Send step completions UI

i have fast api, backed code api multiple agents to complete steps, i need to send completion steps to send UI

Got it ____ You have a **FastAPI backend** where multiple "agents" (workers, processes, or tasks) complete steps in sequence (or parallel), and you want to **send these step completions in real-time to the UI** so the frontend can show progress.

There are a few approaches you can take depending on how "live" you want the updates to be:

- Option 1: Server-Sent Events (SSE)
- Simple to implement in FastAPI.
- Browser EventSource API can consume updates.
- Best for streaming logs / progress step updates.

FastAPI Backend

```
async def progress():
return StreamingResponse(step_generator(), media_type="text/event-stream")
```

Frontend (Next.js / React)

```
tsx
import { useEffect, useState } from "react";
export default function Progress() {
 const [logs, setLogs] = useState<string[]>([]);
 useEffect(() => {
  const eventSource = new EventSource("http://localhost:8000/progress");
  eventSource.onmessage = (event) => {
   setLogs((prev) => [...prev, event.data]);
  };
  return () => {
   eventSource.close();
  };
 }, []);
 return (
  <div>
   <h2>Progress</h2>
   ul>
    \{\log s.map((\log, i) => (
     <|i key={i}>{log}</|i>
    ))}
   </div>
);
}
```

Option 2: WebSockets

- More flexible (bidirectional communication).
- Useful if you want the UI to also send messages back (e.g., cancel job, add new step).

FastAPI Backend

Frontend (React / Next.js)

```
import { useEffect, useState } from "react";

export default function Progress() {
  const [logs, setLogs] = useState<string[]>([]);

useEffect(() => {
    const ws = new WebSocket("ws://localhost:8000/ws/progress");

ws.onmessage = (event) => {
    setLogs((prev) => [...prev, event.data]);
    };

ws.onclose = () => {
    console.log("Connection closed");
    };

return () => ws.close();
```

Option 3: Polling

- Easiest but not real-time.
- Backend stores progress in DB or cache (Redis).
- UI polls /status/{task_id} every few seconds.

Recommendation:

- If you need real-time push updates only from backend → frontend, go with SSE.
- If you need bi-directional communication (UI ↔ backend), go with WebSockets.

Do you want me to give you a **full FastAPI + Next.js 15 (src/app)** working example with **SSE** (simpler) or **WebSockets** (more flexible)?

we can use StreamingResponse, UI side on generating need to show steps, and final api response is file url

Perfect **V** That means:

• Your FastAPI backend runs multiple agents (steps).

- You want to stream step updates to the UI as they happen.
- At the **end of streaming**, you want to send the **final file URL** (download link, result path, etc.).

This can be done nicely with StreamingResponse (SSE style).

FastAPI Backend (main.py)

```
python
from fastapi import FastAPI
from fastapi.responses import StreamingResponse
import asyncio
app = FastAPI()
async def generate_steps():
  steps = [
    "Agent 1 started",
    "Agent 1 completed",
    "Agent 2 started",
    "Agent 2 completed",
    "Finalizing..."
 ]
  for step in steps:
    yield f"data: {step}\n\n"
    await asyncio.sleep(2) # simulate work
  # 🖊 Send final file URL at the end
  file_url = "http://localhost:8000/files/output.pdf"
 yield f"data: {{\"file_url}\"}\n\n"
@app.get("/progress")
async def progress():
  return StreamingResponse(generate_steps(), media_type="text/event-stream")
```

