

# Lending Club Case Study



**Submitted by:**

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# OBJECTIVE

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The Objective of this case study is to understand the **driving factors/variables** behind loan default, i.e. the variables which are strong indicators of default. The company can utilize this knowledge for its portfolio and risk assessment.

Benefits of the case study:

- Identification of risky loan applicants, can prevent such loans thereby cutting down the amount of credit loss. Identification of such applicants using EDA is the aim of this case study.
- The business objective is to take a decision whenever they receive a loan application whether to reject or approve based on certain variables.

# DATASET Details

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Customer's historical data is provided for this case study, it contains information about past credit history of customers. Data contains information about past loan applicants and whether they 'defaulted' or not.

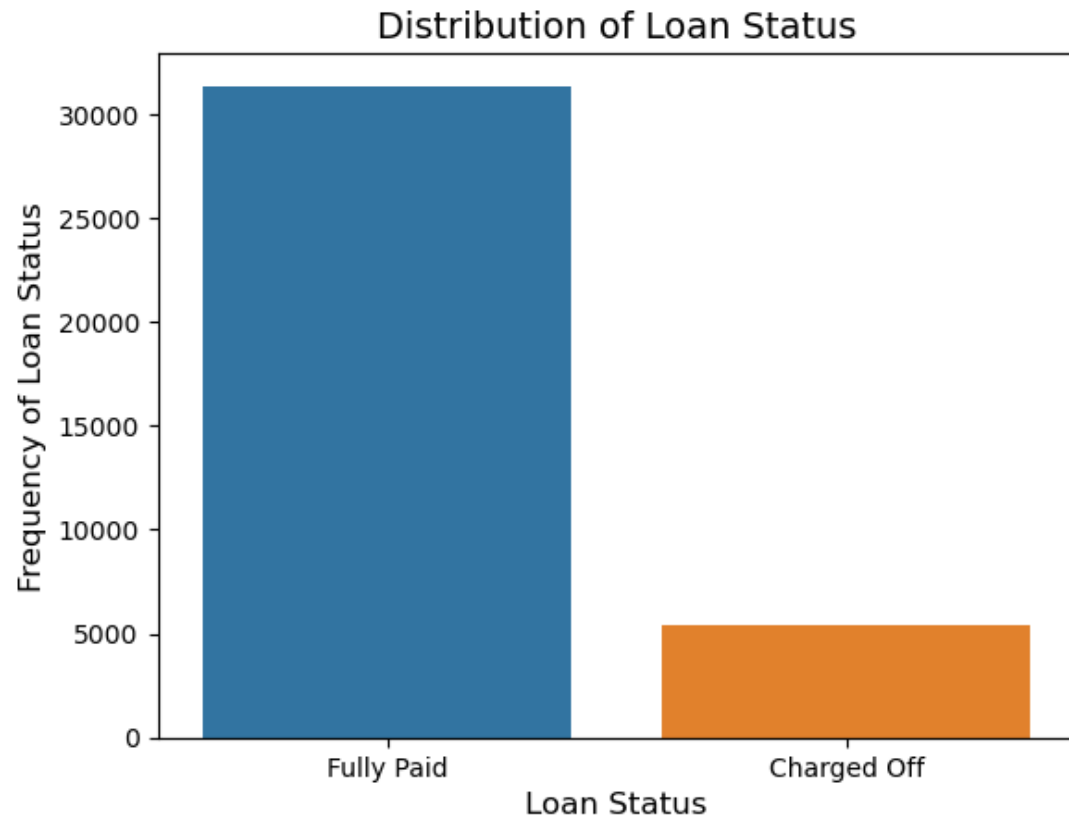
# Data cleaning STEPS

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- Importing the Data
- Remove null value columns
- Remove Duplicate data
- Remove columns which are not useful for analysis
- Fix null values in columns
- Correct data types of columns
- Remove outliers

# Distribution of loan

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## Insights

Charged off loans are lesser compared to Fully Paid loans. 14.5% loans are Charged off which is high percentage of defaults.

