definitely true A+B means A is equal to B A-B means A is not equal to B BmeansAisgreaterthanBA * BmeansAislessthanBA/BmeansAisgreaterthanequaltoBStateme i) D+F ii) E\$G	A
	Only i is true	
	Only ii is true	
	Both are correct	
	None of these are true	
Q13.	From the given choice select odd one out	
	FU	
	DW	
	CX	
	NR	
Q14.	8 people namely A,S,D,F,G,H,J and K are sitting around circular table facing the center sitting 3 position away from D in the clockwise direction. J is sitting adjacent to D arright. K is sitting adjacent to S and f is not sitting opposite to D. Which direction A fa	nd opposite to A.A is sitting adjacent to S on his
	South-east	
	North-West	
	North-East	
	South-west	
Q15.	If North-West becomes East and North-East become south and so on. Then what do	es east become

Processing math: 100% outh-West

	North-East	
	North-West	
	South-East	
Q16.	From the given choice select the odd one out	
	PRV	
	LMP	
	DGL	
	BEL	
Q17.	Select the right option from the given alternatives D4T:H4P:L5R:?	
	P4N	
	Q5M	
	P4N	
	Q4N	
Q18.	Problem question : Who is the son of R? Statements : 1) P is R's sister 2) Q is the son of P	
	statement 1 alone is sufficient	
	statement 2 alone is sufficient	
	both statements put together are sufficient	
	both the statements even put together are not sufficient	
Q19.	I was facing north . I turned 100deg in the anticlockwise direction and then 155deg facing now?	in the clockwise direction which direction am
	east	
	north-east	

	north	
	south-west	
Q20.	Choose the answer option that arranges the given set of words is the 'most' meaning should make logical sense according in size, quality, quantity, occurrence of events, volume 1. Community 2. Locality 3. Family 4. Country 5. Person	ngful order.the word when put in logical order alue,appearance,nature,process etc.
	4,1,2,3,5	
	4,2,1,3,5	
	5,3,2,1,4	
	5,3,4,2,1	
Q21.	choose the answer option that arranges the give set of words in the ?most? meaning values appearance nature process etc? 1. Lion 2. Dog 3. Duck 4. Inset 5. Deer	ngful to size,quality, quantity occurrence of even
	4,2,3,5,1	
	4,2,3,1,5	
	4,3,2,5,1	
	4,3,2,1,5	
Q22.	Two friends raman and rajan strat a race and run together for 20 kms towards east east and rajan continues running in the east for 8kms . How far are the two friends	
	6kms	
	20 kms	
	18 kms	
	30 kms	
Q23.	a.Tom,Joy and John are honest. b.Tom, Jack and Michael are ambitious. c.Michael are intelligent. Which one of the following persons is not hard working.	and Joy are hard working d.Joy ,Jack and Johr
	Joy	
	Michael	
Processing math	: 100% annot be determined	

None of these

- Q24. How is Mr.Sharma are related to santhosh Statements
  - 1)Santhosh's mother has two daughter's
  - 2)Santhosh's sister is the wife of Mr.Sharma's son

Statement 1 alone is sufficient to answering the problem question

Statement 2 alone is sufficient to answering the problem question

both the statement are put together are sufficient in answering the problem question

Both the statements are even put together are not sufficient in answering the problem question

Either of the statement are put together in answering the problem question

Q25. Problem question what is the value of A+B+C Statements:

1.A+B is twice the value of C and C is a positive square root of 49

2.A,B and C are equal and their sum is multiple of 5

Statement 1 alone is sufficient in answering the problem question

Statement 2 alone is sufficient in answering the problem question

Either of the statement taken individually is sufficient in answering the problem question

Both statement put together are sufficient in answering the problem question

Both statement even put together are not sufficient in answering the problem question

### **Section 3 - Verbal Ability**

#### **Section Summary**

• No. of Questions: 25

Duration: 25 min

## **Additional Instructions:**

None

The great event of the New York cultural season of 1882 was the visit of the sixty-two-year-old English philosopher and social commentator Herbert Spencer. Nowhere did Spencer have a larger or more enthusiastic following than in the United States, where such works as **Social Statics** and **The Data of Ethics** were celebrated as powerful justifications for laissez-faire capitalism. Competition was preordained; its result was progress; and any institution that stood in the way of individual liberties was violating the natural order. **Survival of the fittest** a phrase the Charles Darwin took from Spencer made free competition a social as well as a natural law. Spencer was, arguably, the single most influence, compared with that of Darwin, Marx, or Mill, was short-lived, spencer was, arguably, the single most influential systematic think the nineteenth century but his influence compared with that of Darwin, Marx or mill, was short lived in 1937 the Harvard social states.

had one big easily grasped idea and a mass of more particular ideas that supposedly flowed from the big one. The big idea was evolution but while Darwin applied it to species change, speculating about society and culture only with reluctance. Spencer saw evolution working everywhere.