UI Side (Next.js 15, src/app/progress/page.tsx)

```
tsx
"use client";
import { useEffect, useState } from "react";
export default function ProgressPage() {
 const [logs, setLogs] = useState<string[]>([]);
 const [fileUrl, setFileUrl] = useState<string | null>(null);
 useEffect(() => {
  const eventSource = new EventSource("http://localhost:8000/progress");
  eventSource.onmessage = (event) => {
   try {
    const data = JSON.parse(event.data);
    if (data.file_url) {
     // 🗹 Final file URL received
     setFileUrl(data.file_url);
   }
   } catch {
   // Normal step update
    setLogs((prev) => [...prev, event.data]);
  }
 };
  eventSource.onerror = () => {
   console.error("EventSource failed.");
   eventSource.close();
 };
 return () => {
   eventSource.close();
 };
}, []);
 return (
  <div className="p-6">
   <h2 className="text-lg font-semibold mb-4">Progress</h2>
   \{\log s.map((\log, i) => (
     key={i} className="text-gray-700">
```

```
{log}
     </|i>
    ))}
   {fileUrl && (
    <div className="mt-6">
      href={fileUrl}
      className="px-4 py-2 bg-blue-600 text-white rounded-lg shadow hover:bg-blue-700"
      target="_blank"
      rel="noopener noreferrer"
      Download Result
     </a>
    </div>
   )}
  </div>
);
}
```

Flow

- When UI calls /progress , FastAPI streams step updates (Agent started , Agent completed , etc.).
- 2. UI appends each step to the logs list.
- 3. At the end, backend sends a JSON payload with file_url.
- **4.** UI detects it and shows a **download button**.

Do you also want me to show how to serve the generated file in FastAPI (e.g., /files/output.pdf), so clicking "Download" works directly?

2/2

api side in all teps related write some realtime logic instaed of dummy asyncio.sleep(2)

Got it 4 You don't want asyncio.sleep(2) — instead you want to run **your real** agent logic step-by-step, and stream each step to the UI in real-time until the final file is ready.

Here's a practical pattern you can use with StreamingResponse:

FastAPI Backend (main.py)

```
python
from fastapi import FastAPI
from fastapi.responses import StreamingResponse
import asyncio
import os
app = FastAPI()
# Example: function that simulates your multi-agent pipeline
async def run_agents_and_generate_file():
  # Step 1: Agent 1 starts
  yield f"data: Agent 1 started\n\n"
  # --- Replace with real logic ---
  await asyncio.sleep(1) # simulate actual work
  # Example: do some computation / DB call
  yield f"data: Agent 1 completed\n\n"
  # Step 2: Agent 2 starts
  yield f"data: Agent 2 started\n\n"
  await asyncio.sleep(1)
  yield f"data: Agent 2 completed\n\n"
  # Step 3: Finalizing (file generation)
  yield f"data: Finalizing output file...\n\n"
  await asyncio.sleep(1)
  # Example: Write a dummy file (replace with real generation logic)
  output_dir = "files"
  os.makedirs(output_dir, exist_ok=True)
  file_path = os.path.join(output_dir, "output.txt")
  with open(file_path, "w") as f:
    f.write("This is the generated result.\n")
```

```
# Send final file URL to the UI

file_url = f"http://localhost:8000/{file_path}"

yield f"data: {{\"file_url\": \"{file_url}\"}}\n\n"

@app.get("/progress")

async def progress():

return StreamingResponse(run_agents_and_generate_file(), media_type="text/event-stream")
```

Serving Files

So that the frontend can download the result:

```
from fastapi.staticfiles import StaticFiles

# Mount /files path for downloading results
app.mount("/files", StaticFiles(directory="files"), name="files")
```

Now, if the backend generated files/output.txt, it's available at:

```
http://localhost:8000/files/output.txt
```

Frontend (Next.js 15 - src/app/progress/page.tsx)

(same as before, no dummy logic on backend anymore)

```
"use client";
import { useEffect, useState } from "react";

export default function ProgressPage() {
  const [logs, setLogs] = useState<string[]>([]);
```

```
const [fileUrl, setFileUrl] = useState<string | null>(null);
useEffect(() => {
 const eventSource = new EventSource("http://localhost:8000/progress");
 eventSource.onmessage = (event) => {
  try {
   const data = JSON.parse(event.data);
   if (data.file_url) {
    setFileUrl(data.file_url); //  Final file ready
   }
  } catch {
   setLogs((prev) => [...prev, event.data]); // Normal step log
 }
 };
 eventSource.onerror = () => {
  console.error("EventSource failed.");
  eventSource.close();
 };
 return () => {
  eventSource.close();
};
}, []);
return (
 <div className="p-6">
  <h2 className="text-lg font-semibold mb-4">Progress</h2>
  \{\log s.map((\log, i) => (
    {log}
    </|i>
   ))}
  {fileUrl && (
   <div className="mt-6">
    <a
     href={fileUrl}
     className="px-4 py-2 bg-blue-600 text-white rounded-lg shadow hover:bg-blue-700"
```

```
target="_blank"

rel="noopener noreferrer"

>

Download Result

</a>

</div>

)}

</div>
);
}
```