# Univariate Analysis

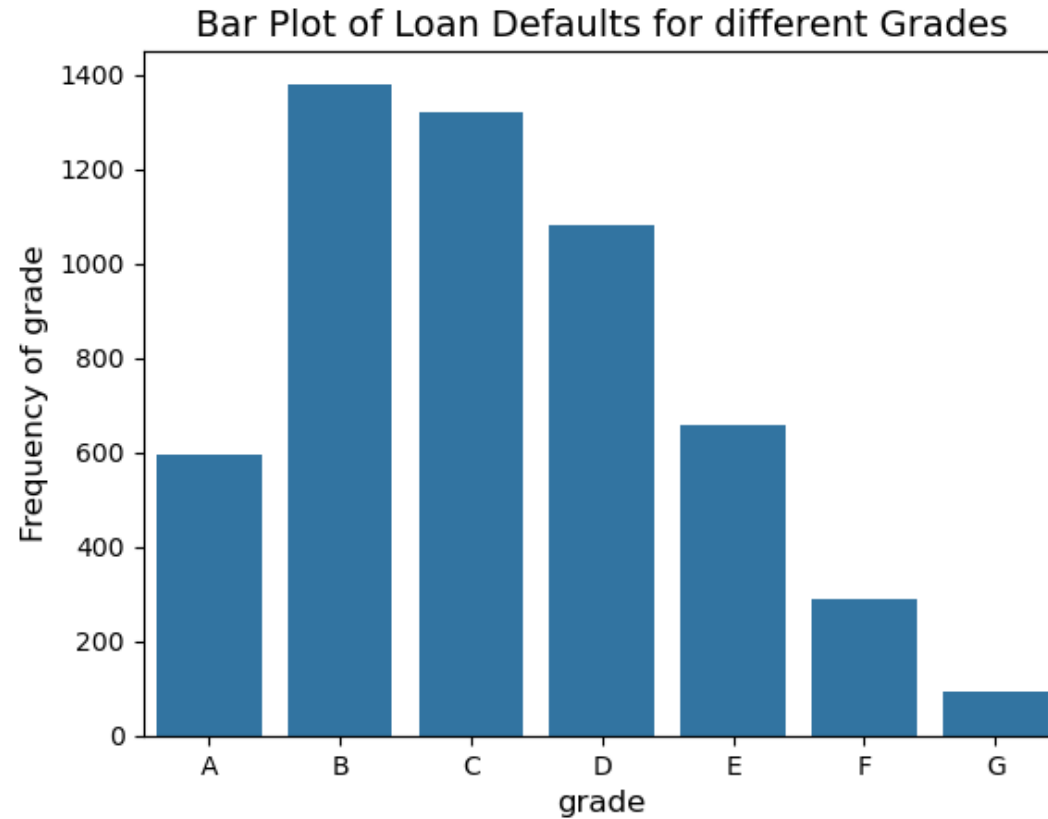
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## Ordered categorical data

- 1. Sub grade (sub\_grade)
- 2. Grade (grade)
- 3. Term (36 / 60 months) (term)
- 4. Employment length (emp\_length)
- 5. Issue year (issue\_y)
- 6. Issue month (issue\_m)

