

8th chapter

Sub Module 1

PDF 1

'''

Write a program to test year is leap year or not

- 1) What is leap year ? ---> Divisible by 4 but not by 100 (or) divisible by 400
- 2) Are 2016 , 2020 , 2024 leap years ? ---> Yes becoz leap year for every 4 years
- 3) Are 1700 , 1800 , 1900 leap years ? ---> No becoz no leap year for every 100 years
- 4) Are 1600 , 2000 , 2400 leap years ? ---> Yes becoz leap year for every 400 years
- 5) Hint: 3 conditions

'''

try:

```
year = int(input('Enter 4-digit year : '))
```

```
if year % 4 == 0 and year % 100 != 0 or year % 400 == 0:
```

```
    print('Leap year')
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('Not a leap year')
```

```
except:
```

```
    print('Input should be an integer')
```

PDF 1a

Conditional statements

1) if statement

2) match statement

if statement flavors

1) if with else

2) if without else

3) if - elif - else

4) Nested if

PDF 1b

if with else

1) if condition:

stmt1

stmt2

stmt3

else:

stmt4

stmt5

stmt6

stmt7

2) Which statements are executed when condition is True ? ---> Statements 1 , 2 and 3

Which statements are executed when condition is False ? ---> Statements 4 , 5 and 6

3) When is statement7 executed ? ---> Always executed irrespective of the condition becoz it is outside if

4) When is else suite executed ? ---> When if condition is false

When is else suite skipped ? ---> When if condition is true

5) Are If and Else Valid ? ---> No becoz they are keywords and hence they should be in lowercase

6) if(condition):

statement

Can if condition be in () ? ---> Yes but () are optional for condition

7) if , else and stmt7 should be indented i.e. same column

Note:

op1 if cond: else: op2

Is the above statement valid ? ---> No becoz colons are not permitted in ternary operator

PDF 1c

if without else

1) if cond:

stmt1

stmt2

stmt3

stmt4

2) Which statements are executed when condition is True ? ---> Statements 1 , 2 , 3

Which statements are executed when condition is False ? ---> Nothing becoz else suite is missing

3) When is stmt4 executed ? ---> Always executed irrespective of the condition becoz it is outside if

4) if and stmt4 should be indented

PDF 1d

if ♦ elif♦ else

1) if cond1:

stmt1

```

    stmt2
    stmt3
elif cond2:
    stmt4
    stmt5
    stmt6
elif cond3:
    stmt7
    stmt8
    stmt9
else:
    stmt10
    stmt11
    stmt12
stmt13

```

- 2) When are statements 1 , 2 and 3 executed ? ---> When cond1 is True
 When are statements 4 , 5 and 6 executed ? ---> When cond1 is False and cond2 is True
 When are statements 7 , 8 and 9 executed ? ---> When first two conditions are False and cond3 is True
 When are statements 10 , 11 and 12 executed ? ---> When all the conditions are False
- 3) When is statement13 executed ? ---> Always executed irrespective of the conditions becoz it is outside if
- 4) What is else + if called ? ---> elif
- 5) if , elif , else and stmt13 should be indented i.e. same column

PDF 1e

Dis-advantage of else and if

if cond1:

```

    stmt1
    stmt2
    stmt3

```

else:

if cond2:

```

    stmt4
    stmt5
    stmt6

```

else:

if cond3:

```

    stmt7
    stmt8
    stmt9

```

else:

```

    stmt10
    stmt11

```

stmt12

stmt13

What is the issue when else and if are used separately instead of elif ? --->

No readability and clarity due to too many indentations

PDF 2

'''

Write a program to determine largest of three numbers with if and else

Hint: Write multiple conditions

'''

try:

a = eval(input('Enter 1st input : '))

b = eval(input('Enter 2nd input : '))

c = eval(input('Enter 3rd input : '))

if a > b and a > c:

print('Largest number : ', a)

elif b > c:

print('Largest number : ', b)

else:

print('Largest number : ', c)

except NameError:

print('Input string should be in quotes')

except TypeError:

print('Input can not be a complex number')

PDF 2a

Identify error

else: # Error becoz if is missing

print('else suite')

print('Outside')

'''

1) Can else suite be used without if ? ---> No

2) In other words, 'if' is mandatory for every else suite

3) if cond:

stmt1

stmt2

stmt3

Is the above if valid ? ---> Yes i.e. if can be used without else suite

'''

