In [78]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

In [79]: # !pip install tensorflow --user
# !pip install keras
# !pip install daytime
# !pip install torch

In [80]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
 from sklearn.metrics import confusion\_matrix, recall\_score, accuracy\_score,
 RANDOM\_SEED = 2021
 TEST\_PCT = 0.3
 LABELS = ["Normal", "Fraud"]

In [81]: dataset = pd.read\_csv("creditcard.csv")
#dataset.head
print(list(dataset.columns))
dataset.describe()

['Time', 'V1', 'V2', 'V3', 'V4', 'V5', 'V6', 'V7', 'V8', 'V9', 'V10', 'V11', 'V12', 'V13', 'V14', 'V15', 'V16', 'V17', 'V18', 'V19', 'V20', 'V21', 'V22', 'V23', 'V24', 'V25', 'V26', 'V27', 'V28', 'Amount', 'Class']

## Out[81]:

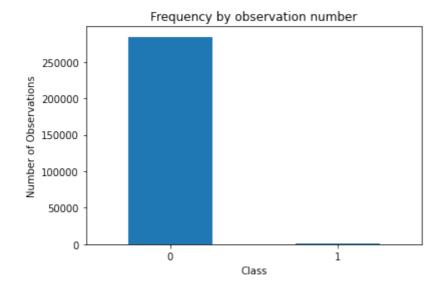
	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	
count	284807.000000	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.848070e+05	2.84
mean	94813.859575	1.168375e-15	3.416908e-16	-1.379537e-15	2.074095e-15	9.604066e-16	1.48
std	47488.145955	1.958696e+00	1.651309e+00	1.516255e+00	1.415869e+00	1.380247e+00	1.332
min	0.000000	-5.640751e+01	-7.271573e+01	-4.832559e+01	-5.683171e+00	-1.137433e+02	-2.610
25%	54201.500000	-9.203734e-01	-5.985499e-01	-8.903648e-01	-8.486401e-01	-6.915971e-01	-7.68
50%	84692.000000	1.810880e-02	6.548556e-02	1.798463e-01	-1.984653e-02	-5.433583e-02	-2.74
75%	139320.500000	1.315642e+00	8.037239e-01	1.027196e+00	7.433413e-01	6.119264e-01	3.98
max	172792.000000	2.454930e+00	2.205773e+01	9.382558e+00	1.687534e+01	3.480167e+01	7.330

