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Multiple Choice Questions Bank

1	An algo	orithm in encryption is called
	A	Algorithm
	В	Procedure
	C	Cipher
	D	Module
	Ans.	C
2	The inf	formation that gets transformed in encryption is
	A	Plain text
	В	Parallel text
		Encrypted text
	D	Decrypted text
	Ans.	A
3	In brut	e force attack, on average half of all possible keys must be tried to achieve
	success	
	A	True
	В	False
	Ans.	A
4	A (n) _	algorithm transforms ciphertext to plaintext.
	A	Encryption
		Decryption
		Either (a) or (b)
	D	Neither (a) nor (b)
	Ans.	В
5	The	is the message after transformation.
	A	Ciphertext
	В	Plaintext
	C	Secret-text
	D	None of the above
	Ans.	\mathbf{A}
6	Which	of the following is not a type of virus?
	A	Boot sector
	В	Polymorphic
	C	Multipartite
	D	Trojans
	Ans.	D



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7	A com	outer is a malicious code which self-replicates by copying itself to other
/	progra	
	A	Program
	В	Virus
	C	Application
	D	Worm
	Ans.	В
o		infects the master boot record and it is challenging and a complex task to
8	remove	e this virus.
	A	Boot Sector Virus
	В	Polymorphic
	C	Multipartite
	D	Trojans
	Ans.	\mathbf{A}
9		infects the executable as well as the boot sectors.
	A	Non-resident virus
	В	Boot Sector Virus
	C	Polymorphic Virus
	D	Multipartite Virus
	Ans.	D
10	Trojan	creators do not look for
	A	Deleting Data
	В	Protecting Data
	C	Modifying Data
	D	Copying Data
	Ans.	В
11	Once a	ctivated can enable to spy on the victim, steal their
	sensitiv	re information & gain backdoor access to the system.
	A	Virus, Cyber-Criminals
	В	Malware, Penetration Testers
	C	Trojans, Cyber-Criminals
	D	Virus, Penetration Testers
	Ans.	\mathbf{C}
10	During a DOS attack, the regular traffic on the target will be either	
12		ng down or entirely interrupted.
	A	Network
	В	System
	C	Website



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	D	Router
	Ans.	\mathbf{C}
13		tent of a is to overkill the targeted server's bandwidth and other
		ces of the target website.
	A	Phishing attack
	В	DoS attack
	C D	Website attack
	Ans.	MiTM attack B
	Alls.	ь
	In	some cyber-criminals redirect the legitimate users to different phishing
14		nd web pages via emails, IMs, ads and spyware.
	A	URL Redirection
	В	DOS
	C	Phishing
	D	MiTM attack
	Ans.	C
15	•	creators do not look for
	A	Credit card information
	В	Confidential data
	C	Important documents
	D	Securing systems with such programs
	Ans.	D
16	When	one participant in a communication pretends to be someone else, it is called
		?
	A	Virus Attacks
	В	Fire Attacks
	C	Data Driven Attacks
	D	Masquerade
	Ans.	D
		is a form, word to describe a whiching attack that is mostlically simed at wealthy
17	noworf	is a term used to describe a phishing attack that is specifically aimed at wealthy, ul, or prominent individuals. Generally CEO's and important celebrities.
	A	Message Authentication Code
	В	Steganography
	C	Whale phishing
	D	A cipher
	Ans.	C
18	Messag	/
	A	Confidentiality
ona	rod Dvy Dro	of Homant H. Datel



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	В	Integrity
	C	Authentication
	D	None of the above
	Ans.	
19	-	omising confidential information comes under
	A	Bug
	В	Threat
	C	Vulnerability
	D	Attack
	Ans.	В
20	When	an attacker sends unsolicited communication, it is an example of
	A	Spoofing
	В	Spamming
	C	Crackers
	D	Sniffers
	Ans.	\mathbf{A}
21	-	erading is
	A	Attempting to hack a system through backdoors to an operating system or application.
	В	Pretending to be an authorized user
	C	Always done through IP spoofing
	D	Applying a subnet mask to an internal IP range
	Ans.	В
22	Integrit	ty is protection of data from all of the following except
	A	Unauthorized changes
	В	Accidental changes
	C	Data analysis
	D	Intentional manipulation
	Ans.	C
23	A secu	rity program cannot address which of the following business goals?
	A	Accuracy of information
	В	Change control
	C	User expectations
	D	Prevention of fraud
	Ans.	A
	Alis.	A
24	The abs	sence of a fire-suppression system would be best characterized as
	A	Exposure
	В	Threat
	C	Vulnerability



