

AUTOMATION (NetDevOps)

with ANSIBLE

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Sessions

- Session 1:
 - \circ 14:30 PM 16:00 PM (Theory with example)
- Session 2:
 - $_{\odot}$ 16:30 PM $_{-}$ 18:00 PM (Configuration and hands on LAB)

Today's Talk

- 1. Devops/NetDevOps ?
- 2. Why automation ?
- 3. Tools for automation
- 4. Why Ansible ?
- 5. Ansible introduction

- **6. Ansible Language Basics**
- 7. Ansible encryption decryption
- 8. How to run
- 9. Demo
- **10. Configuration & Hands on LAB**

DevOps

>devops?

DevOps

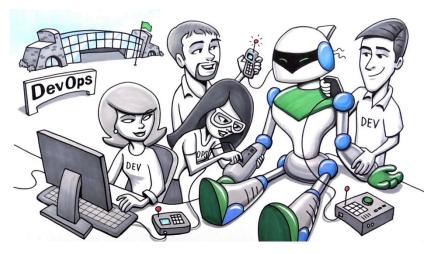
>devops!=





DevOps

DevOps integrates developers and operations teams In order to improve collaboration and productivity by automating infrastructure, automating workflows and continuously measuring application performance



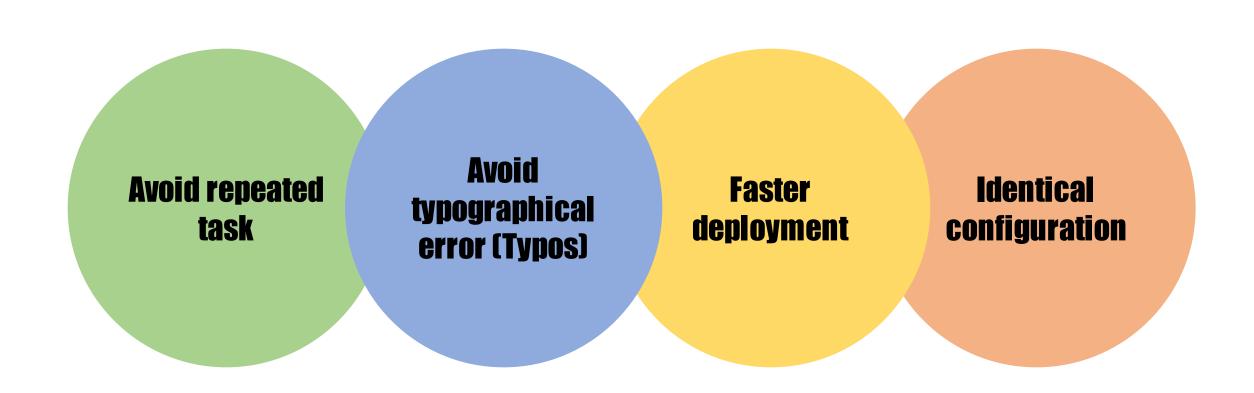
Dev + Ops = DevOps

NetDevOps

NetDevOps = Networking + DevOps

infrastructure as code

Why automation ?



Tools for automation











What is ANSIBLE?

- Open source IT automation tool
- Red hat Enterprise Linux, CentOS, Debian, OS X, Ubuntu etc.
- Need python



Why ANSIBLE?