# Bar Plot of Loan Defaults for different Grades

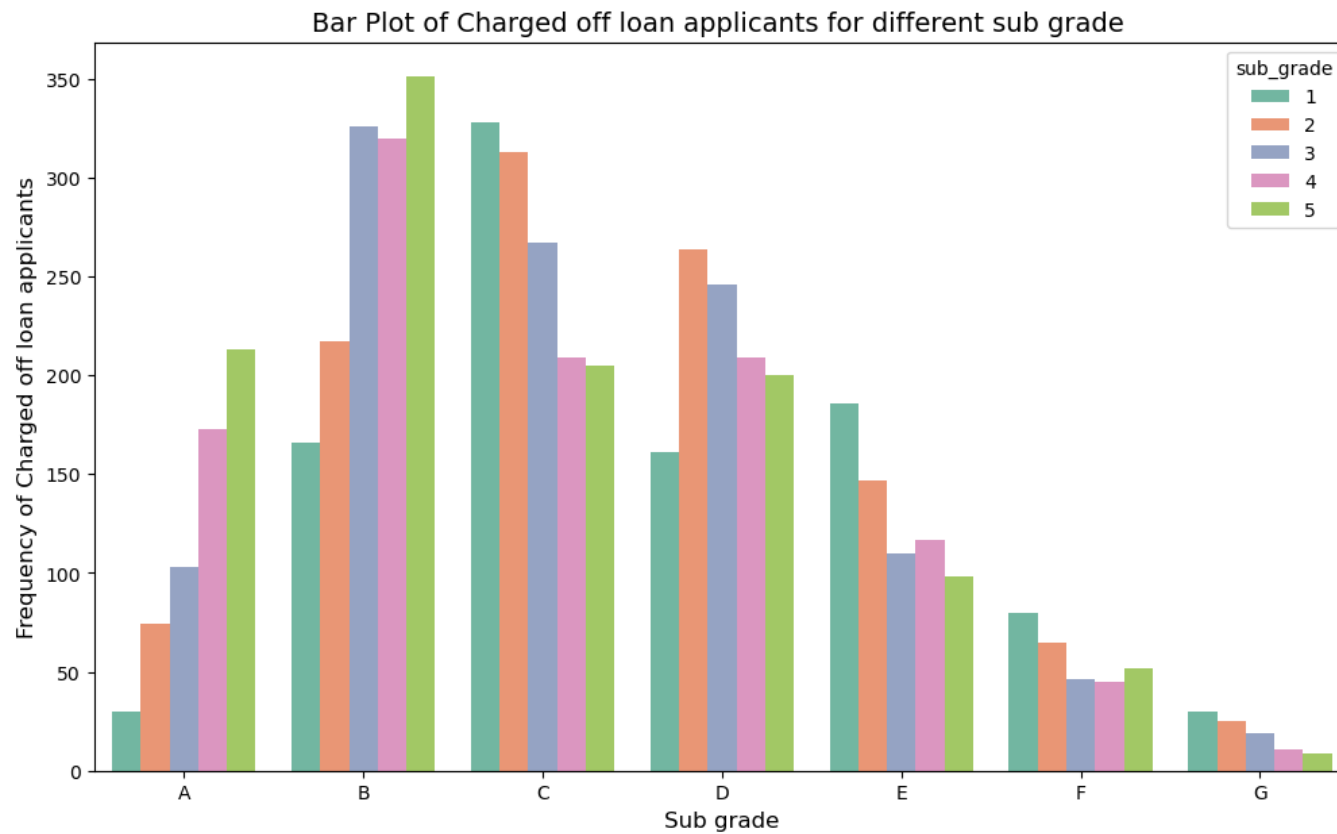
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## Insights

Grades B,C,D had the highest number of "Charged off" loan applicants, indicating that applicants with this credit grade faced challenges in repaying their loans.

