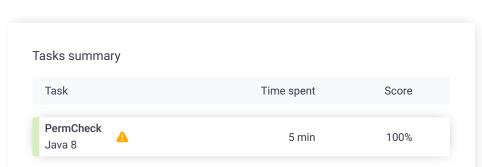
Codility_

Candidate Report: trainingXHDCZC-DRD

Test Name:

Summary Timeline





Tasks Details



1. **PermCheck** Check whether array A is a permutation.

Task Score

Correctness 100%

Performance 100%

show code in pop-up

Check out Codility training tasks

Task description

A non-empty array A consisting of N integers is given.

A *permutation* is a sequence containing each element from 1 to N once, and only once.

For example, array A such that:

A[0] = 4

A[1] = 1

A[2] = 3

A[3] = 2

is a permutation, but array A such that:

A[0] = 4

A[1] = 1

A[2] = 3

is not a permutation, because value 2 is missing.

The goal is to check whether array A is a permutation.

Write a function:

class Solution { public int solution(int[] A); }

that, given an array A, returns 1 if array A is a permutation and 0 if it is not.

For example, given array A such that:

Solution

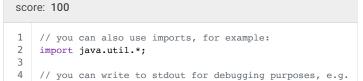
Programming language used: Java 8

Total time used: 5 minutes

Effective time used: 5 minutes

Notes: not defined yet





Code: 02:38:47 UTC, java, final,

```
A[0] = 4
A[1] = 1
A[2] = 3
A[3] = 2
```

the function should return 1.

Given array A such that:

```
A[0] = 4
A[1] = 1
A[2] = 3
```

the function should return 0.

Write an efficient algorithm for the following assumptions:

- N is an integer within the range [1..100,000];
- each element of array A is an integer within the range [1..1,000,000,000].

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```
5
     // System.out.println("this is a debug message");
 6
7
     class Solution {
8
        public int solution(int[] A) {
9
            // write your code in Java SE 8
10
             Set<Integer> contents = new HashSet<>();
11
             for(Integer item: A){
12
                 contents.add(item);
13
14
15
             for(int i=1; i < A.length+1; i++){</pre>
16
                 if(!contents.contains(i)){
17
                     return 0;
18
19
             }
20
             return 1;
21
         }
22
```

Analysis summary

The solution obtained perfect score.

Analysis

Detected time complexity: O(N) or O(N * log(N))

expand all Example tests	6	
example1 the first example test	∨ OK	
example2 the second example test	∨ OK	
expand all Correctness tests		
extreme_min_max single element with minimal/maximal value	∠ OK	
single single element	∠ OK	
double two elements	∨ OK	
antiSum1 total sum is correct, but it is not a permutation, N <= 10	∨ OK	
► small_permutation permutation + one element occurs twice, N = ~100	✓ OK	
permutations_of_ranges permutations of sets like [2100] for which the anwsers should be false	∨ OK	
expand all Performance te	sts	
medium_permutation permutation + few elements occur twice, N = ~10,000	∨ OK	
▶ antiSum2 total sum is correct, but it is not a permutation, N = ~100,000	∨ OK	
► large_not_permutation	✓ OK	

permutation + one element occurs three

times, N = ~100,000	
► large_range sequence 1, 2,, N, N = ~100,000	∨ OK
extreme_values all the same values, N = ~100,000	∨ OK
various_permutationsall sequences are permutations	∠ OK

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