



VISMAC 23

**International Summer School on
Machine Vision**



Deep Learning for visual object tracking

Prof. Christian Micheloni

University of Udine

Machine Learning and Perception (MLP) Lab.

Collaboration with Dr. Matteo Dunnhofer - University of Udine
Machine Learning and Perception (MLP) Lab.

Outline

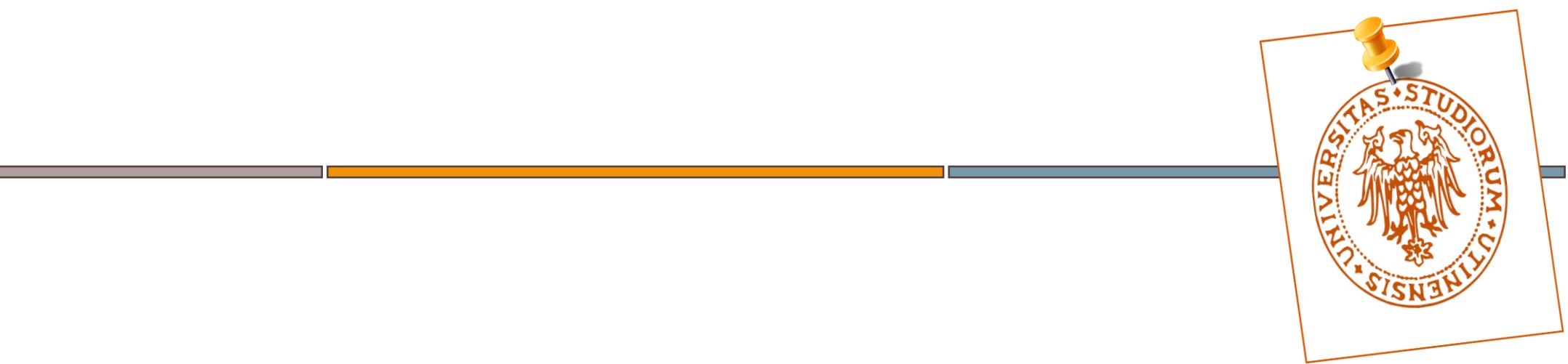
1. Problem Definition

1. Applications
2. Definitions
3. Challenges and Settings

2. Traditional Methods

3. Deep-Learning Trackers

1. Hybrid Methods
2. Offline vs Online-Offline Learning
3. Offline Trackers
4. Online Trackers



Problem Definition

Visual Object Tracking

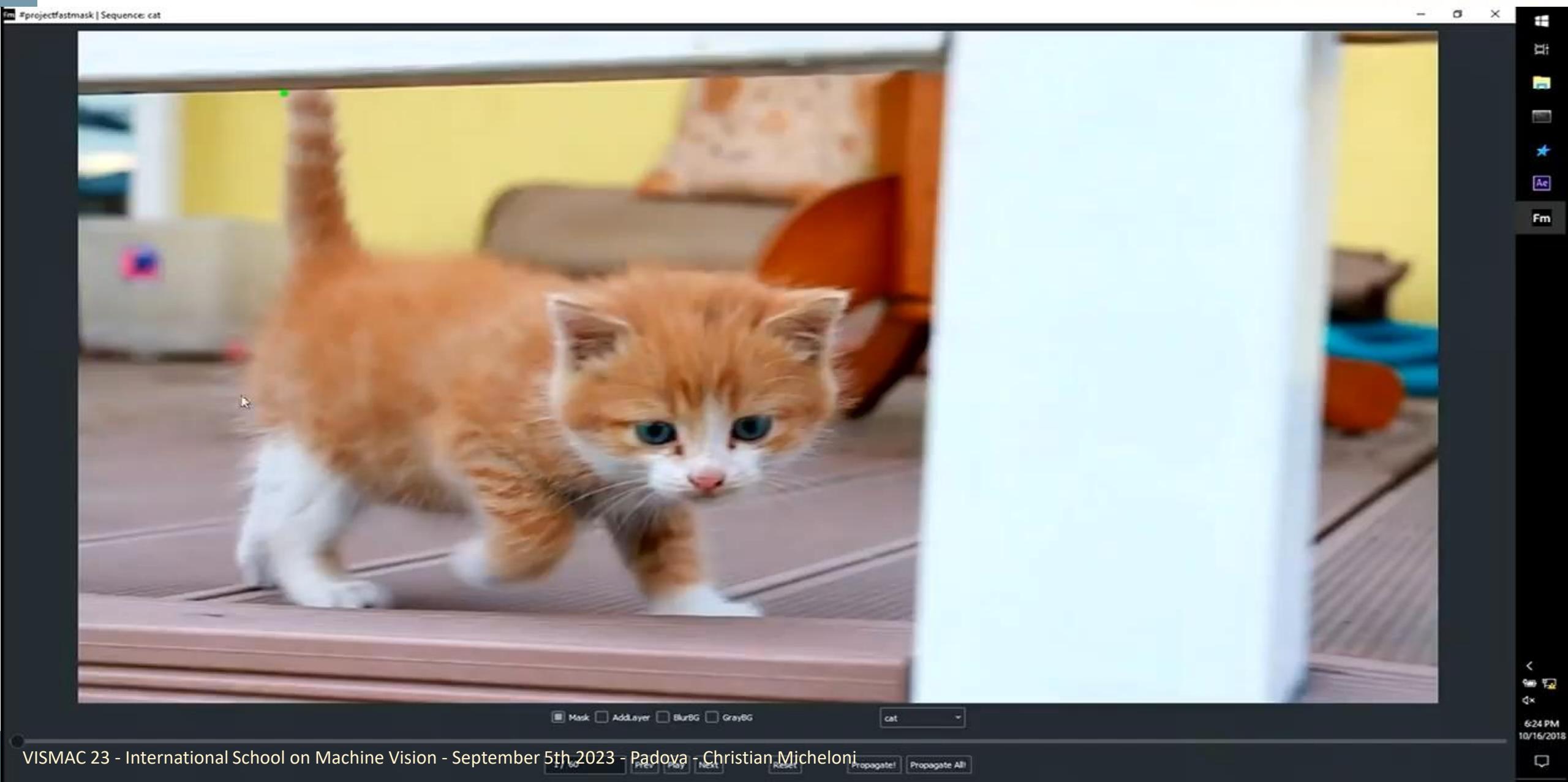


Applications

0



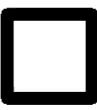
Applications



Applications



Applications



Definitions

“Tracking is the task of assigning consistent labels to the tracked objects in different frames of a video”

Object Tracking: A Survey, Yilmaz et al., 2006

“Online tracking is following the location of one target in a video starting from a selected region of interest in the first frame”

Visual Tracking: An Experimental Survey, Cucchiara et al., 2014

“The estimation of a time series representing the states of a target object in the consecutive frames”

Video Tracking: Theory and Applications, Maggio and Cavallaro, 2011

Definition

The **initial state** of a target object **is given**

Deliver the new states of the target
in all the other frames of a video



Initialization



Tracking



Generic Object Tracking



Target Representation - Barycenter



浅田 真央

村上佳菜子 現在1位

Target Representation – Bounding Box



Target Representation – Segmentation



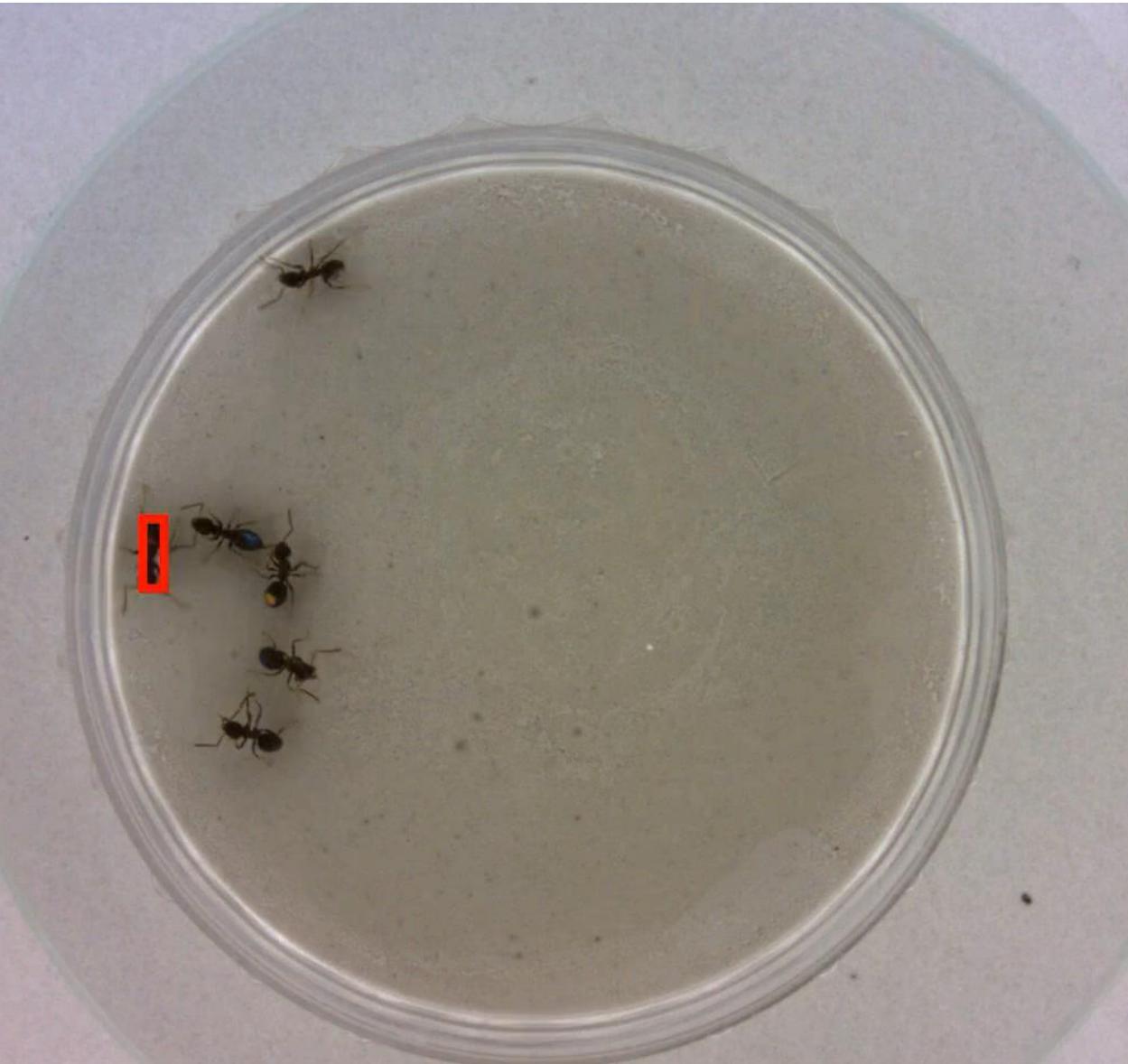
Challenges - Rotations



Challenges - Pose Variations



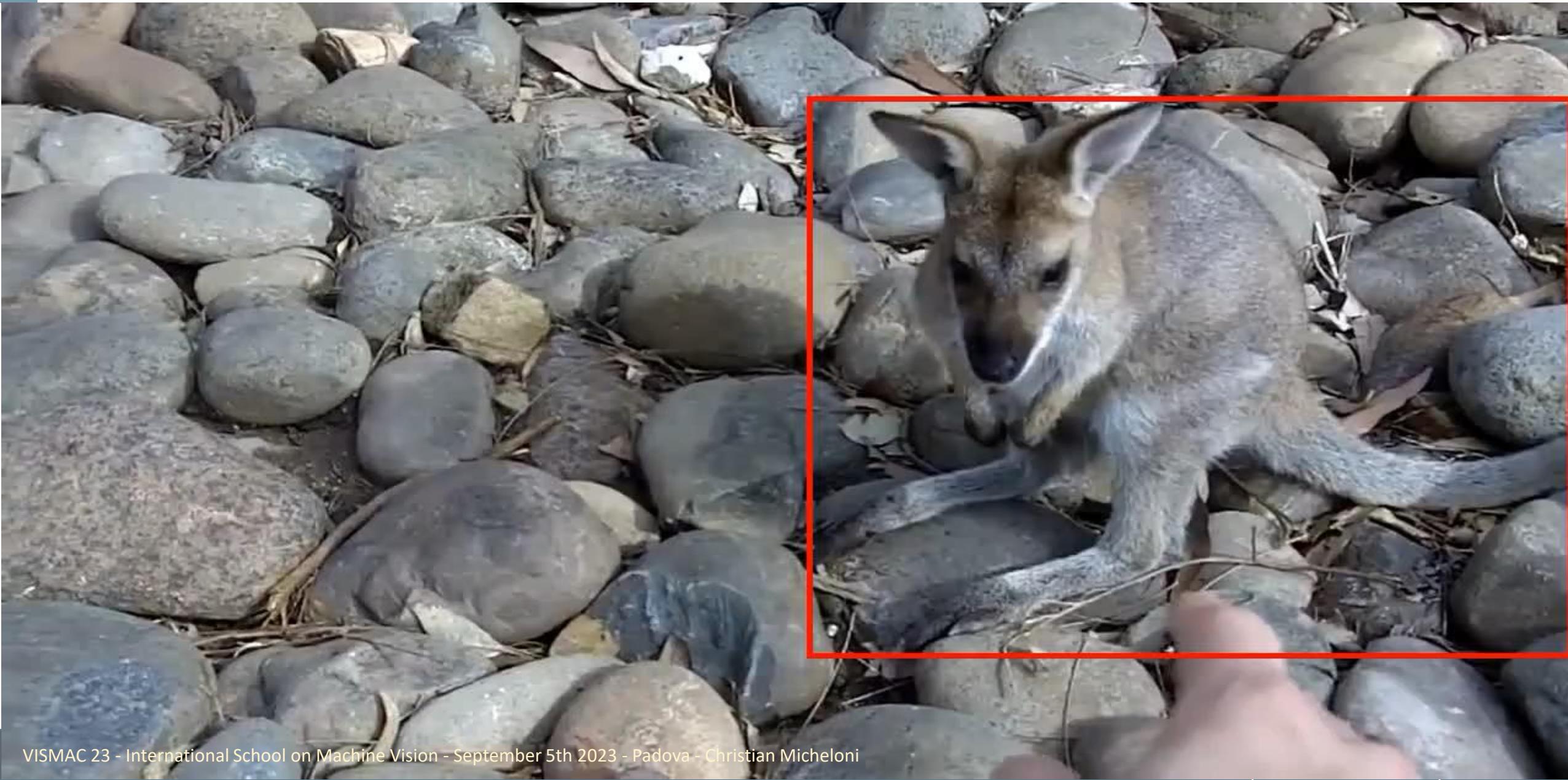
Challenges - Fast Motion



Challenges - Illumination Variations



Challenges - Background Clutter



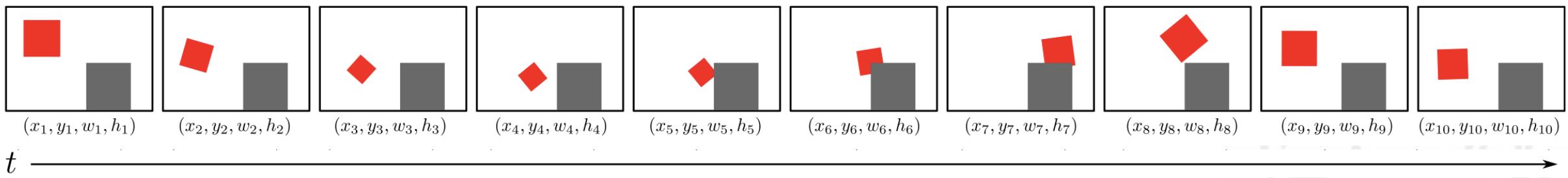
Challenges - Similar Objects



Challenges - Occlusions



Short-term Tracking

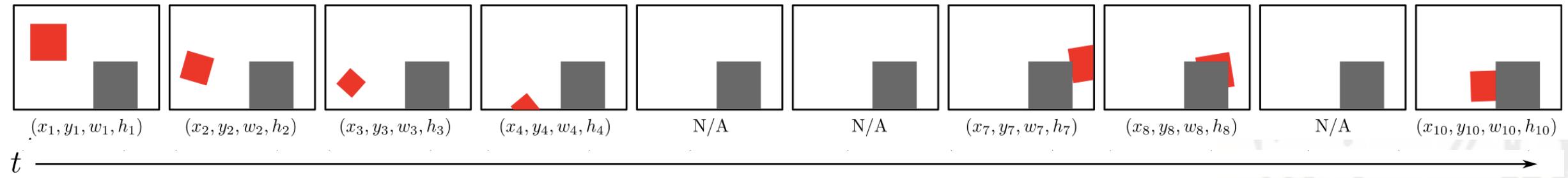


"Performance Evaluation Methodology for Long-Term Visual Object Tracking", Lukežić et al., TCyb, 2020

Short-term Tracking



Long-term Tracking

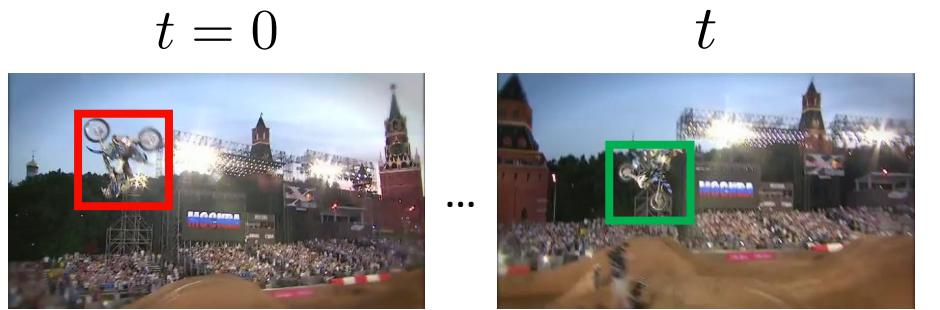


"Performance Evaluation Methodology for Long-Term Visual Object Tracking", Lukežić et al., TCyb, 2020

Long-term Tracking



Online Tracking



Online Tracking

$t = 0$



t

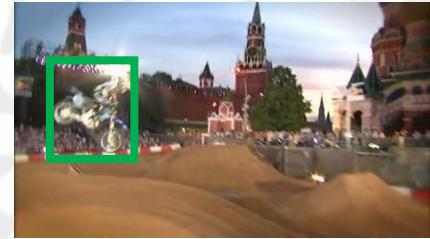


Online Tracking

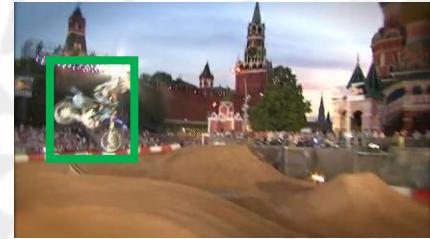


Online Tracking

$t = 0$



t



Setting used in real-time applications

Most studied in the literature

Offline Tracking

$t = 0$



Suitable for post analysis

Better handling of
occlusions



Evaluation

Protocol

One-Pass Evaluation (OPE)

$t = 0$



$0 < t < T - 1$



$t = T - 1$



```
tracker.init(frame_0, init_state)
box_t = tracker.update(frame_t)  box_t = tracker.update(frame_t)  box_T1 = tracker.update(frame_T1)
```

"Object Tracking Benchmark", Wu et al., TPAMI 2015

Metrics

$t = 0$



$0 < t < T - 1$



$t = T - 1$



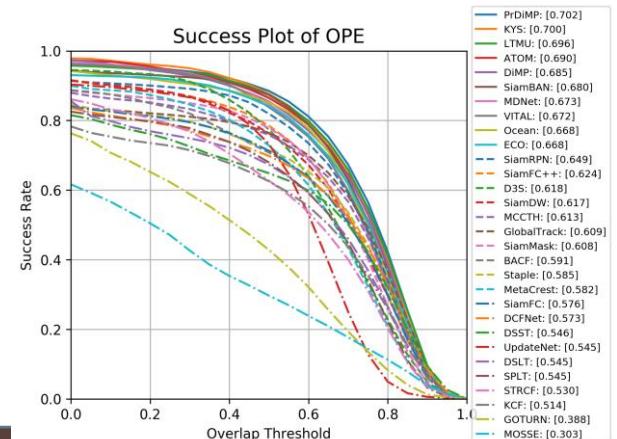
$$\text{IoU}(\square, \square)$$

$$\text{IoU}(\square, \square)$$

$$\text{IoU}(\square, \square)$$

Average Overlap
Accuracy
Success Score
AUC

$$AO = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=0}^{T-1} \text{IoU}(\square_t, \square_t)$$



Evaluation Benchmarks

Visual Tracker Benchmark

<http://www.visual-tracking.net>

OTB-50/100

100 videos

59K frames

10 object categories

http://cvlab.hanyang.ac.kr/tracker_benchmark/



Need for Speed

100 videos

9 object categories

240 FPS videos

<http://ci2cv.net/nfs/index.html>



VOT Challenge

> 200 videos

RGB short-term box/segmentation

RGB real-time short-term box/segmentation

RGB long-term box

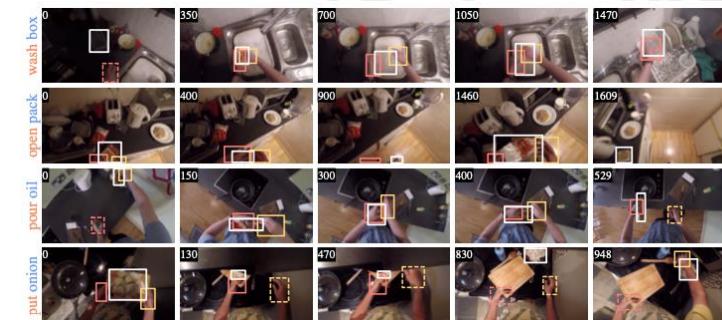
RGBD short-term box

<https://www.votchallenge.net>



UAV123
123 videos
9 object categories
Object tracking from an UAV point-of-view

<https://cemse.kaust.edu.sa/ivul/uav123>



TREK-150
150 videos
34 object categories
Object tracking in FPV

<https://machinelearning.uniud.it/datasets/trek150/>



Traditional Methods



Template Matching

Similarity between the target patch and the frame

$$t = 0$$



"A Two-Stage Cross Correlation Approach to Template Matching", Goshtasby et al., TPAMI, 1984

"Fast Template Matching", Lewis, Vision Interface, 1995

Template Matching

Similarity between the target patch and the frame

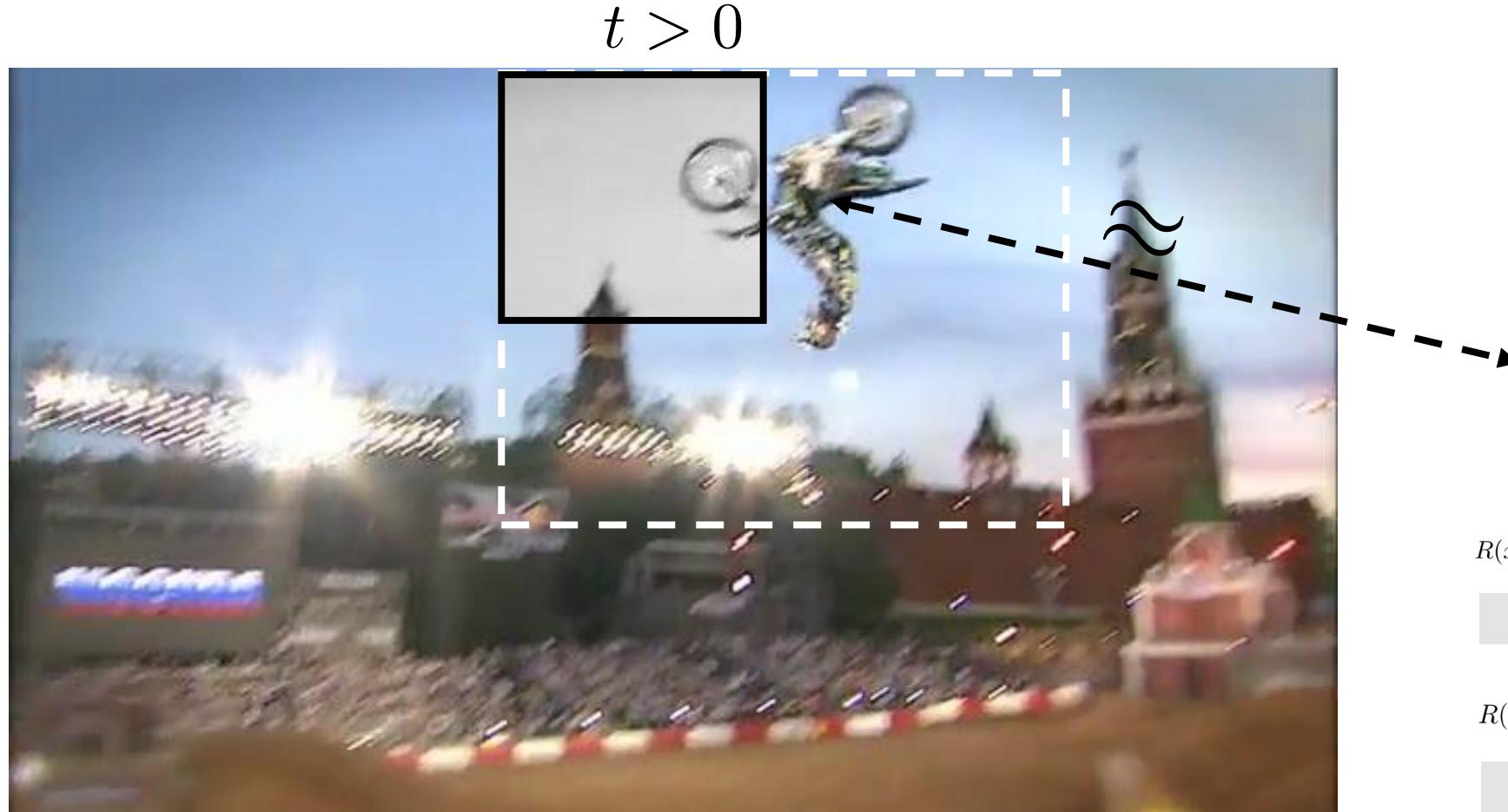
$$t > 0$$



"A Two-Stage Cross Correlation Approach to Template Matching", Goshtasby et al., TPAMI, 1984
"Fast Template Matching", Lewis, Vision Interface, 1995

Template Matching

Similarity between the target patch and the frame



$$R(x, y) = \sum_{x', y'} (T(x', y') - I(x + x', y + y'))^2$$

Sum of Squared Differences

$$R(x, y) = \sum_{x', y'} (T(x', y') \cdot I(x + x', y + y'))$$

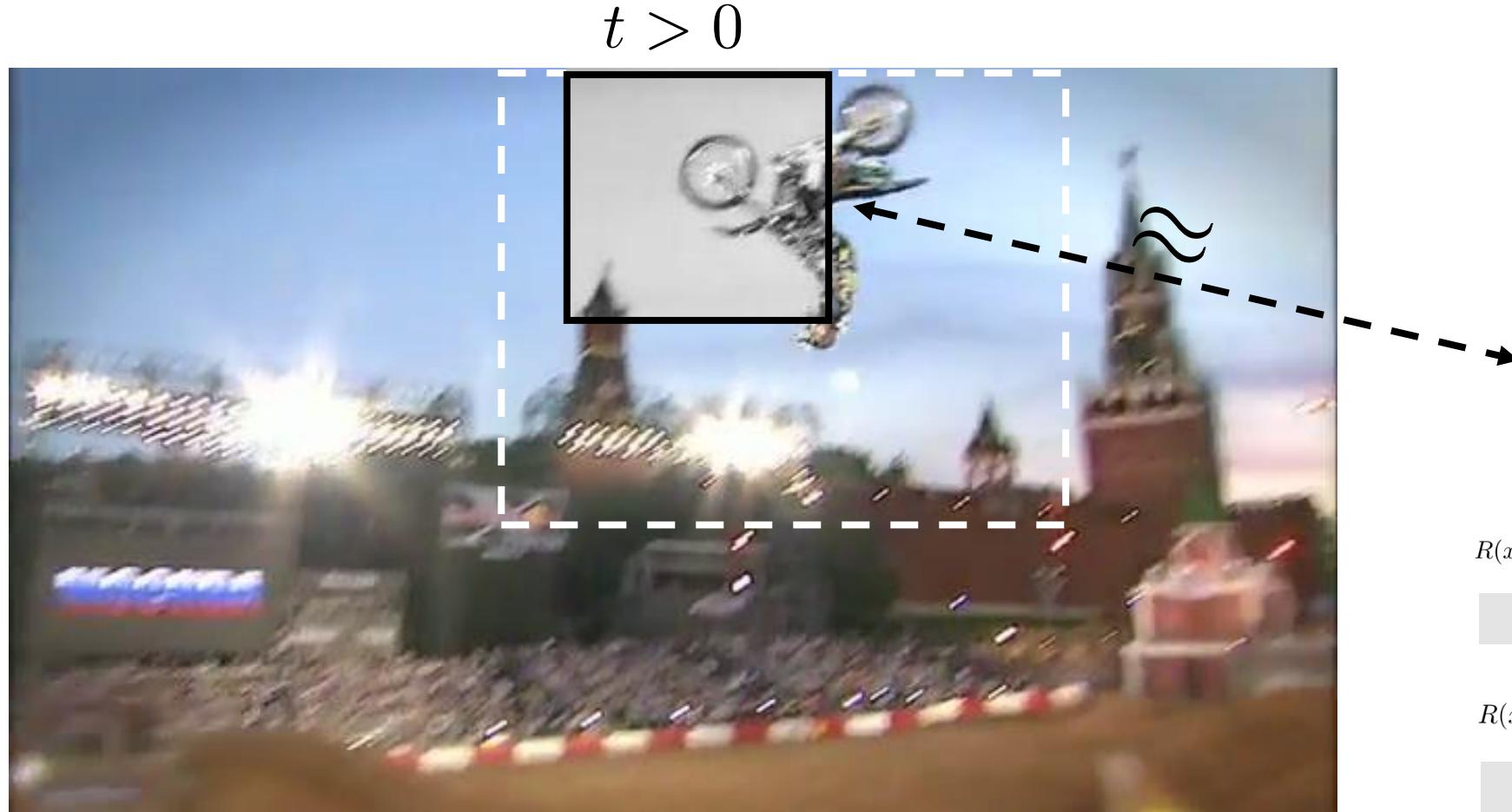
Correlation

"A Two-Stage Cross Correlation Approach to Template Matching", Goshtasby et al., TPAMI, 1984