Simple

Push model

Agentless

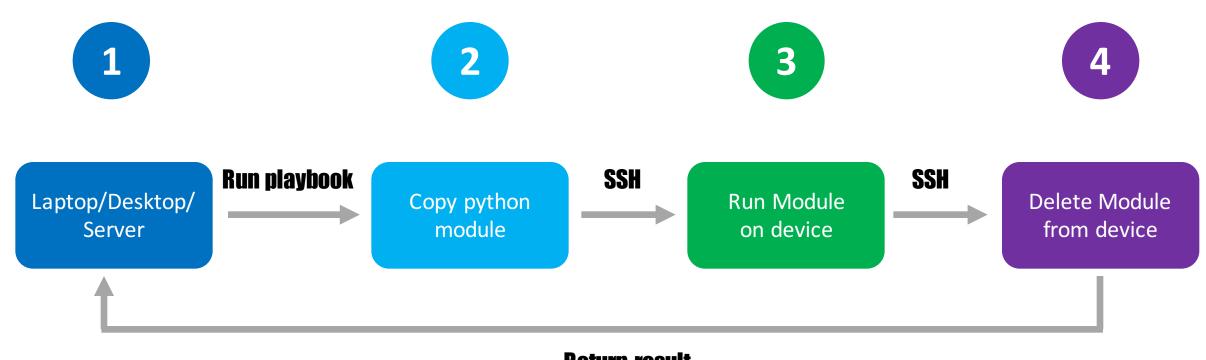


Why ANSIBLE?

Puppet SSL Puppet master



How it works



Return result

5

What can be done??

- Configuration Management
- Provisioning VMs or laaS instances
- Software Testing
- Continuous Integration/Continuous Deployment (CI/CD)
- Configure hardware switches, routers, firewall etc.
- Other (Ansible can do all of that and much more)

Ansible Container

- Build container images from ansible playbook
- No more Dockerfile
- Create container the same way you deploy to servers
- Deploy to container orchestration platform
- Currently support Docker, OpenShift and Kubernetes

Why use Ansible Container ??

Dockerfile

&& rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*

```
RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y \
     aufs-tools \
     automake \
     build-essential \
     curl \
                                          Ansible task
     dpkg-sig \
     libcap-dev \
                                        - name: Install Packages
     libsqlite3-dev \
                                          package:
     mercurial \
                                               name: "{{ packages }}"
     reprepro \
                                               state: present
     ruby1.9.1 \
     ruby1.9.1-dev \
     s3cmd=1.1.* \
```

ANSIBLE terms



Real world









Build a house

Configure a device

Master Plan (small plan)

work

tools

Ansible world





- hosts: ios-routers
gather_facts: no
connection: local

playbook (play, play) name: load new acl

lines:
name: Add banner

os_config: lines: ios_config
ios command

tasks

modules

YAML

Start with ---

File extention .yml/.yaml

Easy for a human to read

```
____
```

```
tasks:
```

```
- name: Save Configuration
   ios_command:
        commands:
        - write memory
        host: "{{ ansible host }}"
```

Playbook

- Tell Ansible what to do
- Send commands to remote devices
- Plain text YAML file
- Each playbook contains one or more plays

ANSIBLE Introduction playbook sample

```
- name: PLAY START
 hosts: ios-routers
  gather facts: no
  connection: local
  tasks:
   - name: LOGIN INFORMATION
     include vars: secrets.yml
   - name: ADD BANNER
     ios config:
       provider: "{{ provider }}"
       lines:
         - banner motd 'Welcom to SANOG 32'
```

Module

- Modules control system resources, packages, files.
- Can be executed directly on remote hosts or through Playbooks
- Over 450 ships with Ansible
- User can also write their own modules

ANSIBLE Introduction (Network modules)

- asa acl Manage access-lists on a Cisco ASA
- asa command Run arbitrary commands on Cisco ASA devices
- eos banner Manage multiline banners on Arista EOS devices
- eos config Manage Arista EOS configuration sections
- bigip command Run arbitrary command on **F5** devices.
- bigip hostname Manage the hostname of a BIG-IP.
- ios banner Manage multiline banners on Cisco IOS devices
- ios command Run commands on remote devices running Cisco IOS
- ios_config Manage Cisco IOS configuration sections
- iosxr command Run commands on remote devices running Cisco IOS XR
- iosxr config Manage Cisco IOS XR configuration sections
- junos_command Run arbitrary commands on an Juniper **JUNOS** device
- junos_config Manage configuration on devices running Juniper JUNOS

