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Test Booklet Series

TEST BOOKLET

C

GENERAL STUDIES (P) 2018 – Test–2429

Time Allowed: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 200

INSTRUCTIONS

1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS BOOKLET DOES **NOT** HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TURN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES **A, B, C** OR **D** AS THE CASE MAY BE IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET.
3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. **Do NOT** write anything else on the Test Booklet.
4. This Test Booklet contains **100** items (Questions). Each item is printed in English. Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response with you consider the best. In any case, choose **ONLY ONE** response for each item.
5. You have to mark all your responses **ONLY** on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See direction in the answers sheet.
6. All items carry equal marks. Attempt all items. Your total marks will depend only on the number of **correct responses** marked by you in the answer sheet. For **every incorrect** response **1/3rd of the allotted marks** will be deducted.
7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer sheet the response to various items in the Test booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the answer sheets as per instruction sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
8. After you have completed filling in all responses on the answer sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to Invigilator only the answer sheet. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
9. Sheet for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

1. The Governor can reserve a state bill for the consideration of the President if it
1. Opposes the provisions of Directive Principles of State Policy.
 2. Endangers the position of the state High Court.
 3. Deals with the compulsory acquisition of property under article 31A.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

2. With reference to elections to the Rajya Sabha, consider the following statements.

1. A candidate has to be an elector in the state from where he is to be elected.
2. Voting for elections to Rajya Sabha is done through secret ballot system.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

3. Who among the following is/are empowered to establish a tribunal for the adjudication of election disputes?

1. Parliament
2. President
3. State Legislature

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 2 only

4. Consider the following statements regarding Ordinances in India:

1. The President can promulgate an ordinance only when both the Houses of Parliament are not in session.
2. The decision of the President to issue an ordinance cannot be questioned in a court of law.

Which of the statements given above is/are **not** correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

5. In India we have an integrated judicial system. It implies:

1. There is a hierarchy of courts with Supreme Court at the apex.
2. The High Courts and subordinate courts enforce both the Central and state laws.
3. President appoints Judges of a High Court.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1, 2 and 3
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1 and 2 only

6. Which of the following statements regarding Lok Adalats is **not** correct?

- (a) It is composed only of judicial officers.
- (b) An award made by it is final and binding on the parties to the dispute.
- (c) It is deemed to be a civil court under Civil Procedure Court.
- (d) All (a), (b) and (c) statements are correct.

7. Which of the following are the discretionary powers of a Governor of a State?
1. Sending a report to the President of India for imposing the President's rule.
 2. Appointing Council of Ministers.
 3. Reserving certain bills passed by the State Legislature for consideration of the President of India.
 4. Making rules for more convenient transaction of the business of a state government.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 1, 2 and 3
 - (c) 1 and 3 only
 - (d) 2, 3 and 4 only
8. Consider the following statements about resolutions and motions:
1. Every resolution is a particular type of motion.
 2. All motions are not necessarily put to vote of the house.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
9. Under which of the following circumstances the members of the State Legislative Assembly is/are disqualified?
1. If he holds any office of profit under the Government of India.
 2. If he fails to disclose any criminal records against him.
 3. If he is disqualified under the provisions of the Tenth schedule.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 3 only
 - (b) 1 and 2 only
 - (c) 2 and 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3

10. Which among the following is/are executive powers of the Parliament?
1. Making laws for governance of country
 2. Supervision of Executive through committees
 3. Impeachment of President
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 1, 2 and 3 only
 - (c) 1 only
 - (d) 2 only
11. The Prime Minister of India is the chairman of:
1. NITI Aayog
 2. Inter-State Council
 3. National Integration Council
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 1 and 2 only
 - (c) 2 and 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3
12. Consider the following statements:
1. Resignation of the Prime Minister automatically brings about the dissolution of the Council of Ministers.
 2. No confidence motion against a single minister leads to the resignation of the entire Council of Ministers.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2

13. Who among the following are elected by Proportional representation (Single transferable vote system)?

1. Members of state Legislative Councils
2. Deputy Speaker of Lok Sabha
3. Vice- President of India
4. Members of Rajya Sabha

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 2 and 4 only

14. The Supreme Court has original and exclusive jurisdiction in matters of which of the following election disputes?

1. Office of President
2. Office of Vice- President
3. Election of members of Parliament
4. Election of members of state legislatures.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1 only

15. Consider the following statements regarding the Centre-States relations:

1. Parliament can delegate an executive function of the Centre to the state government without the latter's consent.
2. Governor of a state can delegate an executive function of the state government to the Centre with the latter's consent.

Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

16. Consider the following statements regarding Inter-State Council:

1. It is established by the President of India.
2. It is a constitutional body.
3. Its decision is binding on the parties involved.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

17. The electoral college for election of the President consists of:

1. Independently elected Members of Parliament
2. Elected members of Legislative Council of states
3. Governors of states

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 1 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

18. The ordinance making power of Governor is co-extensive with the legislative power of the state legislature. This means :

- (a) Ordinance can only be promulgated when the Legislative assembly is not in session.
- (b) Ordinance can be promulgated only on those subjects on which state legislature can make laws.
- (c) Governor can promulgate ordinance only on the advice of Council of Ministers.
- (d) An ordinance ceases to operate on the expiry of six weeks after the reassembly of state legislature.

19. With reference to the expenditure 'charged' upon the Consolidated Fund of India, consider the following statements:

1. It can neither be discussed nor be voted by the Parliament.
2. Salaries, allowances and pensions of the judges of the High Court are included under it.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

20. With reference to the Town Area Committees, consider the following statements:

1. It is an urban local body set up for the administration of a small town.
2. It is set up as a statutory body in the concerned state.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

21. With respect to the removal of judges of the Supreme Court, consider the following statements:

1. A motion for removal of a judge can be introduced in either House of the Parliament
2. An impeachment motion in the Parliament does not lapse on dissolution of Lok Sabha.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

22. Which of the following functions of Supreme Court also contains its power of judicial review?

1. Appellate jurisdiction in constitutional matters.
 2. President seeking advisory opinion of Supreme Court on a question of law or fact.
 3. Original jurisdiction in federal disputes.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 1 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) None

23. With regard to Chief Minister, consider the following statements:

1. The provisions related to salary and allowances are given in the second schedule of Constitution.
2. His resignation or death automatically dissolves the council of ministers and necessitates for fresh elections.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

24. Consider the following statements regarding the financial relations between the Centre and states:

1. The proceeds from surcharges are not shared with the states.
2. Taxes collected during the inter-state trade and commerce does not form part of the Consolidated Fund of India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

25. The jurisdiction of Lok Adalats extends to which of the following cases?

1. Land acquisition cases
2. Labour disputes
3. Matrimonial cases

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) None

26. The Vice President can be removed from his office by:

- (a) a resolution of the Rajya Sabha passed by an effective majority and agreed to by the Lok Sabha.
- (b) 2/3rd majority vote of members present and voting in both the houses.
- (c) an executive order of the President of India.
- (d) 2/3rd majority vote of complete strength in both the houses.

27. With reference to the budgetary process in India, appropriation bill refers to:

- (a) Authorization of the withdrawal from the Consolidated Fund of India.
- (b) Taxation proposals of the government.
- (c) Demands for grants by ministries.
- (d) Provision to make any grant in advance for a part of the financial year.

28. Consider the following statements regarding Censure motion:

1. It should state the reasons for its adoption in the Lok Sabha.
2. It can be moved against an individual minister only.
3. If it is passed in the Lok Sabha, the council of ministers need not resign from the office.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

29. Who among the following can preside over a joint sitting of the two Houses of Parliament?

1. Speaker of Lok Sabha
2. Chairman of Rajya Sabha
3. Deputy Chairman of Rajya Sabha

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 1 and 3 only

30. Which among the following veto power *cannot* be exercised by the President of India?

- (a) Absolute veto
- (b) Qualified veto
- (c) Suspensive veto
- (d) Pocket veto

- 31.** Which of the following statements regarding the power of 'special leave to appeal by the Supreme Court' is *not* correct?
- It can be granted in any judgement whether final or interlocutory.
 - It is a discretionary power.
 - It can be granted against all the courts and tribunals including military tribunals.
 - It can be granted in both civil and criminal matters.

- 32.** The Lok Sabha can express lack of confidence in the government by which of the following ways?