PDF 2b

Identify error

```
if 9 > 5 # Error becoz : is missing
```

```
    print('Hello')
```

```
print('Bye')
```

```
'''
```

What is the rule for if ? ---> : is mandatory at the end of if

```
'''
```

PDF 2c

Identify error

```
if 9 > 12:
```

```
    print('Hyd')
```

```
else # Error becoz : is missing
```

```
    print('Sec')
```

```
'''
```

What is the rule for else ? ---> : is mandatory at the end of else

```
'''
```

PDF 2d

Identify error

```
if (10,20,15):
```

```
    print('Hyd') # Error becoz spacebar(or) tab key is missing at the begining of stmt
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('Sec') # Error becoz spacebar(or) tab key is missing at the begining of stmt
```

```
'''
```

What is the rule for : ? ---> At least one spacebar (or) tab key is mandatory at the begining of next line

```
'''
```

PDF 2e

Identify error

```
if ():
```

```
    print('Hyd')
```

```
else: # Error becoz else is not indented with if
```

```
    print('Sec')
```

```
print('Bye')
```

```
'''
```

1) What is another rule for else ? ---> It should be indented with if

2) if condition:

```
    stmt1
```

```
        stmt2
```

```
        stmt3
```

```
else:
```

stmt4

stmt5

stmt6

Is the above if valid ? ---> Yes becoz statements of if suite and else suite need not be indented
'''

PDF 2f

Identify error

if { }:

{ # Error due to {

print('One')

print('Two')

print('Three')

} # Error due to }

else:

{ # Error due to {

print('Four')

print('Five')

print('Six')

} # Error due to }

print('Bye')

'''

Can statements of if suite and else suite be in braces ? --->

No becoz braces are used for set and dictionary but not for suite (i.e. statements)

'''

PDF 2g

Identify error

if ():

print('One')

print('Two')

print('Three')

else:

if []: # Error becoz spaces are missing before the statement

print('Four')

print('Five')

print('Six')

else:

if {}: # Error becoz spaces are missing before the statement

print('Seven')

print('Eight')

print('Nine')

else:

```
print('Hyd')
print('Sec')
print('Cyb')
print('Bye')
```

PDF 3

'''

Write a program to convert celsius temperature to fahrenheit and vice-versa

1) What is the formula to convert celsius to fahrenheit ? ---> $1.8 * \text{temp} + 32$

2) What is the formula to convert fahrenheit to celsius ? ---> $(\text{temp} - 32) / 1.8$

'''

try:

```
ch = int(input('Enter 1 to convert celsius to fahrenheit and 2 to convert fahrenheit to celsius : '))
```

```
if ch == 1:
```

```
    c = float(input('Enter celsius temperature : ')) # 30
```

```
    print('Fahrenheit Equivalent : ', 1.8 * c + 32)
```

```
elif ch == 2:
```

```
    f = float(input('Enter fahrenheit temperature : '))
```

```
    print('Celsius equivalent : {(f-32)/1.8:.2f}')
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('Invalid input')
```

```
except:
```

```
    print('Input should be a number')
```

Write a program to determine a number is even or odd with if statement

try:

```
n = int(input('Enter any integer : '))
```

```
if n % 2 == 0:
```

```
    print('Even number')
```

```
else
```

```
    print('Odd number')
```

```
except:
```

```
    print('Input should be integer')
```

PDF 4

'''

Write a program to test a point (x, y) lies in 1st quadrant, 2nd quadrant, 3rd quadrant, 4th quadrant, x-axis, y-axis or origin

1) What are the values of x and y in 1st quadrant ? ---> Both are +ve

- 2) What are the values of x and y in 2nd quadrant ? ---> 'x' is -ve and 'y' is +ve
- 3) What are the values of x and y in 3rd quadrant ? ---> Both are -ve
- 4) What are the values of x and y in 4th quadrant ? ---> 'x' is +ve and 'y' is -ve
- 5) What are the values of x and y on x - axis ? ---> 'x' is non-zero and 'y' is 0
- 6) What are the values of x and y on y - axis ? ---> 'x' is 0 and 'y' is non-zero
- 7) What are the values of x and y if point is origin ? ---> Both are zeroes
- 8) Hint: Use if .. elif

