

**Exercise 1:**

Setup : Client and server are personal laptops connected with LAN cable.

Spec of server:

Processor : intel core i5

Ram : 8 GB

Ethernet card :

Ethernet controller: Realtek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. RTL8101E/RTL8102E PCI Express Fast

Ethernet controller (rev 08)

Subsystem: Hewlett-Packard Company Device 2281

Kernel driver in use: r8169

Spec of client:

Processor : intel core i7

Ram : 8 GB

Ethernet card :

Ethernet controller: Realtek Semiconductor Co., Ltd. RTL8101E/RTL8102E PCI Express Fast

Ethernet controller (rev 08)

Subsystem: Hewlett-Packard Company Device 2281

Kernel driver in use: r8169

i)Maximum read bandwidth of the disk : 43.05MBps

Which translates to 22.57 reqs/sec( $43.05 \times 1024 \times 1024 / 2 \times 1000000$ )

ii)Maximum network bandwidth: 11.75 MBps

Which translates to 6.1 reqs/sec ( $11.75 \times 1024 \times 1024 / 2 \times 1000000$ )

**Exercise 2:**

Case: Random, Sleep time = 0

a)  $N=2$

b) In graph

c) Network bandwidth is the bottleneck resource.

Throughput(req/sec) multiplied by file size equals network bandwidth(found by iperf). But rate at which data was read from the disk was far more than this speed and cpu utilisation was not 100%

d) Number of requests per second = 6.000(approx)

File size = 20,00,000 bytes

Throughput = 11.5MBps which is approximately equal to the network bandwidth

**Exercise 3:**

Case: Random, Sleep time = 1

a)  $N=10$

b) In graph

c) Network bandwidth is the bottleneck resource.

Throughput(req/sec) multiplied by file size equals network bandwidth(found by iperf). But rate at which data was read from the disk was far more than this speed and cpu utilisation was not 100%

d) Number of requests per second = 6.000(approx)

File size = 20,00,000 bytes

Throughput = 11.5MBps which is approximately equal to the network bandwidth

**Exercise 4:**

Case: Random, Sleep time = 0

a)  $N=2$

b) In graph

c) Network bandwidth is the bottleneck resource.

Throughput(req/sec) multiplied by file size equals network bandwidth(found by iperf). But rate at which data was read from the disk was far more than this speed and cpu utilisation was not 100%

d) Number of requests per second = 6.000(approx)

File size = 20,00,000 bytes

Throughput = 11.5MBps which is approximately equal to the network bandwidth