http://docs.ansible.com/ansible/list_of_network_modules.html

Task

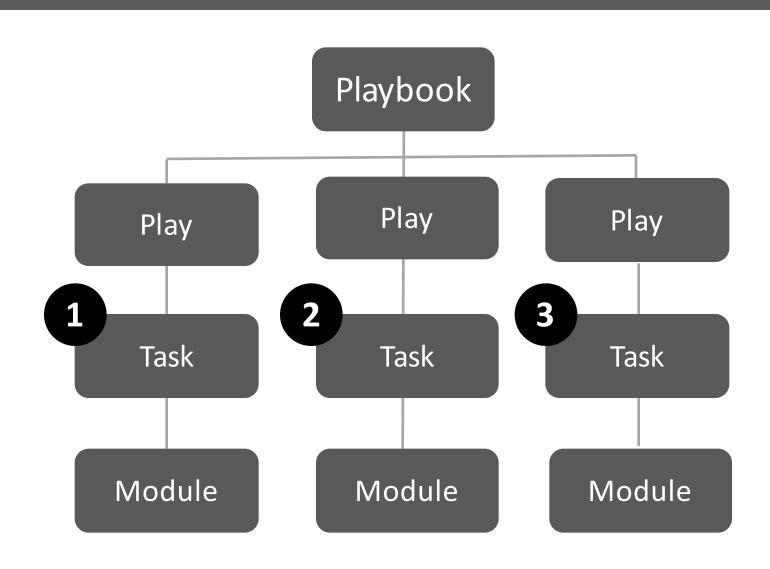
 At a basic level, a task is nothing more than a call to an ansible module

Task run sequentially

ANSIBLE Introduction task sample

match: exact

- name: configure interface settings ios config: lines: - description test interface - ip address 172.31.1.1 255.255.255.0 parents: interface Ethernet1 - name: load new acl into device ios config: lines: - 10 permit ip host 1.1.1.1 any log - 20 permit ip host 2.2.2.2 any log parents: ip access-list extended test before: no ip access-list extended test



```
- hosts: all-ios _____
                                            Play
 gather facts: no
 connection: local
 tasks:
  - name: OBTAIN LOGIN INFORMATION — → task 1
    include vars: secrets.yml _____
                                                     → Module
  - name: DEFINE PROVIDER ----
                                           → task 2
    set fact:
                                                       Module
      provider:
        host: "{{ ansible host }}"
        username: "{{ creds['username'] }}"
        password: "{{ creds['password'] }}"
        auth pass: "{{ creds['auth pass'] }}"

→ task 3

  - name: ADD BANNER -
    ios config:
                                                       Module
      provider: "{{ provider }}"
      authorize: yes
      lines:
```

- banner motd 'Welcom to BDNOG9'

Playbook

Hosts

- List of devices or group of devices where ansible push configuration
- Name and variable assign
- Default location / etc/ansible/hosts
- Can make your own

ANSIBLE Introduction Hosts file sample

INI-like (one of Ansible defaults)

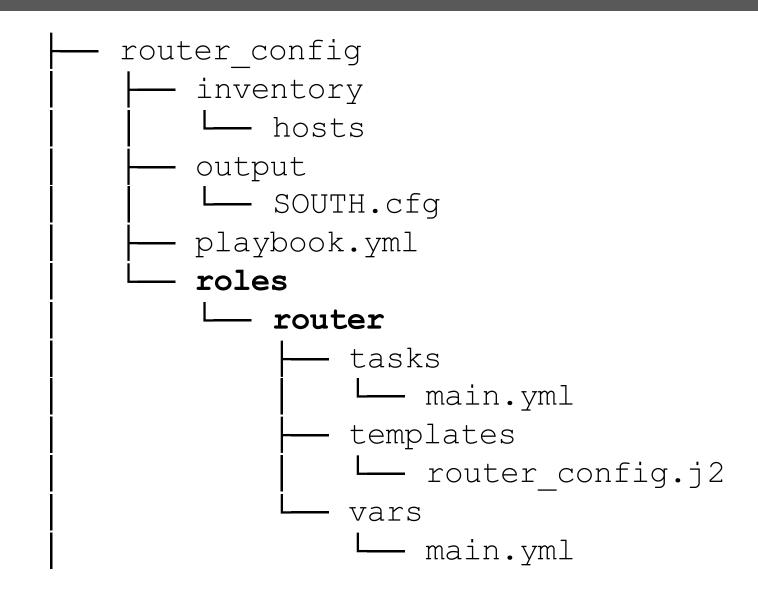
Inventory

- Collections of files or directories inside a directory
- ansible-playbook -i <directory-name> playbook.yml
- Can have (not mandetory)
 - hosts (file)
 - host vars (dir)
 - group_vars (dir)
- Can be accessed across multiple roles

