DBMS ASSIGNMENT 3 5TH SEM SECTION I

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PROJECT TITILE
ITHUB
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Click them this to skip code:

Testing simple queries

Testing Complex queries

Testing Transactions operation

<u>Privilege</u>s

Complete Working model of the Database application

Demonstrate

Simple queries

1. User who makes most versions in a project

```
--- ### Task 1: user who makes the most versions in a project###

create or replace function sq1_main(r_rid int)
returns int
language plpgsql
as
$$

declare
ans integer;
maxi integer;
begin

create table temp0 as
select v_user_id,count(v_user_id) as cnt
from version
```

```
where v_rem_repo_id = r_rid
  group by v_user_id;

select max(cnt)
  into maxi
  from temp0;

select
    v_user_id
  into ans
  from temp0
  where
    cnt = maxi;

drop table temp0;
  return ans;
end;
$$$;
```

2. Version belonging to most branches in a project

```
### Task 2: Version belonging to most branches in a project###
create or replace function sq2_main(r_rid int)
returns int
language plpgsql
as
$$
declare
  ans integer;
  maxi integer;
begin
  create table temp0 as
  select vid,count(vid) as cnt
  from holds
  where v_rem_repo_id = r_rid
  group by vid;
  select max(cnt)
  into maxi
  from temp0;
  select vid
  into ans
```

```
from temp0
where cnt = maxi;

drop table temp0;
return ans;
end;
$$;
```

3. File belonging to most versions in a project

```
### Task 3: File belonging to most versions in a project ###
create or replace function sq3_main(r_rid int)
returns int
language plpgsql
as
$$
declare
  ans integer;
  maxi integer;
begin
  create table temp0 as
  select contains_fid,count(contains_fid) as cnt
  from contains
  where contains_v_rem_repo_id = r_rid
  group by contains_fid;
  select max(cnt)
  into maxi
  from temp0;
  select contains_fid
  into ans
  from temp0
  where cnt = maxi;
  drop table temp0;
  return ans;
end;
$$;
```

4. Average size of a file of a specific type

```
--- ### Task 4: Average size of a file with a specified type###
 create or replace function sq4_main(ty varchar)
 returns float
 language plpgsql
 as
 $$
 declare
   ans float;
 begin
   select avg(file_size)
   into ans
   from file
   where type = ty;
   return ans;
 end;
 $$;
```

5. Average salary of a company

```
-- ### Task 5: Average salary of a company ###
create or replace function sq5_main(c_id int)
returns float
language plpgsql
as
$$
declare
  ans float;
begin
  select avg(salary)
  into ans
  from employs
  where e_company_id = c_id;
  return ans;
end;
$$;
```

Testing simple queries

```
C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\13\bin>psql -U postgres -d github -f "C:\Users\trsud\OneDrive\Desktop\DBMS\project\assignment 3\simple_q.sql"
Password for user postgres:
DROP FUNCTION
DROP FUNCTION
DROP FUNCTION
DROP FUNCTION
DROP FUNCTION
CREATE FUNCTION
CREATE FUNCTION
CREATE FUNCTION
CREATE FUNCTION
CREATE FUNCTION
C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\13\bin>psql -U postgres -d github -f "C:\Users\trsud\OneDrive\Desktop\DBMS\project\assignment 3\simple_q_test_cases.sql
Password for user postgres:
proj_1_mostcontri
(1 row)
proj_2_baselineversion
(1 row)
proj_3_impfile
           11
(1 row)
avg_py_size
     517.5
(1 row)
comp_2_avg_salary
1733.3333333333333
          --- ### Task 1: users who makes the most versions in a project ###
          select sq1_main(1) as proj_1_mostContri;
          --- ### Task 2: versions belonging to most branches in a project ###
          select sq2_main(2) as proj_2_baselineVersion;
          --- ### Task 3: File belonging to most versions in a project ###
          select sq3_main(3) as proj_3_impFile;
```

--- ### Task 4: Average size of a fiel with a specified type ###

select sq4_main('py') as avg_py_size;

--- ### Task 5: Average salary of a company ###

select sq5_main(2) as comp_2_avg_salary;

Complex queries

1)Total amount of money a company spent for a project

$$Project _cost = \sum_{\forall e \in e_p} \frac{e_{salary}}{e_hours} * e_hours_on_this_project$$

```
---### Task 1: Find the total cost of a project with remote repo
id (creation of a function) ###
--- main idea: n_hrs_emp() finds the total hours the employee
works across all projects
--- q1_main() uses n_hrs_emp() and calculates the cost of
employing an employee for this project as
--- hr_in_this_proj*total_salary/total_hrs_across_all_proj
--- Then a summation of this value is done for all employees
across the project
```

```
create or replace function n_hrs_emp(e_id int)
  returns int
  language plpgsql
  as
$$
declare
  ans integer;
begin
  with temp0 as(
  select hours
  from repository
  where
  owns = e id)
  select sum(hours)
  into ans
  from temp0;
  return ans;
end;
```