8 rows × 31 columns

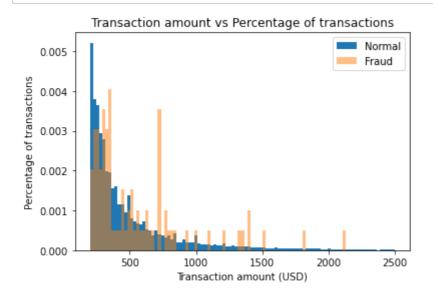
```
In [82]: #check for any nullvalues
    print("Any nulls in the dataset ",dataset.isnull().values.any())
    print('-----')
    print("No. of unique labels ", len(dataset['Class'].unique()))
    print("Label values ",dataset.Class.unique())
    #0 is for normal credit card transaction
    #1 is for fraudulent credit card transaction
    print('-----')
    print("Break down of the Normal and Fraud Transactions")
    print(pd.value_counts(dataset['Class'], sort = True) )
```

```
Any nulls in the dataset False
-----
No. of unique labels 2
Label values [0 1]
-----
Break down of the Normal and Fraud Transactions
Class
0 284315
1 492
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [83]: #Visualizing the imbalanced dataset
    count_classes = pd.value_counts(dataset['Class'], sort = True)
    count_classes.plot(kind = 'bar', rot=0)
    plt.xticks(range(len(dataset['Class'].unique())), dataset.Class.unique())
    plt.title("Frequency by observation number")
    plt.xlabel("Class")
    plt.ylabel("Number of Observations");
```



```
In [84]: # Save the normal and fradulent transactions in separate dataframe
    normal_dataset = dataset[dataset.Class == 0]
    fraud_dataset = dataset[dataset.Class == 1]
    #Visualize transactionamounts for normal and fraudulent transactions
    bins = np.linspace(200, 2500, 100)
    plt.hist(normal_dataset.Amount, bins=bins, alpha=1, density=True, label='Nor
    plt.hist(fraud_dataset.Amount, bins=bins, alpha=0.5, density=True, label='Fr
    plt.legend(loc='upper right')
    plt.title("Transaction amount vs Percentage of transactions")
    plt.xlabel("Transaction amount (USD)")
    plt.ylabel("Percentage of transactions");
    plt.show()
```



```
In [85]: sc=StandardScaler()
  dataset['Time'] = sc.fit_transform(dataset['Time'].values.reshape(-1, 1))
  dataset['Amount'] = sc.fit_transform(dataset['Amount'].values.reshape(-1, 1)
```

```
In [86]: raw_data = dataset.values
# The last element contains if the transaction is normal which is represente
labels = raw_data[:, -1]
# The other data points are the electrocadriogram data
data = raw_data[:, 0:-1]
train_data, test_data, train_labels, test_labels = train_test_split(data, la
```

```
In [87]: min_val = tf.reduce_min(train_data)
    max_val = tf.reduce_max(train_data)
    train_data = (train_data - min_val) / (max_val - min_val)
    test_data = (test_data - min_val) / (max_val - min_val)
    train_data = tf.cast(train_data, tf.float32)
    test_data = tf.cast(test_data, tf.float32)
```

```
In [88]: train_labels = train_labels.astype(bool)
    test_labels = test_labels.astype(bool)
    normal_train_data = train_data[~train_labels]
    normal_test_data = test_data[~test_labels]
    fraud_train_data = train_data[train_labels]
    fraud_test_data = test_data[test_labels]
    print(" No. of records in Fraud Train Data=",len(fraud_train_data))
    print(" No. of records in Normal Train data=",len(normal_train_data))
    print(" No. of records in Normal Test Data=",len(fraud_test_data))
    print(" No. of records in Normal Test data=",len(normal_test_data))
```

```
No. of records in Fraud Train Data= 389
No. of records in Normal Train data= 227456
No. of records in Fraud Test Data= 103
No. of records in Normal Test data= 56859
```

```
In [89]:
         nb epoch = 50
         batch size = 64
         input dim = normal train data.shape[1] #num of columns, 30
         encoding dim = 14
         hidden dim 1 = int(encoding dim / 2) #
         hidden dim 2=4
         learning rate = 1e-7
         #input Layer
         input layer = tf.keras.layers.Input(shape=(input dim, ))
         #Encoder
         encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(encoding dim, activation="tanh",activity reg
         encoder=tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(encoder)
         encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden dim 1, activation='relu')(encoder)
         encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden dim 2, activation=tf.nn.leaky relu)(e
         # Decoder
         decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden dim 1, activation='relu')(encoder)
         decoder=tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(decoder)
         decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(encoding dim, activation='relu')(decoder)
         decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(input dim, activation='tanh')(decoder)
         #Autoencoder
         autoencoder = tf.keras.Model(inputs=input layer, outputs=decoder)
         autoencoder.summary()
```

Model: "model\_2"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_3 (InputLayer)	[(None, 30)]	0
dense_12 (Dense)	(None, 14)	434
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None, 14)	0
dense_13 (Dense)	(None, 7)	105
dense_14 (Dense)	(None, 4)	32
dense_15 (Dense)	(None, 7)	35
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None, 7)	0
dense_16 (Dense)	(None, 14)	112
dense_17 (Dense)	(None, 30)	450

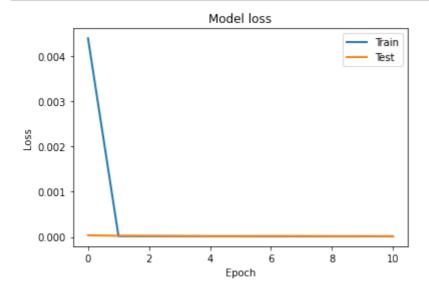
Total params: 1168 (4.56 KB)
Trainable params: 1168 (4.56 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