What is the author most likely to agree in the following?

Darwin's idea of evolution precede that of spencer
Both darwin and Spencer got the idea of the evolution at the same time
Spencer's idea of evolution precede that of Darwin's
Darwin and spencer worked on totally different models of evolution

Q2. The impressive recent growth of certain sectors of the Indian economy is a necessary but insufficient condition for the elimination of extreme poverty. In order to ensure that the poorest benefit from this growth, and also contribute to it, the expansion and improvement of the microfinance sector should be a national priority studies suggest that the impact of microfinance on the poorest is greater than on the poor, and yet another that non-participating members of communities where microfinance operates experience socio-economic gains suggesting strong spillover effects. Moreover, well-managed microfinance institutions (MFIs) have shown a capacity to wean themselves off of subsidies and become sustainable within a few years. Microfinance is powerful, but it is clearly no panacea. Microfinance does not directly address some structural problems facing Indian society and the economy, and it is not yet as efficient as it will be when economies of scale are realised and a more supportive policy environment is created. Loan products are still too inflexible, and savings and insurance services that the poor also need are not widely available due to regulatory barriers Still, microfinance is one of the few market-based, scaleable anti-poverty solutions that is in place in India today, and the argument to scale it up to meet the overwhelming need is compelling. According to Sa-Dhan, the overall outreach is 6.5 million families and the sector-wide loan portfolio is Rs 2,500 crore. However, this is meeting only 10% of the estimated demand. Importantly, new initiatives are expanding this success story to the some of the country's poorest regions, such as eastern and central Uttar Pradesh. The local and national governments have an important role to play in ensuring the growth and improvement of microfinance. First and foremost, the market should be left to set interest rates, not the state. Ensuring transparency and full disclosure of rates including fees is something the government should ensure, and something that new technologies as well as reporting and data standards are already enabling. Furthermore, government regulators should set clear criteria for allowing MFIs to mobilise savings for on-lending to the poor; this would allow for a large measure of financial independence amongst well-managed MFIs. Each Indian state could consider forming a multi-party working group to meet with microfinance leaders and have a dialogue with them about how the policy environment could be made more supportive and to clear up misperceptions. There is an opportunity to make a real dent in hard-core poverty through microfinance. By unleashing the entrepreneurial talent of the poor, we will slowly but surely transform India in ways we can only begin to imagine today. which of following will the author a free to?

indian economy growth will solve the problem of poverty.
indian economy growth is not enough to solve the problem of poverty
indian economy growth aggravetes the problem of poverty
none of these

Q3.

bFor its new fridge, Whirlpool Corp. spent months inventing a shelf with microscopic etching so it can hold a can of spilled soda. The technology is just one weapon against a dirty kitchen secret: Most Americans clean their fridges only once or twice a year. Whirlpool hopes that increasing the amount of storage space might help. The company's new shelves to be released later this year are 25% roomier than previous models. And the microscopic etching creates surface tension, causing liquids to bubble up around the perimeter instead of spilling over, it says. Currently, shelves in Whirlpool's refrigerators have a plastic rim to help contain spills. Unfortunately, the rims have "the side effect of crud getting stuck in there", say Carolyn Kelley, brand manager of Whirlpool refrigeration. The new shelves available on new Whirlpool models that cost from 1, 199to 1,499 would eliminate that problem because they don't require a rim to stop leaks. Since people tend to throw out appliance manuals without reading them, Sub-Zero placed the card in a prominent spot in the fridge: the inside of the door. "It's not in your face, but it's pretty conspicuous", Mr. Leuthe says. Indeed, when consumers are told how to organize their fridges, they tend to tidy up. In a 2005 study, Pennsylvania State University researchers inspected fridges in the homes of 28 consumers in Centre County and Huntingdon County, Pa. They found temperatures were on average about three degrees higher than the recommended 40 degrees Fahrenheit. Fridges were also packed so tightly that air flow, which is necessary to keep food cold, was impeded. And then there was the "ick" factor: In one home, researchers found that a study participant's dog was licking the bottom shelf when the door was open. During that first visit, researchers told study participants about harmful bacteria that could exist in the fridge and gave tips on how to keep it clean. When the researchers returned to the same homes a month later, they found that things had improved markedly. People had spread out their items, and air flow had improved. People also said they intended to clean their fridges more often. But the hassle factor can override even the strongest good intentions. "It's a pain" to clean the refrigerator, says Catherine Cutter, associate professor and food safety extension specialist at Penn State. "It is a daunting task to get in there, clean and sanitize." And the task is too easy to avoid, says Debra Johnson, training manager at Merry Maids LP, a cleaning service headquartered in Memphis, Tenn. The mer "out of sight, out of mind when the door is closed." Ms. Johnson has seen all levels of refrigerator nastiness. "It could be thing