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	D	Risk
	Ans.	C
25	•	netric key cryptography is used for all of the following
	except_	
	A	Encryption of data
	В	Access control
	C	Nonrepudiation
	D A ma	Steganography
•	Ans.	D
26	Firewal	lls are to protect against
	A	Virus Attacks
	В	Fire Attacks
	C	Data Driven Attacks
	D	Unauthorized Attacks
	Ans.	D
27		st computer virus is
	A	The famous
	В	HARLIE
	C	PARAM
	D	Creeper
	Ans.	D
		_ is the practice and precautions taken to protect valuable information from
28	unauth	orized access, recording, disclosure or destruction.
	A	Network Security
	В	Database Security
	C	Information Security
	D	Physical Security
	Ans.	\mathbf{C}^{\top}
29		he options below, which of them is not a vulnerability to information security?
	A	Without deleting data, disposal of storage media
	В	Latest patches and updates not done
	C	Flood
	D	Unchanged default password
-	Ans.	C
30	Compr	omising confidential information comes under
20	A	Bug
	В	Threat
	C	Vulnerability
	D	Attack



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	Ans.	B
31	Possible	threat to any information cannot be
	A	Ignored
	В	Protected
	C	Transferred
		Reduced
	Ans.	A
32		can gain access illegally to a system if the system is not properly tested in
-	scanning	g and gaining access phase.
	A	Security officer
	В	Malicious hacker
	C	Security auditor
	D	Network analyst
	Ans.	В
22		is the process or mechanism used for converting ordinary plain
33	text into	garbled non-human readable text & vice-versa.
	A	Malware Analysis
	В	Exploit writing
	C	Reverse engineering
	D	Cryptography
	Ans.	D D
34	Whon n	lain text is converted to unreadable format, it is termed as
J -	A	Rotten text
		Raw text
	B C	
		Cipher-text
	D	Cipher
	Ans.	C
35		is a means of storing & transmitting information in a specific format
-		only those for whom it is planned can understand or process it.
		Malware Analysis
	В	Cryptography
	C	Reverse engineering
	D	Exploit writing
	Ans.	В
36	Cryptog	raphy can be divided into types.
	A	5
	В	2
	C	7
	D	3



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A	ns.	В
37	Data which is easily readable & understandable without any special algorithm or	
31	method	l is called
	A	Cipher-text
	В	Plain text
	C	Raw text
	D	Encrypted text
A	ns.	В
38	Plain to	ext are also called
	A	Encrypted text
	В	Clear-text
	C	Raw text
	D	Cipher-text
A	ns.	\mathbf{C}
39	There a	are types of cryptographic techniques used in general.
	A	2
	В	3
	C	4
	D	5
A	ns.	В
	Convo	ntional cryptography is also known as or symmetric-key
40		
	encryp A	Secret-key
	A B	Public key
	C	Protected key
	D	Primary key
A :	ns.	A
A	115.	A
41		ncryption Standard is an example of a cryptosystem.
	A	Conventional
	В	Public key
	C	Hash key
	D	Asymmetric-key
A	ns.	A
42		_ Cryptography deals with traditional characters, i.e., letters & digits directly.
	A	Latest
	В	Asymmetric
	C	Classic
	D	Modern
A	ns.	C



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43		Cryptography operates on binary-bit series and strings.
	A	Modern
	В	Classic
	C	Traditional
	D	Primitive
	Ans.	\mathbf{A}
44		is a mono-alphabetic encryption code wherein each & every letter of plain-
		eplaced by another letter in creating the cipher-text.
	A	Polyalphabetic Cipher
	В	Caesar Cipher
	C	Playfair Cipher
	D	Monoalphabetic Cipher
	Ans.	В
4-		_ is the concept that tells us about the replacement of every alphabet by
45	another	alphabet and the entire series gets 'shifted' by some fixed quantity.
	A	Rolling Cipher
	В	Shift Cipher
	C	Playfair Cipher
	D	Block Cipher
	Ans.	B
16	In Playfair cipher, at first, a key table is produced. That key table is a 5 by 5 grid of	
40	alphabo	ets which operates as the key to encrypt the plaintext.
	A	Rolling Cipher
	В	Shift Cipher
	C	Playfair Cipher
	D	Block Cipher
	Ans.	\mathbf{C}
47	~l.:64~ o.	employs a text string as a key that is implemented to do a series of
		n the plain-text.
	A	Shift Cipher
	В	Block Cipher
	C	Playfair Cipher
	. D	Vigenere Cipher
	Ans.	D
40	The	has piece of the keyword that has the same length as that of the
48	plainte	
	A	One-time pad
	В	Hash functions
	C	Vigenere Cipher



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	D	Block Cipher
	Ans.	\mathbf{A}
49		the plain-text is processed 1-bit at a time & a series of actions is
77	carried	out on it for generating one bit of cipher-text.
	A	Vigenere Cipher
	В	Block Cipher
	C	Stream cipher
	D	One-time pad
	Ans.	\mathbf{C}
	τ.	
50		a sequence of actions is carried out on this block after a block of
	_	ext bits is chosen for generating a block of cipher-text bits.
	A	Hash functions
	В	Vigenere Cipher
	C D	One-time pad
	Ans.	Block Cipher D
	Alls.	D .
51	The pr	ocedure to add bits to the last block is termed as
-	A	Padding
	В	Hashing
	C	Tuning
	D	Decryption
	Ans.	A
52		of the following is not an example of a block cipher?
	A	DES
	В	Caesar cipher
	C	Twofish
	D	IDEA
	Ans.	A
53	DES st	tands for
	A	Device Encryption Standard
	В	Data Encrypted Standard
	C	Data Encryption Security
	D	Data Encryption Standard
	Ans.	D
54		
-		
	A	
	C	DES
54		carries out all its calculations on bytes rather than using bits and is at times faster than 3-DES. Twofish IDEA DES



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	D	AES
	Ans.	D
55	AES sta	ands for
	A	Active Encryption Standard
	В	Advanced Encrypted Standard
	C	Advanced Encryption Standard
	D	Advanced Encryption Security
	Ans.	C
56	AES is a	at least 6-times faster than 3-DES.
	Α	True
	В	False
	Ans.	\mathbf{A}
57		is another data hiding technique which can be used in conjunction with
<i>J i</i>	cryptog	raphy for the extra-secure method of protecting data.
	A	Chorography
	В	Tomography
	C	Steganography
	D	Cryptography
	Ans.	C
		is hiding of data within data, where we can hide images tout, and other
58	mossogg	is hiding of data within data, where we can hide images, text, and other es within images, videos, music or recording files.
	A A	Steganography
	B	Cryptography
	C	Chorography
	D	Tomography
	Ans.	A A
59	Stogono	graphy follows the concept of security through obscurity.
3)	A	True
	В	False
	Ans.	A
	1119.	
60	The wor	
UU		d or concealed", and 'graphein' which means "writing".
	Α	Tomography
	В	Chorography
	C	Steganography
	D	Cryptography
	Ans.	C



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61	Which	of the following is not a steganography tool?
	A	Steghide
	В	ReaperExploit
	C	Image steganography
	D	Xaio steganography
	Ans.	В
(2	337la: ala	
62		of the following is not a steganography tool?
	A	rSteg
	В	Crypture
	C	SteganographX Plus
	D	Burp Suite
	Ans.	D
	The ma	ain motive for using steganography is that hackers or other users can hide a
63		message behind a
	A	Program file
	В	Special file
	C	Ordinary file
	D	Encrypted file
	Ans.	C
	AIIS.	
<i>(</i>	People	will normally think it as a normal/regular file and your secret message will pass
64	on with	nout any
	A	Cracking
	В	Encryption
	C	Suspicion
	D	Decryption
	Ans.	C
65	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	A	Steganography
	В	Chorography
	C	Tomography
	D	Cryptography
	Ans.	\mathbf{A}
66	Which	mode of operation has the worst "error propagation" among the following?
0.0	A	ECB
	В	CBC
	C	CBC
	D	OFB
	Ans.	A
	4 4 1 1 1 3 0	12



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67		block mode limits the maximum throughput of the algorithm to the reciprocal ime for one execution?
	A	ECB
	В	CBC
	C	CTR
	D	OFB
	Ans.	C
68	Which	mode requires the implementation of only the encryption algorithm?
	A	OFB
	В	CTR
	C	CBC
	D	ECB
	Ans.	В
69	Which	of the following modes of operation does not involve feedback?
	A	OFB
	В	CTR
	C	CBC
	D	ECB
	Ans.	A
70	Which o	of the following is a natural candidates for stream ciphers?
	A	OFB
	В	ECB
	C	CBC
	D	CFB
	Ans.	\mathbf{A}
	Which	one of the following is not a cryptographic algorithm- JUPITER, Blowfish,
71		ijndael and Serpent?
	A	Rijndael
	В	Serpent
	C	Blowfish
	D	JUPITER
	Ans.	D
	Which a	algorithm among- MARS, Blowfish, RC6, Rijndael and Serpent -was chosen as
72		S algorithm?
	A	Rijndael
	В	RC6
	C	Blowfish
	D	MARS
	Ans.	D



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73	How many rounds does the AES-192 perform?		
	A	16	
	В	12	
	C	14	
	D	10	
	Ans.	В	
74	W/la a 4 i a	the companded have size of AEC 1029	
74		the expanded key size of AES-192?	
	A	60 words	
	В	32 words	
	C	52 words	
	D	44 words	
	Ans.	C	
75	The 4×4 byte matrices in the AES algorithm are called		
	A	Permutations	
	В	Transitions	
	C	Words	
	D	States	
	Ans.	D	
76	In AFS	the 4×4 bytes matrix key is transformed into a keys of size	
70	A	60 words	
	B	32 words	
	D	52 words	
	_	44 words	
	Ans.	D	
77	For the	AES-128 algorithm there are similar rounds and round	
,,	is differ	ent.	
	A	9; the last	
	В	8; the first and last	
	C	10; no	
	D	2 pair of 5 similar rounds; every alternate	
	Ans.	\mathbf{A}	
78	There is	s an addition of round key before the start of the AES round algorithms.	
	A	True	
	В	False	
	Ans.	A A	
70	Ше	any computation records does the simplified ATC consists of	
79		any computation rounds does the simplified AES consists of?	
	A	10	
	В	8	
	С	2	



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	D	5		
	Ans.	C		
80	On comparing AES with DES, which of the following functions from DES does no			
	have an equivalent AES function?			
	A	Permutation P		
	В	Swapping of halves		
	C	XOR of subkey with function f		
	D	F function		
	Ans.	В		
81	What is the block size in the Simplified AES algorithm?			
	A	36 bits		
	В	16 bits		
	C	40 bits		
	D	8 bits		
	Ans.	C		
	11115.			
82	What i	s the key size in the S-AES algorithm?		
	A	32 bits		
	В	24 bits		
	C	16 bits		
	D	None of the mentioned		
	Ans.	C		
83	Which of the following is a faulty S-AES step function?			
••	A	Mix Columns		
	В	Add round key		
	C	Byte substitution		
	D	Shift rows		
	Ans.	C		
	1115			
84	How ma	any step function do Round 1 and 2 each have in S-AES?		
	A	1 and 4		
	В	3 and 4		
	C	Both 4		
	D	4 and 3		
	Ans.	D		
The inverse transformation matrix times the forward transformatic		erse transformation matrix times the forward transformation matrix equals		
the identity matrix.		-		
	A	True		
	В	False		
	Ans.	\mathbf{A}		



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How many round keys are generated in the AES algorithm? A 12 B 11 C 10 D 8 Ans. B DES follows A SP Networks B Feistel Cipher Structure	
A 12 B 11 C 10 D 8 Ans. B Output BY DES follows A SP Networks	
B 11 C 10 D 8 Ans. B 87 DES follows A SP Networks	
C 10 D 8 Ans. B 87 DES follows A SP Networks	
D 8 Ans. B 87 DES follows A SP Networks	
Ans. B 87 DES follows A SP Networks	
PATE OF SET OF S	
A SP Networks	
A SP Networks	
C Caesars Cipher	
D Hash Algorithm	
Ans. B	
The DES Algorithm Cipher System consists ofrounds (iterations) each	ch c
with a round key.	
A 16	
B 9	
C 12	
D 18	
Ans. A	
The DES algorithm has a key length of	
A 16 Bits	
B 32 Bits	
C 64 Bits	
D 128 Bits	
Ans. C	
In the DES algorithm the round key is bit and the Round Inpu	it is
bits.	
A 48, 32	
B 32, 32	
C 56, 24	
D 64,32	
Ans. A	
In the DES algorithm the Round Input is 32 bits, which is expanded to 48 bits	via
91	
A Addition of ones	
B Addition of zeros	
C Duplication of the existing bits	
D Scaling of the existing bits	
Ans. D	