--- q1_main() computes the overall cost of the project

```
--- Accepts project_id(as remote_repo_id),
--- returns total cost of the project
```

```
create or replace function q1_main(r_rid int)
returns float
language plpgsql
as
$$
declare
  ans float;
begin
  with temp0 as(
  select
    owns,hours,salary
  from
    repository, employs
  where
    remote_rid = r_rid and e_user_id = owns)
  select
    sum(salary*hours/n_hrs_emp(owns))
  into
    ans
  from
    temp0;
return ans;
end;
$$;
```

2)Total space for a project

```
--- ### Task 2: To find the total space for the project ###
--- Relations used: Contains, file
```

```
create or replace function q2_main(r_rid int)
returns int
language plpgsql
as
$$
declare
  ans int;
begin
  with temp0 as(
  select distinct contains_fid
  from contains
  where contains_v_rem_repo_id = r_rid),
  temp1 as(
  select file_size,fid
  from temp0,file
  where fid = contains_fid)
  select
    sum(file_size)
  into ans
  from
    temp1;
  return ans;
end;
$$;
```

3)Estimated cost for completing project

```
--- ### Task 3: Estimated cost for completing the project ###
create or replace function q3_main(r_rid int)
returns float
language plpgsql
as
$$
declare
  till_cost integer;
  till_perci integer;
  ans integer;
begin
  select q1_main(r_rid)
  into till cost;
  select progress_bar
  into till_perci
  from project
  where p_rid = r_rid;
  ans = (100-till_perci)/till_perci*till_cost;
  return ans;
end;
$$;
```

4) Project which requires least number of man hours to be completed in a company

--- ### Task 4:Project which requires least number of man hours to

```
complete ###
create or replace function n_hrs_project(r_rid int)
returns int
language plpgsql
as
$$
declare
  ans float;
begin
  select sum(hours)
  into ans
  from repository
  where remote_rid = r_rid;
  return ans;
end;
$$;
select 'n_hrs_project function created';
create or replace function n_hrs_left_project(r_rid int)
returns float
language plpgsql
as
$$
declare
  n_hrs_p float;
  proj_perci float;
  ans float;
begin
  select progress_bar
  into proj perci
  from project
  where p_rid = r_rid;
  select n_hrs_project(r_rid)
  into n_hrs_p;
  ans = (100-proj_perci)/proj_perci*n_hrs_p;
```

```
return ans;
end;
$$;
select 'n_hrs_left_project function created';
create or replace function q4_main(c_id int)
returns int
language plpgsql
as
$$
declare
  ans integer;
  min_hrs float;
begin
  select min(n_hrs_left_project(p_rid))
  into min_hrs
  from project
  where p_company_id = c_id;
  select
    p_rid
  into
    ans
  from
    project
  where
    n_hrs_left_project(p_rid) = min_hrs and
    p_company_id = c_id;
  return ans;
end;
$$;
```

5)Largest local repo across all projects

```
### Task 5: Largest local repo across all projects ###
          Main idea: i ) identify branches in the repo
                ii ) identify all versions in those branches
              iii) identify all files in those versions and find
                          their total size
             iv) using the above 3 steps, find the size of all
               repos and find the largest of them
create or replace function repo_size(repo_id int)
returns int
language plpgsql
as
$$
declare
  ans integer;
  rem_repo integer;
begin
  with temp0 as(
  select
    bid,b_rid
  from
    branch
  where
    b_rid = repo_id),
  --- temp1
  temp1 as(
  select distinct vid,v_rem_repo_id
  from holds
  natural join
  temp0),
  --- temp2
  temp2 as(
  select distinct contains_fid as fid
  from contains, temp1
  where vid = contains_vid and contains_v_rem_repo_id = v_rem_repo_id)
  select sum(file_size)
  into ans
  from file
  natural join
  temp2;
```

```
return ans;
end;
$$;
--- select repo_size(2);
select 'repo_size function created';
create or replace function q5_main()
returns int
language plpgsql
as
$$
declare
  ans integer;
  maxi integer;
begin
  select max(repo_size(rid))
  into maxi
  from repository;
  select rid
  into ans
  from repository
  where repo_size(rid) = maxi;
  return ans;
end;
$$;
```