Processing math: 100% ve been left in there that look like a science project because it's covered with so much mold," she says. Broken eggs can be

pain to clean, too. The yolk hardens and can be tough to scrub off. Ms. Johnson recommends that people explore the depths of their fridges once a week for food that needs to be tossed. She suggests cleaning one shelf at a time so that the task is less overwhelming. People should also be sure to clean what is often the dirtiest part of the fridge: underneath the bottom drawers where spilled liquid usually ends up. "It's going somewhere",he says. "It doesn't just evaporate". Dirty fridge isn't just an aesthetic problem. Spills and food residue can carry health risks, too, says Penn State's Ms. Cutter. Consumers especially have to be careful with leaks from packages of raw meat, which can contaminate other food. If the meat contains E. coli, for example, the bacteria in the drippings could end up on food like fruits and vegetables, which are often eaten raw. Ms. Cutter also advises cleaning places that may harbor bacteria, such as the door handle and the drip tray located under the ice and water dispenser. At least one manufacturer is rolling out bacteria-killing technology. Last year, Viking Range released a built-in model (priced from 6, 600to 8,800) that contains Sharp Electronics Corp's Plasmacluster Ion Air Purifier. The device, located at the top of the fridge, generates positive and negative ions that break down bacteria, mold and mildew, says Sue Bailey, the company's director of major appliance product management. In a test conducted by an outside firm hired by Viking Range, the Plasmacluster killed 99% of the bacteria in the fridge. Even the most high-tech solutions can be thwarted by consumers who have a hard time throwing away food. Jennifer Smith, a digital marketing director in Bronxville, N.Y., says her husband, who grew up on an organic farm, has tried to salvage everything from moldy cheese to old salad dressing. "He doesn't like to throw things out," Ms. Smith says. "I think we should." She says, "I have to go behind his back and look at some of the condiments and throw them out." Luckily, he doesn't notice. Read the given passage and answer the given question.

which one these have not been highlighting as one of the way solving problem of messy refrigerators?

advanced technology	
more spacious shelves	
increasing lighting	
cleaning up more often	

Q4. The impressive recent growth of certain sectors of the Indian economy is a necessary but insufficient condition for the elimination of extreme poverty. In order to ensure that the poorest benefit from this growth, and also contribute to it, the expansion and improvement of the microfinance sector should be a national priority. Studies suggest that the impact of microfinance on the poorest is greater than on the poor, and yet another that non-participating members of communities where microfinance operates experience socio-economic gains suggesting strong spillover effects. Moreover, well-managed microfinance institutions (MFIs) have shown a capacity to wean themselves off of subsidies and become sustainable within a few years. Microfinance is powerful. but it is clearly no panacea. Microfinance does not directly address some structural problems facing Indian society and the economy, and it is not yet as efficient as it will be when economies of scale are realised and a more supportive policy environment is created. Loan products are still too inflexible, and savings and insurance services that the poor also need are not widely available due to regulatory barriers Still, microfinance is one of the few market-based, scaleable anti-poverty solutions that is in place in India today, and the argument to scale it up to meet the overwhelming need is compelling. According to Sa-Dhan, the overall outreach is 6.5 million families and the sector-wide loan portfolio is Rs 2,500 crore. However, this is meeting only 10% of the estimated demand. Importantly, new initiatives are expanding this success story to the some of the country's poorest regions, such as eastern and central Uttar Pradesh. The local and national governments have an important role to play in ensuring the growth and improvement of microfinance. First and foremost, the market should be left to set interest rates, not the state. Ensuring transparency and full disclosure of rates including fees is something the government should ensure, and something that new technologies as well as reporting and data standards are already enabling. Furthermore, government regulators should set clear criteria for allowing MFIs to mobilise savings for on-lending to the poor, this would allow for a large measure of financial independence amongst well-managed MFIs. Each Indian state could consider forming a multi-party working group to meet with microfinance leaders and have a dialogue with them about how the policy environment could be made more supportive and to clear up misperceptions. There is an opportunity to make a real dent in hard-core poverty through microfinance. By unleashing the entrepreneurial talent of the poor, we will slowly but surely transform India in ways we can only begin to imagine today. what is the author view about interest rate?