"Fast Template Matching", Lewis, Vision Interface, 1995

Template Matching

Similarity between the target patch and the frame



$$R(x, y) = \sum_{x', y'} (T(x', y') - I(x + x', y + y'))^2$$

Sum of Squared Differences

$$R(x, y) = \sum_{x', y'} (T(x', y') \cdot I(x + x', y + y'))$$

Correlation

"A Two-Stage Cross Correlation Approach to Template Matching", Goshtasby et al., TPAMI, 1984

"Fast Template Matching", Lewis, Vision Interface, 1995

Template Matching

Similarity between the target patch and the frame

$$t > 0$$



$$R(x, y) = \sum_{x', y'} (T(x', y') - I(x + x', y + y'))^2$$

Sum of Squared Differences

$$R(x, y) = \sum_{x', y'} (T(x', y') \cdot I(x + x', y + y'))$$

Correlation

"A Two-Stage Cross Correlation Approach to Template Matching", Goshtasby et al., TPAMI, 1984

"Fast Template Matching", Lewis, Vision Interface, 1995

Template Matching

Similarity between the target patch and the frame

$$t > 0$$



$$R(x, y) = \sum_{x', y'} (T(x', y') - I(x + x', y + y'))^2$$

Sum of Squared Differences

$$R(x, y) = \sum_{x', y'} (T(x', y') \cdot I(x + x', y + y'))$$

Correlation

"A Two-Stage Cross Correlation Approach to Template Matching", Goshtasby et al., TPAMI, 1984

"Fast Template Matching", Lewis, Vision Interface, 1995

Template Matching

Similarity between the target patch and the frame

$$t > 0$$



"A Two-Stage Cross Correlation Approach to Template Matching", Goshtasby et al., TPAMI, 1984
"Fast Template Matching", Lewis, Vision Interface, 1995

Tracking-by-Detection

Discriminate between the target and the surrounding background

$t = 0$



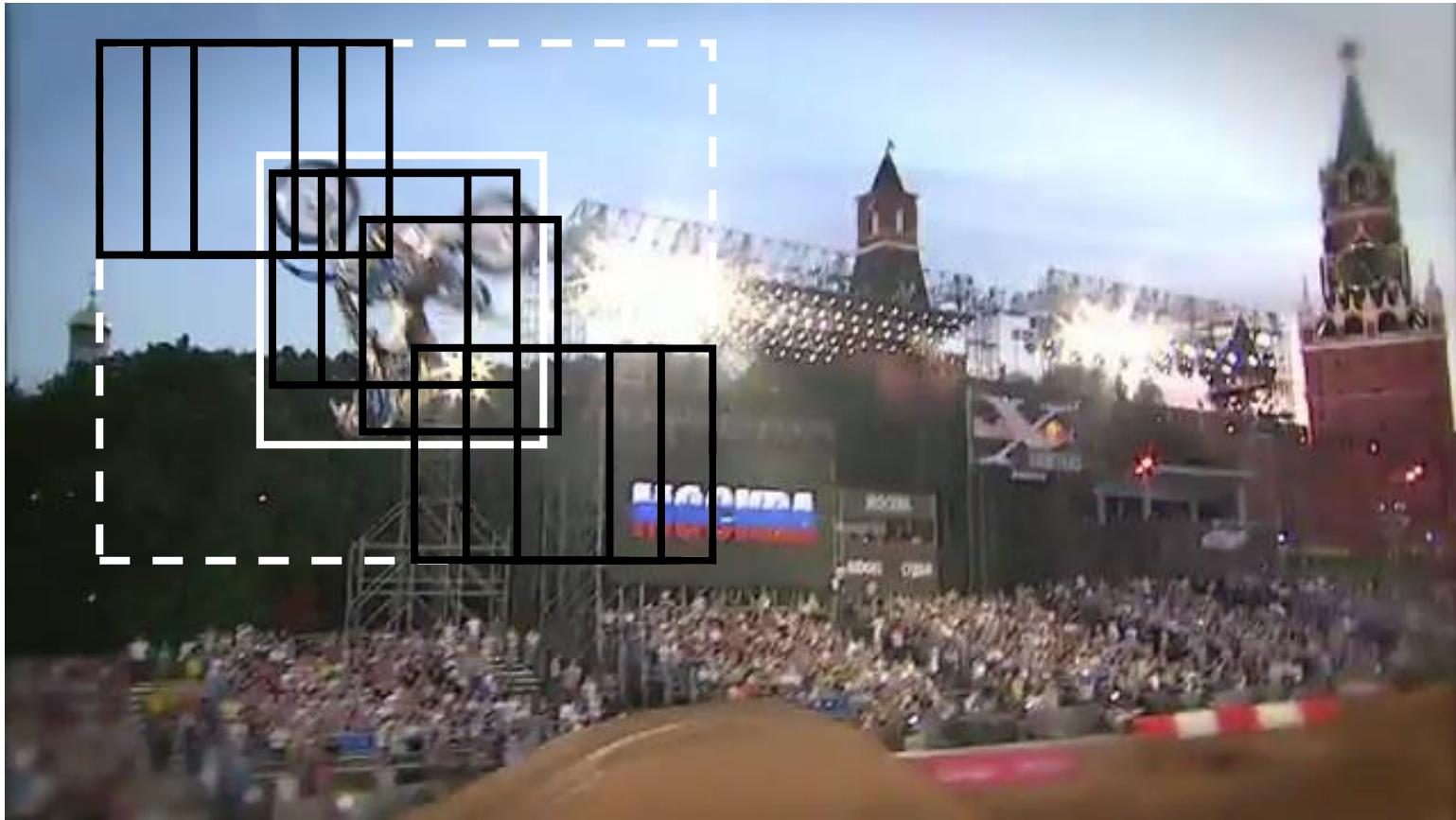
"Real-time Tracking via Online Boosting", Grabner et al., BMVC 2006

"Robust Object Tracking with Online Multiple Instance Learning", Babenko et al., TPAMI 2011

Tracking-by-Detection

Discriminate between the target and the surrounding background

$t = 0$



"Real-time Tracking via Online Boosting", Grabner et al., BMVC 2006

"Robust Object Tracking with Online Multiple Instance Learning", Babenko et al., TPAMI 2011

Tracking-by-Detection

Discriminate between the target and the surrounding background



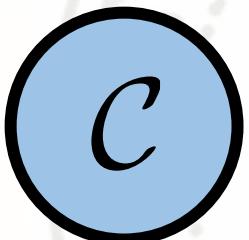
"Real-time Tracking via Online Boosting", Grabner et al., BMVC 2006

"Robust Object Tracking with Online Multiple Instance Learning", Babenko et al., TPAMI 2011

Tracking-by-Detection

Discriminate between the target and the surrounding background

$$t > 0$$



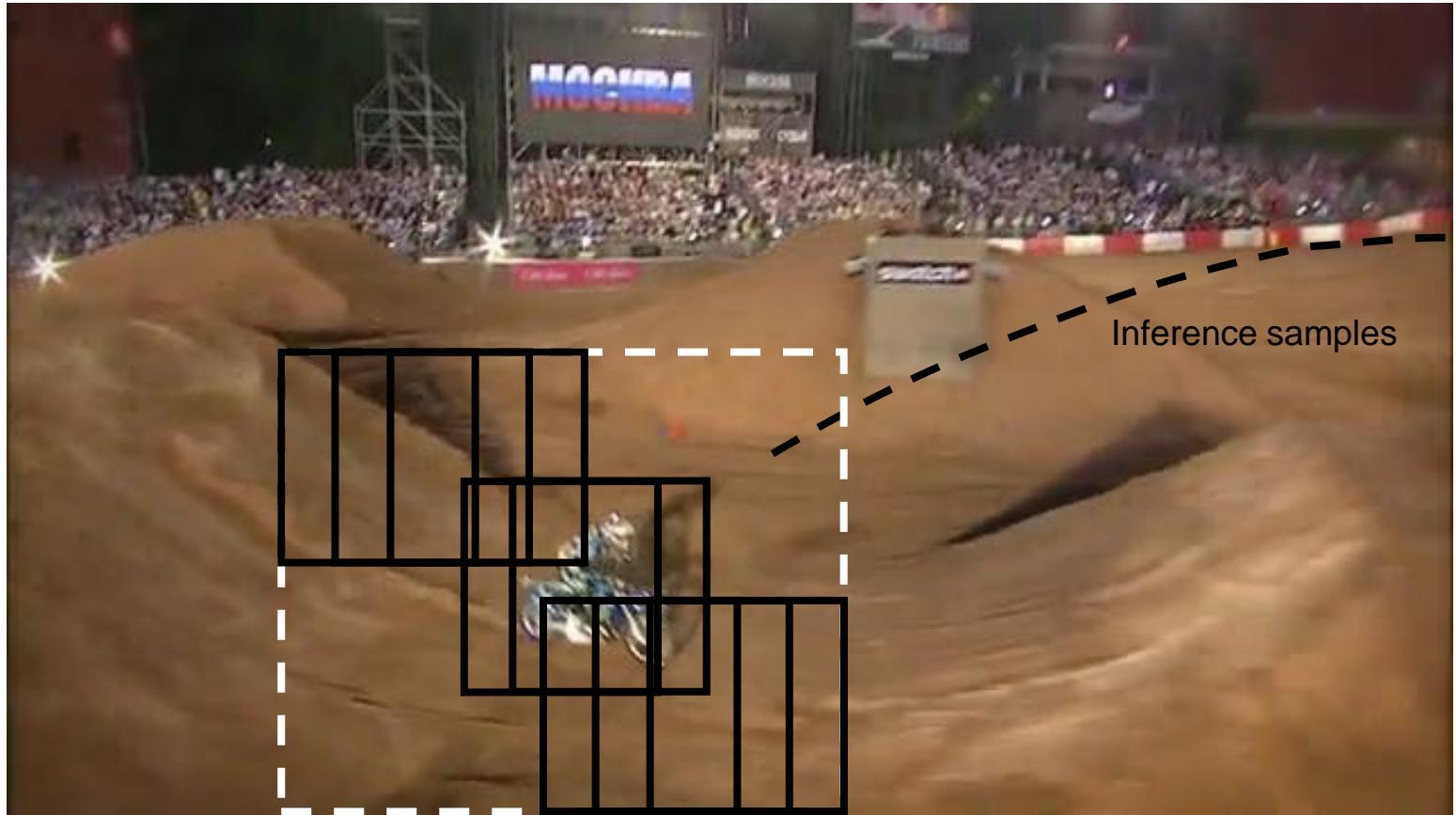
"Real-time Tracking via Online Boosting", Grabner et al., BMVC 2006

"Robust Object Tracking with Online Multiple Instance Learning", Babenko et al., TPAMI 2011

Tracking-by-Detection

Discriminate between the target and the surrounding background

$$t > 0$$



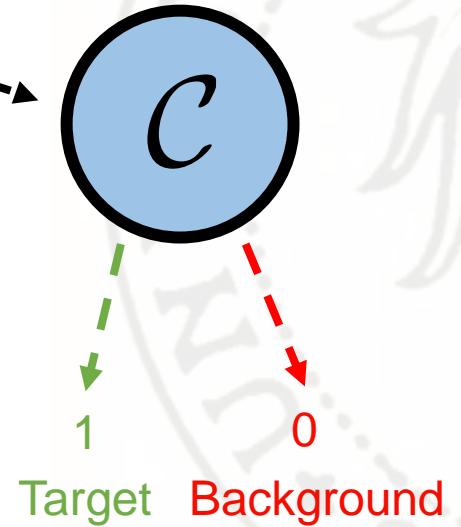
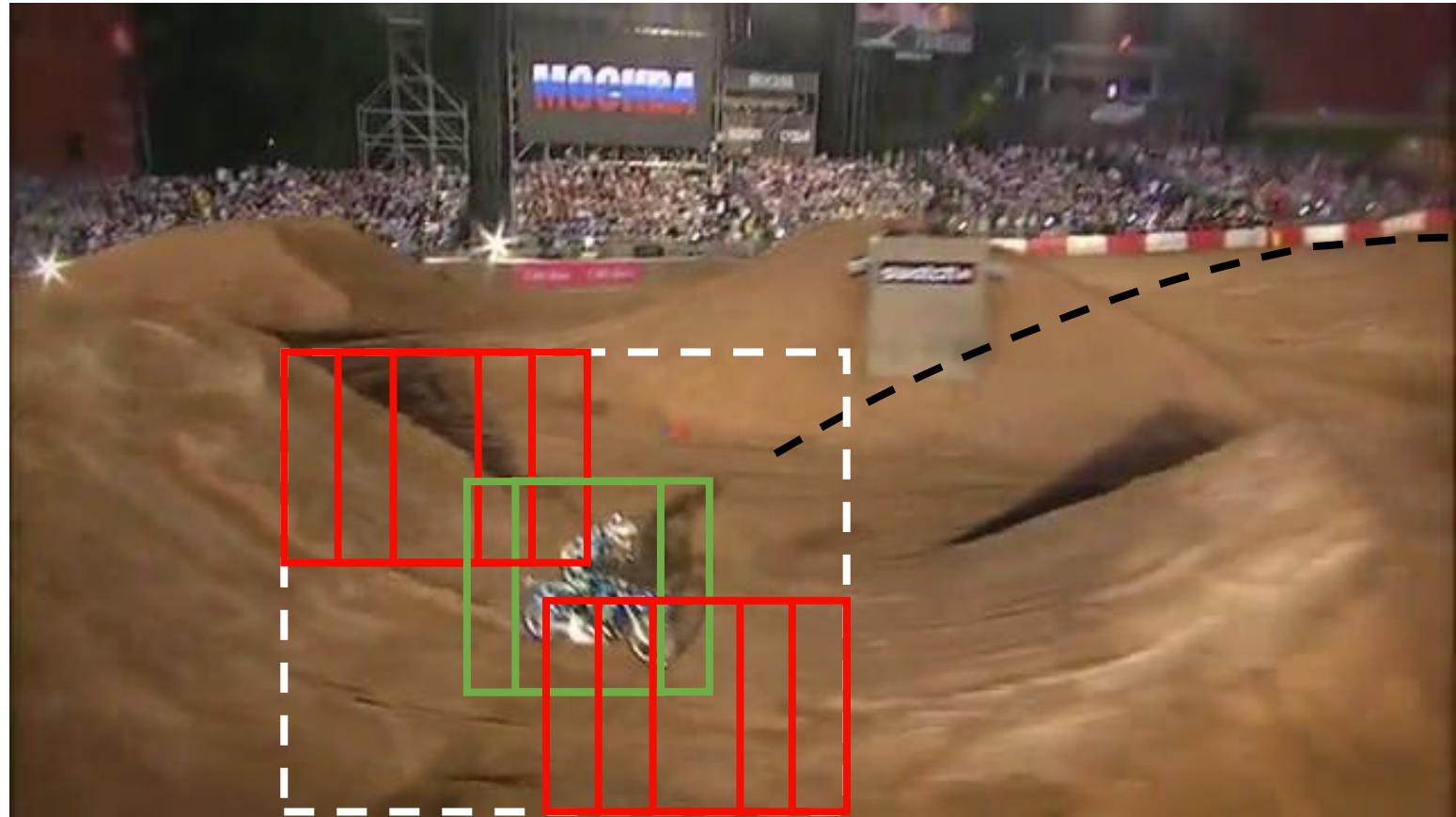
"Real-time Tracking via Online Boosting", Grabner et al., BMVC 2006

"Robust Object Tracking with Online Multiple Instance Learning", Babenko et al., TPAMI 2011

Tracking-by-Detection

Discriminate between the target and the surrounding background

$$t > 0$$



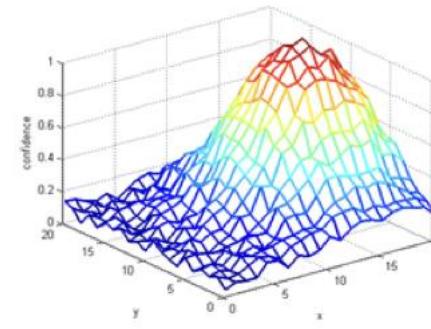
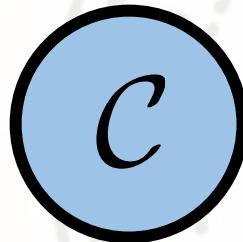
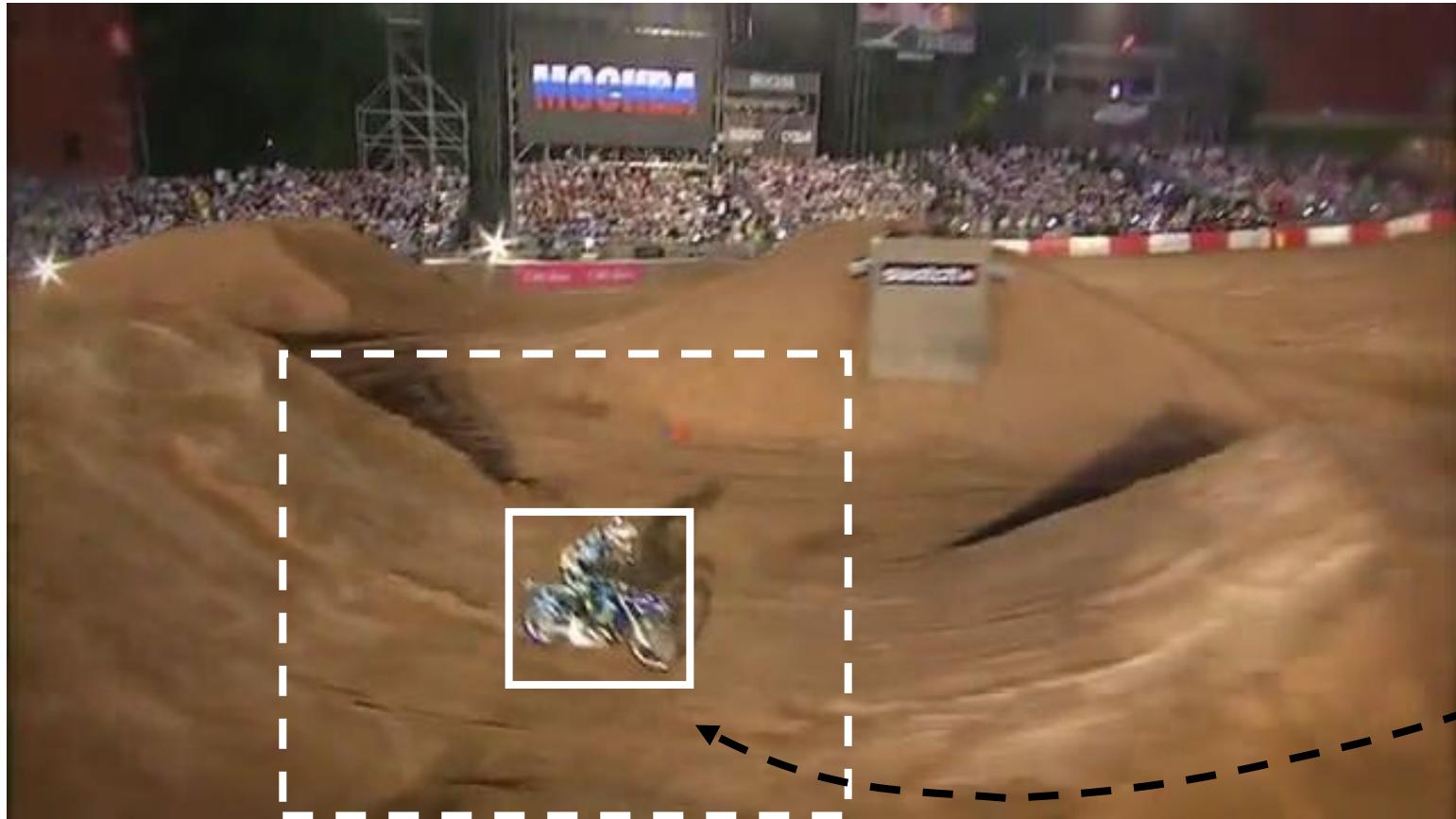
"Real-time Tracking via Online Boosting", Grabner et al., BMVC 2006

"Robust Object Tracking with Online Multiple Instance Learning", Babenko et al., TPAMI 2011

Tracking-by-Detection

Discriminate between the target and the surrounding background

$$t > 0$$



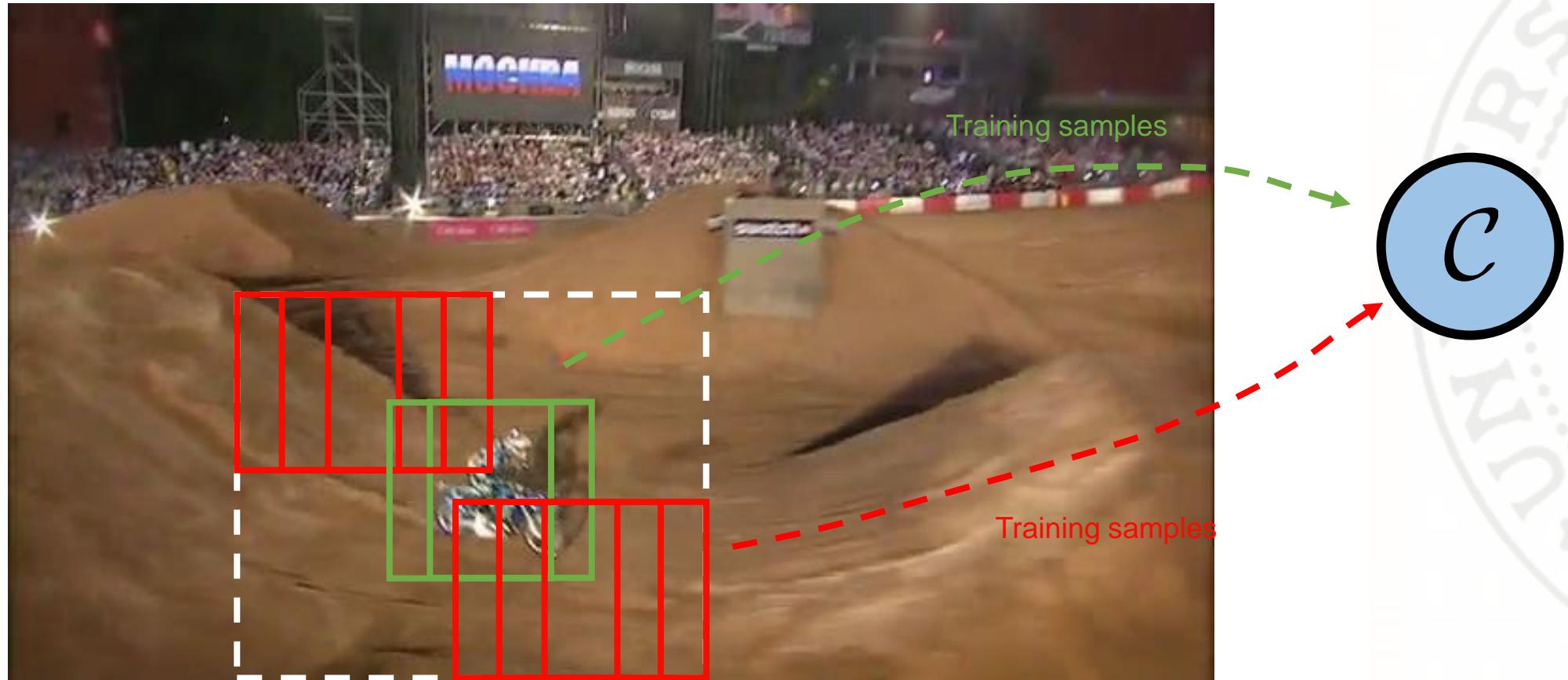
"Real-time Tracking via Online Boosting", Grabner et al., BMVC 2006

"Robust Object Tracking with Online Multiple Instance Learning", Babenko et al., TPAMI 2011

Tracking-by-Detection

Discriminate between the target and the surrounding background

$$t > 0$$



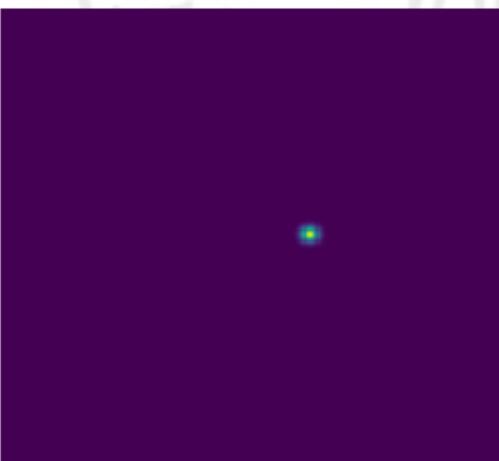
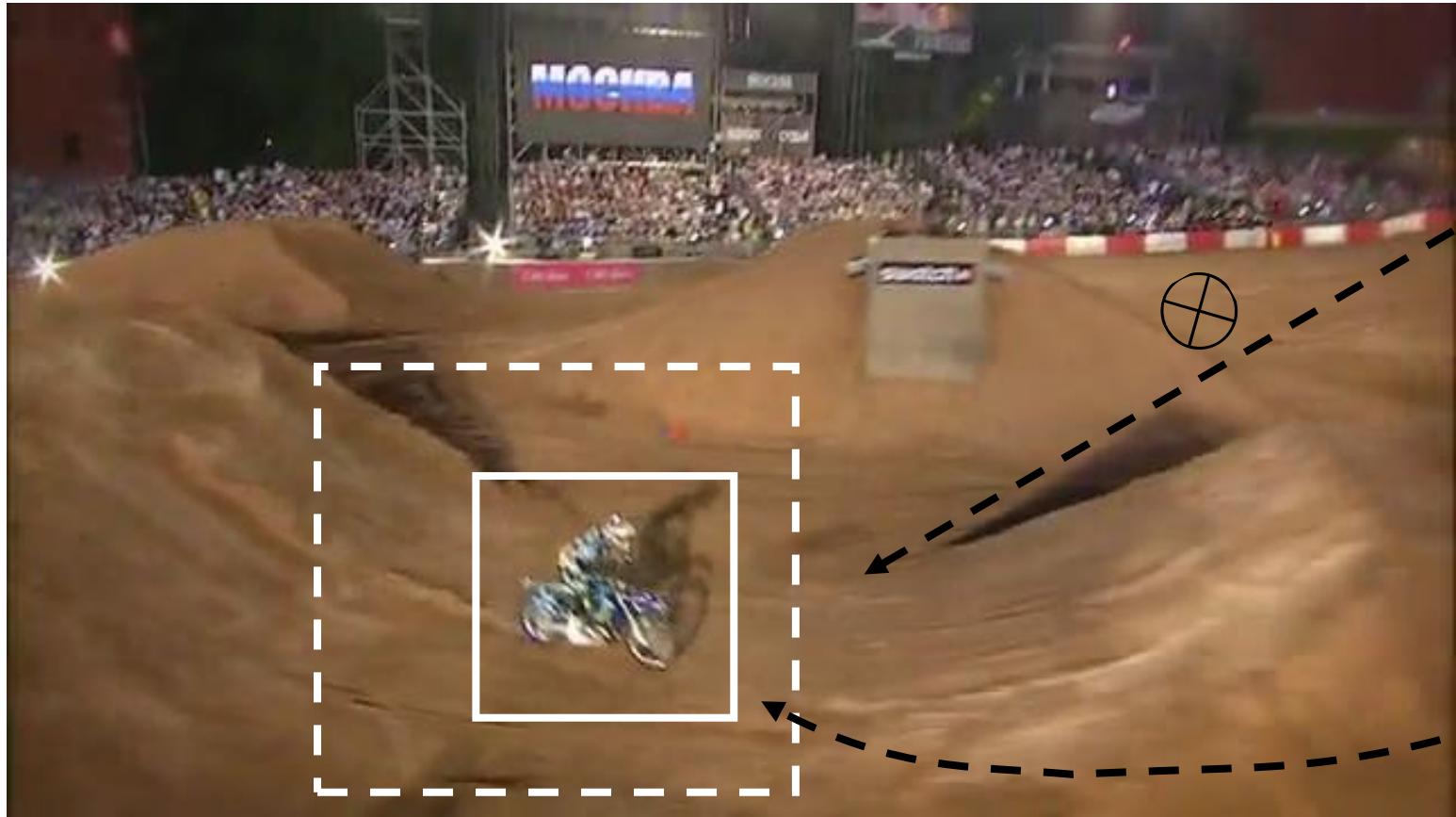
"Real-time Tracking via Online Boosting", Grabner et al., BMVC 2006

"Robust Object Tracking with Online Multiple Instance Learning", Babenko et al., TPAMI 2011

Discriminative Correlation Filters

Filtering frames with an online-learned target filter

$$t > 0$$



"Visual Object Tracking using Adaptive Correlation Filters", Bolme et al., CVPR 2010

"High-Speed Tracking with Kernelized Correlation Filters", Henriques et al., TPAMI 2015

Discriminative Correlation Filters

Filtering frames with an online-learned target filter

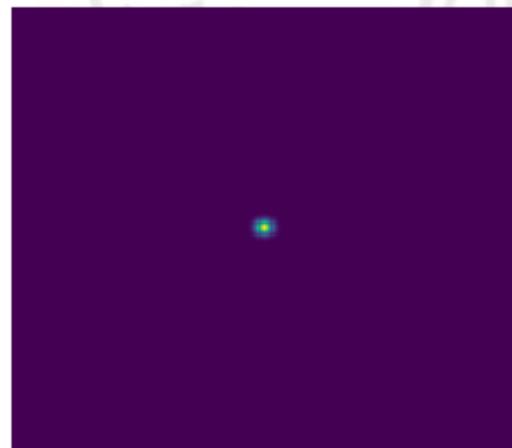
$$t = 0$$



$$\arg \min_{\mathbf{F}} \|\mathbf{T} \otimes \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{G}\|^2$$



F



G

"Visual Object Tracking using Adaptive Correlation Filters", Bolme et al., CVPR 2010

"High-Speed Tracking with Kernelized Correlation Filters", Henriques et al., TPAMI 2015

Discriminative Correlation Filters

Filtering frames with an online-learned target filter

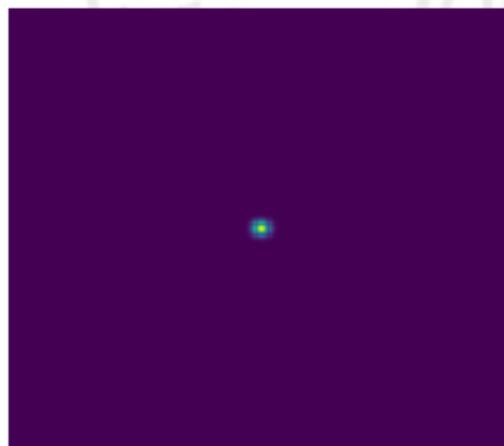
$$t = 0$$



$$\arg \min_{\mathbf{F}} \|\mathbf{T} \otimes \mathbf{F} - \mathbf{G}\|^2$$



F



G

"Visual Object Tracking using Adaptive Correlation Filters", Bolme et al., CVPR 2010

"High-Speed Tracking with Kernelized Correlation Filters", Henriques et al., TPAMI 2015

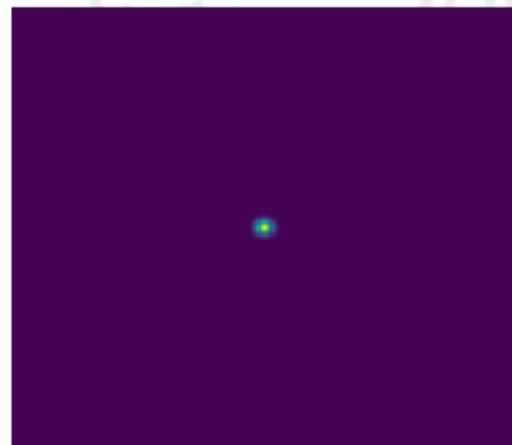
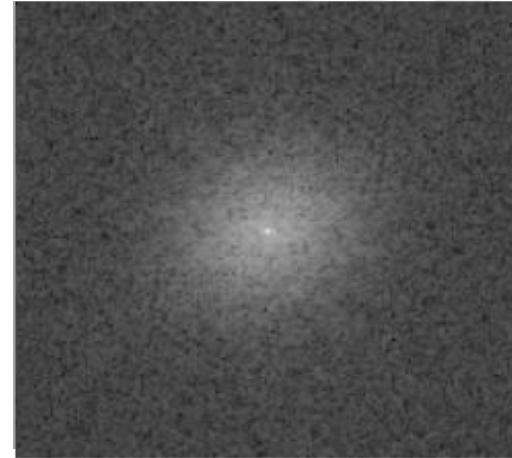
Discriminative Correlation Filters

Filtering frames with an online-learned target filter

$$t = 0$$



$$\arg \min_F \|T \otimes F - G\|^2$$

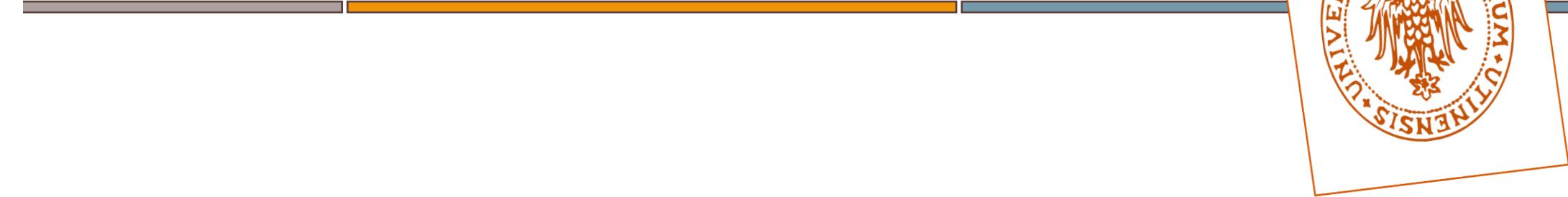


"Visual Object Tracking using Adaptive Correlation Filters", Bolme et al., CVPR 2010

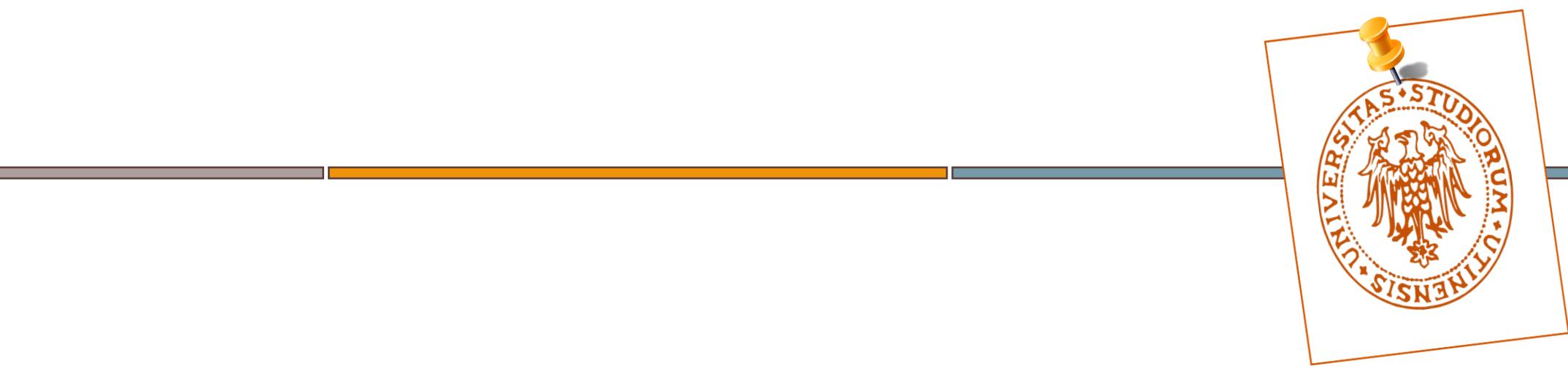
"High-Speed Tracking with Kernelized Correlation Filters", Henriques et al., TPAMI 2015

Discriminative Correlation Filters





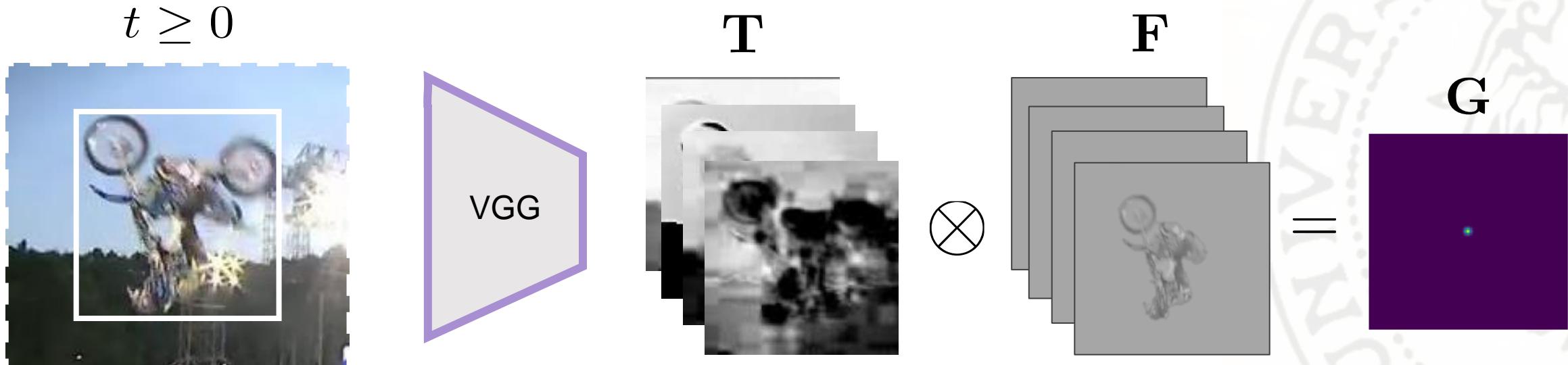
Deep Learning Methods



Hybrid Methods

DeepSRDCF

Exploit CNN features in the DCF domain



"Convolutional Features for Correlation Filter Based Visual Tracking", Danelljan et al., ICCVW 2015

DeepSRDCF

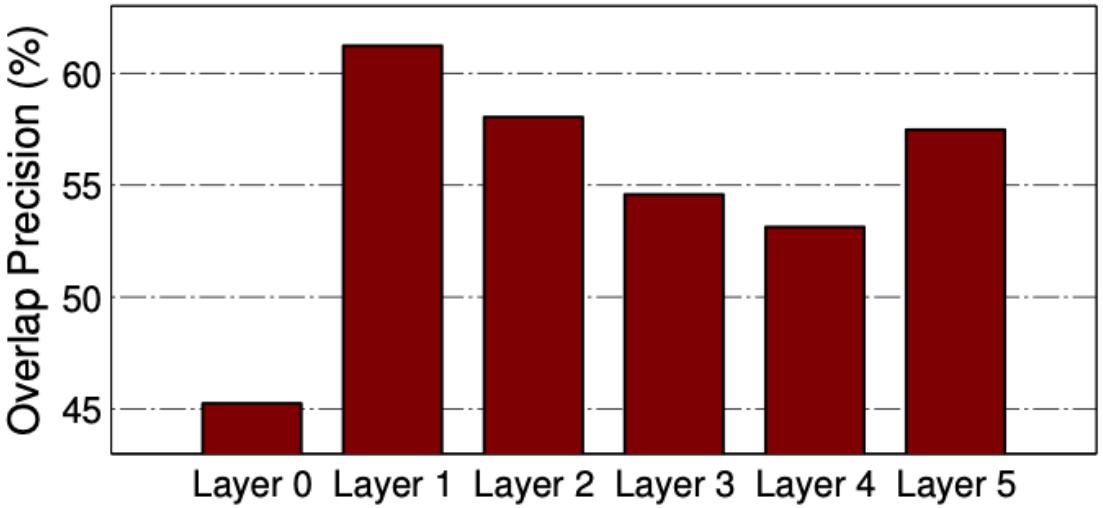


Figure 2. Comparison of tracking performance when using different convolutional layers in the network. The mean overlap precision over all color videos in the OTB dataset is displayed. The input RGB image (layer 0) provides inferior performance compared to the convolutional layers. The best results are obtained using the first convolutional layer. The performance then degrades for each deeper layer in the network, until the final layer.

"Convolutional Features for Correlation Filter Based Visual Tracking", Danelljan et al., ICCVW 2015

DeepSRDCF

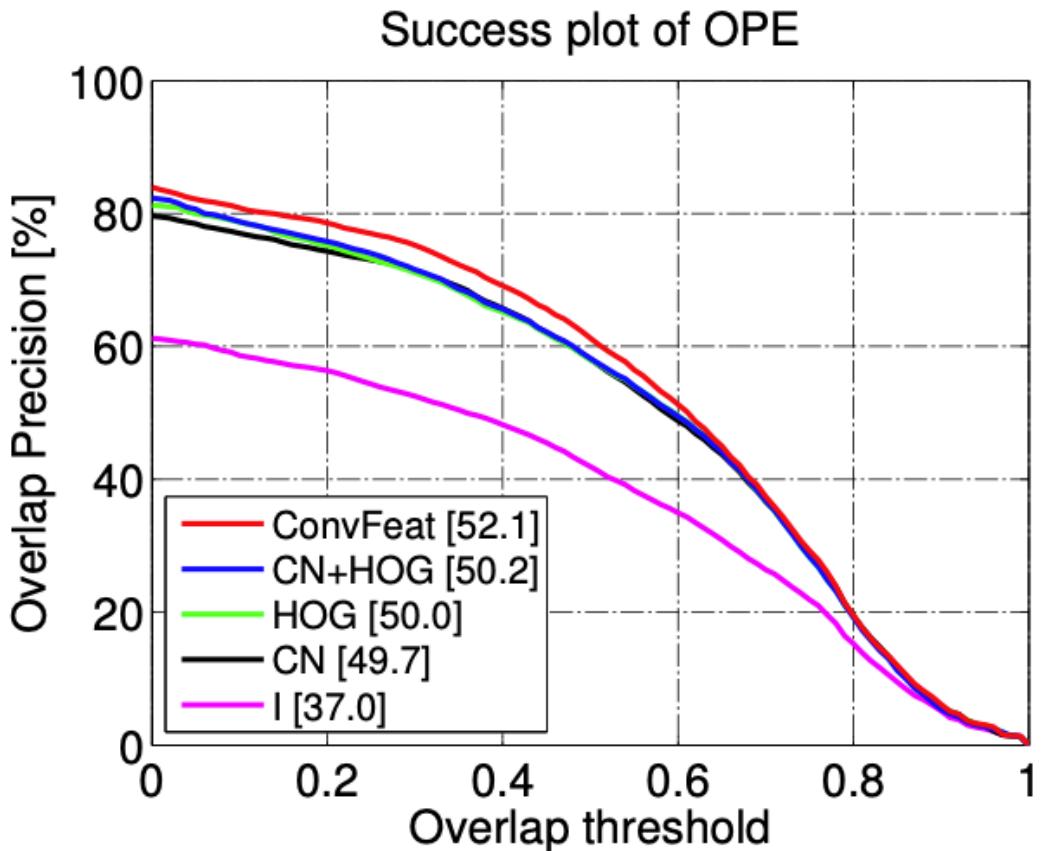


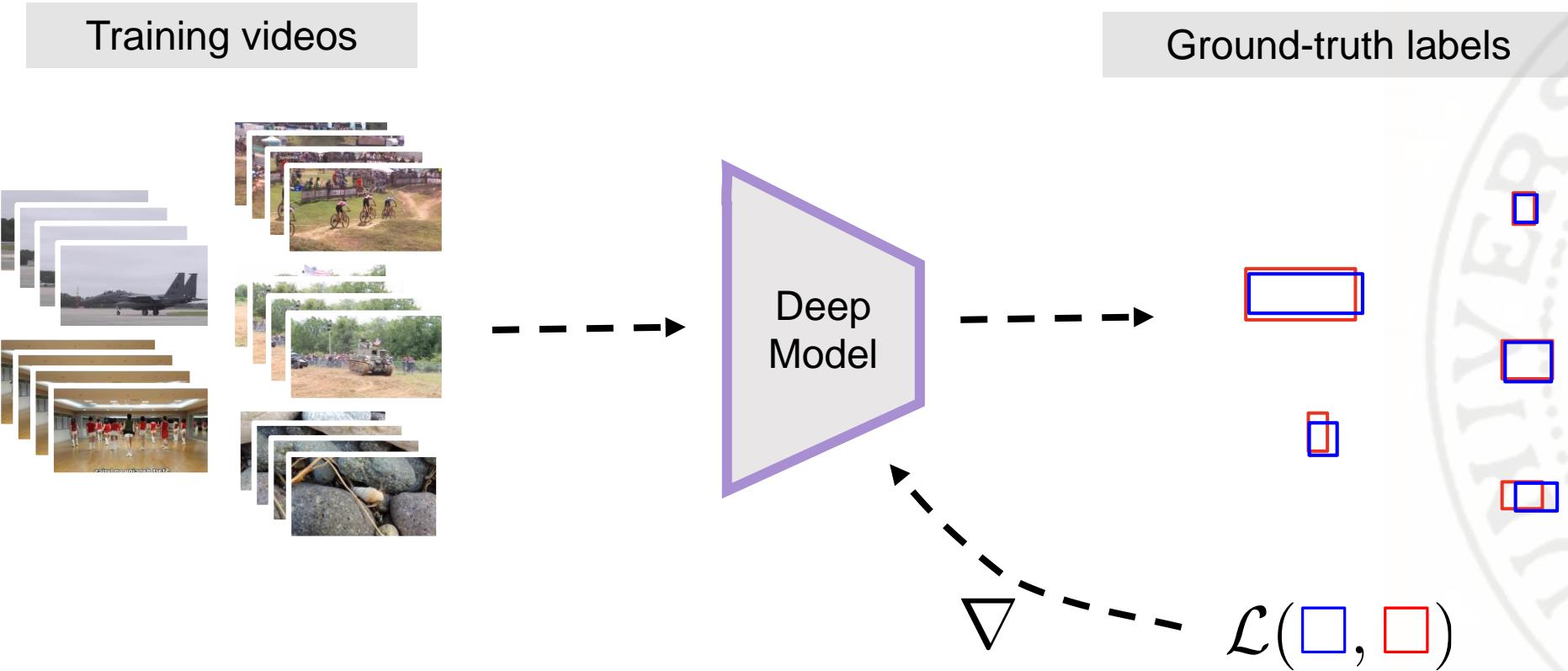
Figure 3. Comparison of the first layer convolutional features with different handcrafted features: HOG, CN and I (image intensity).



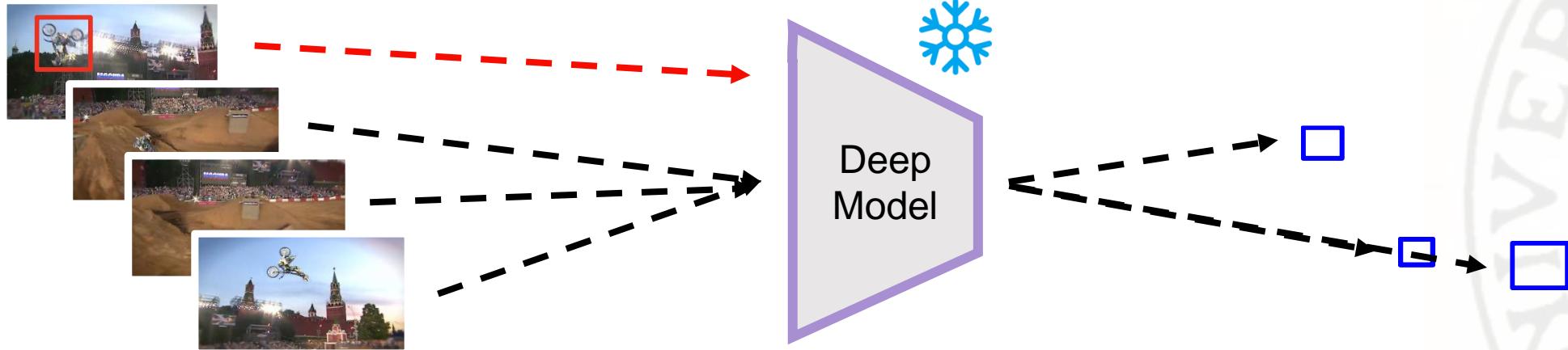
Offline Learning vs Offline/Online Learning



Offline Trackers - Training



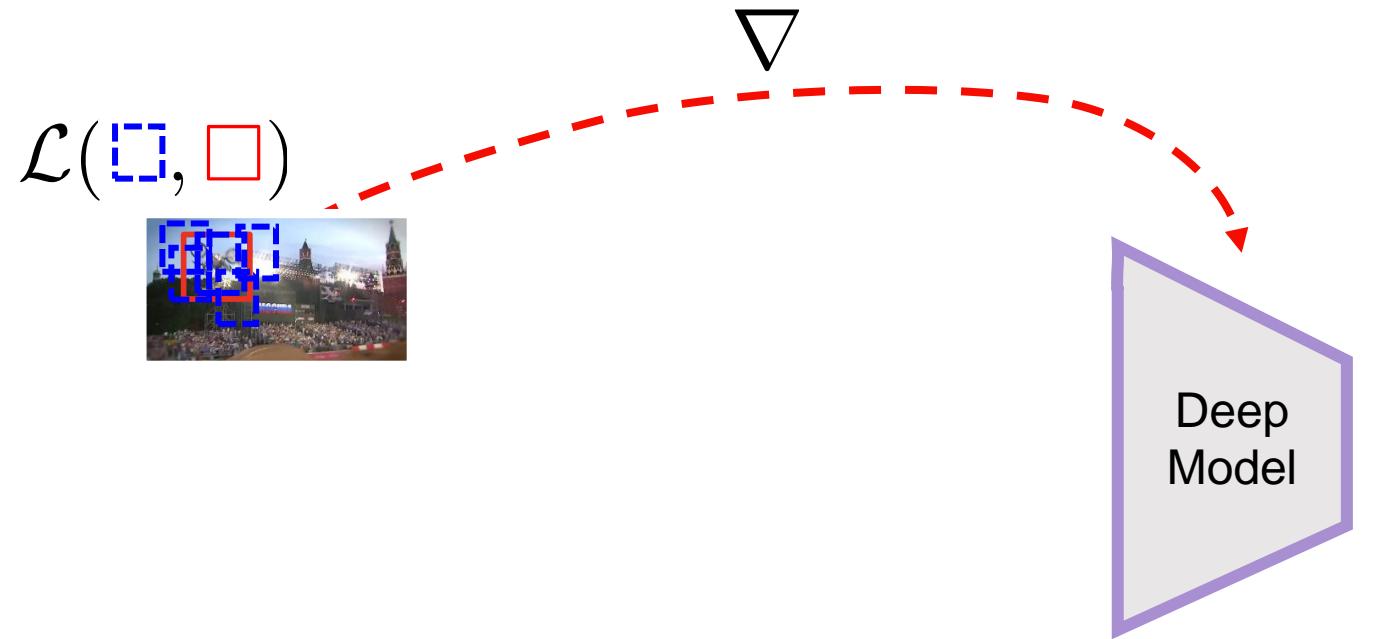
Offline Trackers - Tracking



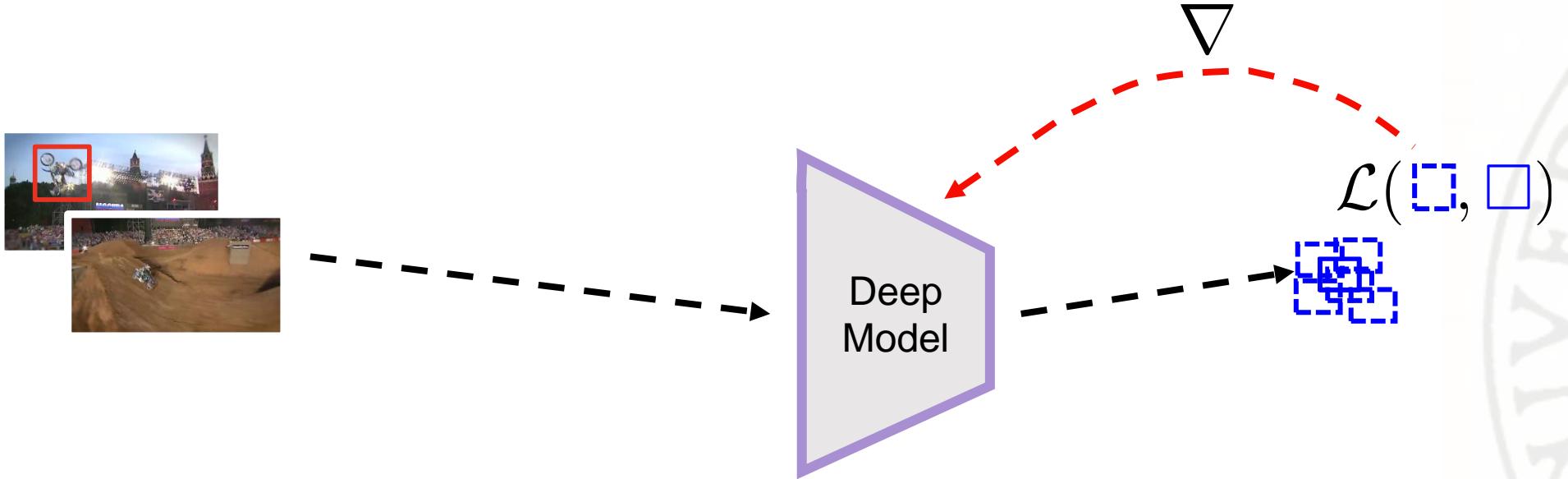
Fast processing times ✨

Not robust to continuously changing scenes 🚫

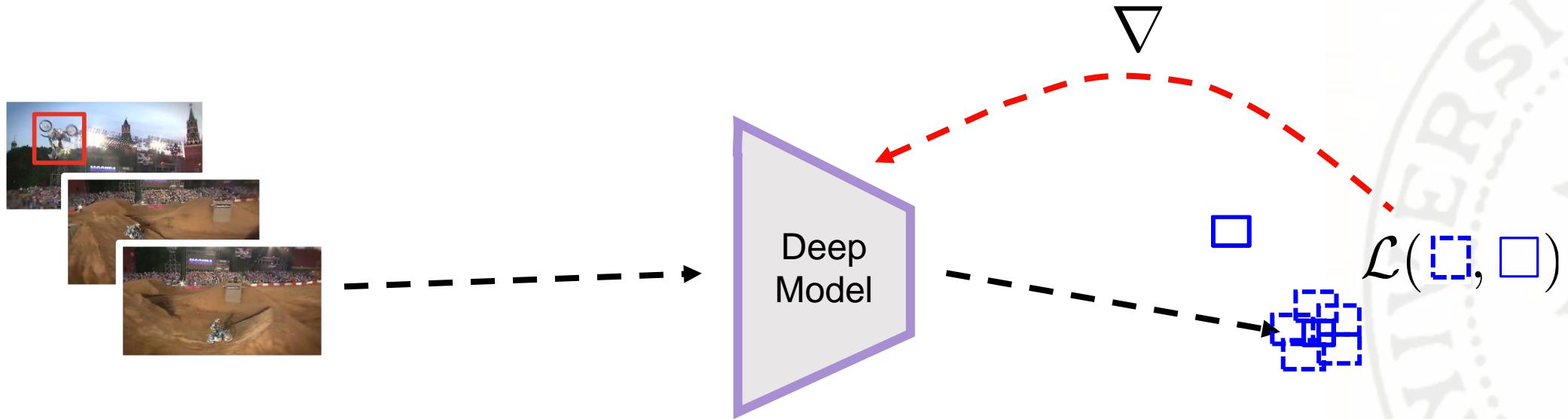
Offline/Online Trackers - Tracking



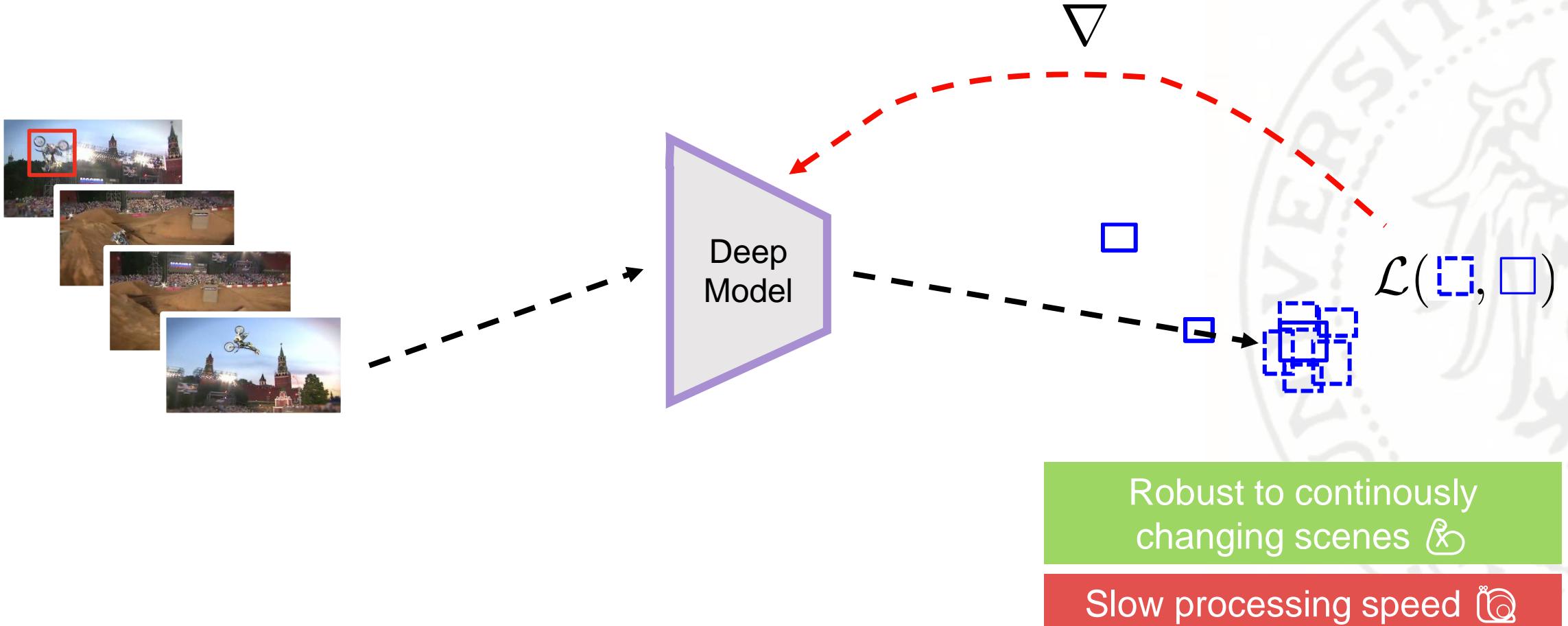
Offline/Online Trackers - Tracking



Offline/Online Trackers - Tracking



Offline/Online Trackers - Tracking



Datasets - TrackingNet

~30K videos

30132 training videos

511 testing videos

Dense bounding-boxes (> 14M)

Hand-labeled at 1 FPS

Interpolated at the other frames

27 object categories



<https://tracking-net.org>

"TrackingNet: A Large-Scale Dataset and Benchmark for Object Tracking in the Wild", Mueller et al., ECCV 2018

Datasets - LaSOT

1400 videos at 30 FPS

1220 videos for training

280 for testing

70 object categories

20 videos for each one

1m23s avg length

Long-term settings

Language descriptions

<http://vision.cs.stonybrook.edu/~lasot/>

"LaSOT: A High-quality Benchmark for Large-scale Single Object Tracking", Fan, Lin et al., CVPR 2019



Bear-12: "white bear walking on grass around the river bank"



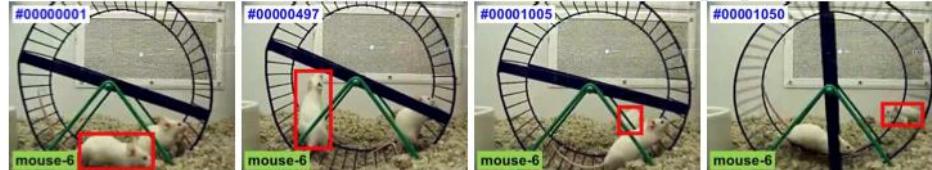
Bus-19: "red bus running on the highway"



Horse-1: "brown horse running on the ground"



Person-14: "boy in black suit dancing in front of people"



Mouse-6: "white mouse moving on the ground around another white mouse"

Figure 2. Example sequences and annotations of our LaSOT. We focus on long-term videos in which target objects may disappear, and then re-enter the view again. In addition, we provide natural language specification for each sequence. Best viewed in color.

Datasets - GOT-10k

10000 10FPS videos

9660 videos for training

180 for validation

180 for testing (sequestered)

536 object categories

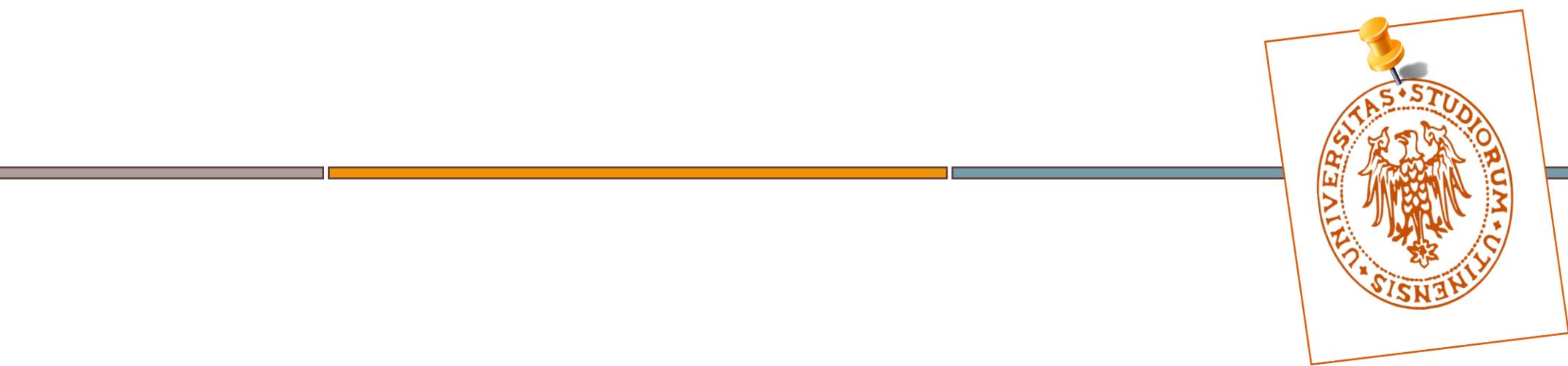
16s avg length



Per-frame occlusion-level annotation

<http://got-10k.aitestunion.com>

"GOT-10k: A Large High-Diversity Benchmark for Generic Object Tracking in the Wild", Huang et al., TPAMI 2019



Offline Trackers

GOTURN - Tracking

t



⋮

b_t

$t + 1$



⋮

"Learning to Track at 100 FPS with Deep Regression Networks", Held et al., ECCV 2016

GOTURN - Tracking

t



$t + 1$



"Learning to Track at 100 FPS with Deep Regression Networks", Held et al., ECCV 2016

GOTURN - Tracking

t



⋮



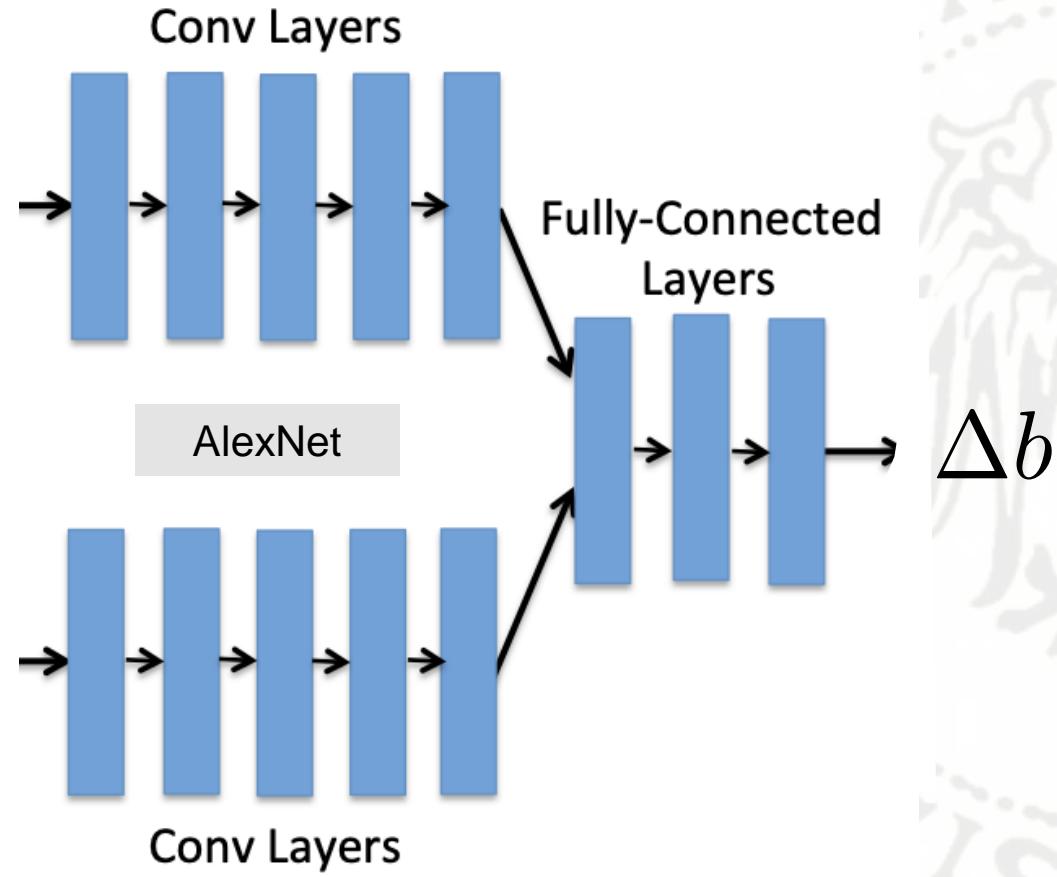
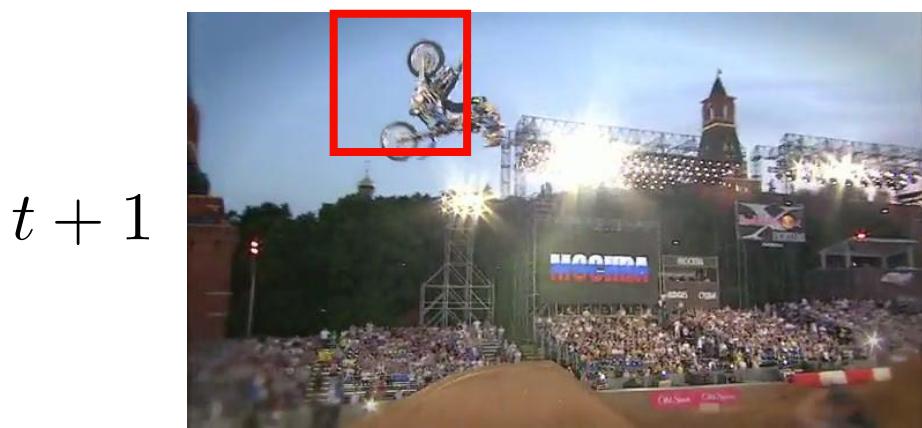
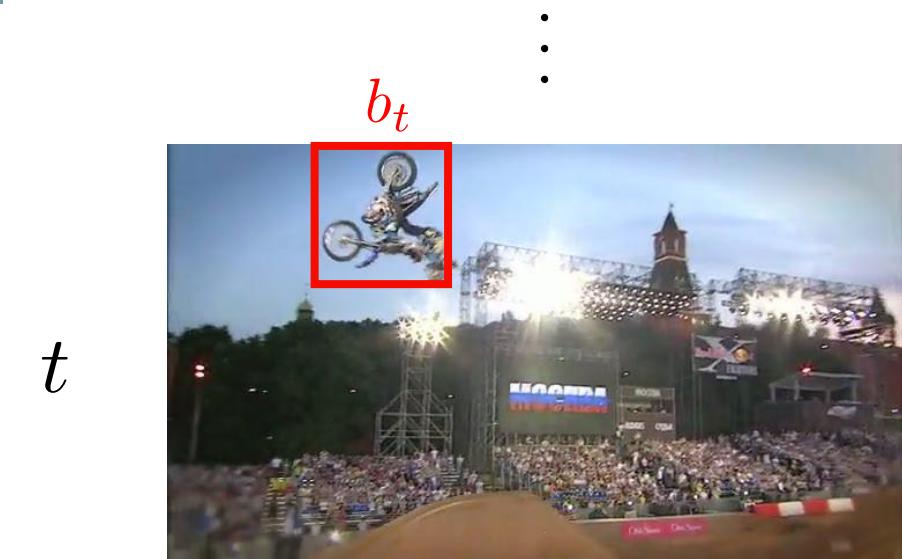
$t + 1$



⋮

"Learning to Track at 100 FPS with Deep Regression Networks", Held et al., ECCV 2016

GOTURN - Tracking



for training

"Learning to Track at 100 FPS with Deep Regression Networks", Held et al., ECCV 2016

GOTURN - Tracking

⋮
⋮



t



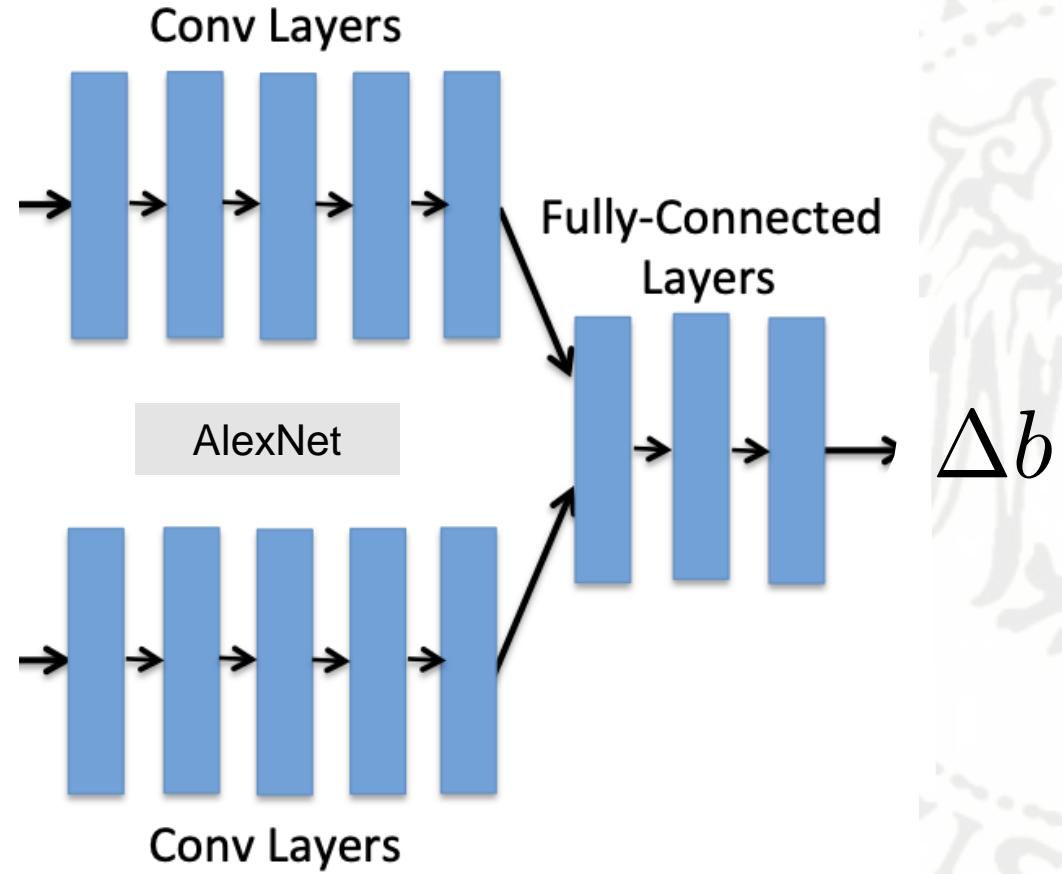
227 x 227 x 3



$t + 1$



227 x 227 x 3



for training

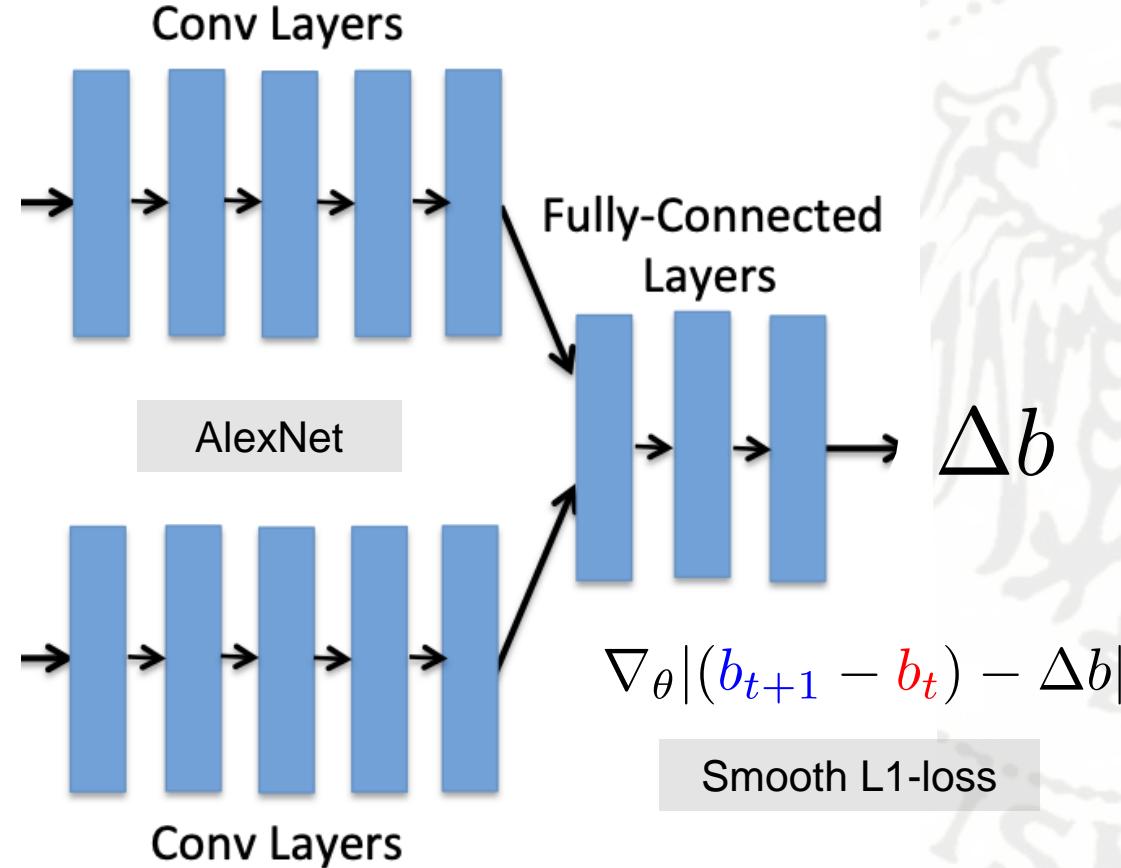
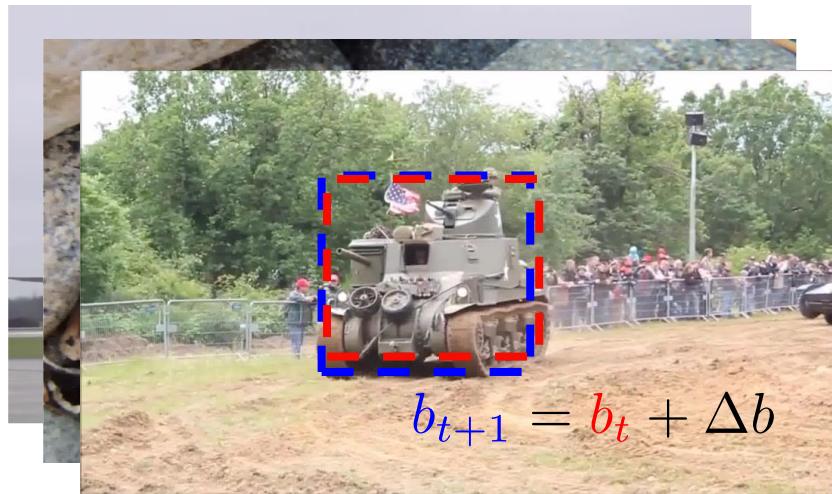
"Learning to Track at 100 FPS with Deep Regression Networks", Held et al., ECCV 2016

GOTURN - Training

t



$t + 1$



"Learning to Track at 100 FPS with Deep Regression Networks", Held et al., ECCV 2016

SiamFC - Tracking

$t = 0$



$t > 0$



"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016

SiamFC - Tracking

$t = 0$



$t > 0$



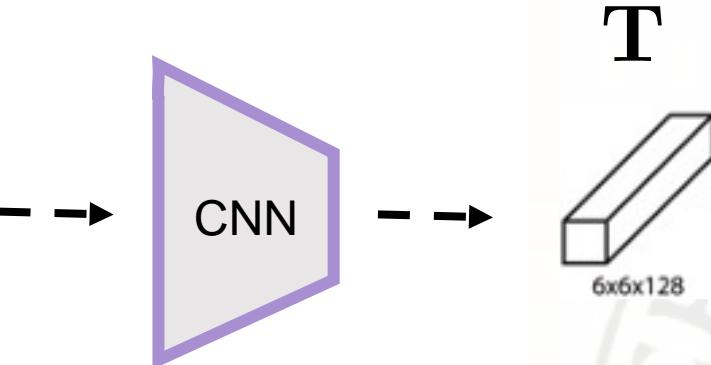
"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016

SiamFC - Tracking

$t = 0$



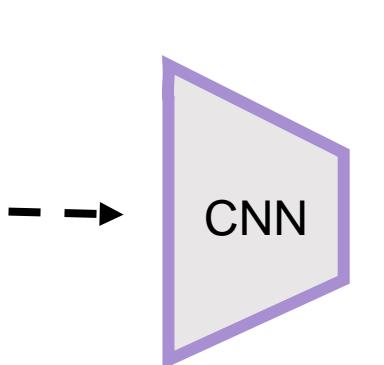
$t > 0$



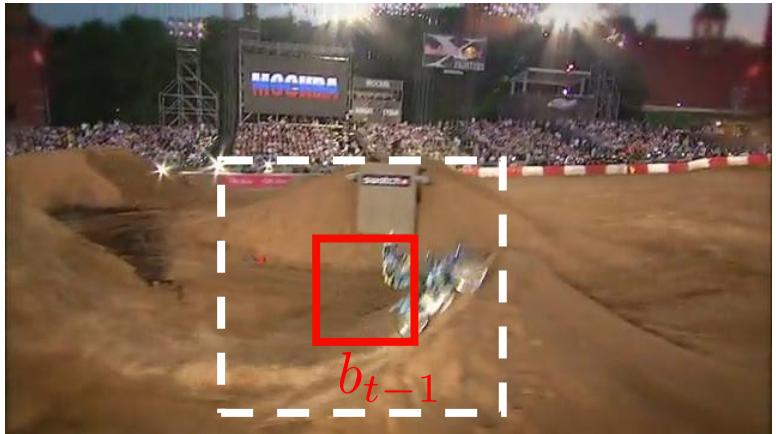
"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016

SiamFC - Tracking

$t = 0$



$t > 0$



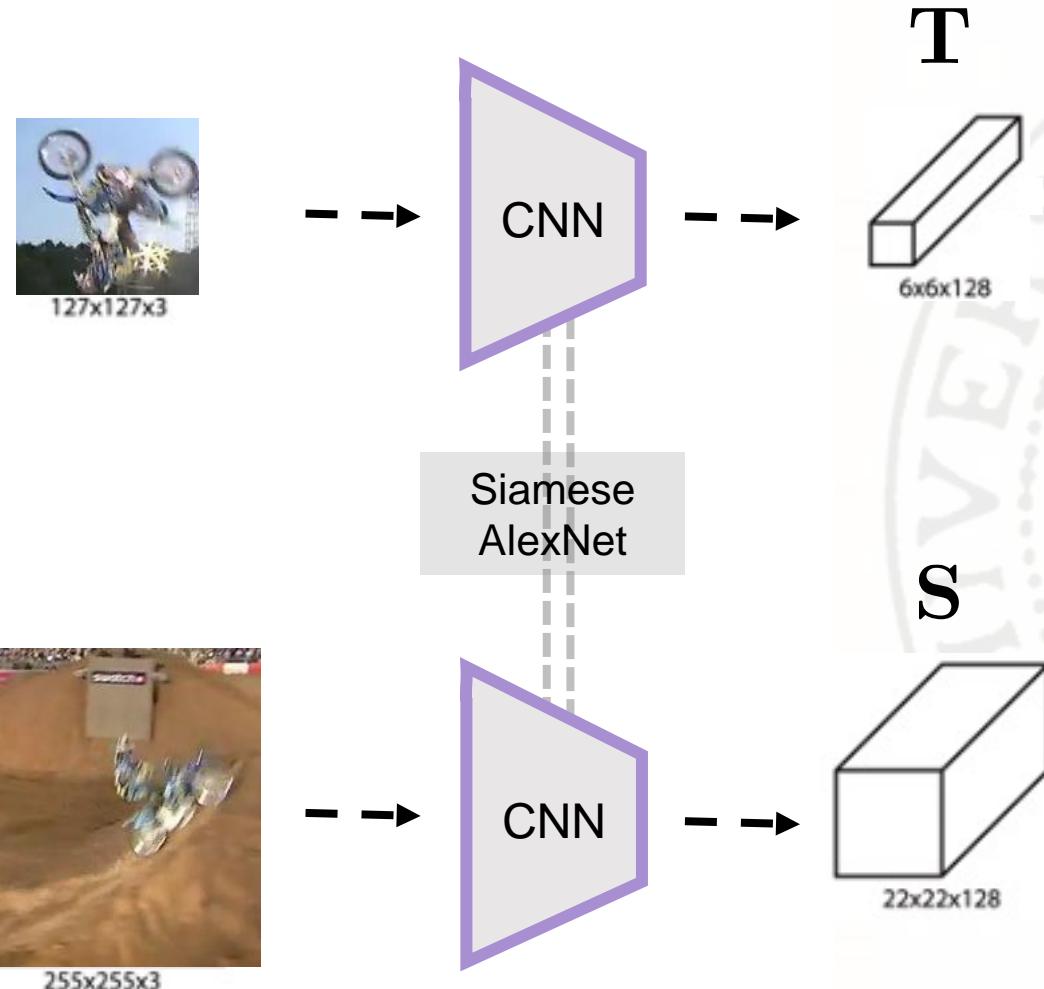
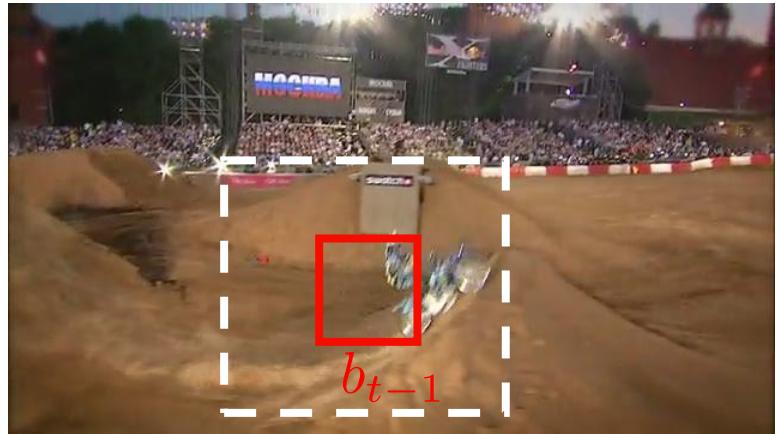
"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016

SiamFC - Tracking

$t = 0$



$t > 0$



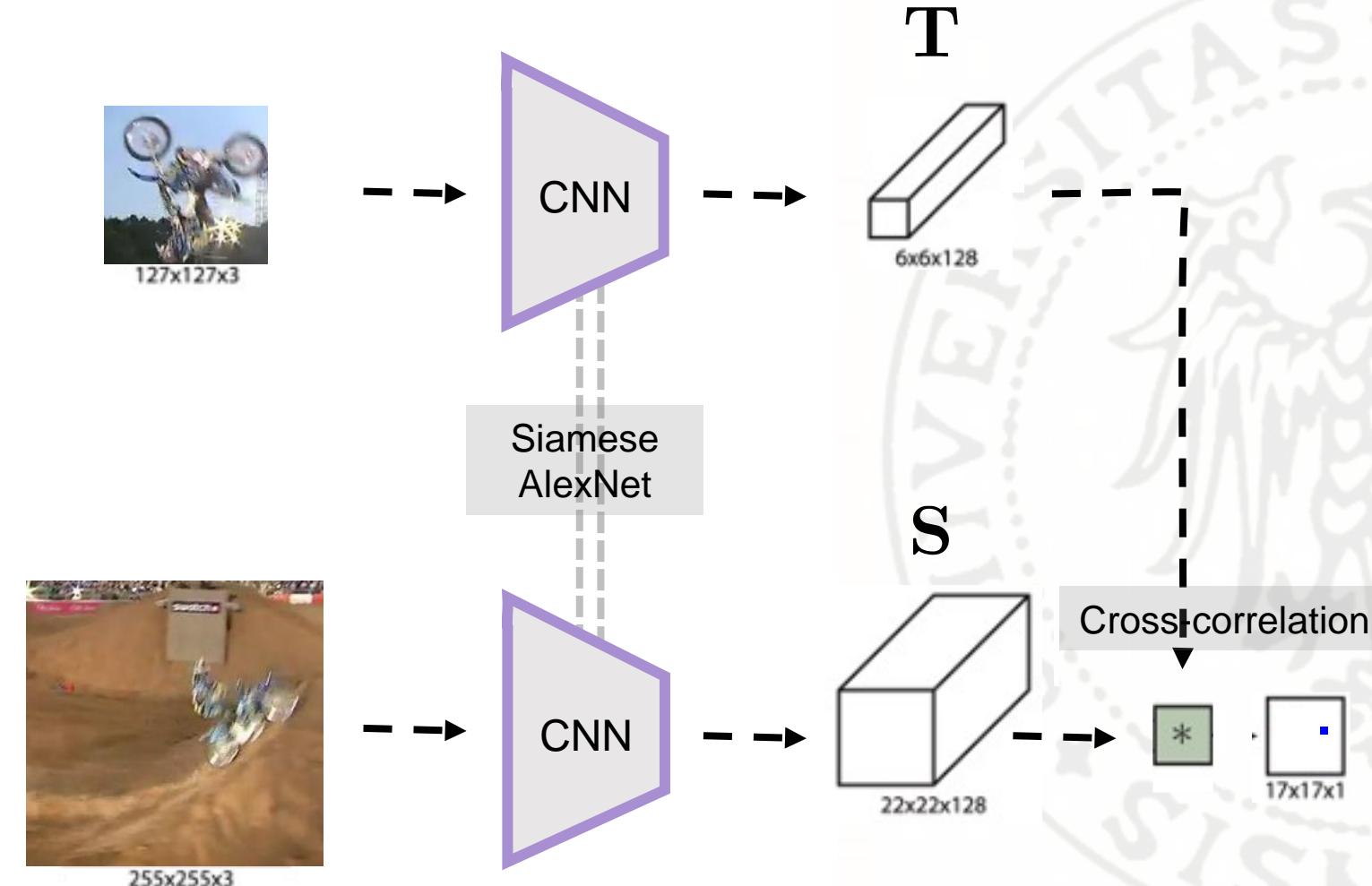
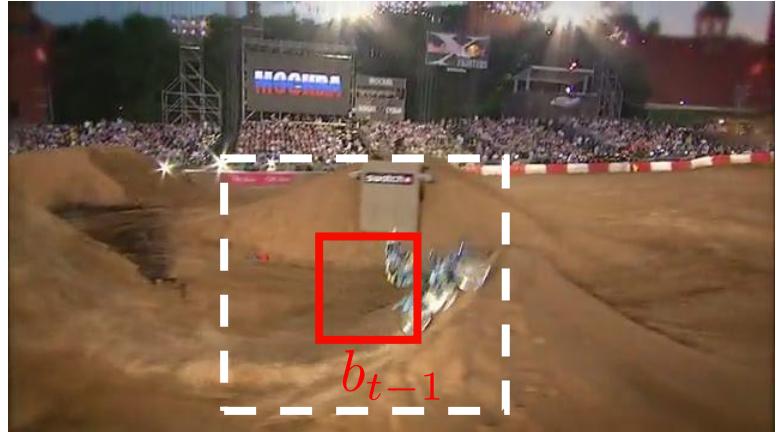
"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016

SiamFC - Tracking

$t = 0$



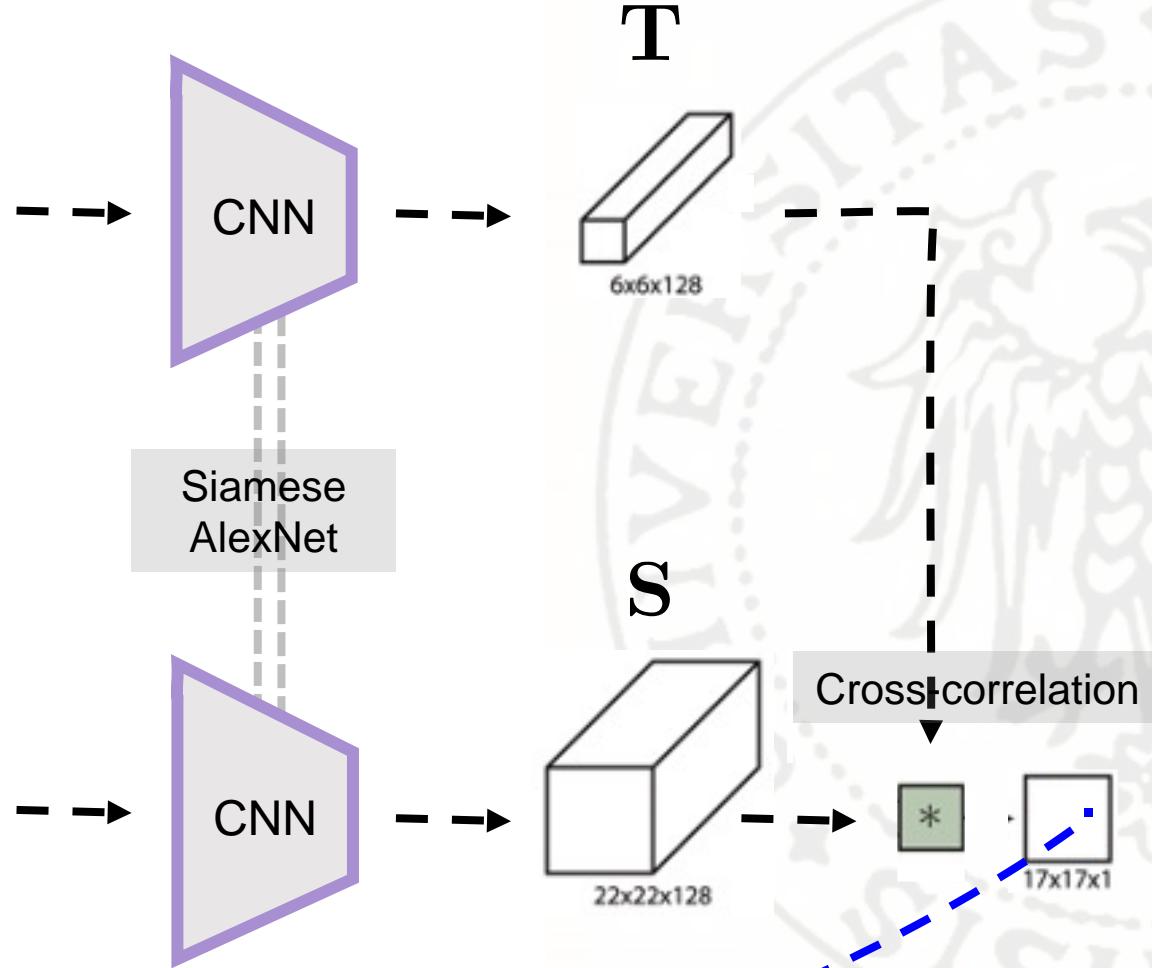
$t > 0$



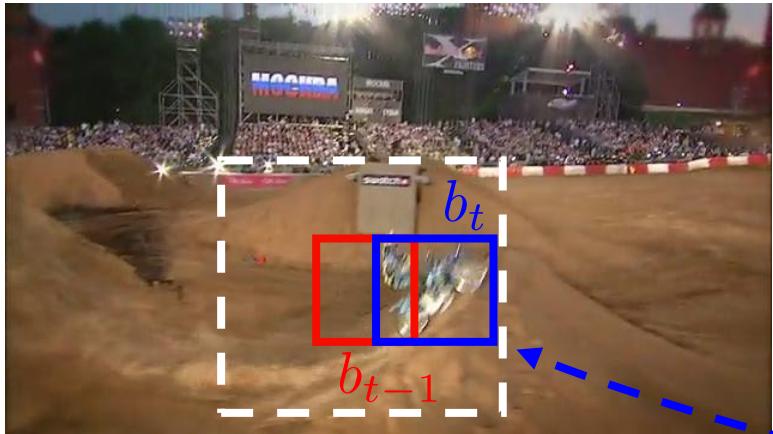
"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016

SiamFC - Tracking

$t = 0$



$t > 0$



"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016

SiamFC - Training

t



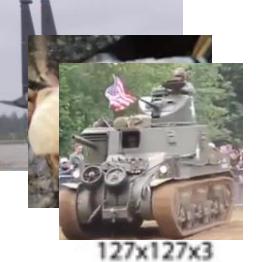
$t + k$



"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016

SiamFC - Training

t



$t + k$



"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016

SiamFC - Training

t



$t + k$



y



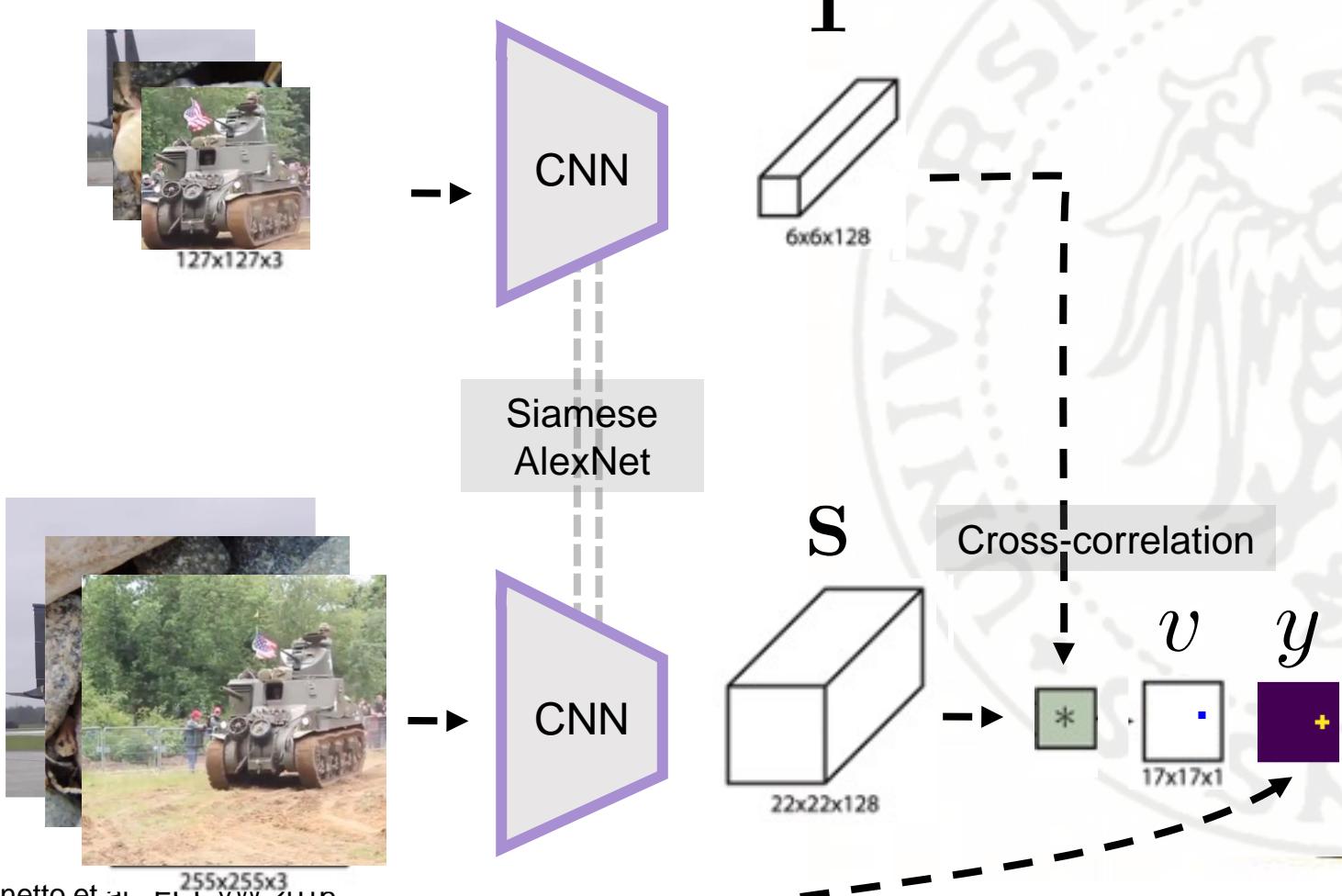
"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016

SiamFC - Training

⋮



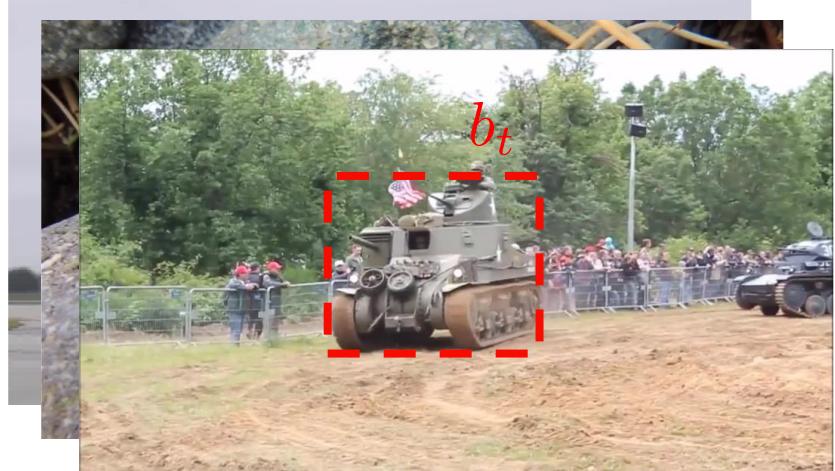
⋮



"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016

SiamFC - Training

⋮
⋮



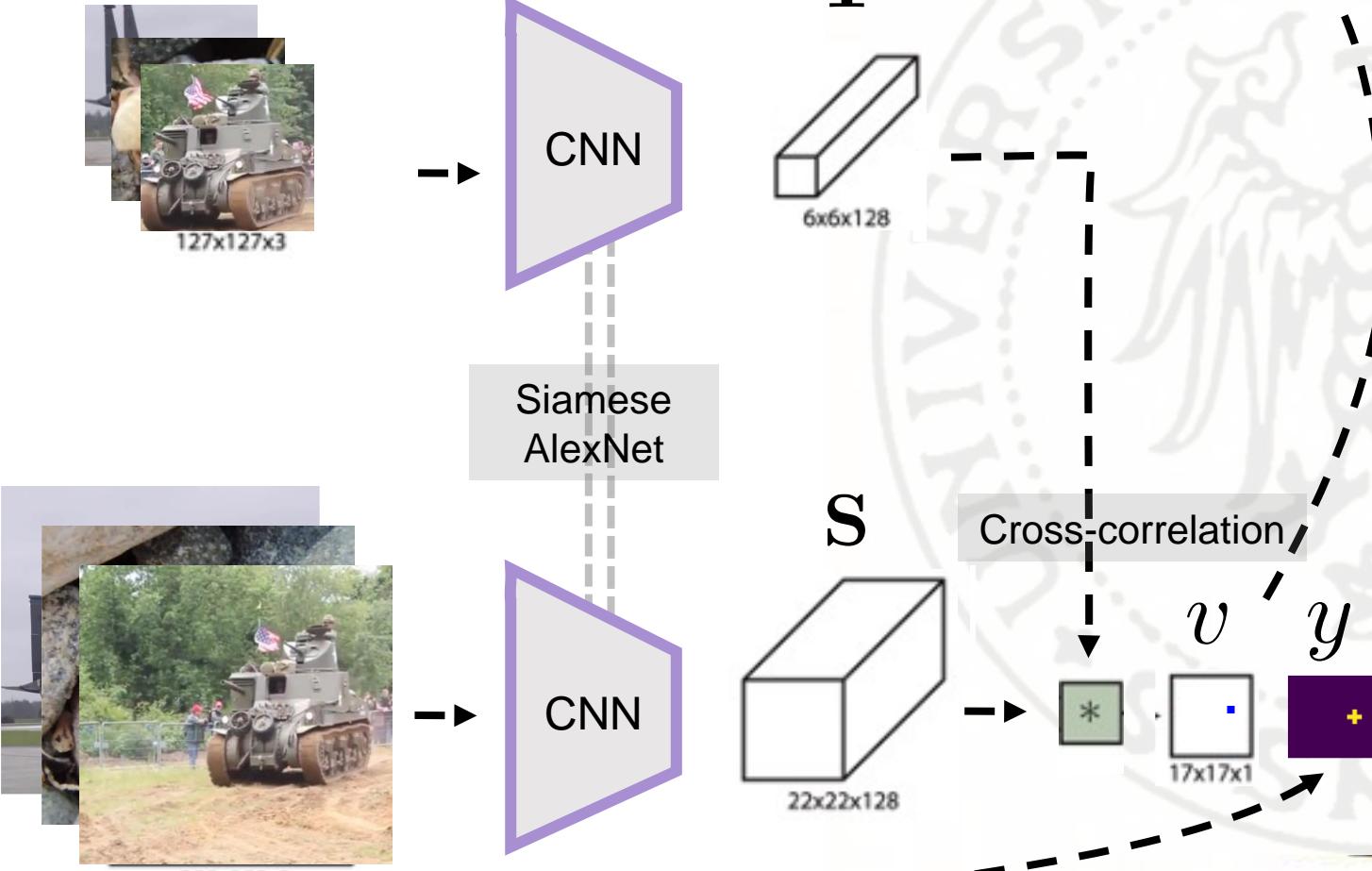
t

⋮
⋮



$t + k$

"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016



Logistic Loss

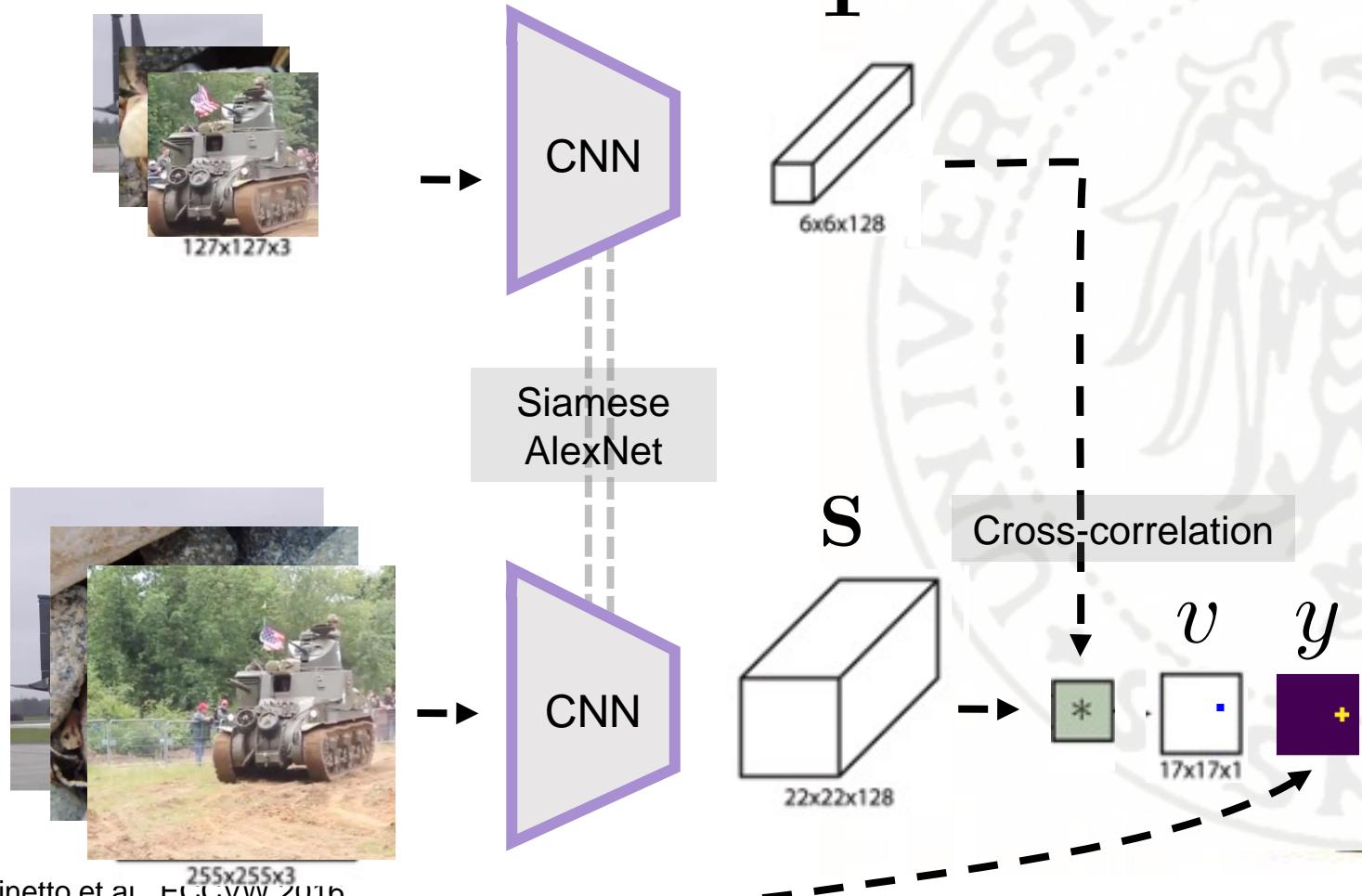
$$\mathcal{L}(v, y) = \log(1 + \exp(-yv))$$

SiamFC - Training

⋮



⋮



"Fully-Convolutional Siamese Networks for Object Tracking", Bertinetto et al., ECCVW 2016

SiamFC



STARK - Tracking

$t = 0$



•
•
•

$t > 0$



"Learning Spatio-Temporal Transformer for Visual Tracking", Yan et al., ICCV 2021

STARK - Tracking

$t = 0$



128 x 128 x 3

•
•
•

$t > 0$



•

"Learning Spatio-Temporal Transformer for Visual Tracking", Yan et al., ICCV 2021

STARK - Tracking

$t = 0$



⋮



⋮

"Learning Spatio-Temporal Transformer for Visual Tracking", Yan et al., ICCV 2021

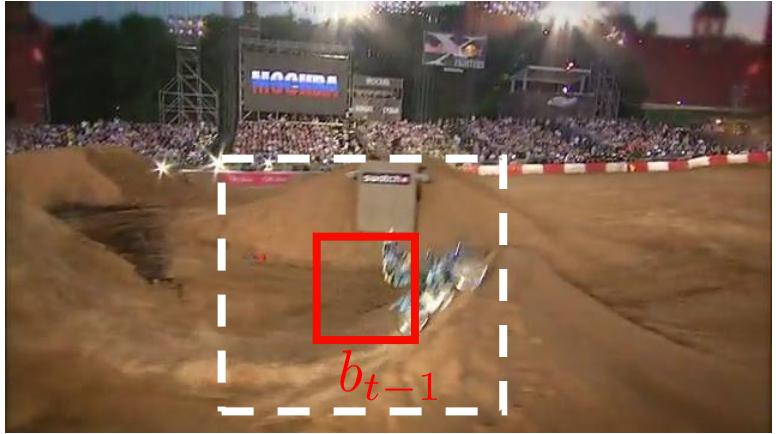
STARK - Tracking

$t = 0$



⋮

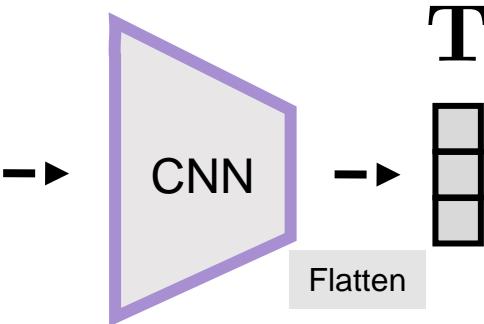
$t > 0$



⋮



128 x 128 x 3



320 x 320 x 3

"Learning Spatio-Temporal Transformer for Visual Tracking", Yan et al., ICCV 2021

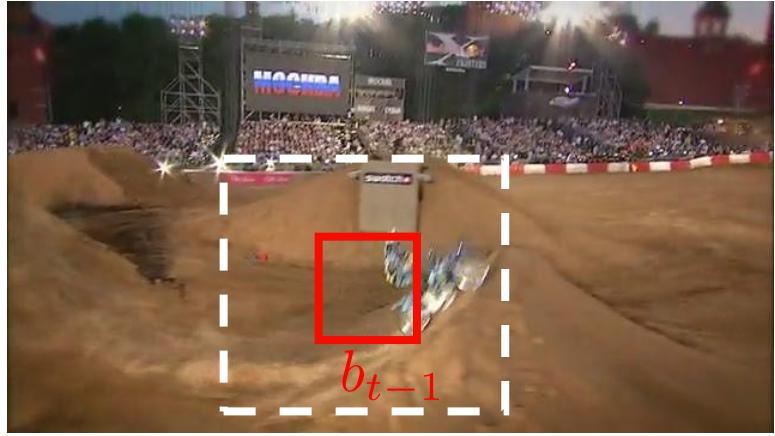
STARK - Tracking

$t = 0$



⋮

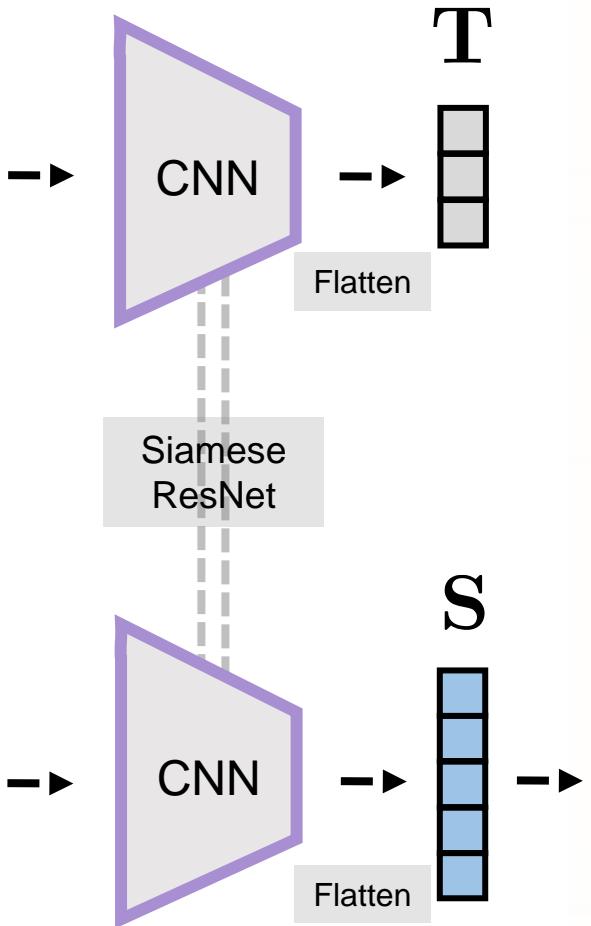
$t > 0$



⋮



128 x 128 x 3



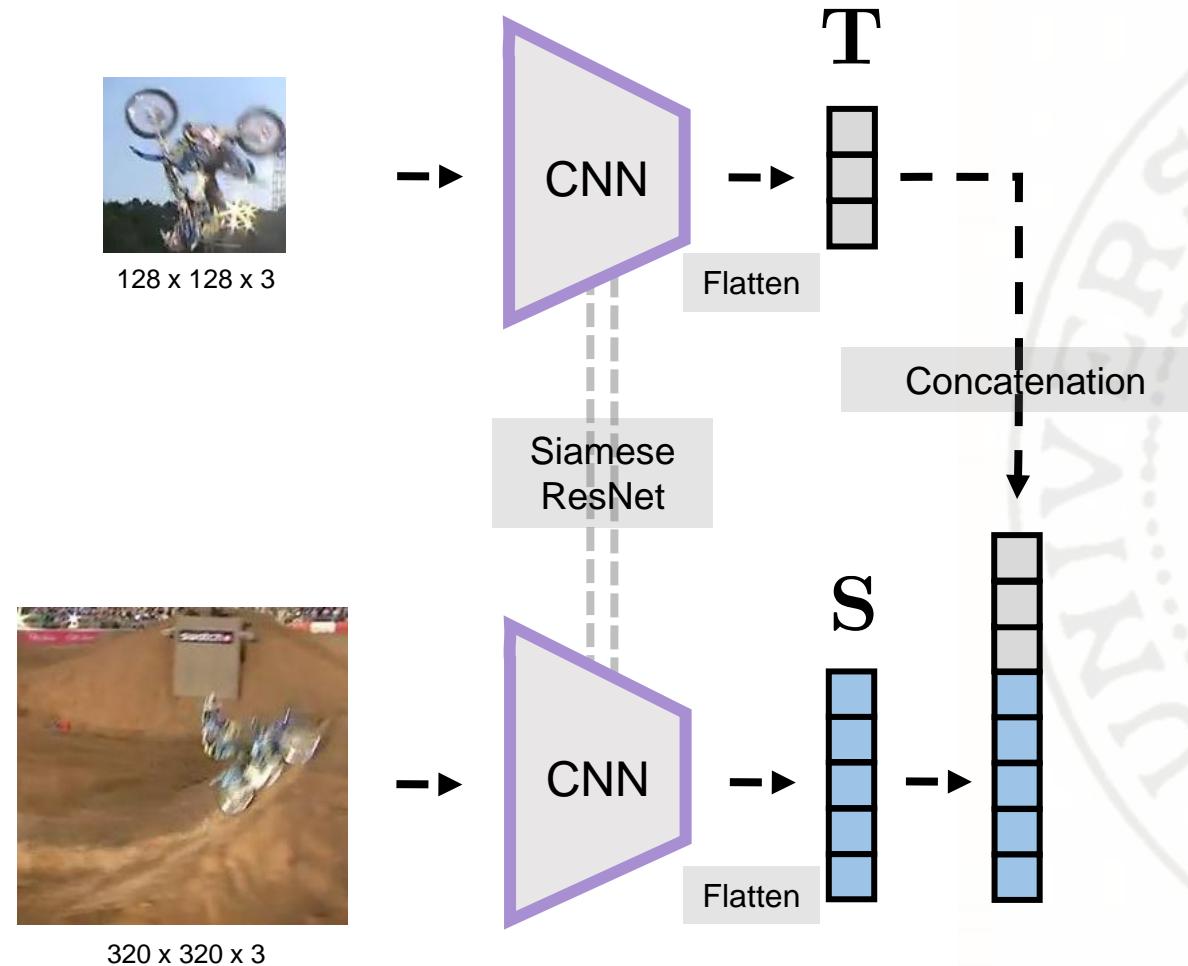
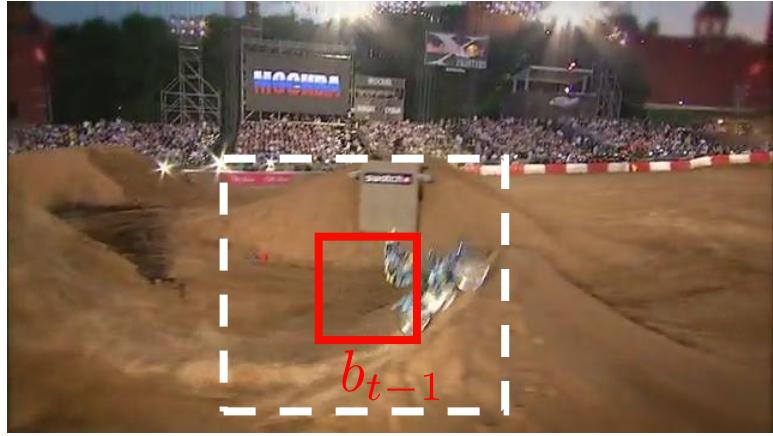
"Learning Spatio-Temporal Transformer for Visual Tracking", Yan et al., ICCV 2021

STARK - Tracking

$t = 0$



$t > 0$



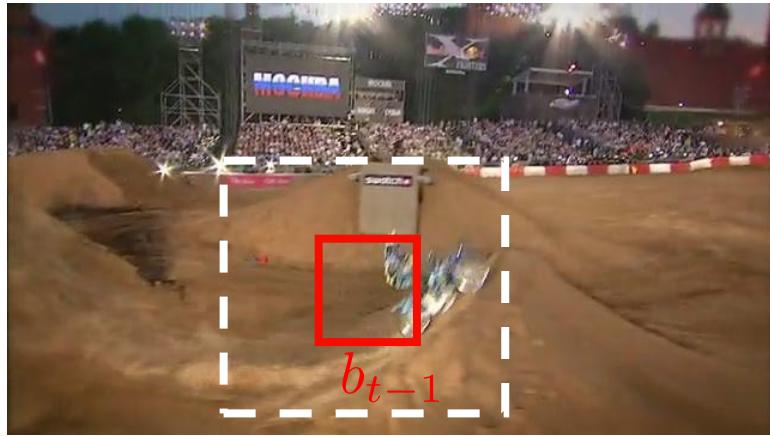
"Learning Spatio-Temporal Transformer for Visual Tracking", Yan et al., ICCV 2021