Testing Complex queries

```
assword for user postgres:
project_1_cost
          4100
(1 row)
project_2_cost
project 3 space
(1 row)
project_11_space
            2910
(1 row)
project_1_estcost
project_2_estcost
(1 row)
company_1_lstproj
(1 row)
company_2_lstproj
```

```
largest_local_repo
-----
12
(1 row)
```

```
--- ### Task 1 : Find the total cost of a project with remote repo id ###

select q1_main(1) as project_1_cost;
select q1_main(2) as project_2_cost;
--- ### Task 2: To find the total space for the project ###

select q2_main(3) as project_3_space;
select q2_main(11) as project_11_space;
--- ### Task 3: Estimated cost for completing the project ###

select q3_main(1) as project_1_estCost;
select q3_main(2) as project_2_estCost;
--- ### Task 4: Project which requires least number of man hours to complete in a company

select q4_main(1) as company_1_lstProj;
select q4_main(2) as company_2_lstProj;
--- ### Task 5: Largest local repo across all projects ###

select q5_main() as largest_local_repo;
```

Transactional Operations:

Update salary:

E_Company_ID=cmpID;

end;

return updated val:

\$\$ language plpgsql;

```
Inputs: User_ID, Company_ID, New Salary
Output: Updated salary value.
In Employs Table, update salary.

——# fucntion to update salary #

create or replace function update_salary(empID int,cmpID int, newSalary int)
returns int as $$
declare
    updated_val int;
begin
    UPDATE Employs
    SET Salary=newSalary
    WHERE E_user_ID=empID and E_Company_ID=cmpID;
```

Select Salary into updated val from Employs where E user ID=emplD and

Add new Employee to company:

Inputs: Developer_User_ID, Company_ID, Salary Output: - In employs table, add new entry.

```
create or replace function recruiting (empid int, CmpID int, salary numeric(10,2))
    returns int as $$
    declare
      r int;
    begin
      IF ((SELECT(CmpID) IN (SELECT Company_ID FROM Company)) and
(SELECT(empid) IN (SELECT User_ID FROM Developer)) and ((SELECT(empid) NOT
IN (SELECT E_User_ID FROM Employs)) and (SELECT(CmpID) NOT IN (SELECT)
INSERT INTO Employs values (empid, CmpID, salary);
          RETURN 1:
      ELSE
        RETURN -1;
      END IF:
    end:
    $$ language plpgsql;
```

Create Developer:

```
drop function if exists create developer (Pass character varying);
create or replace function create developer(Pass character varying)
returns int as $$
declare
  dev int;
begin
  SELECT (MAX(User ID)+1) into dev from Developer;
  INSERT INTO Developer(User_ID, Password)
  VALUES (dev, pass);
  return dev;
end:
$$ language plpgsql;
```

Create Company:

```
create or replace function create_company (comp_des varchar,comp_loc varchar)
returns int as $$
declare
  comp int;
begin
  SELECT (MAX(Company ID)+1) into comp from Company;
  INSERT INTO Company (Company_ID, Company_Description, Location)
  VALUES (comp, comp_des,comp_loc);
  return comp;
end;
$$ language plpgsql;
```

Add new Project:

declare

```
[Add new Remote Repository as a result of it]
Inputs: Company_ID ,Description
Returns: Repo ID of the new remote repo created.
Process:
Verify from company table if the given CompanyID exists.
Add new repository having P_RID = max(Repo(RID))+1
Create new master branch in the newly created repository.
Add new Project entry- {P_RID, description, 0, Company_ID}
Return P_RID;
                      --# function to create new project #
     create or replace function create project(CmpID int, Description varchar(200))
     returns int as $$
```

```
New_P_RID int;
begin

IF (SELECT(CmpID) IN (SELECT Company_ID FROM Company)) THEN

SELECT (MAX(RID)+1) into New_P_RID from Repository;

INSERT INTO Repository values (New_P_RID);

INSERT INTO Project values (New_P_RID, Description, 0,CmpID);

INSERT INTO Branch values (1,New_P_RID,'23:05:06',null,null);

RETURN New_P_RID;

ELSE

RETURN -1;

END IF;

end;

$$ language plpgsql;
```

Create Branch:

```
Inputs: RepoID, Parent BranchID, UserID
Output: New Branch ID of created branch
Process:
Verify if the repo belongs to the UserID.
Find remote repo ID from local repoID.
NewBranchID = MAX(BranchID in remoteRepoID)+1
Add Branch entry for Remote repo.
Add branch entry for local repo.
Return NewBranchID
```