the goverment should set them	
there shoukd be transparency with regard to them	
the market forces should set them	
both a and b	
both b and c	

Q5. Affable: (MEANING)

	IDIOTIC
	UPTIGHT
	RISING
	BREEZY
Q6.	Photograph(MEANING)
	REMEMBER
	DELETE
	SHOOT
	CAPTURE
Q7.	Avert(MEANING)
	PRECLUDE
	WORTH
	ACCEPT
	REJECT
Q8.	Premediate(OPP)
	PLAN
	CHAOS
	DISORDER
	GO
Q9.	Discrete(OPP)
	LINKED
	DISCONNECTED
	DISORDER

FREE
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Q10. The unique Iron Age Experimental Centre at Lejre, about 40 km west of Copenhagen, serves as a museum, a classroom and a place to get away from it all. How did people live during the Iron Age? How did they support themselves? What did they eat and how did they cultivate the land? These and a myriad of other questions prodded the pioneers of the Lejre experiment. Living in the open and working 10 hours a day, volunteers from all over Scandinavia led by 30 experts, built the first village in the ancient encampment in a matter of months. The house walls were of clay, the roofs of hay - all based on original designs. Then came the second stage - getting back to the basics of living. Families were invited to stay in the 'prehistoric village' for a week or two at a time and rough it Iron Age-style. Initially, this experiment proved none too easy for modern Danes accustomed to central heating, but it convinced the centre that there was something to the Lejre project. Little by little, the modern Iron Agers learnt that their huts were, after all, habitable. The problems were numerous - smoke belching out from the rough-and-ready fireplaces into the rooms and so on. These problems, however, have led to some discoveries: domed smoke ovens made of clay, for example, give out more heat and consume less fuel than an open fire, and when correctly stoked, they are practically smokeless. By contacting other museums, the Lejre team has been able to reconstruct ancient weaving looms and pottery kilns. Iron Age dyeing techniques, using local natural vegetation, have also been revived, as have ancient baking and cooking methods. Select the correct answer option based on the passage. What is the main purpose of building the Iron Age experimental center?

Prehistoric village where people can stay for a week or two to get away from modern living

Replicate the Iron Age to get a better understanding of the time and people of that era

To discover the differences between a doomed smoke oven and an open fire to identify the more efficient of the two

Revive activities of ancient women such as weaving, pottery, dyeing, cooking and baking

Q11. Vacations are a chance to take a break from work, see the world and enjoy time with family. But do they make you happier. Researcher from the Netherlands set out to measure the effect that vacations have on overall happiness and how long it lasts. They studied happiness levels among 1,530 Dutch adults, 974 of whom took a vacation during the 32-week study period. The study, published in the journal Applied Research in Quality of Life, showed that the largest boost in happiness comes from the simple act of planning a vacation. In the study, the effect of vacation anticipation boosted happiness for eight weeks. After the vacation, happiness quickly dropped back to baseline levels for most people. How much stress or relaxation a traveler experienced on the trip appeared to influence post-vacation happiness. There was no post-trip happiness benefit for travelers who said the vacation was neutral or stressful?. Surprisingly, even those travelers who described the trip as relaxing showed no additional jump in happiness after the trip. They were no happier than people who had not been on holiday, said the lead author, Jeroen Nawijn, tourism research lecturer at Breda University of Applied Sciences in the Netherlands. The only vacationers who experienced an increase in happiness after the trip were those who reported feeling very relaxed on their vacation. Among those people, the vacation happiness effect lasted for just two weeks after the trip before returning to baseline levels?. Vacations do make people happy,," Mr. Nawijn said". But we found people who are anticipating holiday trips show signs of increased happiness, and afterward there is hardly an effect. On reason vacations don't boost happiness after the trip may have to do with the stress of returning to work. And for some travelers, the holiday itself was stressful. In comments from people, the thing they mentioned most referred to disagreements with a travel partner or being ill, "M. Nawijn said". The research controlled for differences among the vacationers and those who hadn't taken a trip, including income level, stress and education. However, Mr. Nawijn noted that guestions remain about whether the time of year, type of trip and other factors may influence post-vacation happiness. The study didn't find any relationship between the length of the vacation and overall happiness. Since most of the happiness boost comes from planning and anticipating a vacation, the study suggests that people may get more out of several small trips a year than one big vacation, "Mr. Nawijn said". The practical lesson for an individual is that you derive most of your happiness from anticipating the holiday trip," he said". What you can do is try to increase that by taking more trips per year. If you have a two week holiday you can split it up and have two one week holidays. You could try to increase the anticipation effect by talking about it more and maybe discussing it online." M. Nawijn said" that while he expected the study results to show a prevacation happiness boost, he was surprised that the study showed that relaxed holidays didn?t affect post-trip happiness levels. "People start working again", he said. They have to catch up. Usually there is a big pile of work for them when they get back from the holiday. What is the suitable for the passage?

