1. dsjob -run -warn <n> <job> : The job will get aborted if has more

than <n> warnings

Output: Status Code = 0

2. **dsjob -run -wait <project> <job> :** It shows on screen that the job is getting executed and outputs status code on execution.

Output: Waiting for job...

Finished waiting for job

Status code = 0

3. **dsjob -run -jobstatus <project> <job> :** It shows job status after execution.

Output: Waiting for job...

Finished waiting for job Job Status : (2)

Status code = 2

Stopping a Job

You can stop a job using the -stop option.

dsjob -stop ct> <job>

-stop terminates a running job.

project is the name of the project containing the job. job is the name of the job.

Listing Projects, Jobs, Stages, Links, and Parameters

You can list projects, jobs, stages, links, and job parameters using the dsjob command. The different versions of the syntax are described below.

1. dsjob -lprojects

i. Output: Lists all the projects in the server

2. **dsjob -ljobs <project>**

i. Output: Lists all the jobs present in the <project>

3. dsjob -linvocations ct> <job>

4. dsjob -lstages <project> <job>

i. Output: Lists the stages which are there in the job

5. dsjob -llinks <project> <job> <stage>

i. Output: Lists the input or output links of the <stage>

Retrieving Information

1. dsjob -projectinfo <project>

Output: Host Name: HOSTNAME
Project Name: PROJECTNAME

2. dsjob -jobinfo ct> <job>

To get Information about Job

Output: Job Status : NOT RUNNING (99)

Job Controller: not available

Job Start Time : Wed Jul 29 06:12:41 2009

Job Wave Number : 0
User Status : not available
Job Control : not available

Interim status: NOT RUNNING (99)

Invocation ID: not available Last Run Time: not available Job Process ID: 0

Invocation List : CheckDupes

Job Restartable : 0

3. dsjob -stageinfo <project> <job> <stage>

Output: Stage Type : CTransformerStage

In Row Number : 1 Satge Last Error: <none>

Stage start Time: Thu Jul 30 00:20:55 2009 Stage End Time : Thu Jul 30 00:20:55 2009

Variable List : not available Stage Name : xfrm add variables

4. dsjob -linkinfo <project> <job> <stage> <link>

Output: Link Row Count : 1

Link Last Error : <none>
Link DBMS Code : not available

SQL State : not available Link Name : lnk_Add_Var

5. dsjob -lparams <project> <job>

Output: Listout all the parameters of the job

6. dsjob -paraminfo <project> <job> <param>

Accessing Log Files

1. dsjob -log ct> <job>

Output: Enter message text, terminating with Ctrl-d

Message text will be present in the job log.

How r u? Message read.

2. dsjob -logsum <project> <job>

Output: Gives the detail log of the job

3. dsjob -logdetail <project> <job> <first event id> [<last event id>] dsjob -logdetail <project> <job> [-wave <wave no>]

Output: Event Id: 140

Time : Thu Jul 31 09:14:27 2009

Type : INFO
User : :local:
Message :
Finished Job <job>

4. dsjob -lognewest <project> <job> [<event type>] event type = INFO | WARNING | FATAL | REJECT | STARTED | RESET | BATCH

Output: Newest Id = 0

5. dsjob -report <project> <job> [report type]

report type = BASIC | DETAIL | XML

BASIC means that your report will contain very basic information like start/end time of the job , time elapsed and the current status of the job. DETAIL as the name indicates will give you a very detailed report on the job down to the stages and link level. XML would give you an XML report which is also a detailed report in an XML format.

Note:User has to provide valid Projectname,Jobname,stagename and linkname etc