Spring 2024: CS5720

Neural Networks & Deep Learning - Assignment -8

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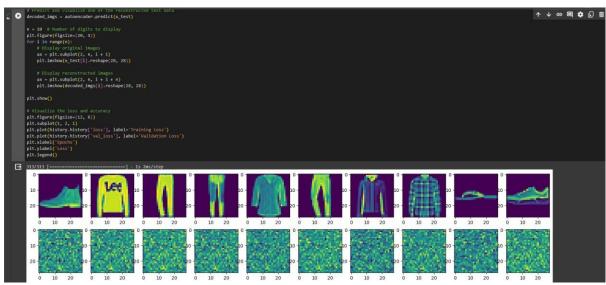
GitHub Link: https://github.com/vishnutejaayyangar/NN Assignment 8

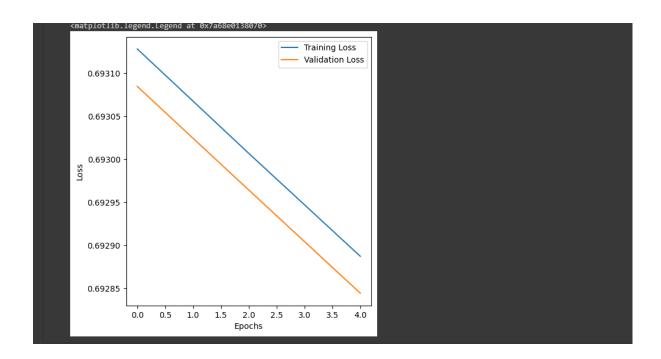
Video Link:

https://drive.google.com/drive/u/3/folders/1L pYQWIP75K jEZvhtV7IfCZYZDN 97YF

Lesson Overview: In this lesson, we are going to discuss types and applications of Autoencoder. Programming elements: 1. Basics of Autoencoders 2. Role of Autoencoders in unsupervised learning 3. Types of Autoencoders 4. Use case: Simple autoencoder-Reconstructing the existing image, which will contain most important features of the image 5. Use case: Stacked autoencoder In class programming: 1. Add one more hidden layer to autoencoder 2. Do the prediction on the test data and then visualize one of the reconstructed versions of that test data. Also, visualize the same test data before reconstruction using Matplotlib 3. Repeat the question 2 on the denoisening autoencoder 4. plot loss and accuracy using the history object.

```
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▶ from keras.layers import Input, Dense
     from keras models import Mode
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     # Define the size of encoded representations and the additional hidden layer size
     encoding dim = 32
     hidden_dim = 32
     # Input placeholder
     input_img = Input(shape=(784,))
     encoded1 = Dense(hidden dim. activation='relu')(input img)
     encoded2 = Dense(encoding_dim, activation='relu')(encoded1)
     # First decoding layer
     decoded1 = Dense(hidden_dim, activation='relu')(encoded2)
     decoded = Dense(784, activation='sigmoid')(decoded1)
     autoencoder = Model(input_img, decoded)
     autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adadelta', loss='binary_crossentropy')
```





```
[4] from keras.layers import Input, Dense
     from keras.models import Model
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import numpy as np
    encoding dim = 32
    hidden_dim = 32
    # Input placeholder for noisy data
    input_img = Input(shape=(784,))
    # First encoding layer
    encoded1 = Dense(hidden_dim, activation='relu')(input_img)
    # Second encoding layer
    encoded2 = Dense(encoding_dim, activation='relu')(encoded1)
    # First decoding layer
    decoded1 = Dense(hidden dim, activation='relu')(encoded2)
    # Second decoding layer
    decoded = Dense(784, activation='sigmoid')(decoded1)
    # Create the denoising autoencoder model
    autoencoder = Model(input_img, decoded)
    autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adadelta', loss='binary_crossentropy')
```