STRESS LEVEL HIGHER DURING THE VACATION

CAN THE VACATION CAN MAKE THE PERSON HAPPY

BEAT THE STRESS STAY AWAY FROM THE VACATION ALL TOGETHER

VACATION BEING EXPERIENCED WITH MORE STRESS AT WORKPLACE

Processing math: 100%

Q12. Antonym: STATIONARY

	Active
	Mobile
	Rapid
	Busy
Q13.	Antonym : SETTLED
	Stationary
	Fixed
	Inactive
	Mobile
Q14.	Antonym: WORTHLESS
	cheap
	barren
	Valuable
	pointless
Q15.	Antonym : BROADLY
	Specifically
	Individually
	Separately
	Hardly

Read the passage and answer the questions given below Urban Zen: As different and conflicting as those contrasting worlds are, however, bringing them together makes perfect sense to Donna Karan. The designer's latest passion, the Urban Zen Foundation, a New York City?based philanthropic organization that she created in 2007, is all about exploring the intersection between the complex reality of our busy lives and the simplicity and focus of a more spiritual existence. "It's about finding the calm in the chaos," she is fond of saying. The quest for that balance has taken Karan far from her studios on Seventh Avenue and landed her in the middle of a cancer ward at Beth Israel Hospital on Manhattan's east side. Through the foundation, Karan has transformed an entire floor of the hospital into a living laboratory to test the idea that integrative therapies, such as aromatherapy, massage and yoga, can improve patient experiences in the hospital and possibly even better help people heal. For Karan, taking on the role

Processing math: 100% come a leader in the fashion community not only for her work in design but also for her broader perspective from the Seven

Pieces collections she designed in the 1980s, which gave professional women a solution to the daily conundrums of the modern world, to her linking of commerce with a cause when she conceived of Seventh on Sale, an annual sample sale of the industry's most coveted labels to help those living with HIV. Always energetic, often to the point of frenetic nervousness, Karan is described by those who know her best as "passionate," "wild," "insane" and, at times, "cuckoo." It's no surprise, then, that the runways have never been able to contain the Queens-born Karan. She still ends the program notes of her shows with the phrase "To be continued," reflecting her conviction that her education in style, design and inspiration is an ever evolving process one that often takes her far beyond runways and studios. Well traveled, Karan is passionate about learning, particularly studying different cultures and disciplines. Fascinated by Eastern philosophies on spirituality, the longtime yoga devotee is now consumed with exploring the world of integrative medicine, an emerging field that combines traditional medical practices with those that are still considered a bit fringe meditatio, yoga, massage and aromatherapy by most members of the medical community. Wat describes the personality of Donna karan?

