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# My Datastage Notes

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Tuesday, September 2, 2014

Scenarios\_Unix

## 1) Convert single column to single row:

#### Input: filename : try

REF\_PERIOD
PERIOD\_NAME
ACCOUNT\_VALUE
CDR\_CODE
PRODUCT
PROJECT
SEGMENT\_CODE
PARTNER
ORIGIN
BILLING ACCRUAL

#### **Output:**

REF\_PERIOD PERIOD\_NAME ACCOUNT\_VALUE CDR\_CODE PRODUCT PROJECT SEGMENT\_CODE PARTNER ORIGIN BILLING ACCRUAL

Command: cat try | awk '{printf "%s ",\$1}'

## 2) Print the list of employees in Technology department:

Now department name is available as a fourth field, so need to check if \$4 matches with the string "Technology", if yes print the line.

**Command:** \$ awk `\$4 ~/Technology/' employee.txt

200 Jason Developer Technology \$5,500
300 Sanjay Sysadmin Technology \$7,000
500 Randy DBA Technology \$6,000

Star schema vs. snowflake schema: Which is better?...

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Unix- Making Directories

Unix Introduction

RIGHT AND LEFT FUNCTIONS IN TRANSFORMER STAGE WITH...

FIELD FUNCTION IN TRANSFORMER STAGE WITH EXAMPLE

SORT STAGE AND TRANSFORMER

Operator  $\sim$  is for comparing with the regular expressions. If it matches the default action i.e print whole line will be performed.

#### 3) Convert single column to multiple column:

**For eg:** Input file contain single column with 84 rows then output should be single column data converted to multiple of 12 columns i.e. 12 column \* 7 rows with field separtor (fs;)

Script:

```
#!/bin/sh
rows=`cat input_file | wc -l`
  cols=12
  fs=;
awk -v r=$rows -v c=$cols -v t=$fs '
NR output file
```

# 4) Last field print:

#### input:

a=/Data/Files/201-2011.csv

#### output:

201-2011.csv

Command: echo \$a | awk -F/ `{print \$NF}'

## 5) Count no. of fields in file:

**file1:** a, b, c, d, 1, 2, man, fruit

**Command:** cat file1 | awk 'BEGIN{FS=","};{print NF}'

STAGE WITH SAMPLE DATA ...

HOW TO CONVERT ROWS INTO THE COLUMNS IN DATASTAGE

TRANSFORMER STAGE FOR DEPARTMENT WISE DATA

Find Total\_Score and Percentage using Transformer ...

FIELD FUNCTION IN TRANSFORMER STAGE

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TRANSFORMER STAGE USING PADSTRING FUNCTION

TRANSFORMER STAGE USING STRIPWHITESPACES FUNCTION

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and you will get the output as:8

# 6) Find ip address in unix server:

Command: grep -i your\_hostname /etc/hosts

# 7) Replace the word corresponding to search pattern:

>cat file

the black cat was chased by the brown dog. the black cat was not chased by the brown dog.

>sed -e '/not/s/black/white/g' file
the black cat was chased by the brown dog.
the white cat was not chased by the brown dog.

## 8) The below i have shown the demo for the "A" and "65".

Ascii value of character: It can be done in 2 ways:

- 1. printf "%d" "'A"
- 2. echo "A" | tr -d "\n" | od -An -t dC

Character value from Ascii: awk -v char=65 'BEGIN { printf "%c\n", char; exit }'

\_\_\_\_\_\_

## 9) Input file:

crmplp1 cmis461 No Online

```
cmis462 No Offline
crmplp2 cmis462 No Online
cmis463 No Offline
crmplp3 cmis463 No Online
cmis461 No Offline
Output ->crmplp1 cmis461 No Online cmis462 No Offline
crmplp2 cmis462 No Online cmis463 No Offline
Command:
awk 'NR%2?ORS=FS:ORS=RS' file
10) Variable can used in AWK
awk -F"$c" -v var="$c" \{print $1var$2\}' filename
11) Search pattern and use special character in sed command:
sed -e '/COMAttachJob/s#")#.":JobID)#g' input file-----
12) Get the content between two patterns:sed -n '/CREATE TABLE table/,/MONITORING/p' table Script.sql
_____
13) Pring debugging script output in log file Add following command in script:
exec 1>> logfilename
exec 2>>logfilename------
14) Check Sql connection:#!/bin/sh
ID=abc
PASSWD=avd
DB=sdf
exit | sqlplus -s -l $ID/$PASSWD@$DB
echo variable:$?
exit | sqlplus -s -L avd/df@dfg > /dev/null
echo variable_crr: $?------
15) Trim the spaces using sed command
echo "$var" | sed -e 's/^[[:space:]]*//' -e 's/[[:space:]]*$//'
Another option is:
Code:
var=$(echo "$var" | sed -e 's/^[[:space:]]*//' -e 's/[[:space:]]*$//')
echo "Start $var End"------
16) How to add sigle quote in statement using awk:Input:
/Admin/script.sh abc 2011/08 29/02/2012 00:00:00
/Admin/script.sh abc 2011/08
                                    29/02/2012 00:00:00
command:
cat command.txt | sed -e `s/[[:space:]]/ /g' | awk -F' ` `{print \x27"$1,$2,$3"\x27","\x27"$4,$5"\x27"}'
output:
'/Admin/script.sh abc 2011/08' '29/02/2012 00:00:00'
'/Admin/script.sh abc 2011/08' '29/02/2012 00:00:00'
```

17)

How to get a files from different servers to one server in datastage by using unix command?

scp test.ksh dsadm@10.87.130.111:/home/dsadm/sys/

Posted by manohar at 3:01 AM

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