- By rejecting a money bill
- By passing a adjournment motion
- By passing a cut motion

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- 1, 2 and 3
- 2 and 3 only
- 1 and 3 only
- 1 and 2 only

- 33.** Consider the following statements regarding the office of Vice President:

- He should be a member of the Rajya Sabha.
- He can resign from his office at any time by addressing the resignation letter to the President.
- He is not eligible for re-election to the office.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- 2 only
- 1 and 3 only
- 2 and 3 only
- 1, 2 and 3

- 34.** Consider the following statements regarding the office of the President:

- He should have completed 35 years of age.
- He should not hold any office of profit under the Union government or any state government.
- He should be qualified for election as a member of the Lok Sabha.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- 2 only
- 1 and 3 only
- 2 and 3 only
- 1, 2 and 3

- 35.** Which among the following is/ are the special powers enjoyed by Rajya Sabha?

- Abolition of state Legislative Council
- Creation of new All India Services
- Discontinuance of the national emergency

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- 1 and 2 only
- 2 only
- 1 and 3 only
- 1, 2 and 3

- 36.** Which of the following is/are correct regarding the office of Governor in India?

- A person can be appointed as a Governor of more than one State.
- He is appointed by the President on the recommendation of the Chief Minister of the respective State.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- 1 only
- 2 only
- Both 1 and 2
- Neither 1 nor 2

37. The 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act of 1992 has given practical effect to
- Fundamental Right
 - Directive Principle of State Policy
 - Fundamental Duty
 - Preamble

38. Which of the following have been provided under the Panchayats (Extension to the Scheduled Areas) Act 1996?

- Reservation of seats for the Scheduled Tribes must not be less than half of the total number of seats.
- All the seats of Chairpersons at all levels must be reserved for the Scheduled Tribes.

Select the correct answer using code given below.

- 1 only
- 2 only
- Both 1 and 2
- Neither 1 nor 2

39. Which among the following statements is *not* regarding First Past the Post (FPTP) system?

- The winning candidate need not secure more than 50% of the total votes.
- In India, FPTP system is followed in Lok Sabha elections.
- Every party gets seats in the legislature in proportion to the percentage of votes that it gets.
- Every constituency elects one representative.

40. Which of the following leads to the disqualification of a Member of Parliament under the anti-defection law?

- If he voluntarily gives up the membership of the political party on whose ticket he is elected to the House.
- If he votes or abstains from voting in the House contrary to any direction given by his political party.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- 1 only
- 2 only
- Both 1 and 2
- Neither 1 nor 2

41. President's rule can be imposed on the failure to comply with which of the following directions given by the Centre to a state?

- Maintenance of railway infrastructure in the state.
- Provision of adequate facilities for instruction in mother-tongue.
- Execution of specific schemes for the Scheduled Tribes in the state.

Select the correct answer using code given below.

- 1, 2 and 3
- 1 only
- 1 and 3 only
- 2 and 3 only

42. With reference to the fate of a Bill at the time of dissolution of Lok Sabha, consider the following statements:

1. A bill pending in the Lok Sabha and transmitted to it by the Rajya Sabha lapses.
2. A bill pending in the Rajya Sabha but not passed by the Lok Sabha does not lapse.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

43. Which Constitutional Amendment reduced the voting age from 21 years to 18 years?

- (a) 42nd Constitutional Amendment
- (b) 44th Constitutional Amendment
- (c) 73rd Constitutional Amendment
- (d) 61st Constitutional Amendment

44. Who among the following is responsible for the conduct of elections in the Parliamentary or assembly constituency?

- (a) Returning Officer
- (b) Chief Electoral Officer
- (c) District Election Officer
- (d) Electoral Registration Officer

45. With reference to elections of members to Panchayats, consider the following statements:

1. All members of panchayats at the village, intermediate and district levels are elected directly by the people.
2. Minimum age to contest election in Panchayat is 25 years.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

46. With respect to the powers of a High Court, consider the following statements:

1. It must confirm a death sentence awarded by a subordinate court even if it is not appealed before it.
2. It has the power to review and correct its own judgement.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

47. Rajya Sabha by passing a resolution can empower the Parliament to make law on a subject in the State List. With respect to this, consider the following statements:

1. Such a resolution is required to be passed by a special majority.
2. Such a resolution debars state legislatures from legislating on the same subject in the State List.
3. A law so made by the Parliament continues to be in force unless repealed by the Parliament.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 1 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) None

48. Which of the following committees/commissions are related with the Centre-state relations?

1. Rajamannar Committee
2. Sarkaria Commission
3. Punchhi Commission
4. Fazl Ali Commission

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- (b) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 2 and 4 only