STARK - Tracking

$t = 0$



⋮



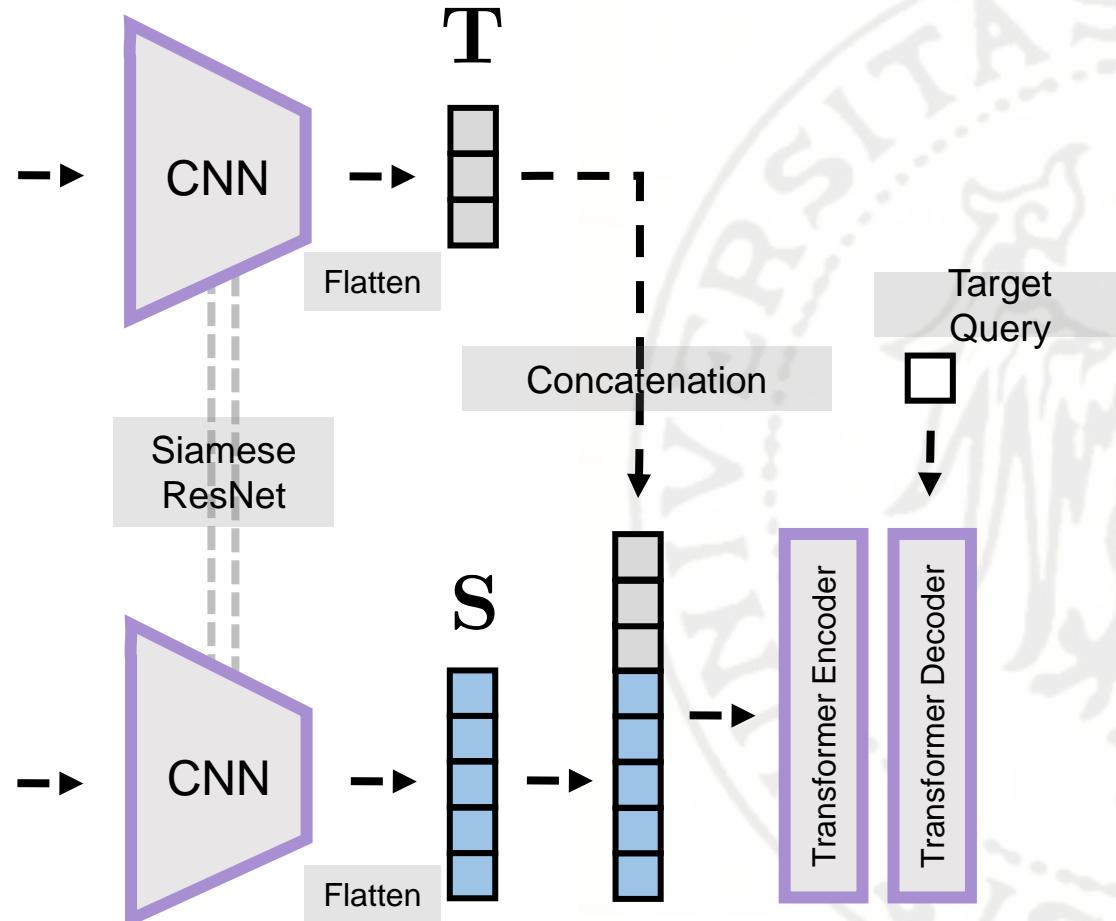
$t > 0$



$128 \times 128 \times 3$



$320 \times 320 \times 3$



"Learning Spatio-Temporal Transformer for Visual Tracking", Yan et al., ICCV 2021

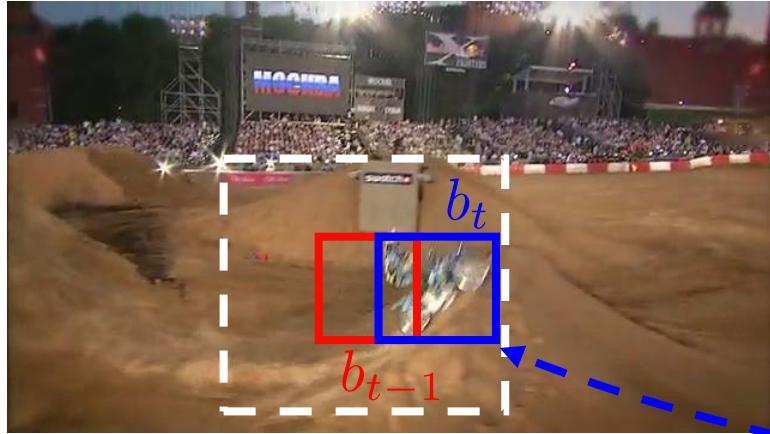
STARK - Tracking

$t = 0$



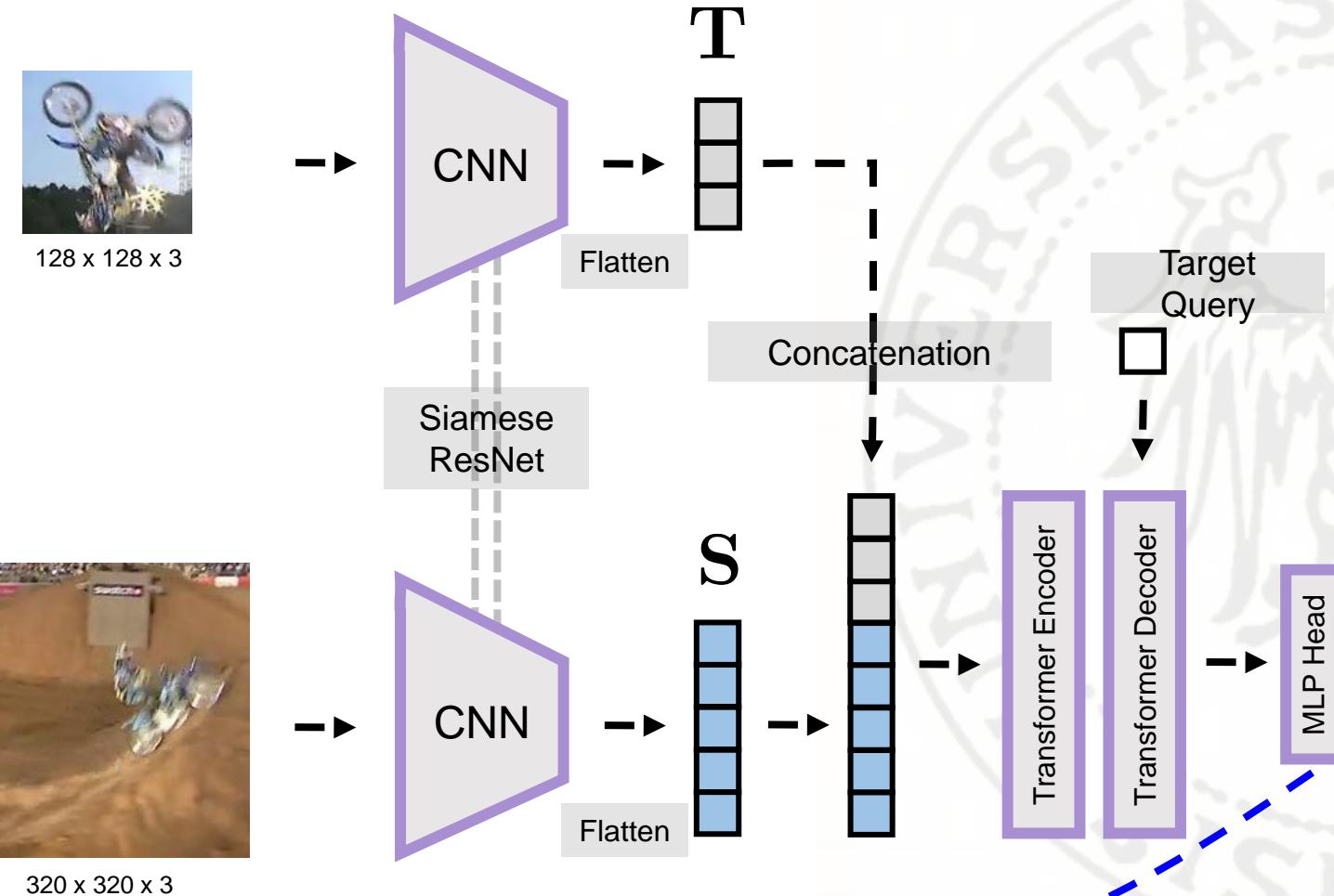
⋮

$t > 0$



⋮

"Learning Spatio-Temporal Transformer for Visual Tracking", Yan et al., ICCV 2021

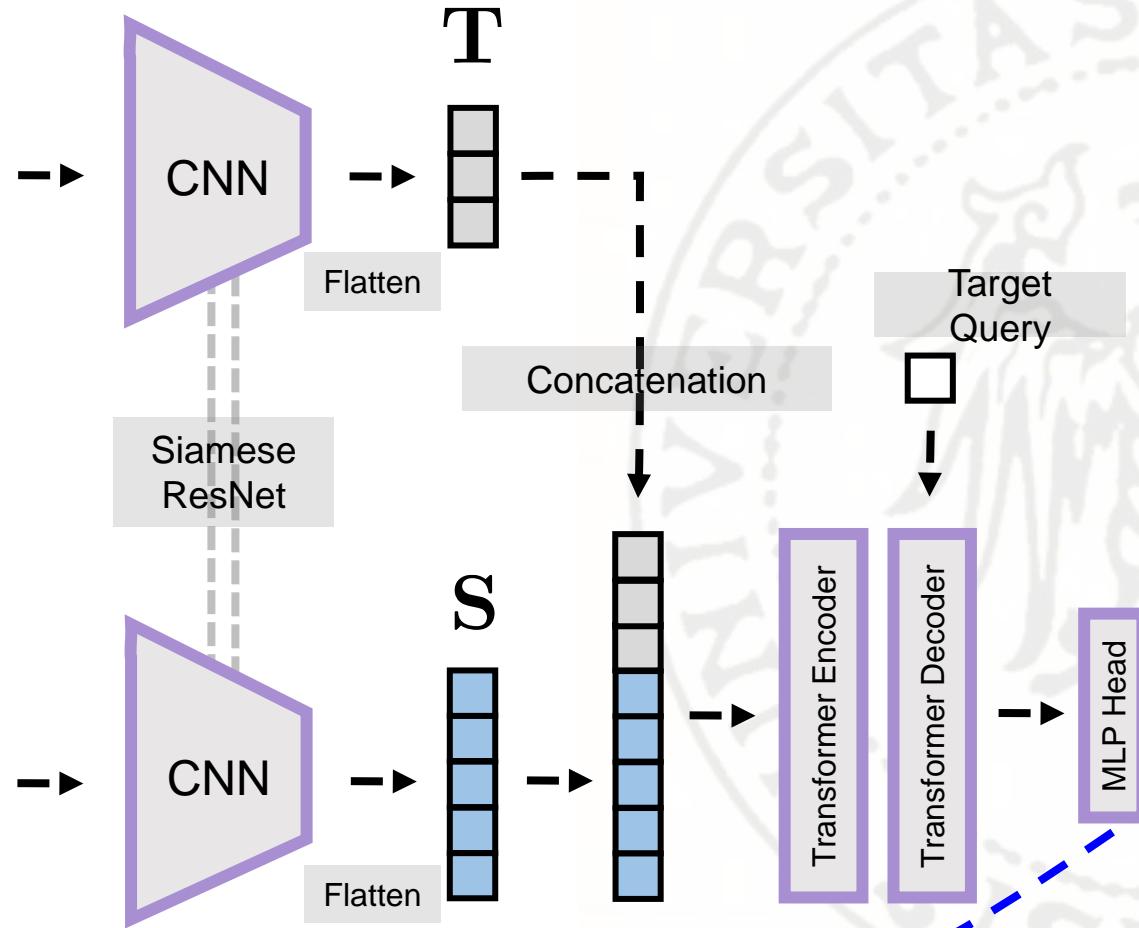
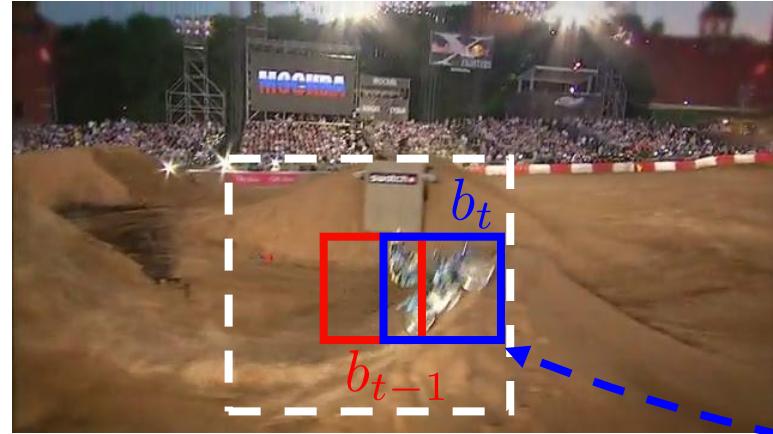


STARK - Tracking

$t = 0$

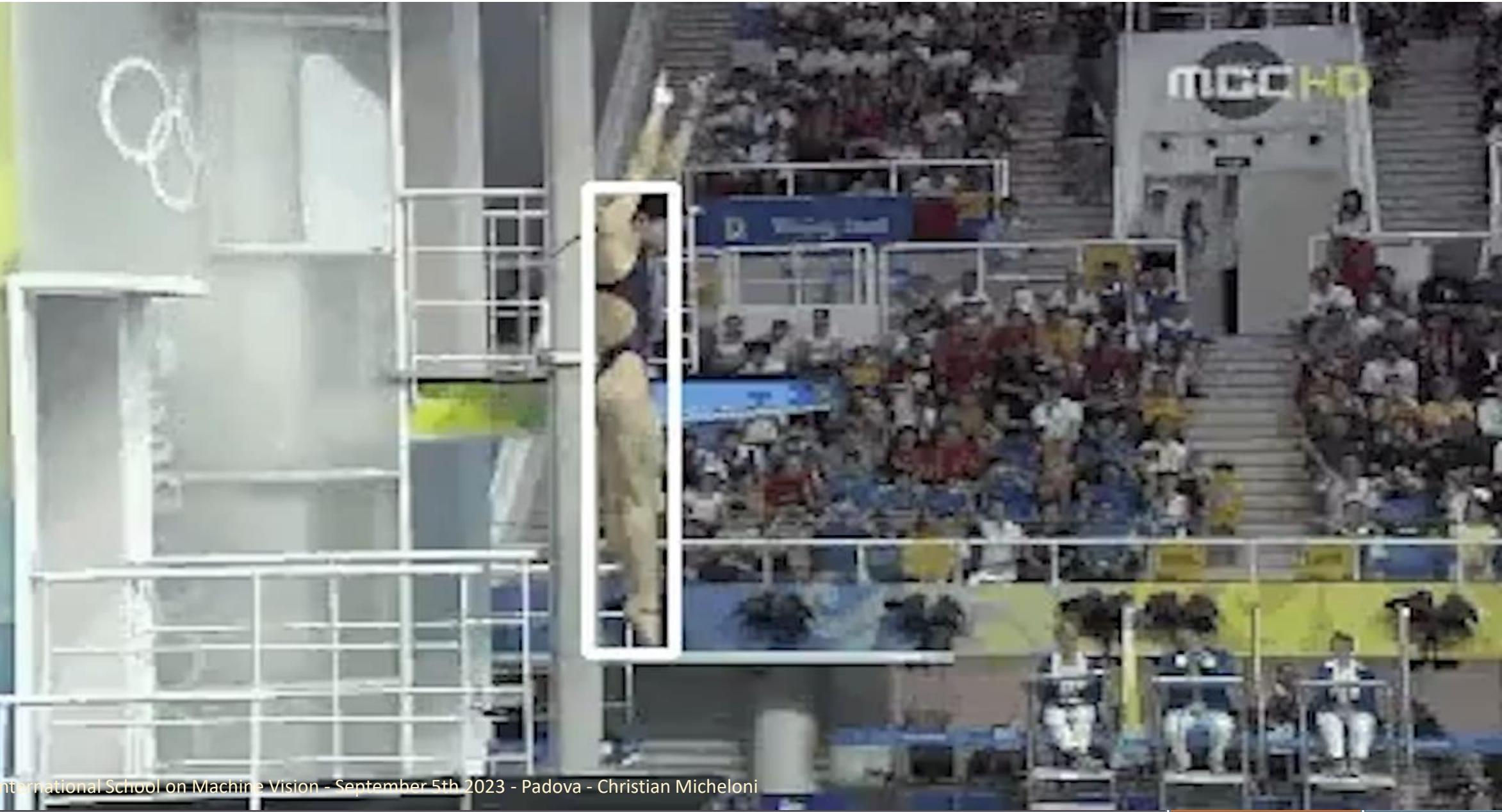


$t > 0$

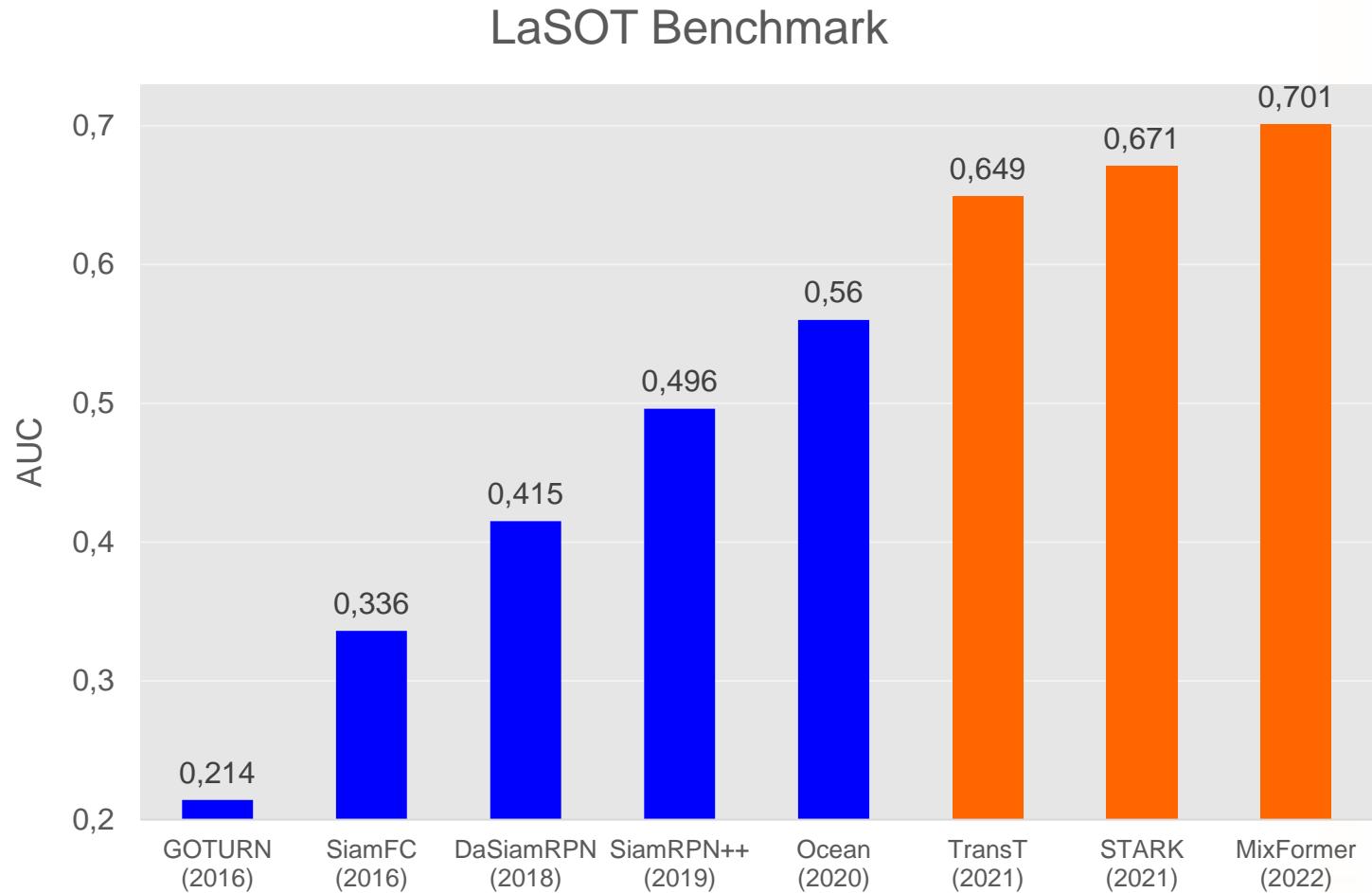


"Learning Spatio-Temporal Transformer for Visual Tracking", Yan et al., ICCV 2021

STARK



Transformer-based Trackers





Offline/Online Trackers

MDNet – Tracking – Online Training

$t = 0$

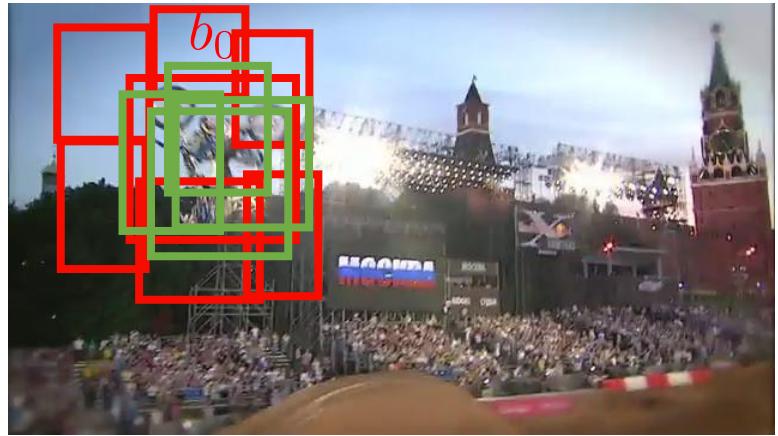


•
•
•

"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

MDNet – Tracking – Online Training

$t = 0$

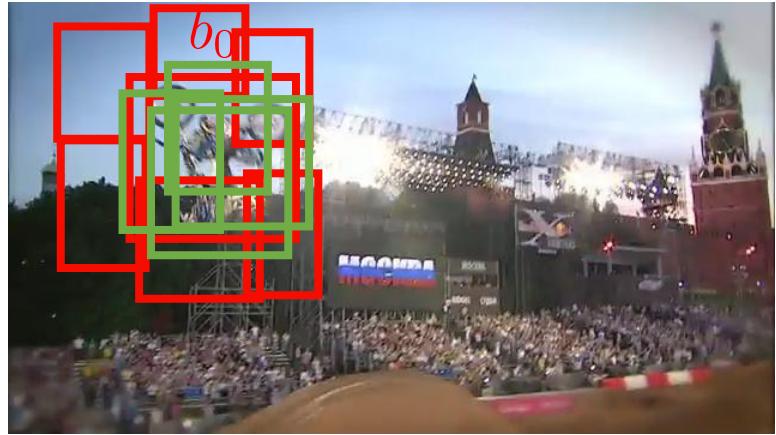


⋮

"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

MDNet – Tracking – Online Training

$t = 0$



⋮

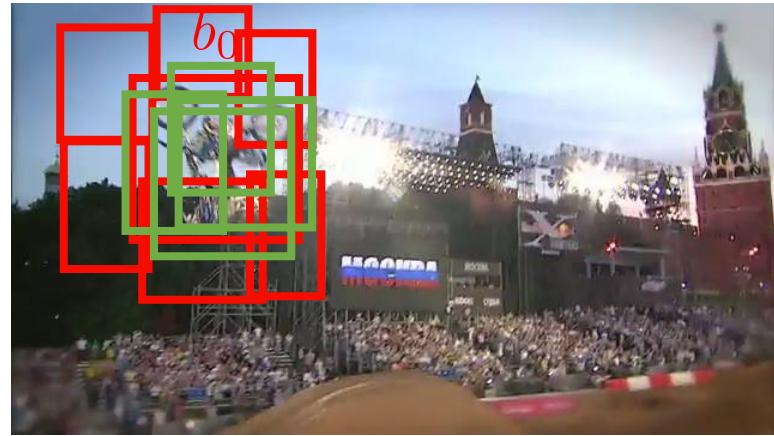


$$\begin{array}{l}
 0, \Delta b_0^{(1)} \\
 0, \Delta b_0^{(2)} \\
 1, \Delta b_0^{(3)} \\
 1, \Delta b_0^{(4)} \\
 0, \Delta b_0^{(5)}
 \end{array}$$

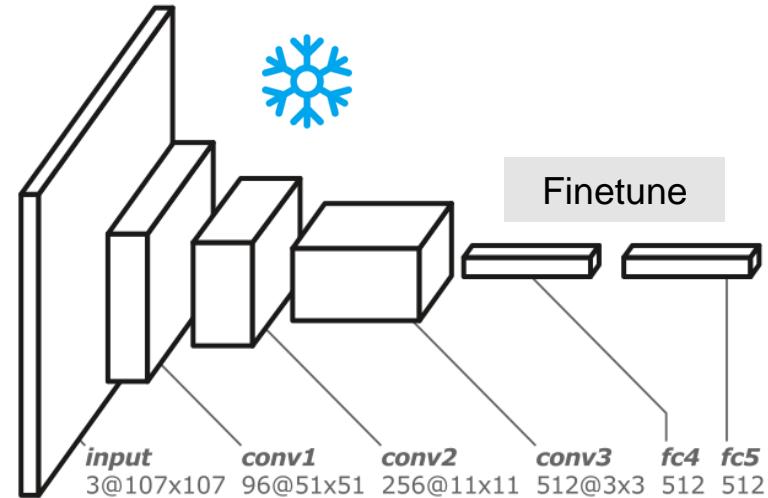
"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

MDNet – Tracking – Online Training

$t = 0$



⋮

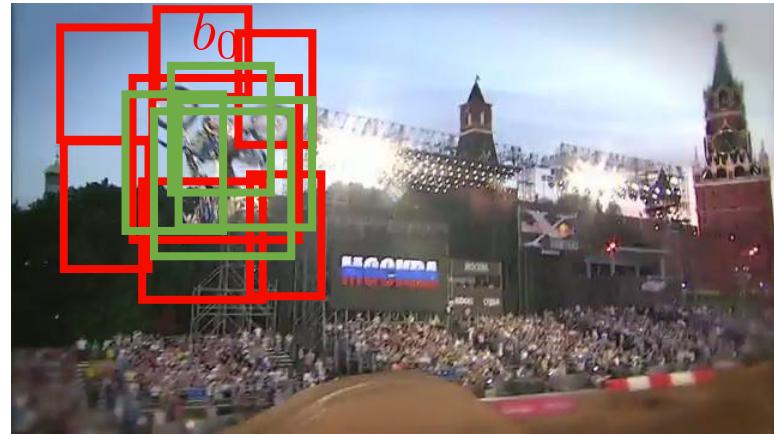


$$\begin{array}{l} 0, \Delta b_0^{(1)} \\ 0, \Delta b_0^{(2)} \\ 1, \Delta b_0^{(3)} \\ 1, \Delta b_0^{(4)} \\ 0, \Delta b_0^{(5)} \end{array}$$

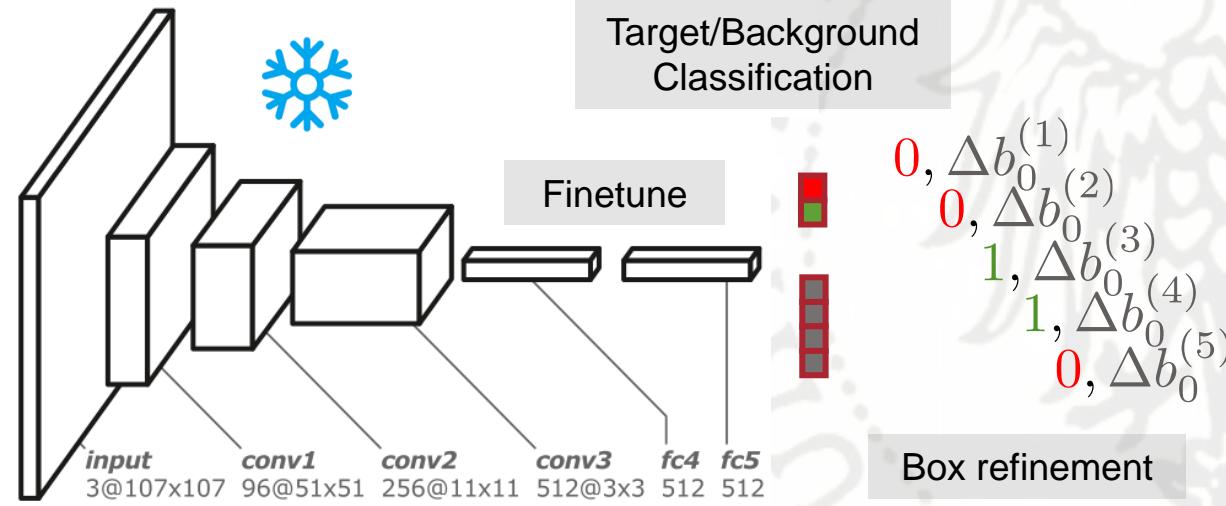
"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