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92	The Ir	nitial Permutation table/matrix is of size
	A	4×8
	В	8×8
	C	12×8
	D	16×8
	Ans.	В
02	The ni	umber of unique substitution boxes in DES after the 48 bit XOR operation
93	are	
	Ā	4
	В	8
	C	12
	D	16
	Ans.	В
94	What	is the number of possible 3 x 3 affine cipher transformations?
•	A	840
	В	168
	Č	1344
	D	1024
	Ans.	C
^ -		
95		Box is used to provide confusion, as it is dependent on the unknown key.
	A	True
	В	False
	Ans.	A
96	_	= 11 and q = 17 and choose e=7. Apply RSA algorithm where PT message=88
70	and th	us find the CT.
	A	64
	В	11
	C	54
	D	23
	Ans.	В
97	For p	= 11 and q = 17 and choose e=7. Apply RSA algorithm where Cipher
91	messa	ge=11 and thus find the plain text.
	A	122
	В	143
	C	111
	D	88
	Ans.	D
	In on	RSA system the public key of a given user is $e = 31$, $n = 3599$. What is the private
98		this user?



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	A B C	1023 2432 2412
	D Ans.	3031 D
99	Compu	te private key (d, p, q) given public key (e=23, n=233 ´ 241=56,153).
	A	32432
	В	19367
	C	12543
	D	35212
	Ans.	В
100	RSA is	also a stream cipher like Merkel-Hellman.
	A	True
	В	False
	Ans.	A
In the RSA algorithm, we select 2 random large values 'p' and 'following is the property of 'p' and 'q'?		RSA algorithm, we select 2 random large values 'p' and 'q'. Which of the ng is the property of 'p' and 'q'?
	A	p/q should give no remainder
	В	p and q should be prime
	C	p and q should be co-prime
	D	p and q should be divisible by $\Phi(n)$
	Ans.	В
102	In RSA	$\Phi_{\mathbf{q}}, \Phi(\mathbf{q}) = \underline{\qquad}$ in terms of p and q.
	A	(p+1)(q+1)
	В	(p-1)(q-1)
	C	(p)(q)
	D	(p)/(q)
	Ans.	В
103	For p	= 11 and q = 19 and choose e=17. Apply RSA algorithm where message=5 and
103	find th	e cipher text.
	A	C=23
	В	C=56
	C	C=92
	D	C=80
	Ans.	D
104	For p =	= 11 and $q = 19$ and choose d=17. Apply RSA algorithm where Cipher
104	_	e=80 and thus find the plain text.
	A	5
	В	12



Department of CE/IT - 07/16

Multiple Choice Questions Bank

Cryptography and Network Security

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```
\mathbf{C}
               43
         D
                54
    Ans.
                A
       Perform encryption on the following PT using RSA and find the CT. p = 3; q = 11; M
105
                18
         A
         В
                12
         C
                26
         D
                28
                C
    Ans.
       Perform encryption on the following PT using RSA and find the CT. p = 5; q = 11; M
106
                43
         Α
         В
                14
         C
                112
                54
         D
    Ans.
                В
       Perform encryption on the following PT using RSA and find the CT. p = 7; q = 11; M
107
       = 8.
         A
                58
                34
         В
         C
                123
         D
                57
    Ans.
                D
       Perform encryption on the following PT using RSA and find the CT. p = 11; q = 13;
108
       \mathbf{M} = 7.
         A
                78
                45
         В
         \mathbf{C}
                124
         D
                25
                \mathbf{C}
    Ans.
       Perform encryption on the following PT using RSA and find the CT. p = 17; q = 31;
109
       M = 2.
         A
                128
         В
                124
         C
                127
         D
                167
```

A

Ans.



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Α	2
В	4
C	5
D	6
Ans.	C