---# function to create branch #

```
create or replace function create branch(devID int, RepoID int, Parent BranchID int)
    returns int as $$
    declare
       New Branch ID int;
       Remote_Repo_ID int;
    beain
       IF (SELECT((SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Repository where RID=RepoID and
Owns=devID)>0)) THEN
         SELECT Remote RID into Remote Repo ID FROM Repository where
RID=RepoID and Owns=devID;
         SELECT (MAX(BID)+1) into New Branch ID from Branch where
B RID=Remote Repo ID;
         INSERT INTO Branch values
(New Branch ID, Remote Repo ID, '23:05:06', Parent BranchID, Remote Repo ID);
         INSERT INTO Branch values
(New Branch ID, RepolD, '23:05:06', Parent BranchID, RepolD);
         RETURN New Branch ID;
       ELSE
         RETURN -1;
      END IF;
    end:
    $$ language plpgsql;
```

Commit:

Inputs:

```
CreateNewVersion(if 1 create New version and commit elseif 0 commit to latest version),
BranchID, RepoID,
FileName, file type, Filecontents, file size.
Output:
      VID if commit successful else -1.
Process:
      If CreatenewVersion = 1,
then Get latest version of the remote repo id.
Create new version newVID using latestVersion+1.
Get latest version ID and set the variable newVID=latestVID.
      After getting new version:
      Generate new FileID using MAX(FID)+1
Append all file related details into file table for newFID and update the Contains table with the new
fileID generated
                           ---# function to commit #
     create or replace function Commit(Create NewVersion int, Commit into BID int,
Commit into RepolD int, commit file name varchar(30), commit file type varchar(10),
commit file contains text, commit file size int)
     returns int as $$
     declare
       latest existing version integer;
       New Version integer;
       REM_RepolD integer;
       MAX RANK1 integer;
       New_FID integer;
       SELECT Remote_RID into REM_RepolD FROM Repository where
RID=Commit into RepoID;
       IF (Create NewVersion=1) THEN -- create a new version
         SELECT MAX(VID)+1 INTO New Version from Version where
V rem repo ID=REM RepoID;
         SELECT MAX(Rank) into MAX RANK1 FROM Holds where
BID=Commit into BID and B RID=Commit into RepolD;
         SELECT VID into latest existing version FROM Holds where
BID=Commit into BID and B RID=Commit into RepoID and rank=MAX RANK1;
         INSERT INTO Version values (New Version, REM RepolD, (SELECT
V User ID from version where VID=latest existing version and
V rem repo ID=REM RepoID));
         INSERT INTO Holds values
(Commit_into_BID,Commit_into_RepoID,New_Version,REM_RepoID,(MAX_RANK1+1));
       ELSIF (Create NewVersion=0) THEN -- add file to latest existing version.
         SELECT MAX(VID) INTO New Version from Version where
V rem repo ID=REM RepoID;
```

```
ELSE -- if Create_NewVersion not either 1 or 0, return -1 indicating wrong input RETURN -1;
END IF;

SELECT MAX(FID)+1 INTO New_FID FROM File;
INSERT INTO File values
(New_FID, commit_file_name, commit_file_type, commit_file_contains,
commit_file_size);
INSERT INTO Contains values (New_Version,REM_RepolD,New_FID);
RETURN New_Version; --return version number of the commit.
end;
$$ language plpgsql;
```

Merge:

Inputs: Merge1_BID, Merge2_BID, RepoID Output: new version in Merge1 branch.

Process:

- 1. Verify the two branches are in the given repo;
 - -check if Merge1_BID, Merge2_BID in branch where B_RID=RepoID
- 2. Find latest versions of both branches.
- Get latest versions (VID+V_Rem_repo_ID) from MAX(Rank) in holds table where BID= Merge1_BID and Merge2_BID
- 3. Get files in both the version:
- -Select Contains table where VID= latest versions of the two branches.
- 4. Groupby filename and create a view GROUPED_FILES.
- 5. Insert New version into Branch1 and get New_VID.
- 6. for each group in GROUPED_FILES,
- insert the file with highest size into the new version. [update contains table for each new file added into version.] (no changes in File table!)

```
-# function to merge #
    create or replace function Merge(Merge2_BID int, Merge1_BID int, RepoID int) ---#
Merge Branch2 into branch1
    returns int as $$
    declare
       REM_RepolD integer;
       New VID integer;
       MAX RANK1 integer; -- max rank of latest VID of branch 1
       MAX RANK2 integer; -- max rank of latest VID of branch 2
       B1 latest VID integer;
       B2_latest_VID integer;
       Max Size integer;
       rec RECORD;
    begin
       IF (SELECT(Merge1_BID) NOT IN (SELECT BID FROM Branch WHERE
B RID=RepoID)) THEN
         RETURN -1:
```

```
END IF:
      IF (SELECT(Merge2 BID) NOT IN (SELECT BID FROM Branch WHERE
B RID=RepoID)) THEN
        RETURN -1;
      END IF:
      SELECT Remote RID into REM RepolD FROM Repository where RID=RepolD;
      SELECT MAX(Rank) into MAX_RANK1 FROM Holds where BID=Merge1_BID and
B RID=RepoID:
      SELECT MAX(Rank) into MAX RANK2 FROM Holds where BID=Merge2 BID and
B RID=RepoID;
      SELECT VID into B1 latest VID FROM Holds where BID=Merge1 BID and
B_RID=RepoID and rank=MAX_RANK1;
      SELECT VID into B2 latest VID FROM Holds where BID=Merge2 BID and
B_RID=RepoID and rank=MAX_RANK2;
      SELECT MAX(VID)+1 INTO New VID from Version where
V rem repo ID=REM RepoID;
      INSERT INTO Version values (New_VID,REM_RepoID,(SELECT V_User_ID from
version where VID=B1 latest VID and V rem repo ID=REM RepoID));
      INSERT INTO Holds values (Merge1 BID, RepolD, New VID, REM RepolD,
(MAX_RANK1+1));
      CREATE table ALL Files to be merged AS (SELECT
f.fid,f.file name,f.file contains,f.file size,f.type from File f,Contains c where
c.Contains V rem repo ID=REM RepoID and (c.Contains VID=B1 latest VID or
c.Contains VID=B2 latest VID) and f.FID=c.Contains FID);
      FOR rec in (SELECT DISTINCT file_name FROM ALL_Files_to_be_merged)
LOOP
        SELECT MAX(file_size) into Max_Size from ALL_Files_to_be_merged where
file name=rec.file name;
        INSERT INTO Contains values
           (New_VID,REM_RepoID,(Select DISTINCT FID from
ALL Files to be merged where file name=rec.file name and file size=Max Size));
        END LOOP:
      DROP table ALL Files to be merged;
      return New VID; --return version number the new commit creates.
    $$ language plpgsql;
```

Pull:

Input: local repo id, user id;

Output: 1 on successful pull / 0 on error

Process:

Handle commits - find out new commits in remote repo and add then to local repo. Handle branches - find out new branches in remote repo and add then to local repo.

```
create or replace function pull (devID int, RepoID int)
    returns int as $$
    declare
      Remote Repo ID int;
      c int;
      c1 int;
      t time;
    begin
      t='09:15:08';
      IF (SELECT (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Repository where RID=RepoID and
Owns=devID) >0 ) THEN
         SELECT Remote_RID into Remote_Repo_ID FROM Repository where
RID=RepoID and Owns=devID;
        INSERT INTO Branch
        select distinct h1.BID ,RepoID as B RID, t as
timestamp ,h1.parent_BID,h1.parent_B_RID from (SELECT * FROM branch WHERE
b_rid=Remote_Repo_ID) h1, (Select b.bid from (SELECT * FROM Holds WHERE
b rid=Remote Repo ID) b,(SELECT vid FROM Holds WHERE b rid=Remote Repo ID
EXCEPT SELECT vid FROM Holds WHERE b rid=RepoID) v where v.vid=b.vid EXCEPT
select BID from branch where B rid=RepoID) h2 where h1.bid=h2.bid;
        INSERT INTO Holds (bid , b_rid , vid , v_rem_repo_id ,rank)
         Select b.bid,RepoID as B_RID,b.vid,b.v_rem_repo_id,b.rank from (SELECT *
FROM Holds WHERE b rid=Remote Repo ID) b,(SELECT vid FROM Holds WHERE
b rid=Remote Repo ID EXCEPT SELECT vid FROM Holds WHERE b rid=RepoID) v
where v.vid=b.vid;
        return 1:
      ELSE
        RETURN -1:
      END IF:
    end;
    $$ language plpgsql;
```

Push:

Input: local repo id, user id;

Output: 1 on successful pull / 0 on error

Process:

Handle commits - find out new commits in local repo and add then to remote repo.