MDNet – Tracking – Online Training

$t = 0$



⋮



"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

MDNet – Tracking

$t > 0$



⋮

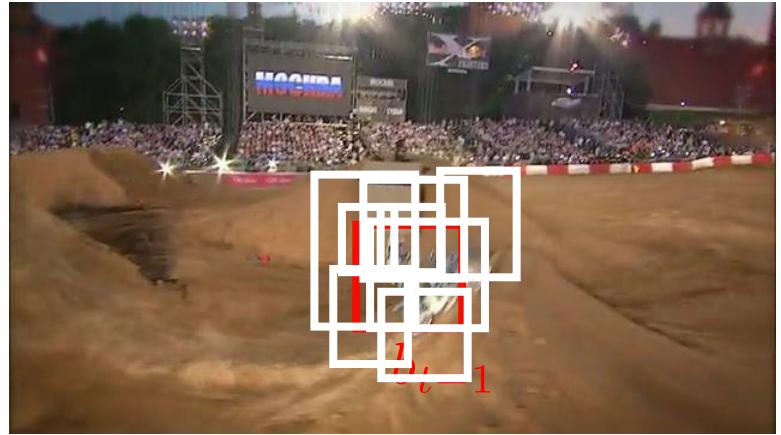
⋮

⋮

"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

MDNet – Tracking

$t > 0$



⋮

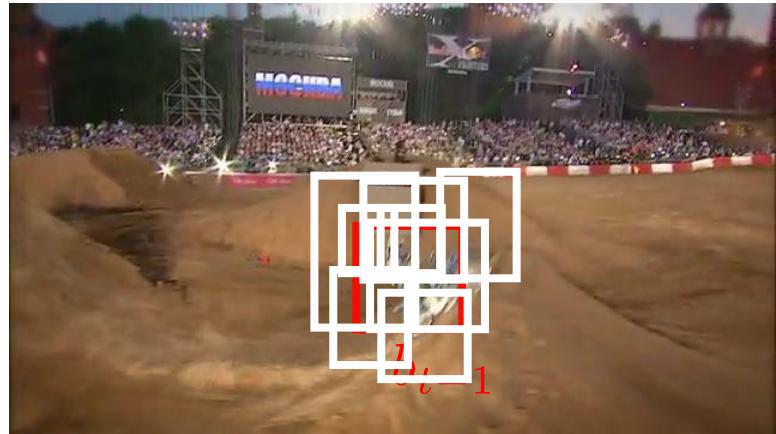


⋮

"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

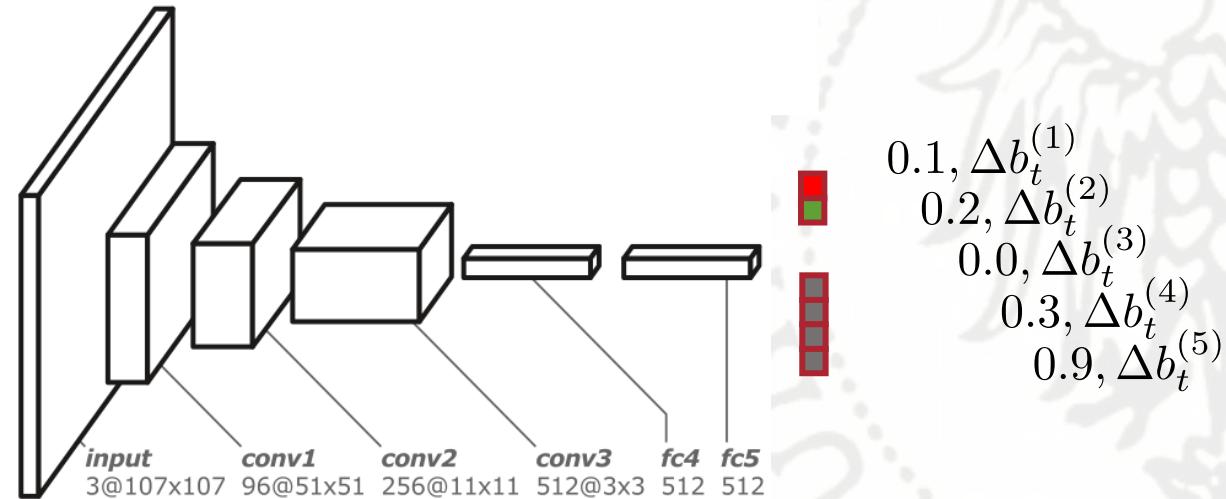
MDNet – Tracking

$t > 0$



⋮

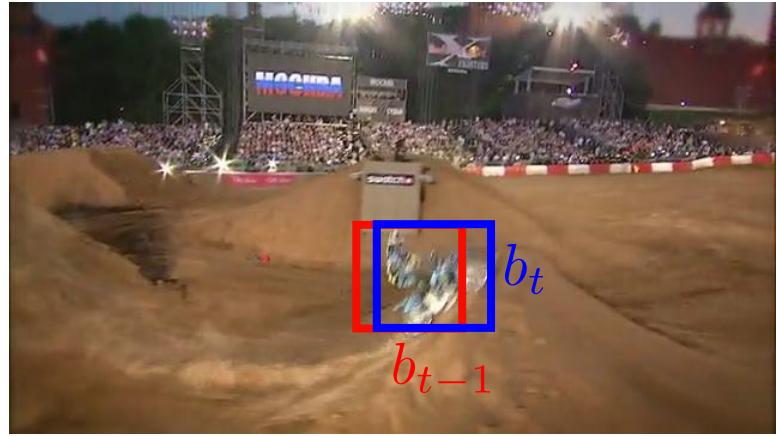
⋮



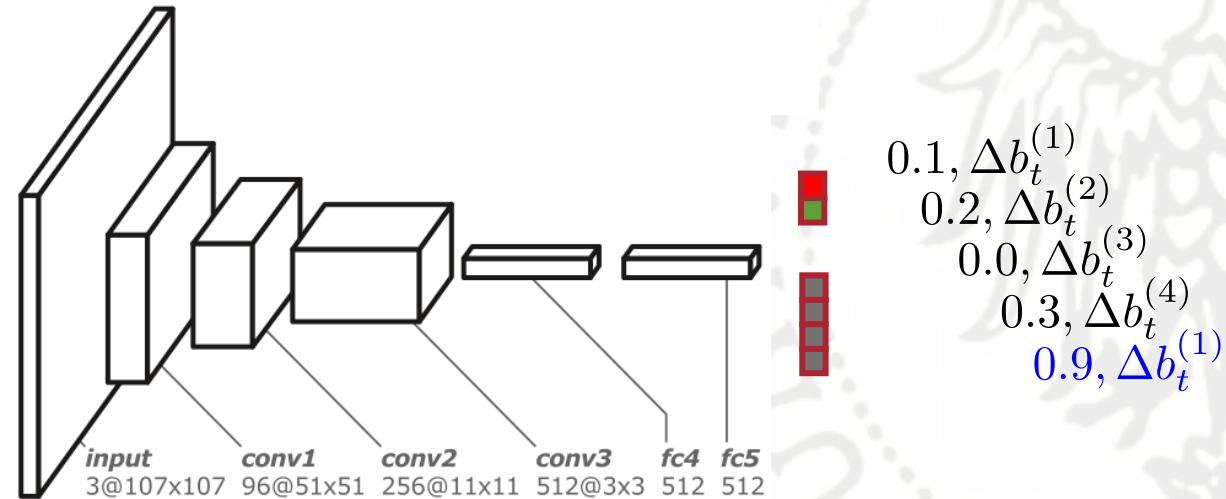
"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

MDNet – Tracking

$t > 0$



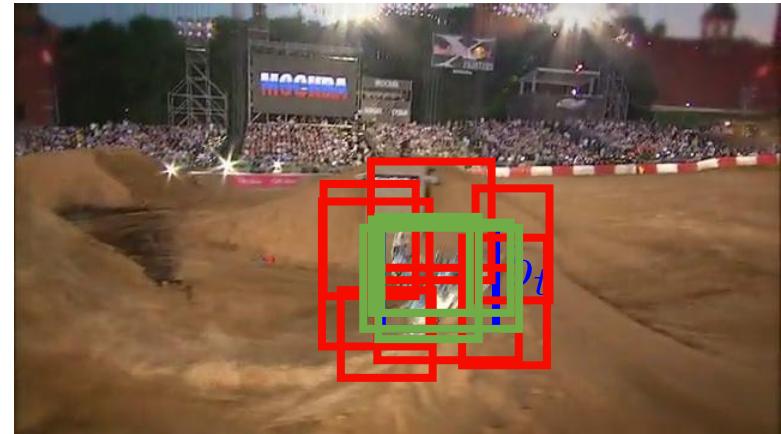
⋮



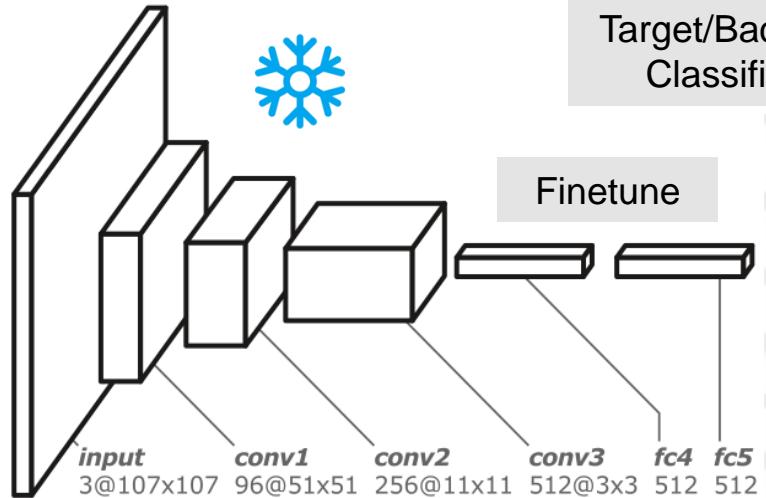
"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

MDNet – Tracking – Online Training

Tracking-by-Detection
with Deep Learning



⋮

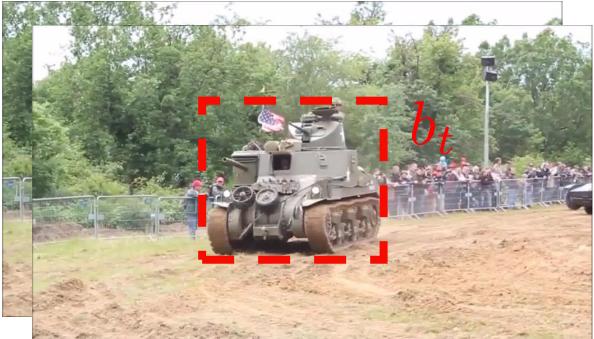


0 0
1 1
1 1
0

"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

MDNet – Offline Training

⋮



\mathcal{V}_{i-1}



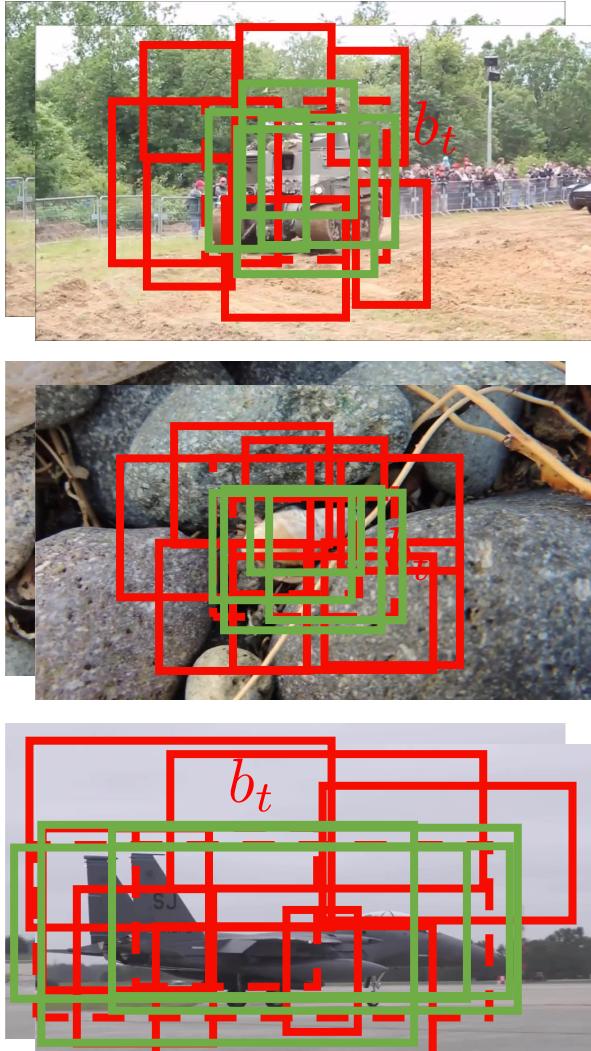
\mathcal{V}_i



\mathcal{V}_{i+1}

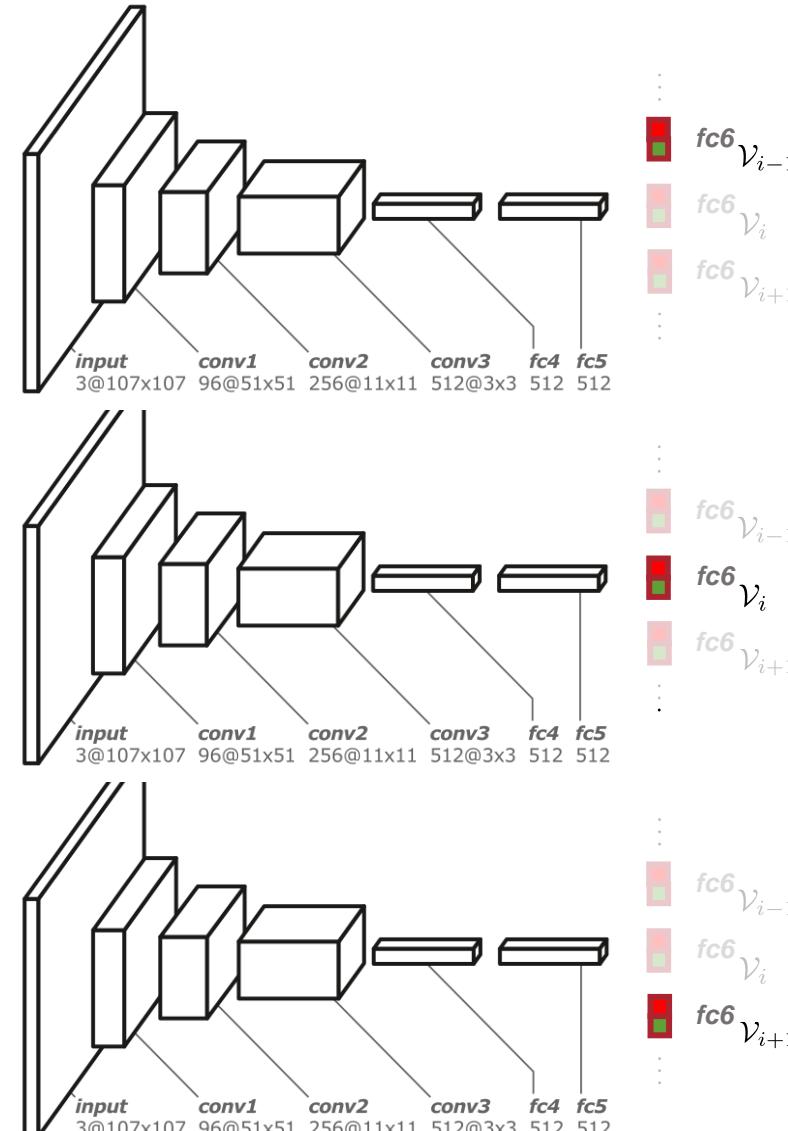
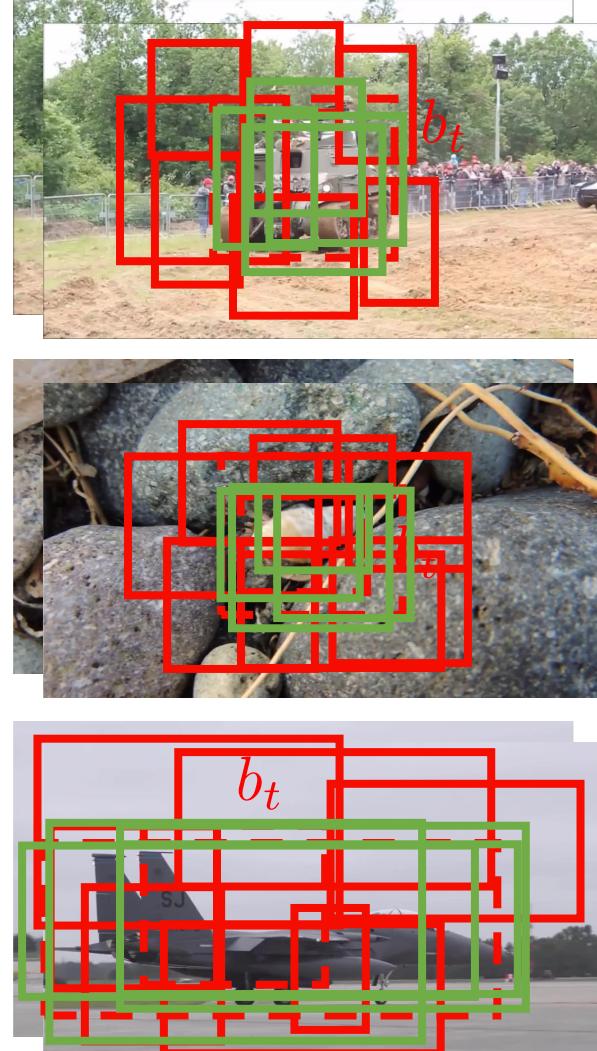
"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

MDNet – Offline Training



"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

MDNet – Offline Training



$\mathcal{L}_{crossentropy}$

Target/Background Classification

"Learning Multi-Domain Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Tracking", Nam et al., CVPR 2016

DiMP - Tracking

$t = 0$



•
•
•

$t > 0$



"Learning Discriminative Model Prediction for Tracking", Bhat, Danelljan, et al., ICCV 2019

DiMP - Tracking

$t = 0$

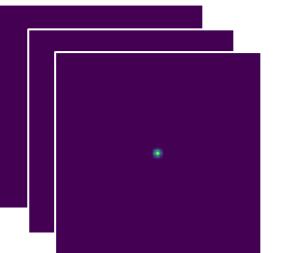


•

•

•

$t > 0$



"Learning Discriminative Model Prediction for Tracking", Bhat, Danelljan, et al., ICCV 2019

DiMP - Tracking

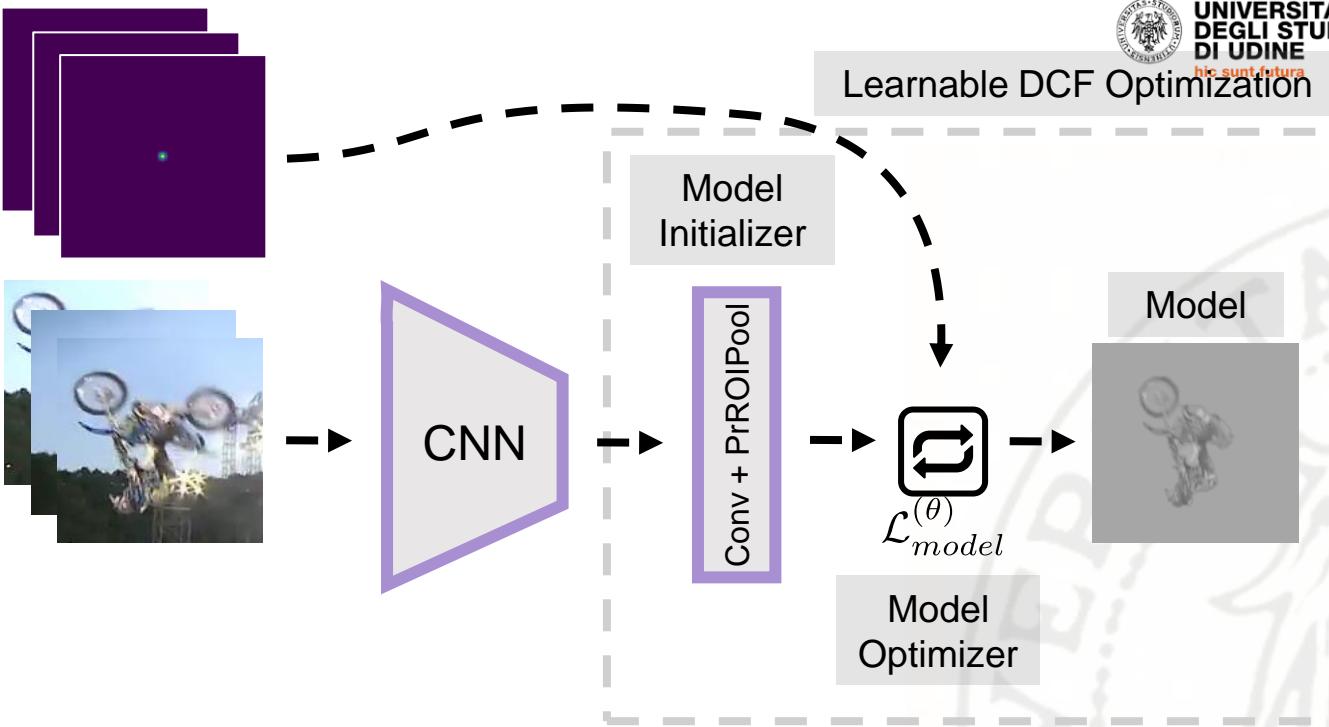
$t = 0$



$t > 0$



"Learning Discriminative Model Prediction for Tracking", Bhat, Danelljan, et al., ICCV 2019

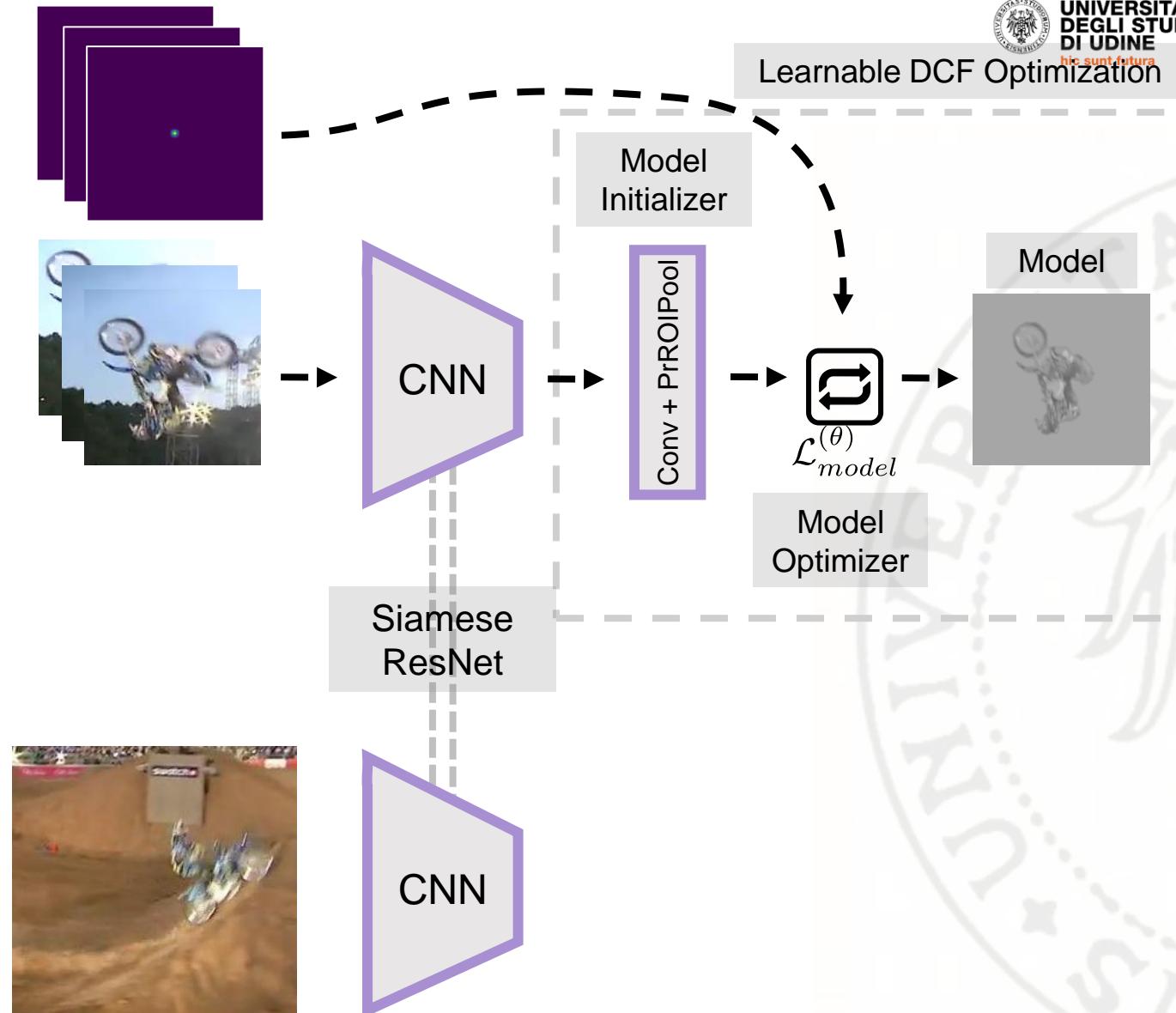
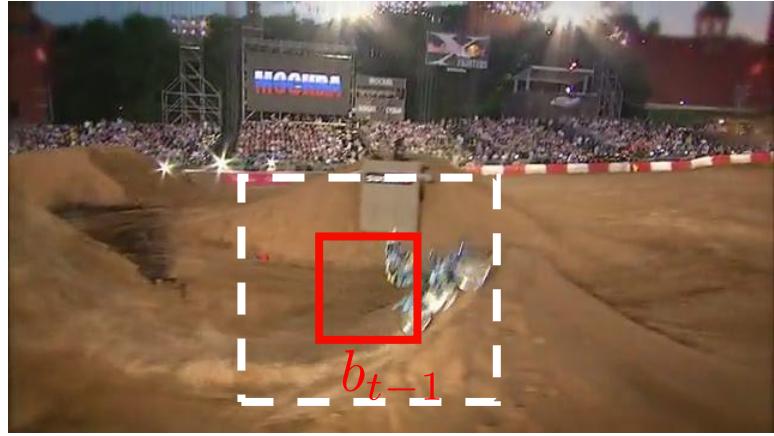


DiMP - Tracking

$t = 0$



$t > 0$



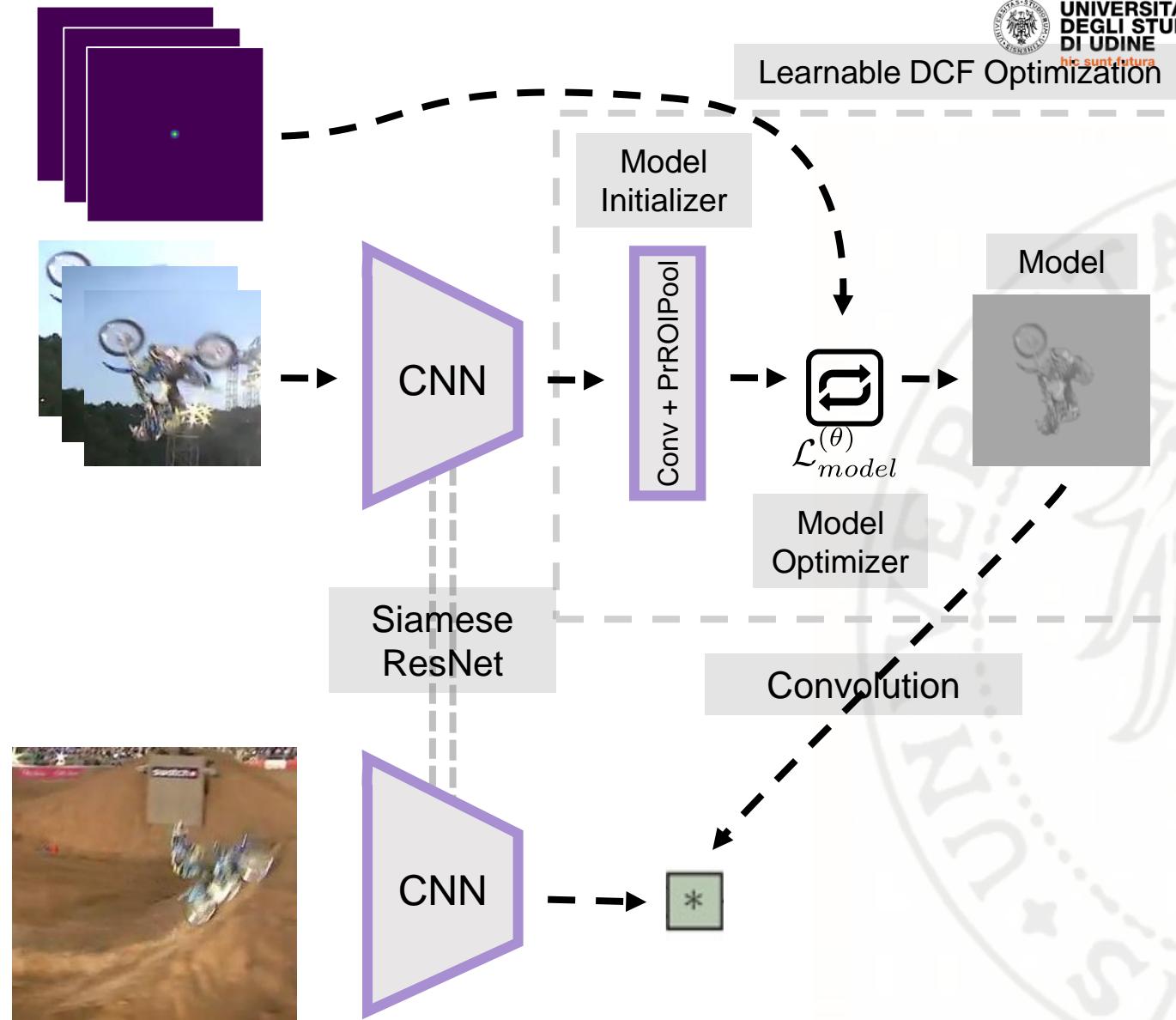
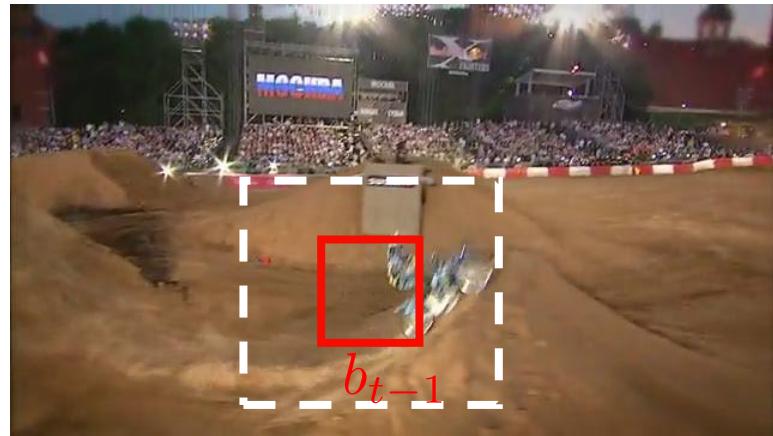
"Learning Discriminative Model Prediction for Tracking", Bhat, Danelljan, et al., ICCV 2019