	Passion for evolution
	Aloof and career-oriented
	Constant desire to be in the limelight
	No real interest in spiritual and religious aspects.
Q17.	Antonym : PRANKISH
	Whimsical
	Machiavellian
	Impish
	Serious

Q18. Read the passage and answer the questions given below Urban Zen: As different and conflicting as those contrasting worlds are, however, bringing them together makes perfect sense to Donna Karan. The designer's latest passion, the Urban Zen Foundation, a New York City?based philanthropic organization that she created in 2007, is all about exploring the intersection between the complex reality of our busy lives and the simplicity and focus of a more spiritual existence. "It's about finding the calm in the chaos," she is fond of saying. The quest for that balance has taken Karan far from her studios on Seventh Avenue and landed her in the middle of a cancer ward at Beth Israel Hospital on Manhattan's east side. Through the foundation, Karan has transformed an entire floor of the hospital into a living laboratory to test the idea that integrative therapies, such as aromatherapy, massage and yoga, can improve patient experiences in the hospital and possibly even better help people heal. For Karan, taking on the role of alternative health-care ambassador is a perfectly logical step. A born entrepreneur who has always followed her instincts, she has become a leader in the fashion community not only for her work in design but also for her broader perspective from the Seven Easy Pieces collections she designed in the 1980s, which gave professional women a solution to the daily conundrums of the modern world, to her linking of commerce with a cause when she conceived of Seventh on Sale, an annual sample sale of the industry's most coveted labels to help those living with HIV. Always energetic, often to the point of frenetic nervousness, Karan is described by those who know her best as "passionate," "wild," "insane" and, at times, "cuckoo." It's no surprise, then, that the runways have never been able to contain the Queens-born Karan. She still ends the program notes of her shows with the phrase "To be continued," reflecting her conviction that her education in style, design and inspiration is an ever evolving process on that often takes her far beyond runways and studios. Well traveled, Karan is passionate about learning, particularly studying different cultures and disciplines. Fascinated by Eastern philosophies on spirituality, the longtime yoga devotee is now consumed with exploring the world of integrative medicine, an emerging field that combines traditional medical practices with those that are still considered a bit fringe, meditatio, yoga, massage and aromatherapy by most members of the medical community. Whatis the aim of Urban Zen Foundation?

it helps one succeed in career	
it helps find peace in the middle of chaotic lives	
the primary focus is on providing diagnosis and medication	

Processing math: 100% brings together fashion and health care

Q20.

trial	
Probationary	
Speculative	
Certain	
Antonym : FIGURATIVE	
Symbolic	
Illustrative	
Literal	
Pictoral	

Q21. Read the passage and answer the questions given below From the dawn of time, people have suspected powerful forces lurking deep in the oceans from the Greeks' fearsome sea-god Neptune to John Wyndham's submarine aliens in his 1950s novel The Kraken Wakes. But science is once again going one better than science fiction. Researchers are discovering that hidden 'rivers' run through the oceans, and these powerful currents hold the destiny of our planet's climate. The beneficial aspects of ocean currents have long been known. For countries on the east side of the Atlantic, winters are a balmy holiday compared with the same latitudes on the west: the frigid coasts of Newfoundland and Labrador. It's a reminder that "weather" is not just a matter of the Sun's heat affecting the Earth's atmosphere. The world's interconnected oceans can store up solar heat in one part of the globe in one season, and invisible rivers in the ocean can transport the warmth thousands of kilometres to another part of the globe and deliver it in another season. In the case of the North Atlantic, heat is carried northward and eastward by the Gulf Stream. This current warms the coast evenly through the year, in winter as well as summer. Averaged over a year, the Gulf Stream provides Western Europe with a third as much warmth as the Sun does. This ocean warmth is so important to Europe that climatologists are seriously concerned about the stability of the Gulf Stream. If it switched off, Europe would be plunged into a mini-lce Age. And current studies suggest that the unseen river in the North Atlantic is dangerously fickle. The focus of today's worries is the problem of global warming - the way that human activities are changing the climate, as the world gets warmer through the build-up of so-called greenhouse gases, such as carbon dioxide. Climatologists think that global warming may put the brakes on the Gulf Stream. While the rest of the world comes to swelter in greenhouse conditions, Europe would freeze! This concern is based on a new understanding of how the great ocean currents are all interconnected. The Gulf Stream is part of a giant pattern of moving water that stretches right around the globe.

Which of the following statements are correct about Gulf stream?