# Bar Plot of Charged off loan applicants for different sub grade



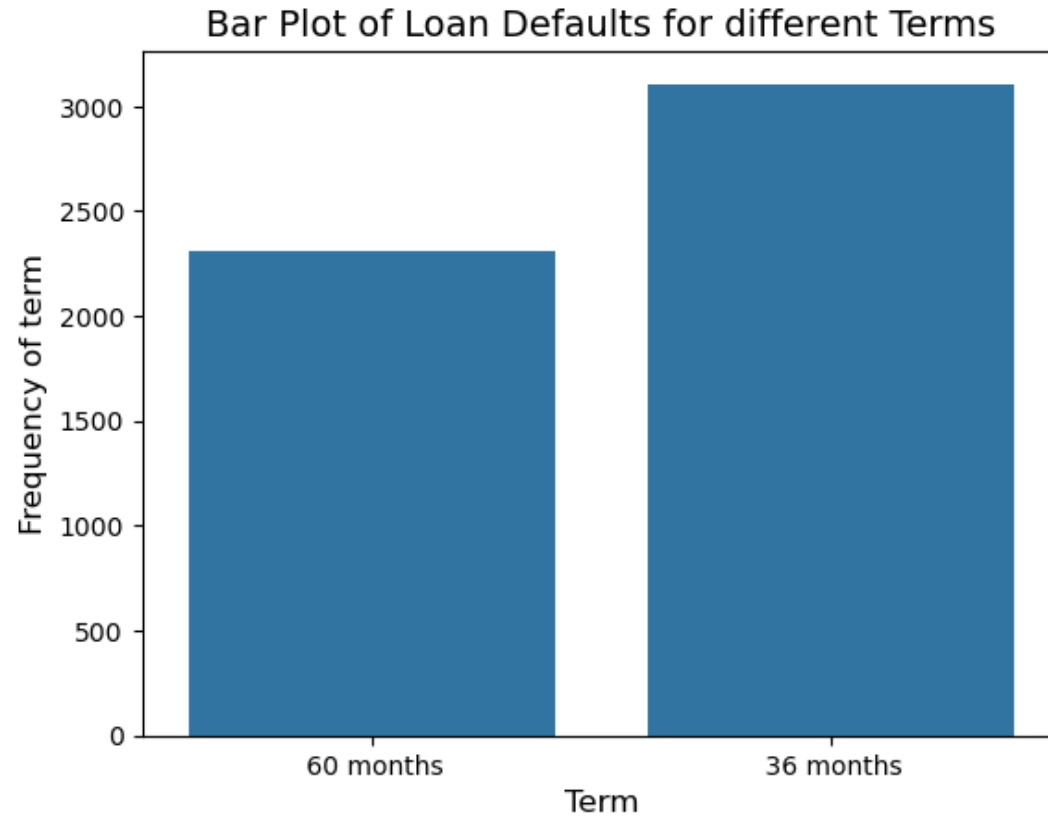
## Insights

Borrowers from sub grade B3, B4 and B5 have maximum tendency to default.



# Bar Plot of Loan Defaults for different Terms

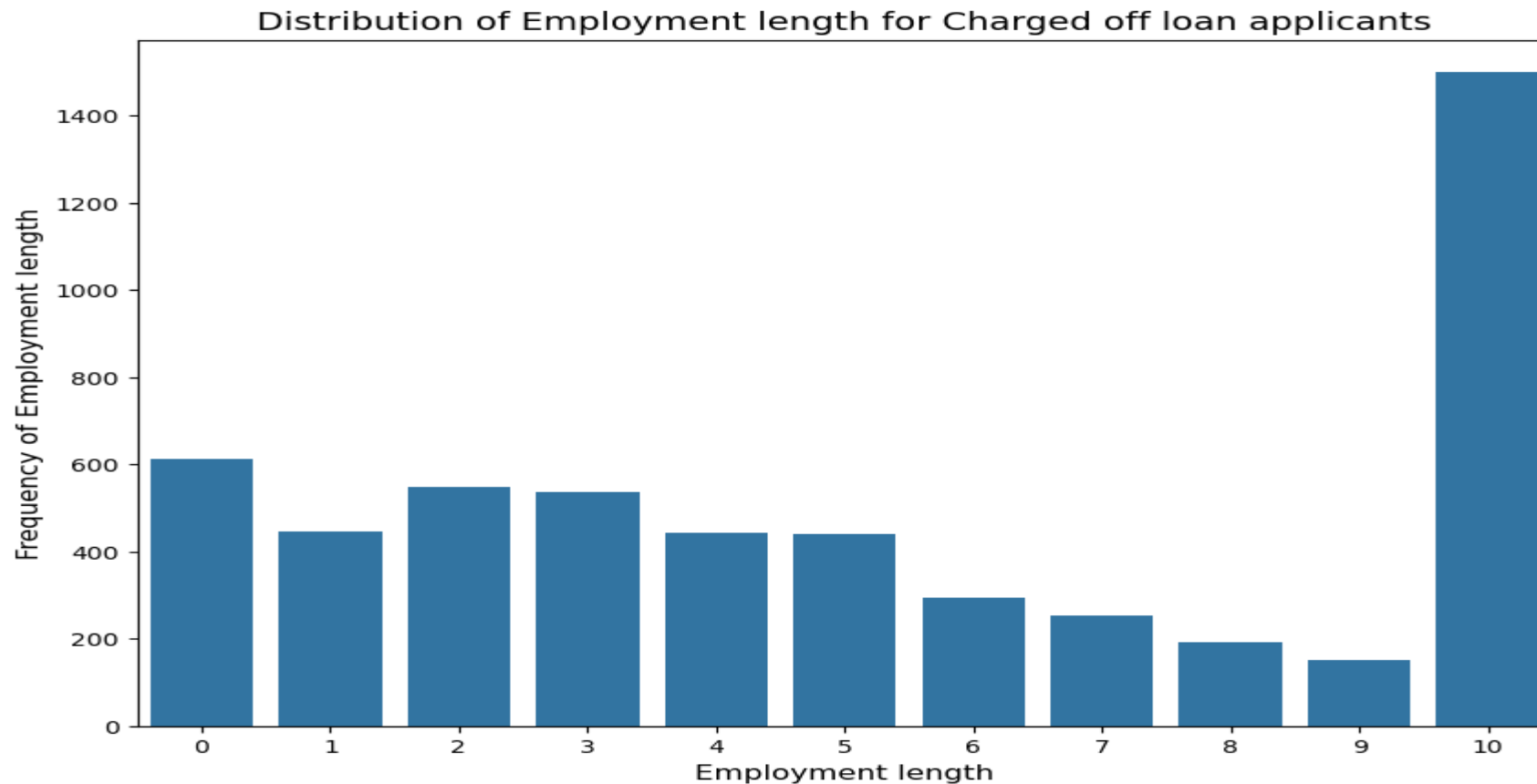
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## Insights