Handle branches - no need to handle branches as in remote repo will contain all branches .

```
create or replace function push (devID int, RepoID int)
    returns int as $$
    declare
       Remote_Repo_ID int;
       c int;
      c1 int:
      t time;
    begin
      t='09:15:08';
      IF (SELECT (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Repository where RID=RepoID and
Owns=devID) >0 ) THEN
         SELECT Remote_RID into Remote_Repo_ID FROM Repository where
RID=RepoID and Owns=devID;
         INSERT INTO Holds (bid , b_rid , vid , v_rem_repo_id ,rank)
         Select b.bid,Remote Repo ID as B RID,b.vid,b.v rem repo id,b.rank from
(SELECT * FROM Holds WHERE b_rid=RepoID) b,(SELECT vid FROM Holds WHERE
b rid=RepoID EXCEPT SELECT vid FROM Holds WHERE b rid=Remote Repo ID) v
where v.vid=b.vid;
         return 1;
       ELSE
         RETURN -1:
      END IF;
    end;
    $$ language plpgsql;
```

Testing Transactions operation

Create Developer:

```
github=# select * from developer;
user_id | password
           password1
           password2
           password3
           password4
           password5
           password6
           password7
         | password8
github=# select create_developer ('password_new');
  create_developer
(1 row)
github=# select * from developer;
user_id | password
           password1
           password2
           password3
           password4
           password5
           password6
           password7
           password8
           password_new
```

Create Company:

```
github=# select * from company;
 company_id | company_description |
                                    location
          1
              Comp_desc1
                                     loc1
          2
            Comp_desc2
                                     loc2
(2 rows)
github=# select create_company ('Comp_new_desc','loc_new');
 create_company
              3
(1 row)
github=# select * from company;
 company_id | company_description | location
              Comp_desc1
                                     loc1
          2
              Comp_desc2
                                     loc2
              Comp_new_desc
                                     loc_new
(3 rows)
```

Add new Employee to company:

```
github=# select * from Employs;
 e_user_id | e_company_id | salary
         1
                          1
                              1500.00
         2
                          1
                              1400.00
         3
                          1
                              1200.00
         5
                          2
                              1700.00
                          2
         6
                              1600.00
                          2
                              1900.00
(6 rows)
github=# select recruiting(9,3,35000);
 recruiting
           1
(1 row)
github=\# select * from Employs;
e_user_id | e_company_id |
         1
                          1
                               1500.00
         2
                               1400.00
                          1
         3
                          1
                                1200.00
         5
                          2
                               1700.00
                          2
         6
                               1600.00
                          2
         7
                               1900.00
         9
                          3
                              35000.00
(7 rows)
```

Add new Project:

```
Command Prompt - psql -U postgres
You are now connected to database "github" as user "postgres".
github=# select * from project;
p_rid | description | progress_bar | p_company_id
         proj_desc_1 |
                                    50
                                    40
         proj_desc_2 |
         proj_desc_3
                                   60
         proj_desc_4
                                    70
   11
(4 rows)
github=# Select * from Repository;
rid | remote_rid | owns | hours
                                 6
  12 |
(12 rows)
github=# SELECT Create_project(1,'Company 1- Second Project');
create_project
(1 row)
```

```
Command Prompt - psgl -U postgres
github=# SELECT Create_project(1,'Company 1- Second Project');
 create_project
(1 row)
github=# select * from project;
 p_rid |
                  description
                                           | progress_bar | p_company_id
         proj_desc_1
proj_desc_2
proj_desc_3
proj_desc_4
                                                          50
                                                          40
                                                          60
                                                           70
          Company 1- Second Project
    13
github=# Select * from Repository;
rid | remote_rid | owns | hours
                                     12
  10
12
(13 rows)
```

Update salary:

```
Command Prompt - psql -U postgres
github=# select * from employs;
 e_user_id | e_company_id | salary
         1 |
                        1 | 1500.00
         2
                            1400.00
                        1 | 1200.00
         5
                            1700.00
         6
                            1600.00
                        2 | 1900.00
(6 rows)
github=# SELECT update_salary(7, 2, 2000);
update_salary
          2000
(1 row)
github=# select * from employs;
 e_user_id | e_company_id | salary
         1
                        1 | 1500.00
         2 |
                            1400.00
         3 |
                        1 | 1200.00
                        2 | 1700.00
         6
                        2 | 1600.00
                        2 | 2000.00
(6 rows)
github=#
```

Create Branch:

```
Command Prompt - psql -U postgres
You are now connected to database "github" as user "postgres".
github=# Select * from Branch where b_rid=1 or B_rid=4;
bid | b_rid | timestamp | parent_bid | parent_b_rid
          1 | 04:05:06
4 | 04:05:06
1 | 04:05:07
               04:05:08
               04:05:09
   2 |
               04:05:07
(6 rows)
github=# --create_branch(devID int, RepoID int, Parent_BranchID int)
github=# SELECT create_branch(1,4,1);
create_branch
(1 row)
github=# Select * from Branch where b_rid=1 or B_rid=4;
bid | b_rid | timestamp | parent_bid | parent_b_rid
             04:05:06
             04:05:06
              04:05:07
               04:05:08
             04:05:09
              04:05:07
               23:05:06
               23:05:06
(8 rows)
github=# -- new branch 5 gets created in repo 4 and its remote repo 1 also.
github=#
```