It is a ocean which spreads warmth evenly across the coast

Solar heat is carried in North-East direction

It is a part of giant pattern of moving water around the world

Both 1 and 3

Read the passage and answer the questions given below From the dawn of time, people have suspected powerful forces lurking deep in the oceans from the Greeks' fearsome sea-god Neptune to John Wyndham's submarine aliens in his 1950s novel The Kraken Wakes. But science is once again going one better than science fiction. Researchers are discovering that hidden 'rivers' run through the oceans, and these powerful currents hold the destiny of our planet's climate. The beneficial aspects of ocean currents have long been known. For countries on the east side of the Atlantic, winters are a balmy holiday compared with the same latitudes on the west: the frigid coasts of Newfoundland and Labrador. It's a reminder that "weather" is not just a matter of the Sun's heat affecting the Earth's atmosphere. The world's interconnected oceans can store up solar heat in one part of the globe in one solar matter of the globe and deliver it is

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What is the possible meaning of "fickle"?

constant flow in one direction
likely to change due to instability
modify under extreme conditions
fixed at one place

Q23. Read the passage and answer the questions given below. Class and money has always strongly affected how people do in life in Britain, with well-heeled family breeding affluent children just as the offspring of the desperately poor tend to be poor. All that supposed to have ceased by the end of the Second World War, with the birth of welfare state designed to meet basic needs and promote social mobility. But despite devoting much thought and more money to improve the lot of the poor, governments have failed to boost those at the bottom of the pile as much as those on top of the pile have boosted themselves. Although the study found that some of the widest gaps between social groups have diminished over time (between men and women on pay, for example, and between various ethnic minorities), deep-seated differences between haves and have-nots persist, blighting the life chances of the less fortunate. Looking at earnings, income, education, employment or wealth, a similar pattern emerges. By the age three, a poor child is outperformed in verbal ability and behavior by a rich one. Much of this difference is explained by ethnicity: unsurprisingly, poor children who do not speak English at home know fewer words in what is their second or third language. A child?s ethnicity becomes less important as he grows: by the age of 16, bright Chinese and Indian students are performing extremely well at school. But throughout his classroom career how well a child does is dominated by how highly educated his parents are and how much money they bring home. Politicians of all stripes talk about equality of opportunity, arguing that it makes for a fairer and more mobile society, and a more prosperous one. The difficulty arises in putting these notions into practice, through severe tax increases for the middle-class and wealthy, or expanding government intervention.

An insight into the economy of Britain and the failure of the Government

The widening gap between the affluent and the poor.

The problems of putting ideals into practice.

The performance of children of various ethnic groups in school.

Q24. Read the passage and answer the questions given below. Class and money has always strongly affected how people do in life in Britain, with well-heeled family breeding affluent children just as the offspring of the desperately poor tend to be poor. All that supposed to have ceased by the end of the Second World War, with the birth of welfare state designed to meet basic needs and promote social mobility. But despite devoting much thought and more money to improve the lot of the poor, governments have failed to boost those at the bottom of the pile as much as those on top of the pile have boosted themselves. Although the study found that some of the widest gaps between social groups have diminished over time (between men and women on pay, for example, and between various ethnic minorities), deep-seated differences between haves and have-nots persist, blighting the life chances of the less fortunate. Looking at earnings, income, education, employment or wealth, a similar pattern emerges. By the age three, a poor child is outperformed in verbal ability and behavior by a rich one. Much of this difference is explained by ethnicity: unsurprisingly, poor children who do not speak English at home know fewer words in what is their second or third language. A child?s ethnicity becomes less important as he grows: by the age of 16, bright Chinese and Indian students are performing extremely well at school. But throughout his classroom career how well a child does is dominated by how highly educated his parents are and how much money they bring home. Politicians of all stripes talk about equality of opportunity, arguing that it makes for a fairer and more mobile society, and a more prosperous one. The difficulty arises in putting these notions into practice, through severe tax increases for the middle-class and wealthy, or expanding government intervention.

Whic of these can be inferred from the passage as one of the key solutions to reduce the gap between various social groups?

Encouraging ethnic social groups to converse in English even at home so as to develop their verbal ability

	By not disclosing the child?s ethnicity and background of parents at school so as to remove bias from coming in	
	Making the affluent people responsible for the poorer people, since they have been better at generating wealth than the government	
Q25.	A)green home cleaning can be a tiny B)and Imperative step in C)Balancing & preser	ving our nature.
	A	
	В	
	С	
	NO ERROR	

Implementing higher tax rates for the middle class and wealthy so that the gap between the rich and poor can be reduced

,	Section 1 - Quantitative aptitude
Q1	Rs.300
	Solution
Q2	840 m
	Solution
Q3	
QU	220030
	Solution
	(555 + 445) * 2 * 110 + 30 = 220000 + 30 = 220030
Q4	60 m/s
	Solution
Q5	0.3
	Solution
Q6	0.2
	Solution
	[vivek kr. chatterjee] as per the question, probability of 'a' biding lower than 'b' = 1 - 0.8 = 0.2 so probability of wining of 'a' = 0.2 (answer)
07	
Q7	Rs.1