Short-term loans with a duration of 36 months were more likely to Loan Default. This suggests that a significant portion of applicants who experienced loan default chose shorter repayment terms.

# Distribution of Employment length for Charged off loan applicants

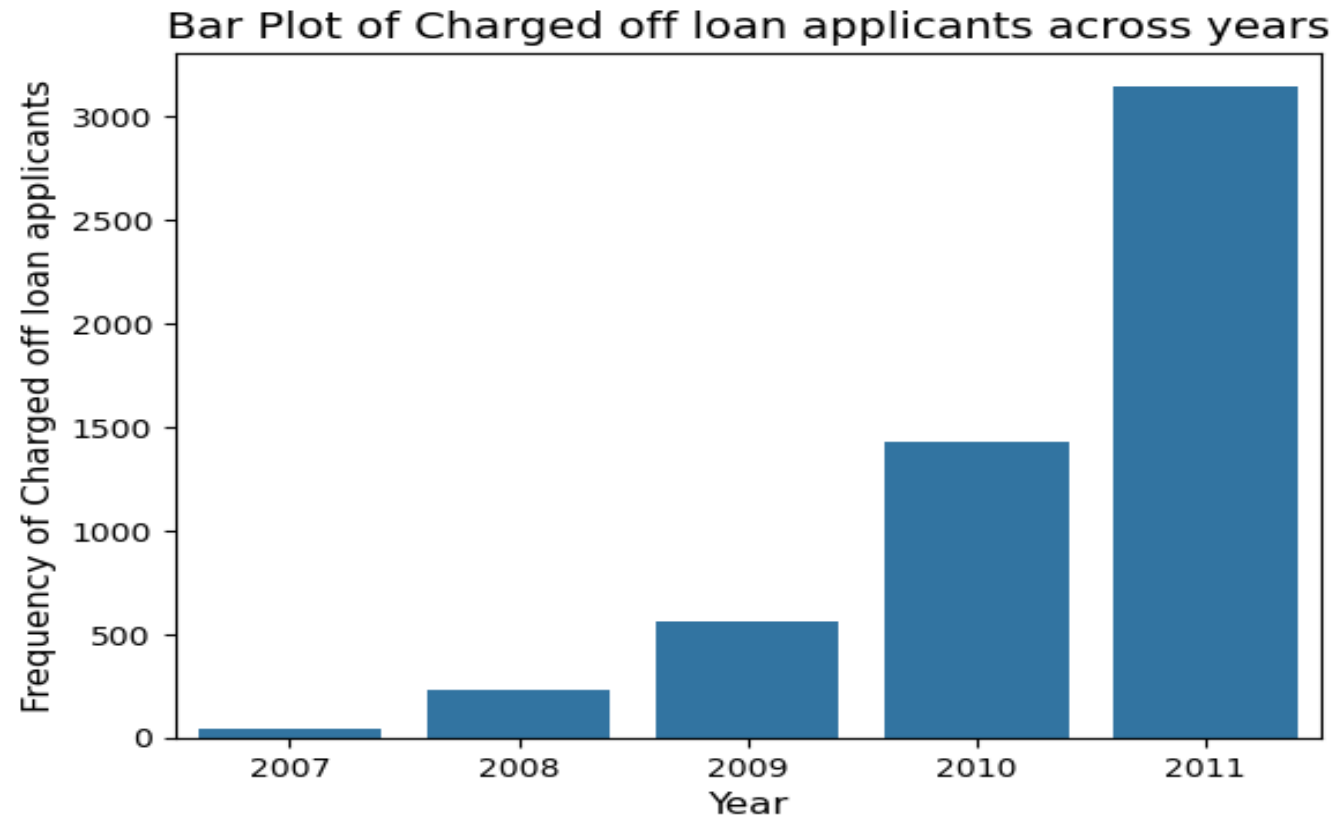


## Insights

Applicants who had been employed for more than 10 years accounted for the highest number of "Charged off" loans. This indicates that long-term employment history did not necessarily guarantee successful loan repayment.

