

BRIDGE PROGRAMME



Subject: Mathematics

Date : 17-04-2020 CLASS- III

Expanded form and Short form

SYNOPSIS

Expanded form is a way of writing numbers to show the actual value of individual digits.

When the numbers are separated into individuals, each number can also form a mathematical expression.

Example:
$$8 \times 1000 + 7 \times 100 + 4 \times 10 + 3 \times 1$$

Standard form is the usual way of writing numbers without multiplying them with their place values.

There are 3 ways to write the expanded form for a given number.

$$1^{st}$$
 way: 4 thousands + 2 hundreds + 5 tens + 7 ones

$$2^{nd}$$
 way: $4 \times 1000 + 2 \times 100 + 5 \times 10 + 7 \times 1$

$$3^{rd}$$
 way: $4000 + 200 + 50 + 7$

Numbers in Expanded form and short form.

Expanded Form	Short Form
(i) 8 ten thousands + 6 hundreds + 6 tens + 3 ones	80663
(ii) 9 × 10000 + 7 × 1000 + 4 × 10 + 2	97042
(iii) 40000 + 3000 + 900 + 70 + 8	43978