Solution

	Nil
Q8	60
	Solution
	if 30 employees are seated in a column then 50 column could be formed so,total no of employees = 30*50 =1500 now if 25 employees are
	seated in a column then no of columns =1500/25 = 60
Q9	9240,840
	Solution
	Nil
Q10	2:3
	Solution
	Nil
211	
Q11	50
	Solution
010	
Q12	20km
	Solution
	Nil
<b>∩</b> 12	
Q13	42
	Solution

	-0.88
	Solution
	Nil
Q15	-1
	Solution
	Nil
Q16	130m,east
	Solution
Q17	16
	Solution
	Solution
	80% of 20 faulty item is =16
	80% of 20 faulty item is =16
Q18	80% of 20 faulty item is =16  8800
Q18	
Q18	8800
Q18	8800
Q18 Q19	8800
	8800 Solution
	8800 Solution  1.00 pm
	8800 Solution  1.00 pm
	8800 Solution  1.00 pm
Q19	8800 Solution  1.00 pm Solution

Nil

Q21	less than
	Solution
	12 beats in 10 sec,br> 12*6 beats in 10*6 sec
	72 beats in 60 sec/1 min
	option 1 is correct
Q22	20
	Solution
	NIL
Q23	0.8^10*0.7^15
	Solution
	Option no :3;Probability of 1 girl absent is 0.2, one girl present is 1-0.2 is 0.8;Probability of one boy absent is 0.3 one boy present is 1-0.3 is
	0.7;Total students is 25;Total girls id 10;Total boys is 15;So answer is 0.8^10*0.7^15
Q24	2
	Solution
	x/8=1/4 then x=2
Q25	176.9
	Solution
	NIL
	Section 2 - Reasoning Ability
Q1	Uncle
	Solution

Q2	206	
	Solution	
	NIL	
Q3		
QU	4,3,2,5,1	
	Solution	
Q4	3,2,5,4,1	
	Solution	
	_	
OF		
Q5	West	
	Solution	
	-	
Q6	Daughter	
	Solution	
07		
Q7	Niece	
	Solution	
	-	
Q8	Class Animal;objects:dog,lion and zebra,data members:herbivorous color and nocturnal	
	Solution	
Processir	ing math: 100%	

Q9 KF18 Solution Q10 February Solution Q11 Rice Solution Q12 Only i is true Solution Q13  $\mathsf{NR}$ Solution Q14 North-West **Solution** Q15 South-West Solution

Q16 PRV Solution Q17 Q5M Solution Q18 both the statements even put together are not sufficient Solution Q19 north-east Solution Q20 5,3,2,1,4 **Solution** Q21 4,3,2,5,1 Solution NIL

6kms
Processing math: 100%

Q22

	-
Q23	None of these  Solution
Q24	Statement 2 alone is sufficient to answering the problem question  Solution
Q25	Statement 1 alone is sufficient in answering the problem question  Solution
Q1	Section 3 - Verbal Ability  Spencer's idea of evolution precede that of Darwin's  Solution  Nil
Q2	indian economy growth is not enough to solve the problem of poverty  Solution
Q3	increasing lighting  Solution

Solution

Ų4	both b and c	
	Solution	
Q5	BREEZY	
	Solution	
	NIL	
Q6	SHOOT	
	Solution	
	NIL	
Q7	PRECLUDE	
	Solution	
	NIL	
Q8	DISORDER	
	Solution	
	NIL	
Q9	LINKED	
	Solution	
	NIL	
Q10	Replicate the Iron Age to get a better understanding of the time and people of that era	
	Solution	
	NIL	

Q11	CAN THE VACATION CAN MAKE THE PERSON HAPPY
	Solution
	NIL
Q12	Mobile
	Solution
	Nil
Q13	Mobile
	Solution
	Nil
Q14	Valuable
	Solution
	Nil
045	
Q15	Specifically
	Solution
	Nil
Q16	
QTO	Passion for evolution
	Solution
Q17	Cariana
	Serious

Solution

Q24

By not disclosing the child?s ethnicity and background of parents at school so as to remove bias from coming in

#### Solution

Q25

В

## Solution

is a tiny but imperative