Roles

- Ansible roles are a special kind of playbook that are fully self-contained with tasks, variables, configuration templates and other supporting files
- Has it's own directory structure

ANSIBLE Introduction roles sample



Jinja2

- template engine for the Python programming language
- File extension . j2
- Support conditions, loops
- Variable declaration

ANSIBLE Introduction jinja2 sample

```
{% for interface in cisco 1921 interfaces %}
interface {{ interface }}
  {% if interface == 'GigabitEthernet0/0' %}
   description {{ item.int descp }}
   ip address {{ item.ipv4 addp }} {{ item.ipv4 mus }}
  {% elif interface == 'GigabitEthernet0/1' %}
   description {{ item.int descs }}
   ip address {{ item.ipv4 adds }} {{ item.ipv4_mus }}
  {% endif %}
  no shutdown
   exit
{% endfor %}
ip route {{ item.static_route1 }} {{ item.static_gw1 }}
ip route {{ item.static_route2 }} {{ item.static_gw1 }}
```

Ansible Language Basics

Ansible Language Basics

Variable

Introduction to ansible variable

- Variable names should be letters, numbers, and underscores.
- Variables should always start with a letter.
- isp1, ISP1, isp_dc1, ispdc is Valid

• 1ISP DC, 10, ISP DC is not valid

Variable declaration and assignment

Variables

```
isp1_dc: 10.x.x.2
```

Lists

```
isp :
    - isp1_dc: 10.x.x.2
    - isp2 dc: 20.x.x.6
```

Dictionaries

```
isp :
   - isp_dc: 10.x.x.2
    subnet: 255.255.252
```

- isp_dc: 20.x.x.6
subnet: 255.255.255.248

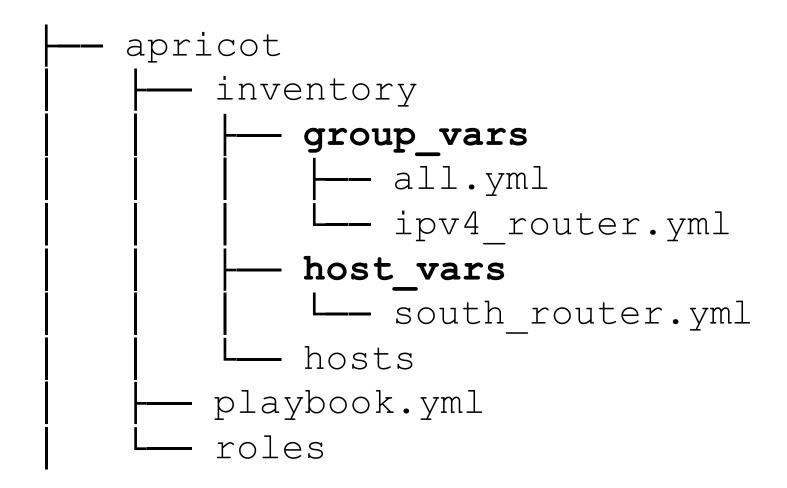
Accessing Variable

Variables {{ isp1_dc }} Lists (looping) {{ item }}

Dictionaries (looping)

```
{{ item.isp_dc }}
{{ item.subnet }}
```

host_vars and group_vars



host_vars

Host-specefic variables

host_vars/south_router.yml

Variable to be used by south_router host

group_vars

Host group-specefic variables

group_vars/ipv4_router.yml

Variable to be used by any host in $ipv4_router$ group

LOOPS

Ansible Language Basics : loops

Introduction to Loops

- A loop is an instruction that repeats until a specified condition is reached
- Used for doing the same thing for multiple times