# Bar Plot of Charged off loan applicants across years

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## Insights

The high number of loan defaults happened in 2011 could be due to some financial crisis.

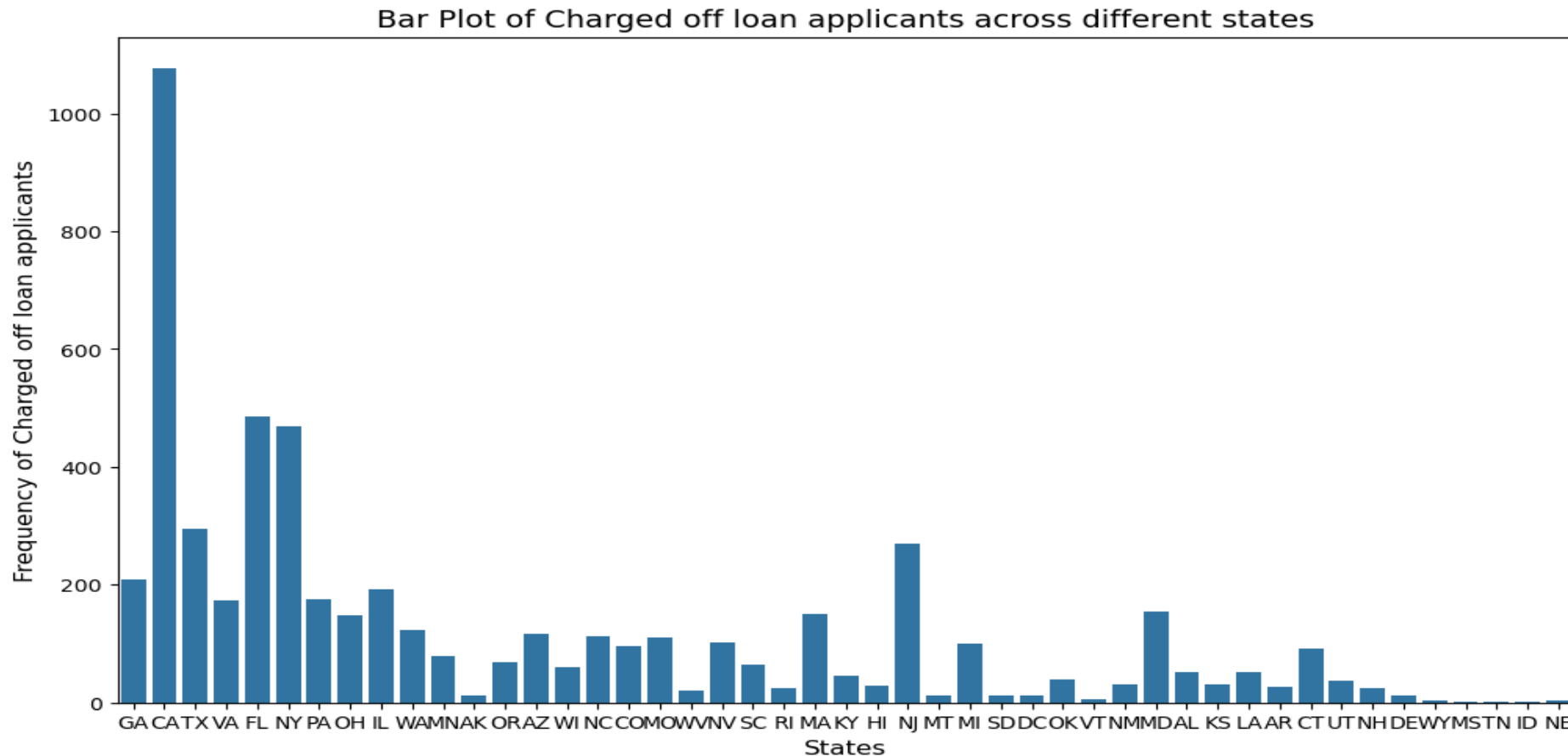
# Univariate Analysis

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## Unordered categorical data