'''

```
x = float(input('Enter value of x co-ordinate : '))
```

```
y = float(input('Enter value of y co-ordinate : '))
```

```
if x > 0 and y > 0:
```

```
    print('1st quadrant')
```

```
elif x < 0 and y > 0:
```

```
    print('2nd quadrant')
```

```
elif x < 0 and y < 0:
```

```
    print('3rd quadrant')
```

```
elif x > 0 and y < 0:
```

```
    print('4th quadrant')
```

```
elif x != 0 and y == 0:
```

```
    print('X axis')
```

```
elif x == 0 and y != 0:
```

```
    print('Y axis')
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('Origin')
```

```
# Find outputs
```

```
if(10 , 20 , 30): # True due to non-empty tuple
```

```
    print('Hyd') # Hyd
```

```
    print('Sec') # Sec
```

```
    print('Cyb') # Cyb
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('One')
```

```
    print('Two')
```

```
    print('Three')
```

```
print('Bye') # Bye
```

'''

Which of the following is True (or) False ?

- 1) [10 , 20 , 30] ---> True due to non-empty list
- 2) [] ---> False due to empty list
- 3) list() ---> False due to empty list
- 4) (40 , 50) ---> True due to non-empty tuple
- 5) () ---> False due to empty tuple
- 6) tuple() ---> False due to empty tuple
- 7) {60} ---> True due to non-empty set

8) { } ---> False due to empty dictionary
 9) set() ---> False due to empty set
 10) {10 : 20 , 30 : 40} ---> True due to non-empty dictionary
 11) dict() ---> False due to empty dictionary
 12) 'Hyd' ---> True due to non-empty string
 13) "" ---> False due to empty string
 14) (25) ---> True due to non-zero integer
 15) 0 ---> False due to 0
 16) -72 ---> True due to non-zero integer
 17) (38,) ---> True due to non-empty tuple
 18) 4j ---> True due to non-zero imag
 19) 0j ---> False due to 0 imag
 20) 3 + 0j ---> True due to non-zero real
 21) 10.8 ---> True due to non-zero number
 22) 0.0 ---> False
 23) -25.6 ---> True due to non-zero number
 ""

PDF 5

""

Write a program to determine largest , smallest and middle of three numbers

```
a = 10
b = 20
c = 7
max = 20
min = 7
mid = (10 + 20 + 7) - (20 + 7) = 37 - 27 = 10
```

1) What is the initial value of max ? ---> a
 2) Whichever input > max, copy that input to max
 3) What is the initial value of min ? ---> 'a'
 4) Whichever input < min, copy that input to min
 5) How to obtain middle number ? ---> Eliminate max and min from a , b , c
 ""

```
a = float(input('Enter first input : '))
b = float(input('Enter second input : '))
c = float(input('Enter third input : '))
max = a
if b > max:
    max = b
if c > max:
    max = c
min = a
if b < min:
```

```

min = b
if c < min:
    min = c
mid = (a + b + c) - (max + min)
print('Largest number : ', max)
print('Smallest number : ', min)
print('Middle number : ', mid)

```

Find outputs (Home work)

```

if(): # False due to empty tuple
    print('Hyd')
    print('Sec')
    print('Cyb')
else:
    print('One') # One
    print('Two') # Two
    print('Three') # Three
print('Bye') # Bye

```

PDF 6

'''

Write a program to determine three sides form a triangle or not

1) Find area if it is an equilateral triangle

What is an equilateral triangle ? ---> All the three sides should be same

What is the area of equilateral triangle ? ---> $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} * a^2$

2) Find perimeter if it is an isosceles triangle

What is an isosceles triangle ? ---> Any two sides are same

What is the perimeter of isosceles triangle ? ---> $a + b + c$

3) Find both if it is scalene triangle

What is a scalene triangle ? ---> All the three sides are different

What is the area of scalene triangle ? ---> $\sqrt{s * (s - a) * (s - b) * (s - c)}$

What is the value of 's' ? ---> $(a + b + c) / 2$

What is the perimeter of scalene triangle ? ---> $a + b + c$

4) What is the qualification of triangle ? ---> Sum of every two sides should be > 3rd side

5) Hint: Use nested if

'''

```

import math

```

```

a = float(input('Enter 1st side : ')) # 3

```

```

b = float(input('Enter 2nd side : ')) # 4

```

```

c = float(input('Enter 3rd side : ')) # 5

```

```

if a + b >= c and b + c >= a and c + a >= b:

```

```

    if a == b == c:

```

```

        print('Equilateral triangle')