Merge:

github=#

```
Command Prompt - psql -U postgres
github=#
github=# -- merge branch 2 into branch1 (master branch) in repository 4:
github=#
github=# -- files present in latest version of master branch
github=# SELECT * from File f,Contains c where c.Contains_V_rem_repo_ID=1 and (c.Contains_VID=3) and f.FID=c.Contains_FID;
fid | file_name | type | file_contains | file_size | contains_vid | contains_v_rem_repo_id | contains_fid
                                                                                            1 |
                   md
                          file_desc1
                                                100
      read
                                                540
                                                                                           1 |
      sub
                          file_desc3
                                                                                                           4
  4
      subh
                          file_desc4
                                                300
                                                                                            1 |
(3 rows)
github=# -- files present in latest version of branch 2
github=# SELECT * from File f,Contains c where c.Contains_V_rem_repo_ID=1 and (c.Contains_VID=2) and f.FID=c.Contains_FID;
fid | file_name | type | file_contains | file_size | contains_vid | contains_v_rem_repo_id | contains_fid
      read
                  md
                          file_desc1
                                                100
  2
                                                500
       sub
                          file_desc2
                          file_desc5
                                                310
                                                                  2 |
      subh
(3 rows)
github=#
github=# --Merge(Merge2_BID int, Merge1_BID int, RepoID int)
github=# Select Merge(2,1,4);
merge
    6
(1 row)
github=# SELECT * from File f,Contains c where c.Contains_V_rem_repo_ID=1 and (c.Contains_VID=6) and f.FID=c.Contains_FID;
fid | file_name | type | file_contains | file_size | contains_vid | contains_v_rem_repo_id | contains_fid
                                                                                           1 |
      read
                   md
                          file_desc1
                                                100
  2
                                                500
                                                                                           1 |
      sub
                          file_desc2
                                                                  6
  5
      subh
                          file_desc5
                                                310
                                                                                            1 |
(3 rows)
```

Commit:

```
Command Prompt - psql -U postgres
github=#
github=# -- commit a file into branch 1 of repository 9:
github=#
github=# --current versions in branch 1 or repo 9:
github=#
github=# SELECT * from holds where BID=1 and B_RID=9;
bid | b_rid | vid | v_rem_repo_id | rank
(1 row)
github=#
github=# -- Commit(Create_NewVersion , Commit_into_BID , Commit_into_RepoID , commit_file_name , commit_file_type, commit_file_contents, commit_file_size)
github=#
github=# SELECT Commit(1, 1, 9, 'new_file', 'txt', 'Contents 1234!', 100 );
commit
(1 row)
github=#
github=#
          -- versions present in branch 1 or repo 9 after commiting new file :
github=#
github=# SELECT * from holds where BID=1 and B_RID=9;
bid | b_rid | vid | v_rem_repo_id | rank
(2 rows)
github=# -- here we see new version (vid 6) getting added.
github=#
github=# SELECT * from File f,Contains c where c.Contains_V_rem_repo_ID=3 and (c.Contains_VID=6) and f.FID=c.Contains_FID; fid | file_name | type | file_contains | file_size | contains_vid | contains_v_rem_repo_id | contains_fid
22 | new_file | txt | Contents 1234! |
                                                               100
                                                                                      6
                                                                                                                                         22
(1 row)
github=# -- files present in the new commit having (vid = 6)
```

Pull:

```
github=# SELECT * FROM Holds WHERE b_rid=5;
 bid | b_rid | vid | v_rem_repo_id | rank
   1 |
           5
                 1
                                  1 |
                                         1
   2 1
           5
                 2
                                  1
                                         1
           5 İ
                 4 |
                                  1
                                         1
   4 1
(3 rows)
github=# SELECT * FROM branch WHERE b_rid=5;
bid | b_rid | timestamp | parent_bid | parent_b_rid
           5 | 04:05:06
   1 |
           5 | 04:05:07
  2 1
                                     1
           5 | 04:05:09
                                     2
  4 |
(3 rows)
github=# select pull(2,5);
pull
    1
(1 row)
github=# SELECT * FROM Holds WHERE b_rid=5;
bid | b_rid | vid | v_rem_repo_id | rank
   1 |
           5 |
                 1
                                  1
                                         1
  2 |
           5
                 2
                                  1
                                         1
  4 1
           5
                 4
                                  1
                                         1
           5 1
                 3
                                  1
                                         2
   1 |
(4 rows)
github=# SELECT * FROM branch WHERE b_rid=5;
bid | b_rid | timestamp | parent_bid | parent_b_rid
           5 | 04:05:06
   1 |
   2 |
           5 | 04:05:07
                                     1
           5 | 04:05:09
                                                     5
                                     2
   4
(3 rows)
```

