WEEK 9 - Performing Tree Traversal Techniques

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {
   int data;
   struct Node *left, *right;
};

// Function to create a new BST node
struct Node* createNode(int data) {
   struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
   newNode->data = data;
   newNode->left = newNode->right = NULL;
   return newNode;
}

struct Node* insertNode(struct Node* root, int data) {
   if (root == NULL) return createNode(data);

   if (data < root->data)

root->left = insertNode(root->left, data);
else if (data > root->data)
      root->right = insertNode(root->right, data);

   return root;
}
```

```
struct Node* findMin(struct Node* node) {
  struct Node* current = node;

  while (current && current->left != NULL)
    current = current->left;

  return current;
}

struct Node* deleteNode(struct Node* root, int data) {
  if (root == NULL) return root;

  if (data < root->data)
    root->left = deleteNode(root->left, data);
  else if (data > root->data)
    root->right = deleteNode(root->right, data);
  else {
    if (root->left == NULL) {
      struct Node* temp = root->right;
      free(root);
      return temp;
    } else if (root->right == NULL) {
      struct Node* temp = root->left;
      free(root);
      return temp;
    }

    struct Node* temp = findMin(root->right);
    root->data = temp->data;
    root->right = deleteNode(root->right, temp->data);
  }
```

```
    return root;
}

struct Node* searchNode(struct Node* root, int data) {
    if (root == NULL || root->data == data)
        return root;

    if (root->data < data)
        return searchNode(root->right, data);

    return searchNode(root->left, data);
}

void inOrder(struct Node* root) {
    if (root != NULL) {
        inOrder(root->left);
        printf("%d ", root->data);
        inOrder(root->right);
    }
}

int main() {
    struct Node* root = NULL;
    int choice, data,n;
    printf("Enter the no of elements to be inserted");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter elements");
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    { scanf("%d",&data);
      root=insertNode(root, data);}
```

```
while (1) {
    printf("\nBinary Search Tree Operations Menu\n");
    printf("1. Insert\n");
    printf("2. Delete\n");
    printf("3. Search\n");
    printf("4. Display\n");
    printf("5. Exit\n");
    printf("Enter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &choice);

    switch (choice) {
        case 1:
            printf("Enter data to insert: ");
            scanf("%d", &data);
            root = insertNode(root, data);
            printf("%d inserted.\n", data);
            break;

        case 2:
            printf("Enter data to delete: ");
            scanf("%d", &data);
            root = deleteNode(root, data);
            printf("%d deleted.\n", data);
            break;

        case 3:
            printf("Enter data to search: ");
            scanf("%d", &data);
            struct Node* foundNode = searchNode(root, data);
            if (foundNode != NULL)
                printf("%d found in the tree.\n", data);
```

```
            else
                printf("%d not found in the tree.\n", data);
            break;

        case 4:
            printf("In-order display of the BST: ");
            inOrder(root);
            printf("\n");
            break;

        case 5:
            exit(0);
            break;

        default:
            printf("Invalid choice! Please try again.\n");
      }
   }

   return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:-

Enter the no of elements to be inserted6

Enter elements100 90 110 80 95 105

Binary Search Tree Operations Menu

1. Insert

2. Delete

3. Search

4. Display

5. Exit

Enter your choice: 4

In-order display of the BST: 80 90 95 100 105 110

Binary Search Tree Operations Menu

1. Insert

2. Delete

3. Search

4. Display

5. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Enter data to delete: 90

90 deleted.

Binary Search Tree Operations Menu

1. Insert

2. Delete

3. Search

4. Display

5. Exit

Enter your choice: 4

In-order display of the BST: 80 95 100 105 110

Binary Search Tree Operations Menu

1. Insert

2. Delete

3. Search

4. Display

5. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Enter data to search: 80

80 found in the tree.

Binary Search Tree Operations Menu

1. Insert

2. Delete

3. Search

4. Display

5. Exit

Enter your choice: 5