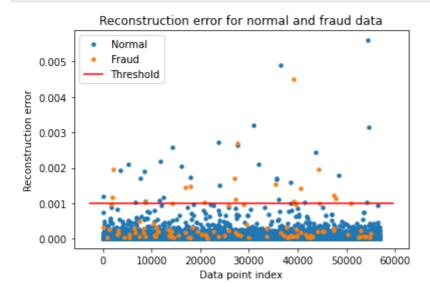
Epoch 1/50

```
ccuracy: 0.0674
Epoch 2: val loss improved from 0.00004 to 0.00003, saving model to autoenc
oder fraud.h5
05 - accuracy: 0.0676 - val loss: 2.7531e-05 - val accuracy: 0.1279
Epoch 3/50
ccuracy: 0.0702
Epoch 3: val loss improved from 0.00003 to 0.00003, saving model to autoence
oder fraud.h5
05 - accuracy: 0.0702 - val loss: 2.6025e-05 - val accuracy: 0.1279
Epoch 4/50
ccuracy: 0.0867
Epoch 4: val loss improved from 0.00003 to 0.00002, saving model to autoenc
oder fraud.h5
05 - accuracy: 0.0873 - val_loss: 2.1979e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.1304
Epoch 5/50
ccuracy: 0.1363
Epoch 5: val loss improved from 0.00002 to 0.00002, saving model to autoenc
oder fraud.h5
05 - accuracy: 0.1366 - val_loss: 1.9372e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.1435
Epoch 6/50
ccuracy: 0.1362
Epoch 6: val loss improved from 0.00002 to 0.00002, saving model to autoence
oder fraud.h5
05 - accuracy: 0.1365 - val loss: 1.9140e-05 - val accuracy: 0.1871
Epoch 7/50
ccuracy: 0.1854
Epoch 7: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
05 - accuracy: 0.1855 - val loss: 1.9924e-05 - val accuracy: 0.2464
Epoch 8/50
ccuracy: 0.2491
Epoch 8: val loss did not improve from 0.00002
05 - accuracy: 0.2495 - val loss: 2.0869e-05 - val accuracy: 0.2480
Epoch 9/50
ccuracy: 0.2736
Epoch 9: val loss improved from 0.00002 to 0.00002, saving model to autoenc
oder fraud.h5
05 - accuracy: 0.2736 - val loss: 1.8248e-05 - val accuracy: 0.2607
Epoch 10/50
ccuracy: 0.2862
Epoch 10: val_loss improved from 0.00002 to 0.00002, saving model to autoen
coder fraud.h5
05 - accuracy: 0.2863 - val_loss: 1.8081e-05 - val_accuracy: 0.2658
Epoch 11/50
ccuracy: 0.3019
Epoch 11: val loss improved from 0.00002 to 0.00002, saving model to autoen
```

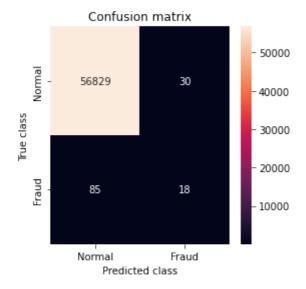
coder fraud.h5

```
In [92]: #Plot training and test loss
    plt.plot(history['loss'], linewidth=2, label='Train')
    plt.plot(history['val_loss'], linewidth=2, label='Test')
    plt.legend(loc='upper right')
    plt.title('Model loss')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    # plt.ylim(ymin=0.70, ymax=1)
    plt.show()
```





```
In [103]: threshold_fixed =0.001
    pred_y = [1 if e > threshold_fixed else 0 for e in error_df.Reconstruction_e
    error_df['pred'] = pred_y
    conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(error_df.True_class, pred_y)
    plt.figure(figsize=(4, 4))
    sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, xticklabels=LABELS, yticklabels=LABELS, annot=True,
    plt.title("Confusion matrix")
    plt.ylabel('True class')
    plt.xlabel('Predicted class')
    plt.show()
    # print Accuracy, precision and recall
    print(" Accuracy: ",accuracy_score(error_df['True_class'], error_df['pred'])
    print(" Recall: ",recall_score(error_df['True_class'], error_df['pred']))
    print(" Precision: ",precision score(error_df['True_class'], error_df['pred'])
```



Accuracy: 0.9979811102138267 Recall: 0.17475728155339806

Precision: 0.375

In [ ]: