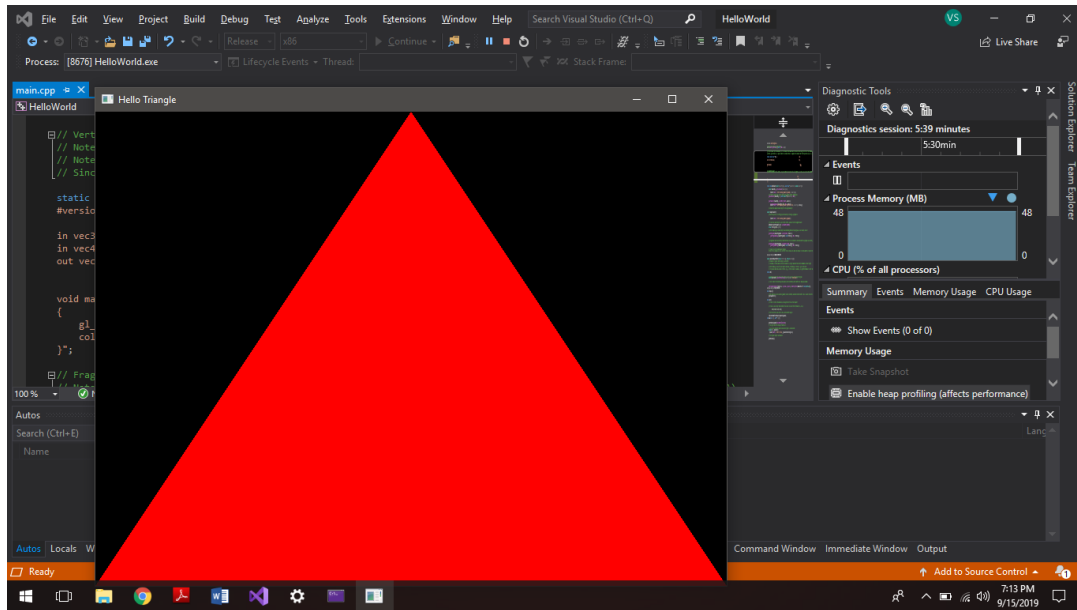


Lab #01 Assignment

1. Setup:

After replacing the main.cpp file and making changes in the properties of the project, a red triangle appears on running the project, as expected.

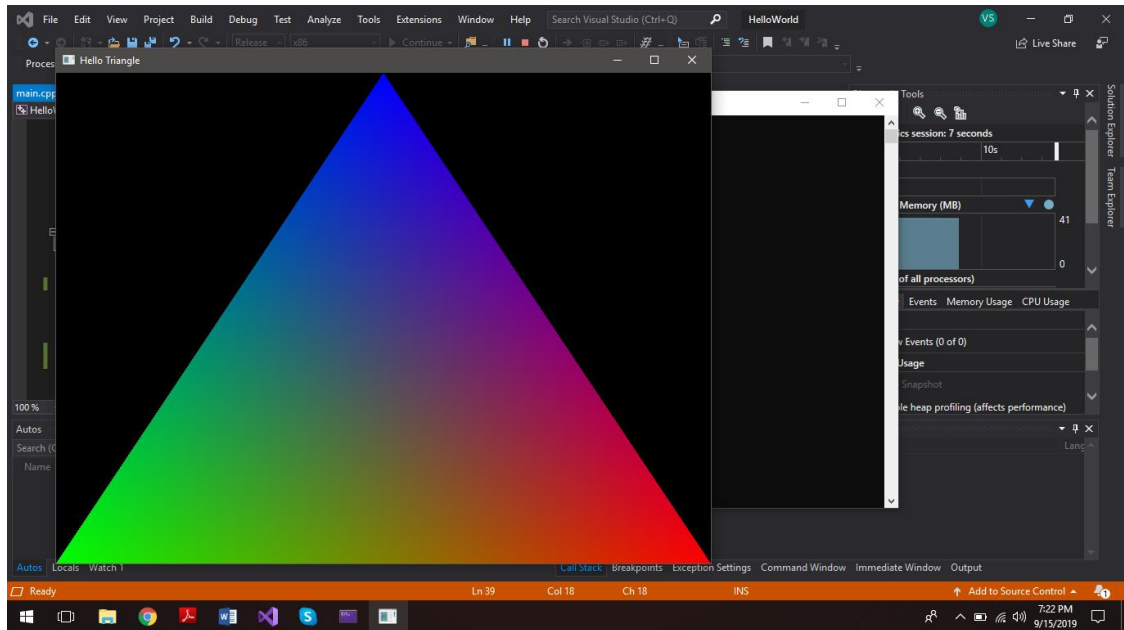


2. Exercises:

2.1. Multi colored Triangle:

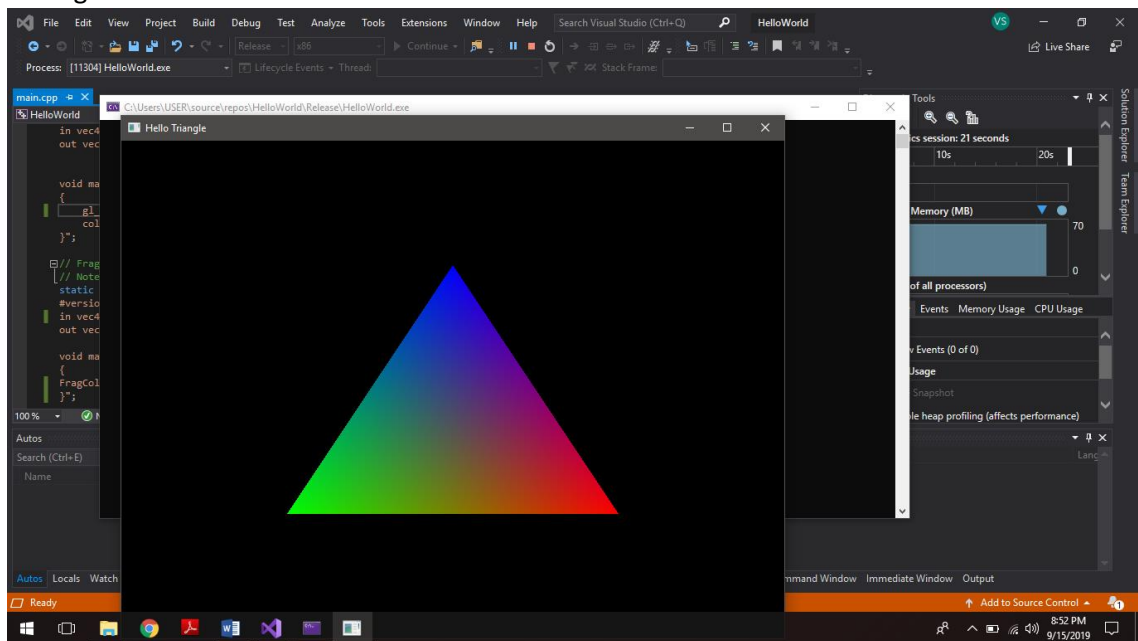
After linking the input of vertex shader to fragment shader, the desired output is obtained.

```
static const char* pVS = "  
#version 330  
  
in vec3 vPosition;  
in vec4 vColor;  
out vec4 color;  
  
void main()  
{  
    gl_Position = vec4(vPosition.x, vPosition.y, vPosition.z, 1.0);  
    color = vColor;  
};  
  
// Fragment Shader  
// Note: no input in this shader, it just outputs the colour of all fragments, in this case  
static const char* pFS = "  
#version 330  
in vec4 color;  
out vec4 FragColor;  
  
void main()  
{  
    FragColor = color;  
};  
";
```



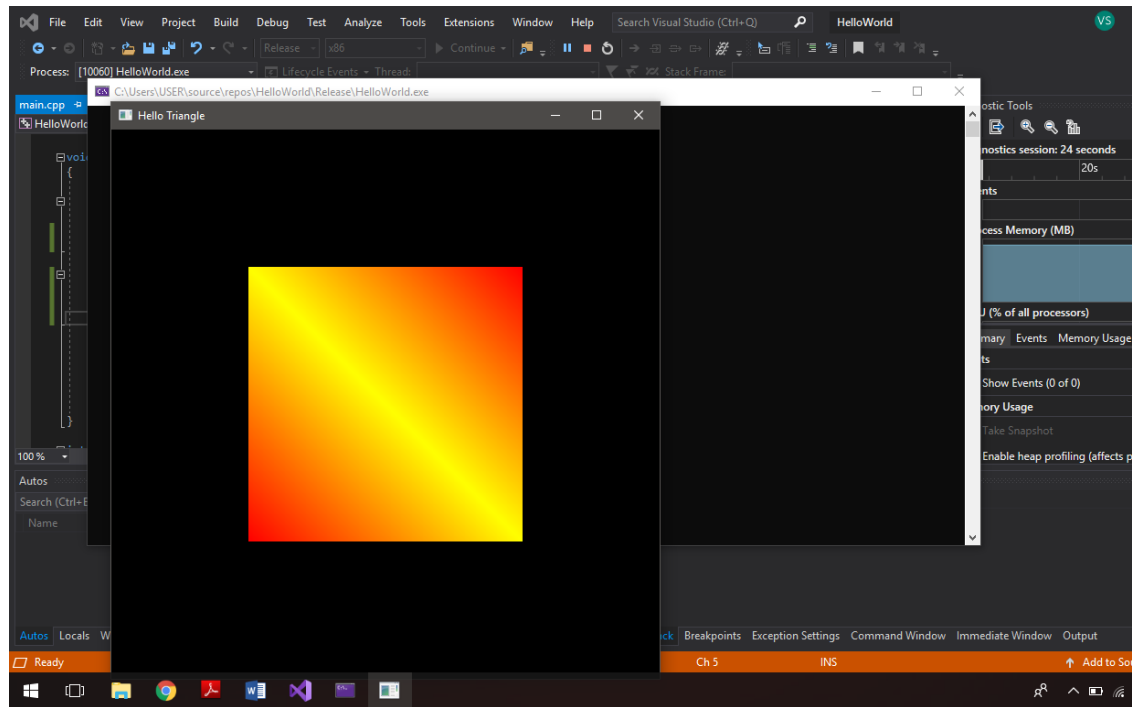
2.2. Reducing the size of triangle by half without changing the vertices:

Could be done in multiple ways. The simplest way is to multiply the position vector by the scaling value, which in this case is 0.5. Other option is to make a translation matrix and multiply the position vector with it. Lastly we can use the function, `glScalef(x,y,z)` for the scaling.



2.3. Change the Triangle to a Square:

By amending the number of vertices and colors accordingly and reflecting those changes in the `display()`, `linkCurrentBufferToShader()` and `generateObjectBuffer()` functions, we can convert the triangle into square successfully.



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