

# MapReduce and PageRank

## Question 1:

Suppose our input data to a map-reduce operation consists of integer values (the keys are not important). The map function takes an integer  $i$  and produces the list of pairs  $(p,i)$  such that  $p$  is a prime divisor of  $i$ . For example,  $\text{map}(12) = [(2,12),(3,12)]$ .

The reduce function is addition. That is,  $\text{reduce}(p,[i_1,i_2,\dots,i_k])$  is  $(p,i_1+i_2+\dots+i_k)$ .

Compute the output, if the input is the set of integers 15, 21, 24, 30, 49.

**Solution:**The output of map function is as follows

$$\text{map}(15) = [(3,15),(5,15)]$$

$$\text{map}(21) = [(3,21),(7,21)]$$

$$\text{map}(24) = [(2,24),(3,24)]$$

$$\text{map}(30) = [(2,30),(3,30),(5,30)]$$

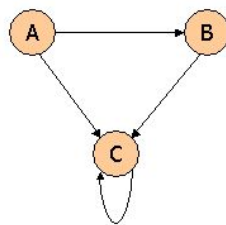
$$\text{map}(49) = [(7,49)]$$

These are the respective prime divisors of inputs

The output of reduce function is  $\text{reduce}(2,54), \text{reduce}(3,90), \text{reduce}(5,45),$   
 $\text{reduce}(7,10)$ .

## Question 2:

Consider three Web pages with the following links:



Suppose we compute PageRank with a  $\beta$  of 0.7, and we introduce the additional constraint that the sum of the PageRanks of the three pages must be 3, to handle the problem that otherwise any multiple of a solution will also be a solution. Compute the PageRanks  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  of the three pages A, B, and C, respectively.

Solution: -

$$\text{for } \Rightarrow a = \beta(a) + (1-\beta)$$

$$b = \beta(a/2) + (1-\beta)$$

$$c = \beta(\frac{a}{2} + b + c) + (1-\beta)$$

$\therefore$  Here  $\beta = 0.7, a+b+c = 3$

$$\therefore a = 0.7(0) + (1-0.7) = 0.3$$

$$b = 0.7(\frac{0.3}{2}) + (1-0.7) = 0.405$$

$$c = 0.7(\frac{0.3}{2} + 0.405 + c) + (1-0.7)$$

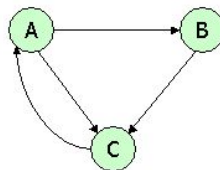
$$= 0.405 + 0.7(0.405) + (0.7)(c)$$

$$c = 1.7(0.405) + 0.7(c) \Rightarrow (1-0.7)c = 1.7(0.405)$$

$$= 0.3c = 0.685$$

$$= c = \frac{0.685}{0.3} = 2.295$$

**Question 3:**



Suppose we compute PageRank with  $\beta=0.85$ . Write the equations for the PageRanks  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  of the three pages A, B, and C, respectively.

Question 3:

Solution:-

formulae :-

$$a = \beta * c + (1-\beta) \frac{1}{3}$$

$$b = \beta * \frac{a}{2} + (1-\beta) \frac{1}{3}$$

$$c = \beta * (\frac{a}{2} + b) + (1-\beta) \frac{1}{3}$$

Here,

$$\beta = 0.85$$

$$a = 0.85 * c + (1-0.85) \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= 0.85c + 0.05$$

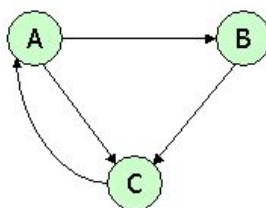
$$b = 0.85 * 0.5a + 0.05$$

$$= 0.425a + 0.05$$

$$c = 0.85 * [0.5a + b] + 0.05$$

$$= 0.425a + 0.85b + 0.05$$

**Question 4:**



Assuming no "taxation," compute the PageRanks  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  of the three pages A, B, and C, using iteration, starting with the "0th" iteration where all three pages have rank  $a = b = c = 1$ . Compute as far as the 5th iteration, and also determine what the PageRanks are in the limit.

4Q:-  
formulae  
 $a=c, b=a/2, c=\frac{a}{2}+b$

at 0<sup>th</sup> iteration :-  
 $a=1, b=1, c=1$

at 1<sup>st</sup> iteration  
 $a=c=1, b=1/2, c=1/2+1=3/2$

2<sup>nd</sup> iteration :-  
 $a=c=3/2; b=a/2=3/4; c=3/2+3/4=9/4$

3<sup>rd</sup> iteration :-  
 $a=c=9/4; b=a/2=9/8; c=9/4+9/8=27/8$

4<sup>th</sup> iteration  
 $a=c=27/8; b=a/2=27/16; c=27/8+27/16=81/16$

5<sup>th</sup> iteration.

$$a=\frac{81}{16}, b=\frac{81}{32}, c=\frac{243}{16}$$