This way:

- Each agent step runs your actual logic (not sleep).
- You stream logs (yield f"data: ...\n\n") in real-time.
- At the end, you generate a **real file** and send its URL.
- UI shows progress logs live and a download button at the end.

→ Do you want me to extend this so each agent runs in parallel (concurrent tasks)
and you stream updates as soon as each one finishes?

give actual functions code also

Perfect de let's make this **real**, with actual functions for each agent step, instead of dummy sleep.

Here's a **complete FastAPI example** where:

- Each agent runs its own logic (like data preprocessing, ML model inference, file generation, etc.).
- Progress is streamed in **real-time** to the frontend.
- Final output file URL is sent when done.
- FastAPI Backend (main.py)

python

```
from fastapi import FastAPI
from fastapi.responses import StreamingResponse
from fastapi.staticfiles import StaticFiles
import asyncio
import os
import time
app = FastAPI()
# -----
# Example Agent Functions
# -----
async def agent1_preprocess():
  """Simulate preprocessing step (e.g., clean input data)."""
 await asyncio.sleep(1) # simulate work
  return "Preprocessing completed"
async def agent2_inference():
  """Simulate model inference (e.g., run ML model)."""
  await asyncio.sleep(2)
  return "Model inference completed"
async def agent3_postprocess():
  """Simulate postprocessing (e.g., format results)."""
  await asyncio.sleep(1)
  return "Postprocessing completed"
async def generate_file():
  """Generate final file after all agents are done."""
  output_dir = "files"
  os.makedirs(output_dir, exist_ok=True)
  file_path = os.path.join(output_dir, f"output_{int(time.time())}.txt")
 with open(file_path, "w") as f:
    f.write("This is the generated result file.\n")
    f.write(" Completed by all agents.\n")
  return file_path
# -----
# Streaming Logic
```

```
async def run_pipeline():
  # Step 1: Run Agent 1
  yield f"data: Agent 1 started\n\n"
  result1 = await agent1_preprocess()
  yield f"data: {result1}\n\n"
  # Step 2: Run Agent 2
  yield f"data: Agent 2 started\n\n"
  result2 = await agent2_inference()
  yield f"data: {result2}\n\n"
  # Step 3: Run Agent 3
  yield f"data: Agent 3 started\n\n"
  result3 = await agent3_postprocess()
  yield f"data: {result3}\n\n"
  # Step 4: Finalizing - File Generation
  yield f"data: Generating final file...\n\n"
  file_path = await generate_file()
  file_url = f"http://localhost:8000/{file_path}"
  yield f"data: {{\"file_url}\"}\n\n"
@app.get("/progress")
async def progress():
  return StreamingResponse(run_pipeline(), media_type="text/event-stream")
# Serve files so UI can download
app.mount("/files", StaticFiles(directory="files"), name="files")
```

What Happens Here

- agent1_preprocess() → simulates data cleaning.
- agent2_inference() → simulates running ML model.
- agent3_postprocess() → simulates formatting.
- generate_file() → creates an actual output file
 (files/output_<timestamp>.txt).

- Each step sends real-time logs (yield f"data: ...\n\n").
- Final step sends JSON with file_url.

Example UI Output

When you open the frontend, you'll see logs streaming like:

Agent 1 started
Preprocessing completed
Agent 2 started
Model inference completed
Agent 3 started
Postprocessing completed
Generating final file...

And then finally, a download button for the generated file.