- 49.** The advice tendered by the Supreme Court is binding in which of the following matter(s)?
1. A dispute arising out of any pre-constitution treaty.
 2. Recommendation to the President for the removal of the UPSC chairman.
 3. Inter-state water disputes.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1, 2 and 3
 - (b) 1 and 2 only
 - (c) 2 only
 - (d) 1 and 3 only
- 50.** Which of the following electoral reforms have been implemented in India?
1. Provision of 'None OfThe Above' option in EVMs and Ballot papers.
 2. Allowing persons in jail or policecustody to contest in elections.
 3. Provision of voting rights to citizens of India living abroad.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 1 and 3 only
 - (c) 2 and 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 51.** Who among the following can be the electors in the elections to the Legislative Councils of the State?
1. Members of municipalities
 2. Members of district boards
 3. Primary school teachers
 4. MLAs from the state
 5. MPs from the state
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1, 2 and 4 only
 - (b) 1, 2 and 3 only
 - (c) 3, 4 and 5 only
 - (d) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5

- 52.** With reference to the State Finance Commission, consider the following statements:
1. The Governor constitutes a State Finance Commission once in five years.
 2. It reviews the distribution of revenues between the State and local governments.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 53.** Which among the following Parliamentary Privileges are mentioned in the Constitution?
1. Freedom of speech in Parliament
 2. Right of publication of parliamentary proceedings
 3. Right to punish for contempt of house
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 3 only
 - (b) 1 and 2 only
 - (c) 2 and 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3 only
- 54.** Which among the following is the implication of granting parliamentary privileges to members of the legislature?
- (a) Exercise effective control over the executive.
 - (b) Protect members of parliament from being accountable to the people.
 - (c) Separation of executive from legislature.
 - (d) Uphold sovereignty of the parliament.

- 55.** Consider the following statements regarding pardoning power of the President:
1. He can pardon sentences inflicted by court martial.
 2. He can pardon death sentence prescribed by a state law.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 56.** Which of the following factors limit the sovereignty of Indian Parliament?
1. System of Judicial Review
 2. Rigid nature of the Constitution
 3. Federal System of Government
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 1 and 2 only
 - (c) 2 and 3 only
 - (d) 1 and 3 only
- 57.** Consider the following statements regarding the office of Vice President:
1. If the election of a Vice-President is declared void, acts done by him before the date of such declaration are invalidated.
 2. While acting as President, the Vice-President does not perform the duties of the office of the chairman of Rajya Sabha.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2

- 58.** Consider the following statements regarding the Speaker of Lok Sabha:
1. He is elected by the sitting members of both Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha.
 2. He may, at any time, resign from office by writing to the President of India.
 3. He can be removed only by a resolution passed by the Lok Sabha by simple majority.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 and 3 only
 - (b) 2 and 3 only
 - (c) 2 only
 - (d) None
- 59.** The Constitution has vested the power to make laws on residuary subjects to the
- (a) Parliament
 - (b) State Legislatures
 - (c) President of India
 - (d) Both (a) and (b)
- 60.** Which of the following is/are features of Indian political system?
1. Dual Polity
 2. Indestructible union of indestructible states
 3. No equality of state representation in the Upper House
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 3 only
 - (c) 1 and 3 only
 - (d) None

- 61.** Consider the following statements regarding joint sitting of both the houses of parliament:
1. The joint sitting is governed by the Rules of Procedure of Lok Sabha.
 2. Joint sitting can be summoned for the Constitutional Amendment bills.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2

- 62.** Which of the following is/are the voluntary provisions of the 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act (1992)?
1. Organisation of Gram Sabha in a village or group of villages.
 2. Devolution of functions listed in the 11th schedule of the Constitution upon Panchayats to perform.
 3. Reservation of one-third of seats for women in panchayats at all three levels.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) 1 and 3 only
 - (d) 2 and 3 only

- 63.** With reference to the Model Code of Conduct, consider the following statements:
1. It is developed by the Election Commission of India in consultation with the Union government only.
 2. It also prescribes guidelines for the ruling party to ensure free and fair elections.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2

- 64.** In which of the following situations the President can exercise powers using his own discretion?
1. While sending back the advice given by the Council of Ministers for its reconsideration.
 2. Appointing the Prime Minister when no one party has clear majority in Lok Sabha.
 3. Appointment of the Chief Justice of India.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 2 and 3 only
 - (c) 1 and 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3

- 65.** Who among the following hold office at the pleasure of the President?
1. Prime Minister
 2. Attorney general
 3. Vice President
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 1 and 2 only
 - (c) 2 and 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3

- 66.** The transfer of Judges from one High Court to another is done by:
- (a) Chief Justice of India only
 - (b) Governor after consulting Chief Justice of India.
 - (c) Chief Justice of India after consulting concerned Chief Justice of High Court.
 - (d) President after consulting Chief Justice of India.