Push:

```
github=# SELECT * FROM Holds WHERE b_rid=1;
 bid | b_rid | vid | v_rem_repo_id | rank
   1
                                          1
                  1
   2
           1
                  2
                                  1
                                          1
           1 |
                  3 |
                                  1
                                          2
   1 |
(3 rows)
github=# SELECT * FROM Holds WHERE b_rid=5;
 bid | b_rid | vid | v_rem_repo_id | rank
   1
                                  1
                                          1
                  1
   2 |
           5
                  2
                                  1
                                          1
   4
           5
                  4
                                  1
                                          1
           5 I
                                          2
                  3 I
                                  1
   1 |
(4 rows)
github=# push(2,5);
ERROR: syntax error at or near "push"
LINE 1: push(2,5);
github=# select push(2,5);
 push
    1
(1 row)
github=# SELECT * FROM Holds WHERE b_rid=1;
 bid | b_rid | vid | v_rem_repo_id | rank
   1 |
                                          1
           1 |
                  1 |
                                  1 I
   2
           1
                  2
                                  1
                                          1
                 3
                                          2
   1
           1
                                  1
                                  1
           1
                  4
                                          1
   4
(4 rows)
```

Multiple users with different access privilege levels for different parts of the database should be created.

Types of users:

- 1. Database Admin (Postgres)
- 2. Company
- 3. Developers
- 4. Viewers.

Privileges provided to different users:

1. Company:

SELECT (view) – all tables except Developer(passwords).

INSERT – Project, Employs, Repository Table

UPDATE (edit) – Company(Description, Location), Project(Description, Progress_bar),

Employs(Salary) Table

DELETE – rows in Project, Employs, Repository Table

2. Developers -

SELECT (view) – all tables.

INSERT – Repository, Branch, holds, version, Contains, File Table

UPDATE (edit) – Repository, Branch, holds, version, Contains, File Table

DELETE – rows in Repository, Contains, (Branch, holds, version, Contains -- used only if full repo is deleted), File Table

3. Viewers (Eg. Auditors)

SELECT(View) - all tables except Developer(passwords), file(contains).

\c github;

```
CREATE USER Company_User;
CREATE USER Developer_User;
CREATE USER Viewer;
```

---# Company_User permissions#

```
GRANT SELECT ON ALL TABLES IN SCHEMA public TO Company User;
    REVOKE SELECT (Password) ON Developer FROM Company User;
    GRANT INSERT ON Project, Employs, Repository TO Company User;
    GRANT UPDATE (Company_Description,Location) ON company TO
Company User;
    GRANT UPDATE (Description, progress bar) ON project TO Company User;
    GRANT UPDATE (salary) ON employs TO Company User;
    GRANT DELETE ON Project, Employs, Repository TO Company User;
    ---# Developer_User permissions#
    GRANT SELECT ON ALL TABLES IN SCHEMA public TO Developer User;
    GRANT INSERT, UPDATE ON Repository, Branch, Holds, Version, Contains, File TO
Developer User:
    GRANT DELETE ON Repository, Branch, Holds, Version, Contains, File TO
Developer User;
    GRANT SELECT ON ALL TABLES IN SCHEMA public TO Viewer;
    REVOKE SELECT (Password) ON Developer FROM Viewer;
    REVOKE SELECT (file contains) ON File FROM Viewer;
```

```
vishwas@Vishwass-MBP I5_Assisgment-02 % psql postgres -f plivileges.sql
You are now connected to database "github" as user "vishwas".
CREATE ROLE
CREATE ROLE
CREATE ROLE
GRANT
REVOKE
GRANT
GRANT
GRANT
GRANT
GRANT
GRANT
GRANT
GRANT
GRANT
REVOKE
REVOKE
vishwas@Vishwass-MBP I5_Assisgment-02 %
```

Indicate contribution of each member clearly and approximate time spent in hours for the respective activity.

T R SUDHARSHAN

Implemented 5 simple query and 5 complex query Hours spent 25 - 30 hrs

UTHPAL P

Implemented half of the transaction (merge, commit, etc...)

Implemented access privilege levels Hours spent 25 - 30 hrs

VISHWAS R

Implemented another half of the transaction (Push ,Pull ,etc...)
Report work
Hours spent 25 - 30 hrs

We spent a lot of time in modifying the ER diagram as there very many conditions to be handled in our project.