Ansible Language Basics: loops

Types of Loops

- Standard
- Nested
- Do-Until
- for

Ansible Language Basics : loops

cat vars/main.yml interface address: - INTERFACE: "GigabitEthernet0/0" DESC: "ISP1" DC IP: "10.X.X.1" Output MASK: "255.255.255.252" roles - INTERFACE: "GigabitEthernet0/1" interfaceu@igabitEthernet0/0 descriptions >> ISP1 DESC: "ISP2" ip address 10 mx ix . 1/m255.255.255.252 DC IP: "172.X.X.5" MASK: "255.255.255.252" -- templates interfa¢e GigabitEthernet0 1/21 cat templates/interface.j2 descriptionrs>> ISP2 ip address 172 ax nx y5 1255.255.255.252 {% for i in interface address %} interface {{ i.INTERFACE }} description ->> {{ i.DESC }} ip address {{ i.DC_IP }} {{ i.MASK }} no shutdown

1

{% endfor %}

Comments

Ansible Language Basics : comments

Comments in ansible

Conditionals

Ansible Language Basics : conditionals

The when statement

Control execution flow in Ansible

Perform a particular step on a particular host

```
name: SET IP ADDRESS TO SOUTH ROUTER
ios_config:
    provider: "{{ provider }}"
    authorize: yes
    parents: "interface FastEthernet0/1"
    lines:
        - description SOUTH-CUSTOMER
        - ip address 10.10.20.1 255.255.255.248
        - ipv6 address 2001:db8:2001::9/64
        after: "no shutdown"
when: ansible_host == "2001:db8::20"
```

Filters

Ansible Language Basics : filters

Introduction to filters

Filters are from jinja 2

used for transforming data inside a template expression

Filters are separated from the variable by a pipe symbol (|)

Ansible Language Basics : filters

```
jinja2 filters
{{ list1 | min }}
replace(s, old, new, count=None)
{{ myvar | ipaddr }}
```

http://docs.ansible.com/ansible/latest/playbooks_filters.html

Ansible Language Basics : filters

ipaddr filter for static routes

Facts

Ansible Language Basics: facts

Collecting facts

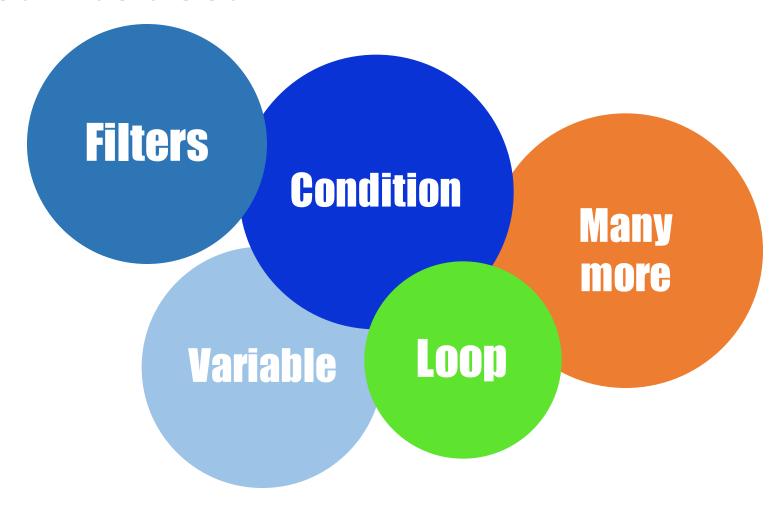
Is a module and called by playbook to gather useful information about remote host

```
gather_facts: yes/no
```

Templating (jinja2)

Ansible Language Basics: jinja2 templating

What can be used?