- 67.** If a legislative council rejects a bill passed by the state legislative assembly, then:
- (a) a joint sitting is called for by the Governor.
 - (b) the bill ends and become dead.
 - (c) the legislative assembly can pass the bill second time to override legislative council.
 - (d) (a) or (c) depending on the type of bill.

- 68.** With reference to the State Election Commissioner, consider the following statements:

1. He is an officer under the Election Commission of India.
2. He is responsible for conducting elections to the state legislature.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

- 69.** With regard to the proceedings of Lok Sabha, which among the following actions can be taken by the Speaker?

1. Summoning
2. Prorogation
3. Adjournment
4. Dissolution

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1, 2 and 4 only
- (b) 3 only
- (c) 2 only
- (d) 1, 3 and 4 only

- 70.** Consider the following statements with regard to state legislature in India:

1. The speaker of legislative assembly decides whether a bill is money bill or not.
2. A money bill cannot be introduced in the legislative council.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

- 71.** Which of the following is responsible for drawing up the boundaries of electoral constituencies all over the country?

- (a) Election Commission
- (b) Parliament
- (c) Delimitation Commission
- (d) NITI Aayog

- 72.** Which of the following statements is/are correct about the Governor of a state in India?

1. The executive power of the state is vested in him.
2. He holds office during the pleasure of the President.
3. The grounds for his removal are laid down in the Constitution.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

73. The President of India can resign from his office by addressing the resignation letter to which among the following?

- (a) Chief Justice of India
- (b) Vice President
- (c) Speaker of Lok Sabha
- (d) Prime Minister

74. Consider the following statements regarding Union Ministers:

1. A person cannot become a minister without being a Member of Parliament.
2. The salaries and allowances of ministers are mentioned in the Constitution.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

75. With respect to the adjudication of Inter-State water disputes, consider the following statements:

1. The Constitution provides for the formation of a separate tribunal to deal with such cases.
2. The Parliament can exclude any court from exercising jurisdiction in such a matter.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

76. With reference to the Cantonment Boards, consider the following statements:

1. It is established for municipal administration for civilian population in the cantonment area.
2. It is constituted by state government by a notification in the government gazette.
3. The members of the board are nominated by the Governor of the state.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 2 and 3 only

77. Which of the following is essentially *not* a feature of a federal polity?

- (a) Independent judiciary
- (b) Dual citizenship
- (c) Written Constitution
- (d) Bicameral legislature

78. The term Universal Adult Franchise refers to:

- (a) Right of adult citizens to vote in the elections.
- (b) Right of adult citizens to contest elections.
- (c) Right to form political parties.
- (d) Right of adults to protest in a democracy.

- 79.** Which of the following statements regarding Chief Minister is *not* correct?
- He has to undertake additional oath of secrecy which is similar to that of other state ministers.
 - He may be a member of any of the two Houses of the state legislature.
 - He holds office during the pleasure of the President.
 - All statements (a), (b) and (c) are correct.
- 80.** Which of the following is/are the source(s) from which the speaker of the Lok Sabha derives his powers and duties?
- The Constitution of India
 - The Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of Lok Sabha
 - Parliamentary Conventions
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- 1 only
 - 1 and 2 only
 - 2 and 3 only
 - 1, 2 and 3
- 81.** With respect to the service conditions of the judges of a High Court, consider the following statements:
- He subscribes oath before the President of India.
 - He can resign from office by writing to the Governor.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- 1 only
 - 2 only
 - Both 1 and 2
 - Neither 1 nor 2

- 82.** Which of the following was/were introduced by the 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act of 1992?
- Part IX-A of the constitution
 - State Election Commission
 - District Planning Committee
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- 1 and 3 only
 - 2 only
 - 2 and 3 only
 - 1, 2 and 3
- 83.** With respect to the judiciary, consider the following statements:
- The doctrine of 'procedure established by law' declares the fairness and reasonableness of a law.
 - The doctrine of 'due process of law' examines whether the law is duly enacted by a competent authority.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- 1 only
 - 2 only
 - Both 1 and 2
 - Neither 1 nor 2
- 84.** The subject of 'Local Government' is mentioned under which of the following lists of the Seventh Schedule of the Constitution?
- Union list
 - State list
 - Concurrent list
 - Residuary subject