```

```

area = math . sqrt(3) / 4 * a * a
print(F'Area : {area:.2f}')
elif a == b or b == c or a == c:
    print('Isoscles triangle')
    p = a + b + c
    print(F'Perimeter : {p}')
else:
    print('Scalene triangle')
    s = (a + b + c) / 2 # 6
    area = math . sqrt(s * (s - a) * (s - b) * (s - c))
    print(F'Area : {area:.2f}')
    print(F'Perimeter : {2 * s}')
else:
    print('Not a triangle')

```

PDF 7

```

# Find outputs (Home work)
if { }: # False due to empty dictionary
    print('Hyd')
    print('Sec')
    print('Cyb')
print('Bye') # Bye

```

'''

Write a program to determine roots of a quadtratic equation $a * x^2 + b * x + c = 0$ where $a \neq 0$

- 1) What is the value of discriminant ? $\rightarrow b^2 - 4ac$
- 2) What are the roots called if $disc > 0$? \rightarrow Real and distinct
 - What is the formula for root1 ? $\rightarrow (-b + \sqrt{disc}) / 2a$
 - What is the formula for root2 ? $\rightarrow (-b - \sqrt{disc}) / 2a$
- 3) What are the roots called if $disc$ is 0 ? \rightarrow Real and same
 - What is the formula for root ? $\rightarrow -b / 2a$
- 4) What are the roots called if $disc < 0$? \rightarrow Complex (or) Imaginary roots
 - What is the formula for real part ? $\rightarrow -b / 2a$
 - What is the formula for imag part ? $\rightarrow \sqrt{disc} / 2a$
 - What is root1 if real part is 3 and imag part is 4 ? $\rightarrow 3 + 4j$
 - What is root2 if real part is 3 and imag part is 4 ? $\rightarrow 3 - 4j$

'''

```

import math
a = float(input('Enter value of a : '))
if a == 0:
    print('Value of a can not be 0')
exit()

```

```

b = float(input('Enter value of b : '))
c = float(input('Enter value of c : '))
disc = b ** 2 - 4 * a * c
if disc > 0:
    print('Roots are real and distinct')
    root1 = (-b + math . sqrt(disc)) / (2 * a)
    root2 = (-b - math . sqrt(disc)) / (2 * a)
    print(F'Root 1 : {root1:.2f}')
    print(F'Root 2 : {root2:.2f}')
elif disc < 0:
    print('Roots are imaginary (or) complex')
    real = -b / (2 * a)
    imag= math . sqrt(-disc) / (2 * a)
    print(F'Root 1 : {real} + {imag}j')
    print(F'Root 2 : {real} - {imag}j')
else:
    print('Roots are real and equal')
    root = -b / (2 * a)
    print(F'Root 1 : {root}')
    print(F'Root 2 : {root}')

```

PDF 8

'''

Write a program to determine a point (x , y) lies inside , outside or on the circle.

Center is origin and radius is 'r'

1) What is the distance between origin and point (x , y) ? ---> $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$

2) Where is the point if distance > radius ? ---> Outside the circle

3) Where is the point if distance < radius ? ---> Inside the circle

4) Where is the point if distance and radius are same ? ---> On the circle

'''

```
import math
```

```
x = float(input('Enter value of x : ')) # 3
```

```
y = float(input('Enter value of y : ')) # 4
```

```
r = float(input('Enter radius of circle : ')) # 5
```

```
d = math . sqrt(x ** 2 + y ** 2) # 5
```

```
if d > r:
```

```
    print('Point is outside the circle')
```

```
elif d < r:
```

```
    print('Point is inside the circle')
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('Point is on the circle')
```

Write a program to print month name for input month number by using if and elif (Home work)

try:

```
a = int(input('Enter month number (1 - 12): '))
```

```
if a == 1:
```

```
    print('January')
```

```
elif a == 2:
```

```
    print('Febraury')
```

```
elif a == 3:
```

```
    print('March')
```

```
elif a == 4:
```

```
    print('April')
```

```
elif a == 5:
```

```
    print('May')
```

```
elif a == 6:
```

```
    print('June')
```

```
elif a == 7:
```

```
    print('july')
```

```
elif a == 8:
```

```
    print('August')
```

```
elif a == 9:
```

```
    print('September')
```

```
elif a == 10:
```

```
    print('October')
```

```
elif a == 11:
```

```
    print('November')
```

```
elif a == 12:
```

```
    print('December')
```

```
else:
```

```
    print('Input should be between 1 and 12')
```

```
except:
```

```
    print('Input should be an integer')
```