Ansible Language Basics: jinja2

```
router config
    inventory
     - hosts
    output
     SOUTH.cfg
   playbook.yml
    roles
        router
            tasks
                main.yml
            templates
                router config.j2
            vars
                main.yml
```

Ansible Language Basics: jinja2

Jinja2 template

```
hostname {{ item.hostname }}
{# Physical interface #}
{% for interface in cisco 1921 int %}
   interface {{ interface }}
    description ->> {{ cisco 1921 int[interface].dess }}
    ip address {{ cisco 1921 int[interface].addrs }}
                {{ cisco 1921 int[interface].sub }}
    no shutdown
    exit
{% endfor %}
```

Roles setup

Ansible Language Basics : roles

Roles structure and files

tasks

tasks/main.yml

templates

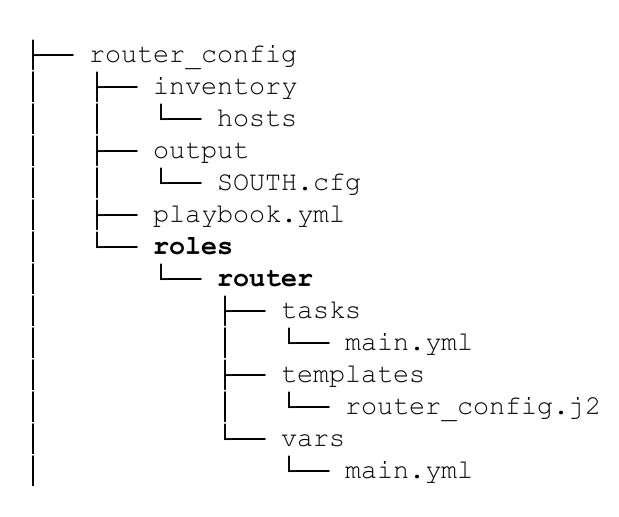
templates/router config.j2

vars

vars/main.yml

files

files/myscript.sh



Debugging

Ansible Language Basics: debugging

Ansible debugging

Verbose mode ansible -v

error_on_undefined_vars in ansible.cfg

fail module with customize messges

Ansible encryption decryption

ANSIBLE Security

Ansible Vault

- It keeps sensitive data such as password, keys, variable name in encrypted format
- Need a password while encrypting, decrypting and running
- ansible-vault is the keyword along with encrypt, decrypt, view, etc. parameter

ANSIBLE Security

Ansible Vault

```
$ANSIBLE VAULT; 1.1; AES256
                               643364643164623266393365366
 --creds:
     username: "imtiaz"
                               561613566303362303933343662
                               30653866373635386261643432
     password: "password"
     auth pass: "password"
ansible-vault encrypt secretfile.yml
```

Installing Ansible

Python 2.6 or above for the control machine and python 2.X or later for managed node

yum, rpm, apt-get, emerge, pkg, brew, github

http://docs.ansible.com/ansible/latest/intro_installation.html

How to run

• ansible <inventory> -m

• ansible-playbook

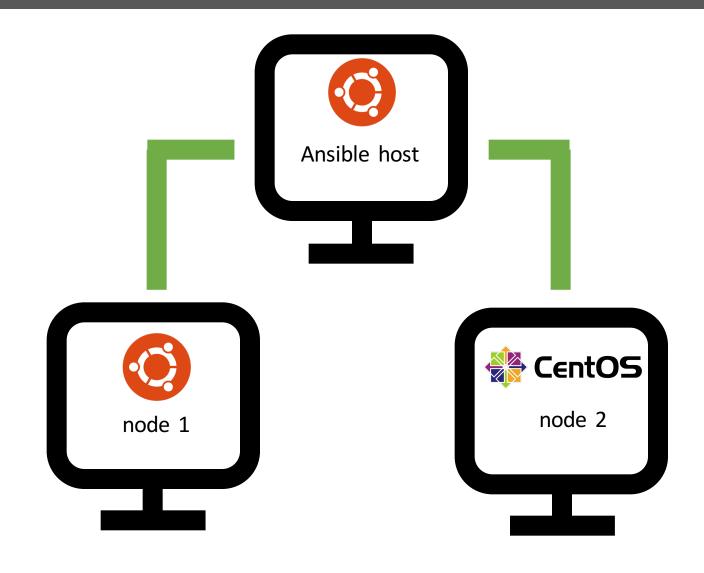
• Ansible tower [\$\$]