- 85.** Consider the following statements regarding Cabinet Committees:
1. They can be headed only by the Prime Minister.
 2. Non-cabinet ministers are not allowed to be its members.
- Which of the statements given above is/ are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 86.** Consider the following statements regarding Zero Hour:
1. It is the first hour of every parliamentary sitting.
 2. It is mentioned in the Rules of Procedure.
 3. It is an Indian innovation in the field of parliamentary procedures
- Which of the statements given above are **not** correct?
- (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 2 and 3 only
 - (c) 1 and 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 87.** With respect to the writ jurisdiction, consider the following statements:
1. The writ jurisdiction of a High Court is wider than that of Supreme Court.
 2. A High Court may refuse to exercise its writ jurisdiction in case of violation of a fundamental right.
 3. Parliament can empower any court other than the Supreme Court or High Courts to issues writs.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 3 only
 - (b) 2 and 3 only
 - (c) 1, 2 and 3
 - (d) 1 and 2 only

- 88.** Consider the following statements:
1. Money bills and financial bills can be introduced only on the recommendation of the President.
 2. All Financial bills are money bills but all Money bills are not financial bills.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 89.** Consider the following statements regarding Council of Ministers:
1. The strength of the Council of Ministers cannot exceed 10 percent of total number of members of the Lok Sabha.
 2. Council of Ministers is collectively responsible to the Lok Sabha.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 90.** 74th constitutional amendment act provides for setting up of which of the following types of municipalities in every state?
1. Nagar Panchayat
 2. Block Panchayat
 3. Municipal Council
 4. Municipal Corporation
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 3 and 4 only
 - (c) 1, 3 and 4 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 4 only

- 91.** Consider the following statements regarding the Cabinet:
1. The word 'cabinet' is not mentioned in the Constitution of India.
 2. Its decisions are binding on all the ministers.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2
- 92.** Which of the following are credited to the Public Account of India?
1. Loans raised by the Government by the issue of treasury bills
 2. Provident fund deposits
 3. Stamp duty
 4. Saving bank deposits
 5. Remittances
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1, 2 and 5 only
 - (b) 1, 3 and 4 only
 - (c) 2, 4 and 5 only
 - (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4 only
- 93.** What were the reasons for adopting Parliamentary form of government in India by the Constituent assembly?
1. India already had some experience of running the parliamentary system.
 2. As a safeguard to check against development of personality cult.
 3. For quick decision making.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 and 2 only
 - (b) 1 only
 - (c) 2 and 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3

- 94.** Which among the following factors influence voting behaviour in India?
1. Caste
 2. Region
 3. Religion
 4. Money
 5. Language
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5
 - (b) 1, 3 and 4 only
 - (c) 2, 4 and 5 only
 - (d) 1 and 2 only
- 95.** Governor of a state can nominate which of the following members?
1. One-sixth members to the state legislative council.
 2. One member to the state legislative assembly from the Anglo-Indian Community.
 3. Chairperson of District Planning Committee.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below.
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 1 and 2 only
 - (c) 2 and 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3
- 96.** With reference to Private Members bills, consider the following statements:
1. It is a bill introduced by any member of Parliament who is not a Minister.
 2. Its introduction in the House requires one month's notice.
 3. It is drafted by the concerned department in consultation with the law department.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 1 and 2 only
 - (c) 2 and 3 only
 - (d) 1, 2 and 3

97. With respect to the financial relations between the Centre and states, consider the following statements:

1. During national emergency, President can cancel transfer of taxes from Centre to the states.
2. The property of Centre situated within a state is exempted from all taxes imposed by that state.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

98. With reference to the Consultative committees, consider the following statements:

1. It consists of members of both the houses of Parliament.
2. They are constituted by the Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs.
3. A minister is not eligible to be a member of a Consultative committee.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

99. Consider the following statements regarding Legislative powers of the President:

1. He can nominate two members to the Rajya Sabha from the Anglo-Indian Community
2. He can return a money bill for reconsideration of the Parliament.

Which of the statements given above is/are **not** correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

100. Which among the following stages constitute the first reading of an ordinary bill?

1. Introduction of a bill in either House of Parliament
2. Scrutiny of a bill by Parliamentary Committee
3. Publication of a bill in the Gazette of India

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1, 2 and 3
- (d) 1 and 3 only