MATH 151 Lab 7

Put team members' names and section number here.

```
In [49]: from sympy import *
from sympy.plotting import (plot,plot_parametric)
```

Question 1

1a

```
In [97]: from sympy import symbols, diff, solve, limit
         x = symbols('x')
         f = (x**2 + 8*x + 5)/(x**2) # this part will solve for derivative
         f_{der} = diff(f, x)
         # Find the critical points by finding where f'(x) = 0 or undefined
         critical_points = solve(f_der, x)
         # Check the endpoints of the interval
         endpoints = [-3, -1]
         critical points += endpoints
         # Calculate the function values at the critical points and endpoints
         extrema_values = [f.subs(x, point) for point in critical_points]
         # Find the maximum and minimum values
         max value = max(extrema values)
         min_value = min(extrema_values)
         print(f"(a) Absolute maximum value: {max_value} at x ={critical_points[extrema_values.
         print(f" Absolute minimum value: {min_value} at x ={critical_points[extrema_values.inc
         (a) Absolute maximum value: -10/9 at x = -3
          Absolute minimum value: -11/5 at x = -5/4
```

1b

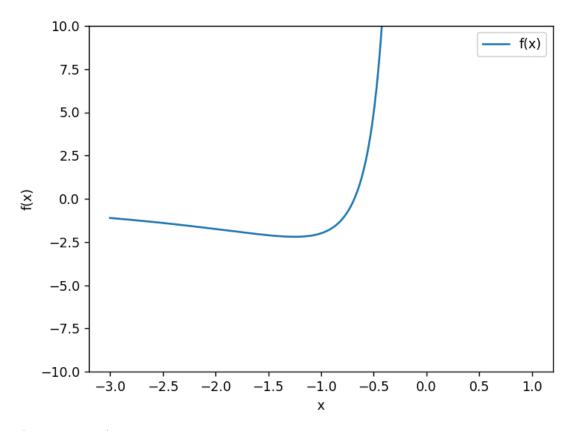
1c

```
In []:

In [110...

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
# Define the function using numpy
f_np = lambda x: (x**2 + 8*x + 5) / (x**2)
# Create an array of x values within the interval
```

```
x_values = np.linspace(-3, 1, 400)
y_values = [f_np(x) for x in x_values]
# Plot the function
plt.plot(x_values, y_values, label='f(x)')
# Add Labels and Legend
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('f(x)')
plt.legend()
# Set ylim to see the graph accurately
plt.ylim(-10, 10)
# Show the plot
```



Out[110]: (-10.0, 10.0)

Question 2

2a

```
In [90]: from sympy import *
    x = symbols('x')
    a = 2
    b = 7
    fx = 4 * x**3 - 3 * x**2 + 2 * x - 1
    f_p_x = fx.diff(x)
    fa = fx.subs(x, a)
    fb = fx.subs(x, b)
    mvt_eq = Eq(f_p_x, (fb - fa) / (b - a))
    c = solve(mvt_eq, x)
```

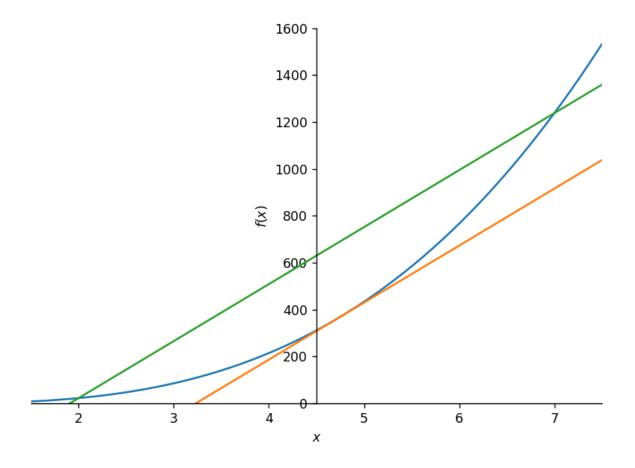
```
c=c[1]
print(c)
```

1/4 + sqrt(2901)/12

2b

```
In [55]:
```

```
In [111... from sympy import *
    from sympy.plotting import (plot,plot_parametric)
# Secant Line
secl = ((fb - fa) / (b - a)) * (x - a) + fa
# Tangent Line
tanl = f_p_x.subs(x, c) * (x - c) + fx.subs(x,c)
# Plot
p1 = plot(fx, tanl, secl,(x,1.5,7.5),show=False)
p1.ylim = [0, 1600]
p1.xlim= [1.5, 7.5]
p1.show()
```



Question 3

3a

```
In [114... from sympy import*
from math import *
x = symbols('x')
```

```
eq1 = 8-x**2
eq2 = 5*E**((x-2)/2)-x
deq1 = diff(eq1)
deq2 = diff(eq2)
deq1,deq2 = solveset(deq1,x,Interval(-oo,0)),solveset(deq2,x,Interval(0,oo))
print(f'The critical value is at x={deq2}')
```

The critical value is at $x=\{2*log(2/5) + 2\}$

3b

```
In [115... lb =eq1.subs(x,-5)
    cp = eq2.subs(x,2*log(2/5)+2)
    cp1 = eq2.subs(x,0)
    ub = eq2.subs(x,5)
    ae = max([lb,cp,cp1,ub])
    print('The absolute extrema is:')
    ae
```

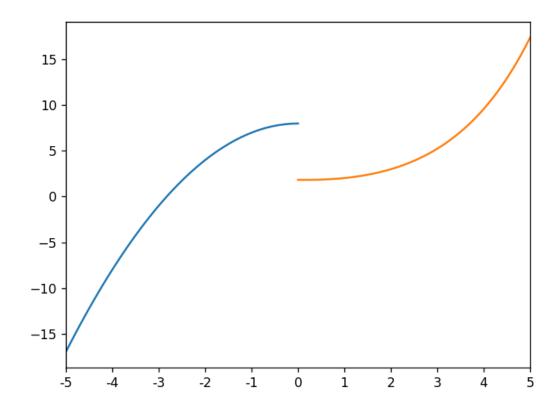
The absolute extrema is:

```
Out[115]: -5+5e^{\frac{3}{2}}
```

3c

```
In [59]:
```

```
In [112...
           import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           import numpy as np
           peqx1=[]
           peq1=[]
           peqx2=[]
           peq2=[]
           for i in range(51):
              x1 = -i/10
               eq1=8-(x1)**2
               x2 = i/10
               eq2 = 5*E**((x2-2)/2)-x2
               peqx1.append(x1)
               peq1.append(eq1)
               peqx2.append(x2)
               peq2.append(eq2)
           plt.xlim(-5,5)
           xTicks,xValues = [],[]
           for i in range(-5,6):
               xTicks.append(i)
               xValues.append(i)
           plt.xticks(xValues,xTicks)
           plt.plot(peqx1,peq1)
           plt.plot(peqx2,peq2)
           plt.show()
```



In []:	:	
In []:	:	