Demo 1

Introduction to Ad-Hoc commands

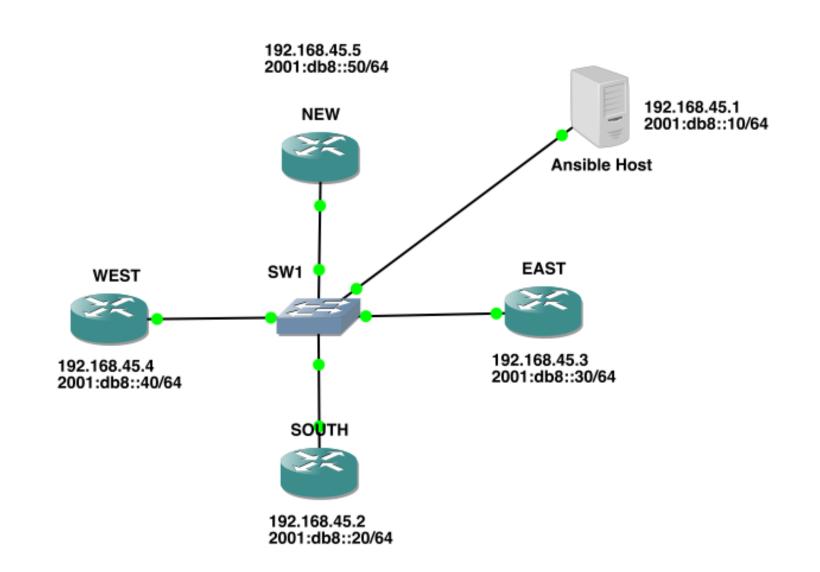
Demo topology



Demo 2

Introduction to Ansible playbook

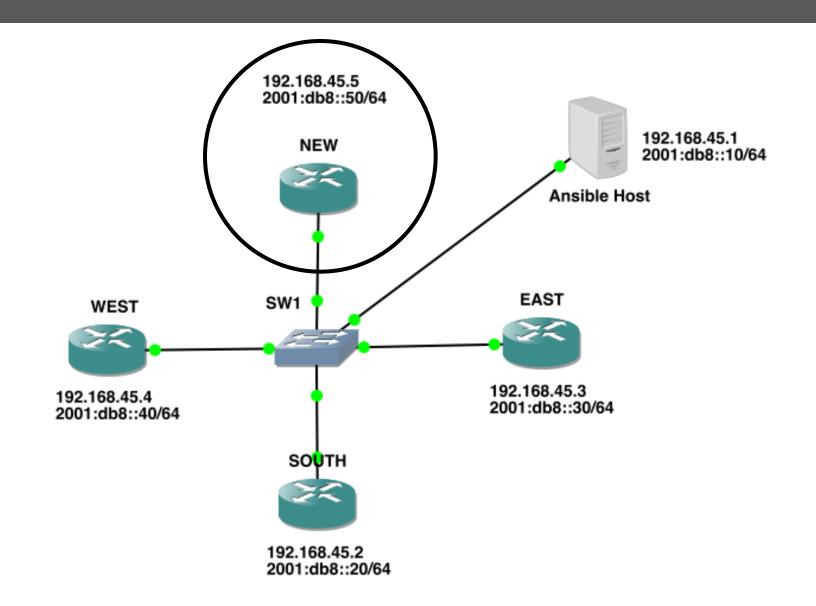
Demo topology



Demo 3

Introduction to Ansible role

Demo topology





Configuration & Hands on LAB (Session 2)

Configuration and hands on LAB

- 1. Preparing the environment (access the lab server and router)
- 2. Ansible installation
- 3. Playing with ad-hoc command
- 4. How to write ansible playbook
- 5. Ansible deep dive with roles, templates, variable and others
- 6. Ansible GALAXY

5 5 5

Thank You

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