DiMP - Tracking

$t = 0$



$t > 0$



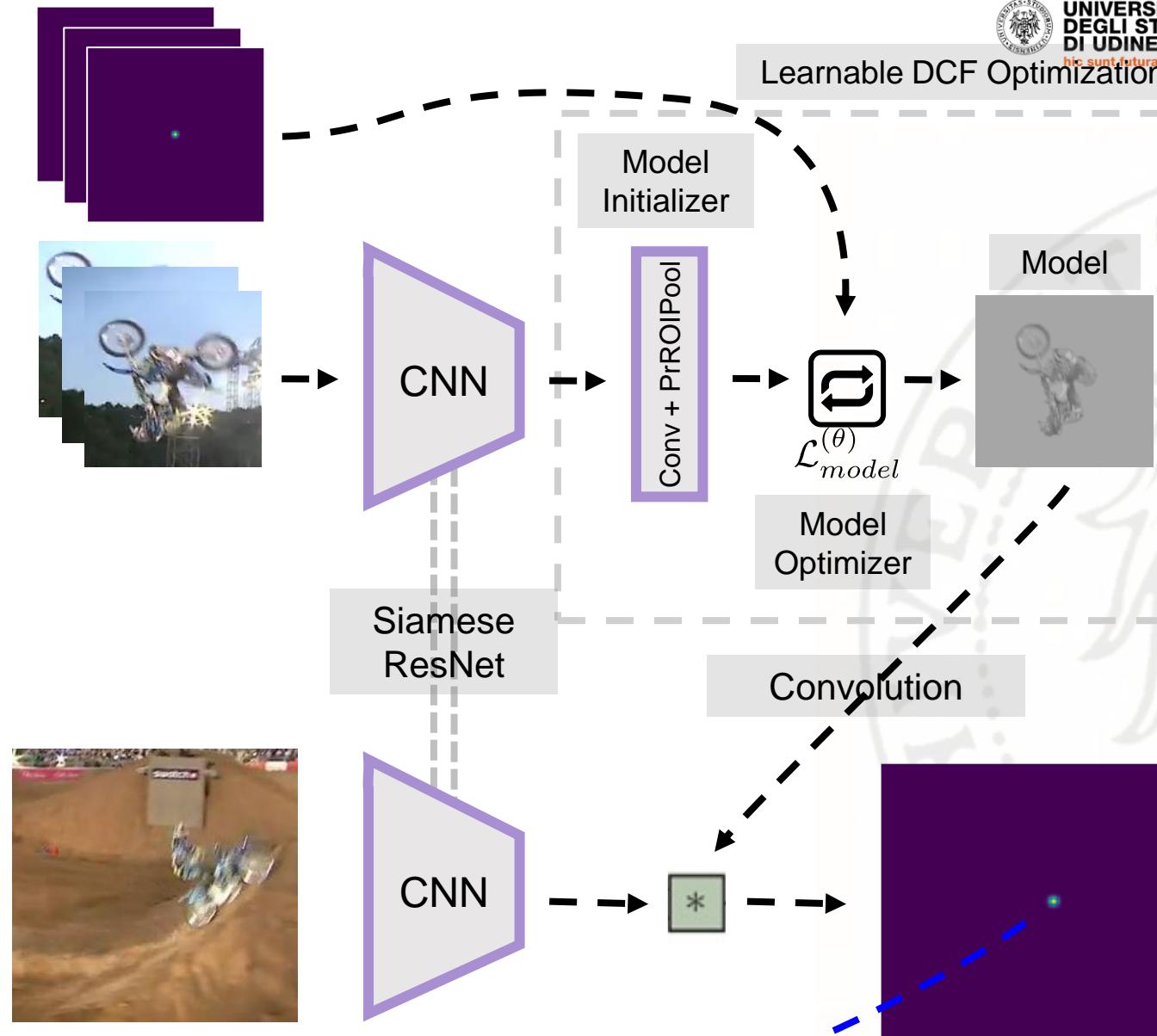
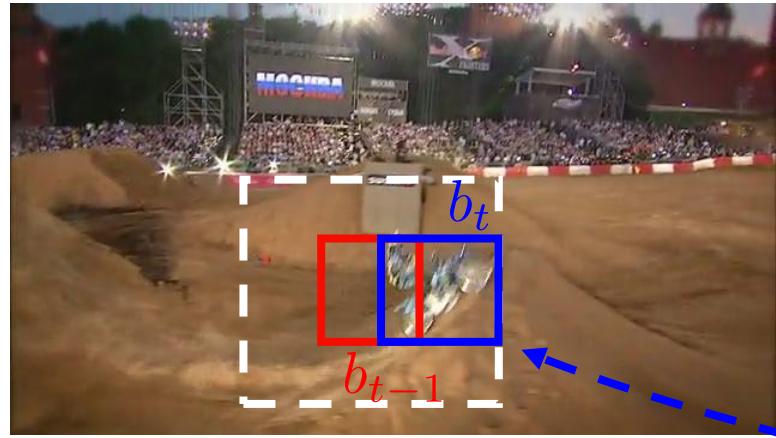
"Learning Discriminative Model Prediction for Tracking", Bhat, Danelljan, et al., ICCV 2019

DiMP - Tracking

$t = 0$



$t > 0$



"Learning Discriminative Model Prediction for Tracking", Bhat, Danelljan, et al., ICCV 2019

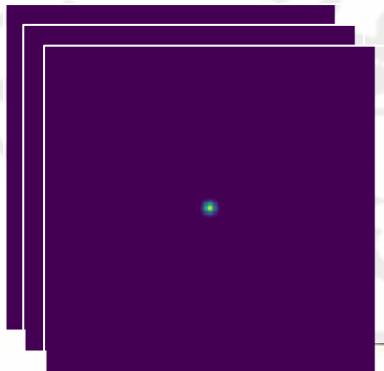
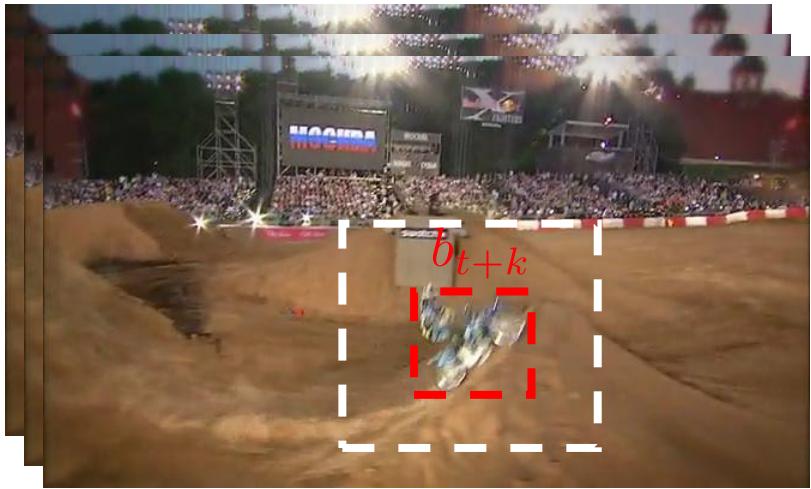
DiMP - Training

t



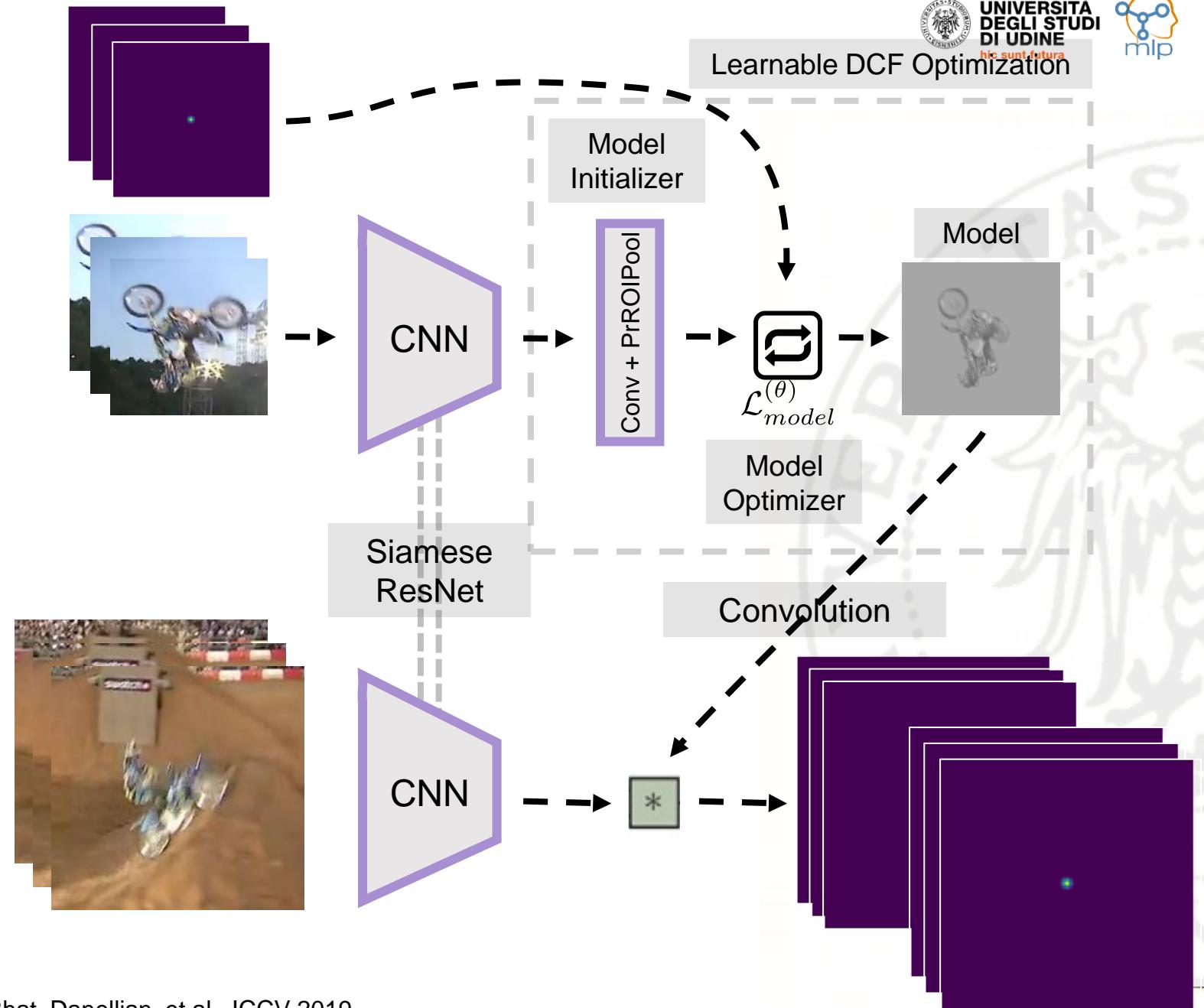
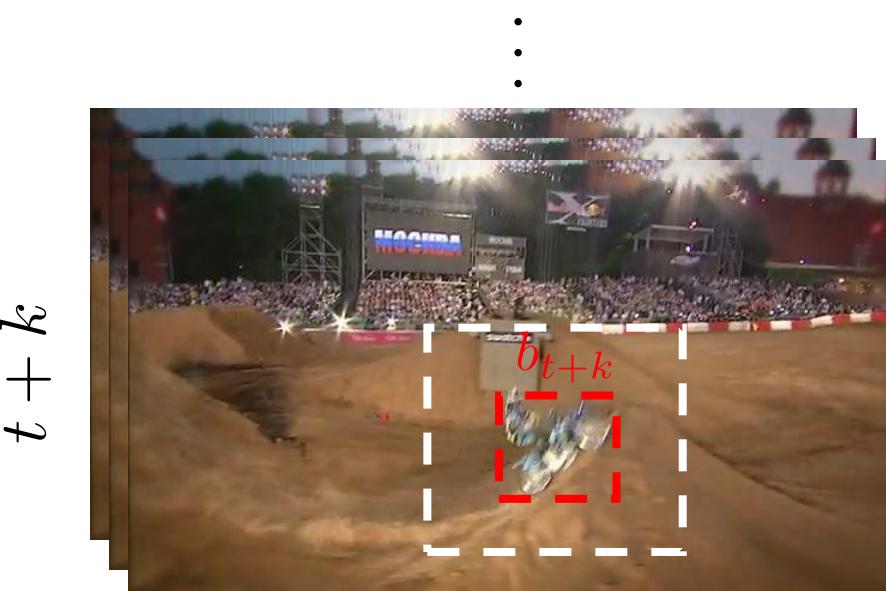
⋮

$t + k$



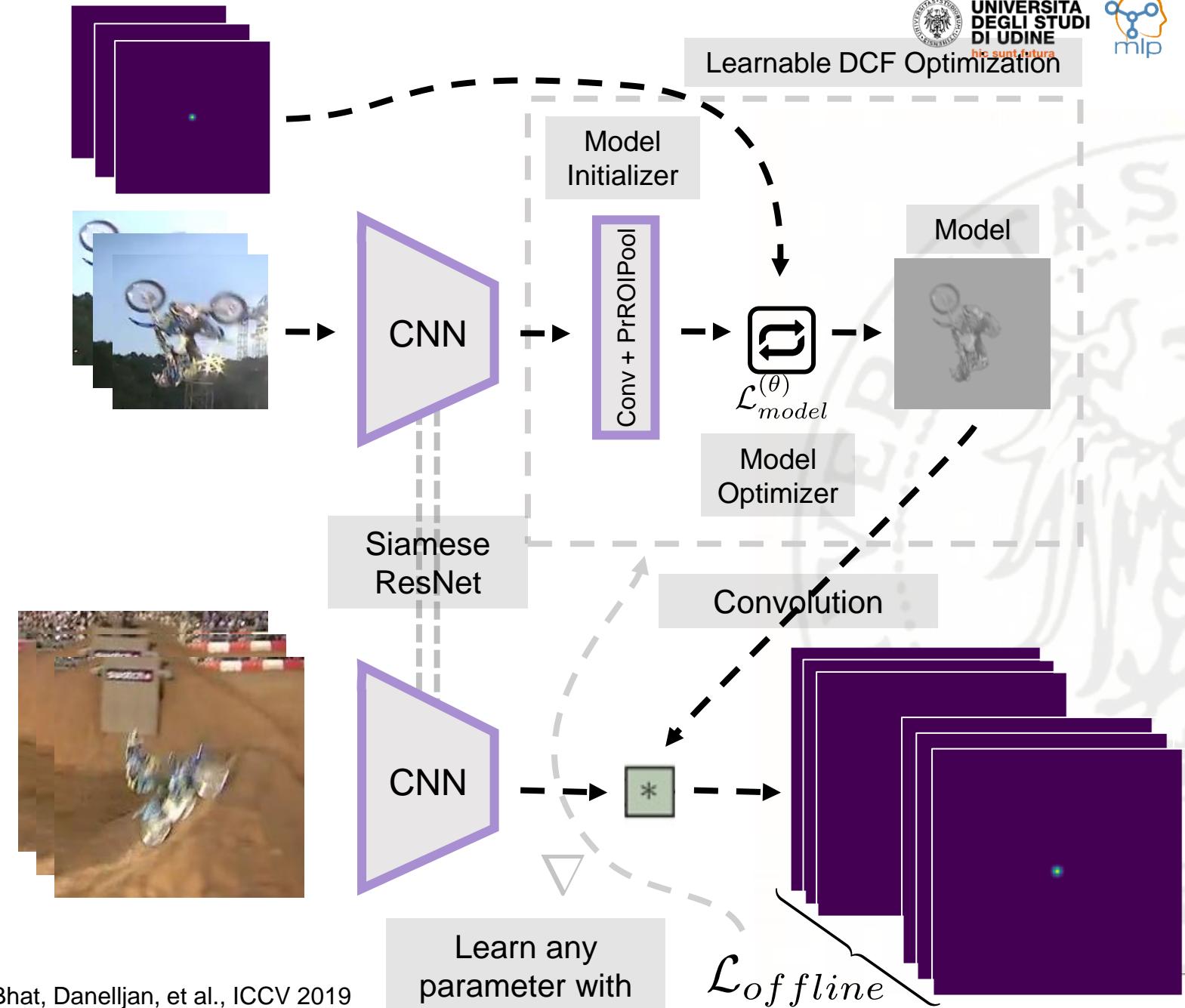
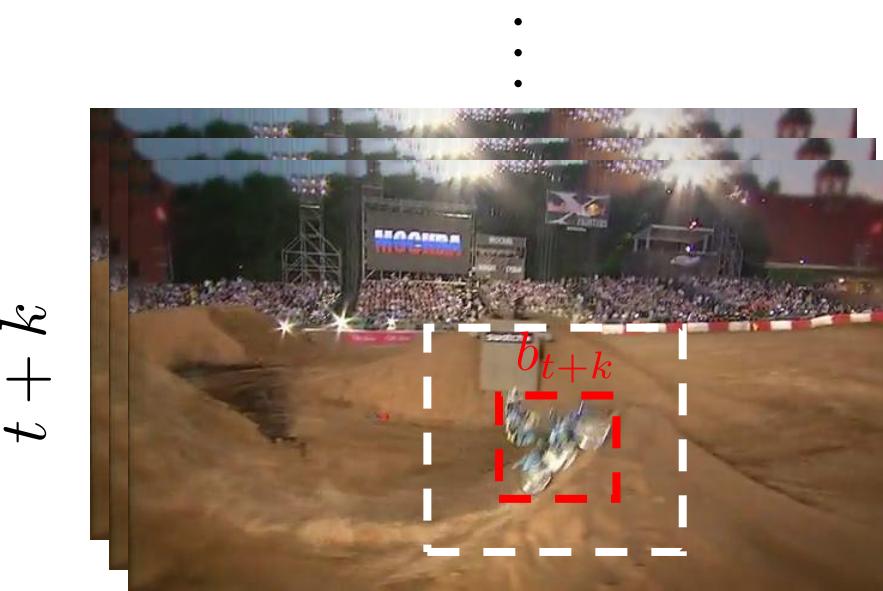
"Learning Discriminative Model Prediction for Tracking", Bhat, Danelljan, et al., ICCV 2019

DiMP - Training



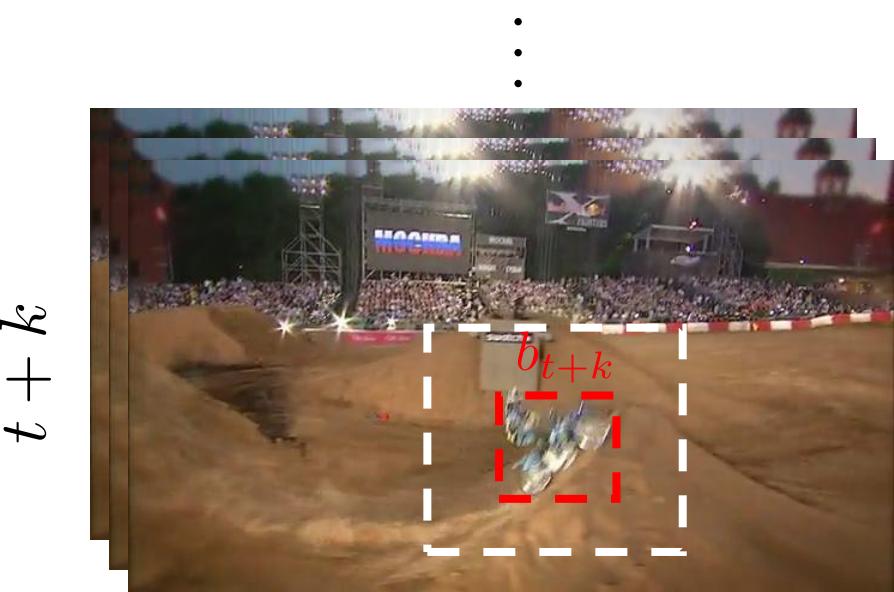
"Learning Discriminative Model Prediction for Tracking", Bhat, Danelljan, et al., ICCV 2019

DiMP - Training

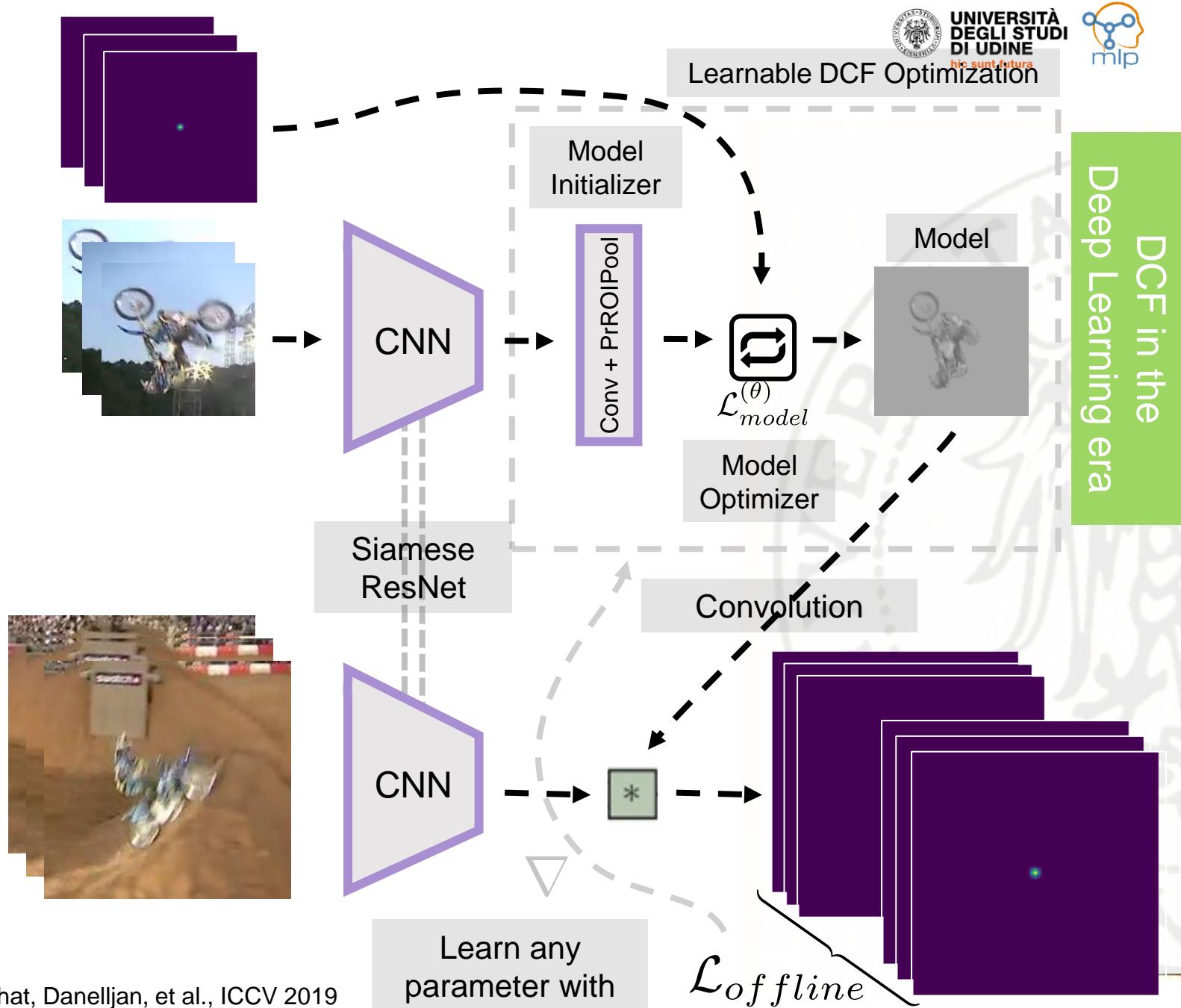


"Learning Discriminative Model Prediction for Tracking", Bhat, Danelljan, et al., ICCV 2019

DiMP - Training



"Learning Discriminative Model Prediction for Tracking", Bhat, Danelljan, et al., ICCV 2019

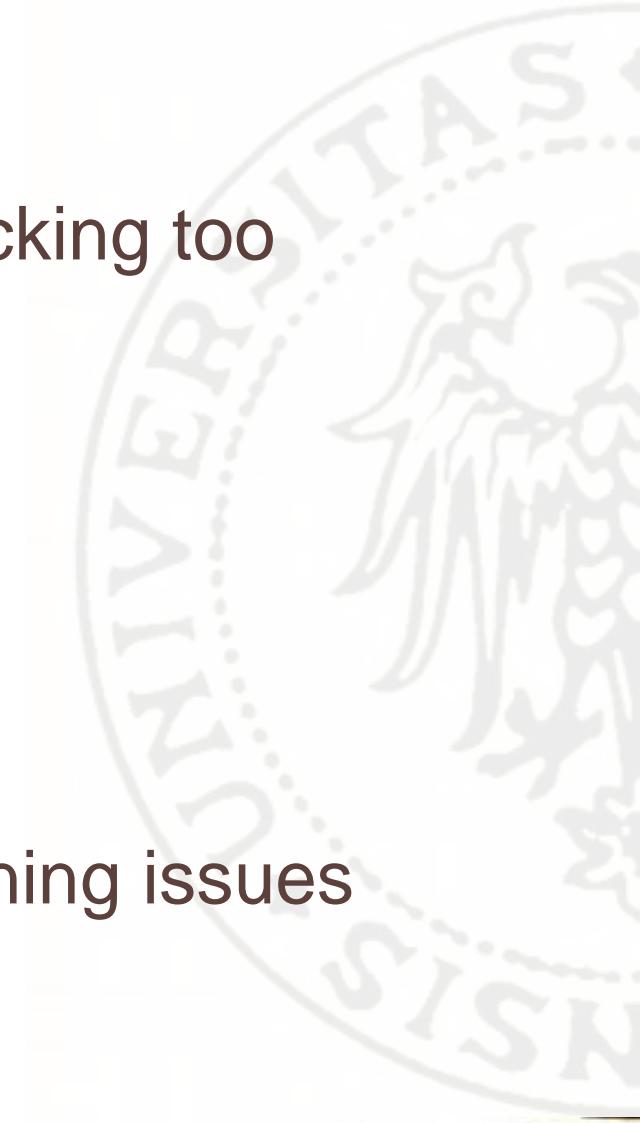


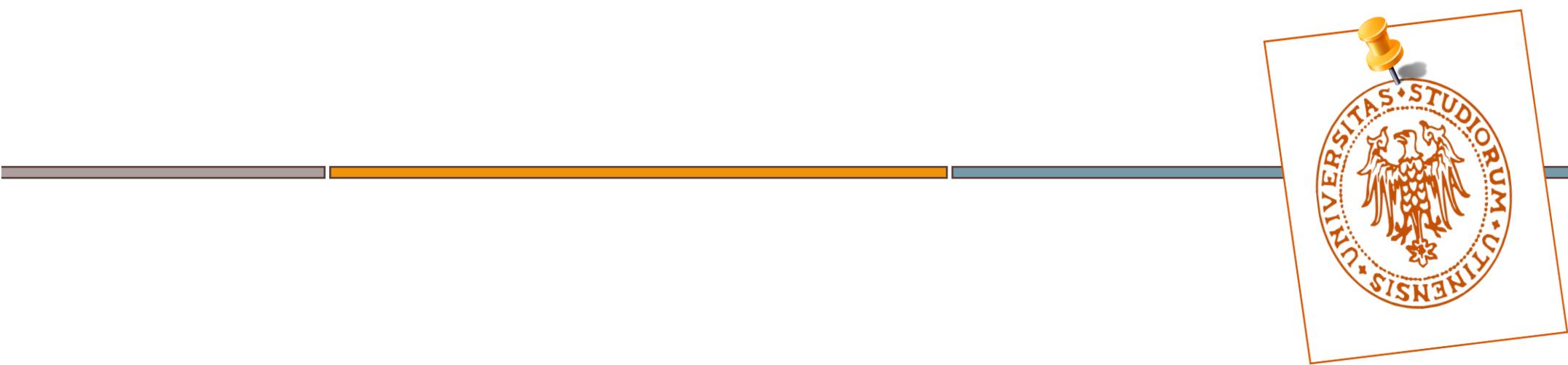


Conclusions

Conclusions

- The deep learning revolution impacted visual object tracking too
- Transformer architectures are a promising wave
- Short-term and long-term trackers are going to merge
- Deep trackers are still subject to classical machine learning issues





Back to the future

Thank you!