

3. Queries to Retrieve and Change Data: Select, Insert, Delete, and Update

1) Find the names of sailors who have reserved boat number 103.

```
SQL> select s.sname from sailors s, reserves r where s.sid=r.sid and r.bid=103;
```

SNAME

DUSTIN

LUBBER

HORATIO

2) Find the names of sailors who have reserved a red boat.

```
SQL> select distinct s.sname from sailors s, reserves r, boats b where s.sid=r.sid and  
r.bid=b.bid and b.color='RED';
```

SNAME

DUSTIN

DUSTIN

LUBBER

LUBBER

HORATIO

3) Find the names and ages of all sailors;

```
SQL> select sname, age from sailors;
```

SNAME

AGE

```

-----
DUSTIN                45
BRUTUS                33
LUBBER               55.5
ANDY                 25.5
RUSTY                35
HORATIO              35
ZORBA                16
HORATIO              35
ART                 25.5
BOB                 63.5

```

10 rows selected.

SQL> select distinct s.sname, s.age from sailors s;

/* With distinct clause /*

```

SNAME                AGE
-----
ANDY                 25.5
ART                 25.5
BOB                 63.5
BRUTUS              33
DUSTIN              45
HORATIO             35
LUBBER             55.5
RUSTY              35
ZORBA              16

```

4) Find all sailors with a rating above 7

```
SQL> select s.sid,s.sname,s.rating,s.age from sailors s where s.rating>7;
```

SID	SNAME	RATING	AGE
31	LUBBER	8	55.5
32	ANDY	8	25.5
58	RUSTY	10	35
71	ZORBA	10	16
74	HORATIO	9	35

5) Find the names of boats reserved by lubber

```
SQL> select b.color from sailors s, boats b, reserves r
where s.sid=r.sid and r.bid=b.bid and s.sname=upper('lubber');
```

COLOR

RED

GREEN

RED

6) Find the names of sailors who have reserved at least one boat.

```
SQL> select distinct s.sname from sailors s, reserves r where s.sid=r.sid;
```

SNAME

DUSTIN

HORATIO

LUBBER

7) Compute increments for the ratings of persons who have sailed two different boats on the same day.

```
SQL> select s.sname,s.rating+1 as rating from sailors s, reserves r1, reserves r2
2  where s.sid=r1.sid and s.sid=r2.sid and r1.day=r2.day and r1.bid<>r2.bid;
```

SNAME	RATING

DUSTIN	8
DUSTIN	8

8) Find the ages of sailors whose name begins and ends with B and has not at least three characters

```
SQL> select s.age from sailors s where s.sname like 'B_%B';
```

AGE

63.5