- Address State (addr\_state)
- Loan purpose (purpose)
- Home Ownership (home\_ownership)

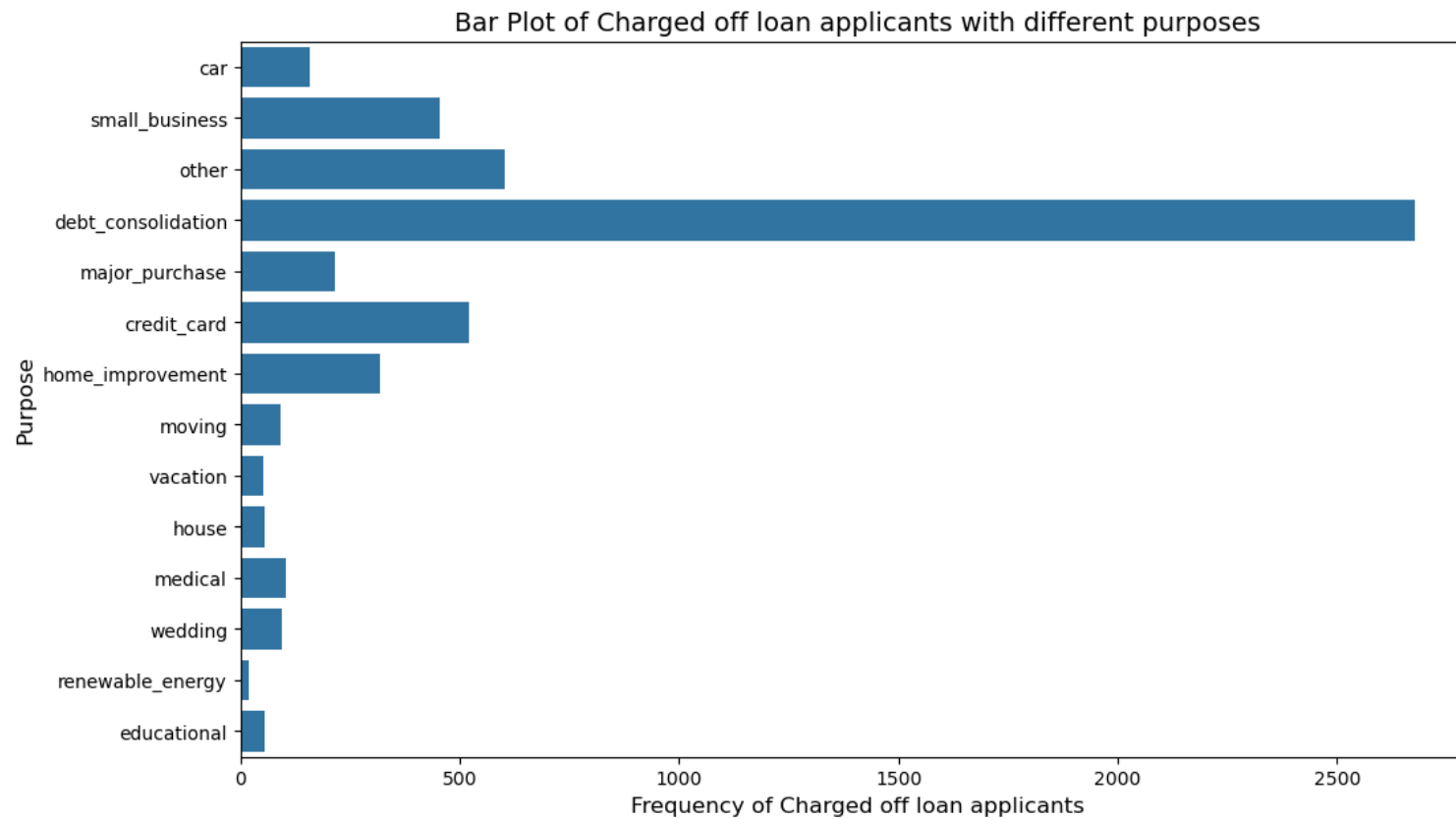
# Bar Plot of Charged off loan applicants across different states



## Insights

Borrowers from states CA, FL, NJ have maximum tendency to default the loan.

# Bar Plot of Charged off loan applicants with different purposes

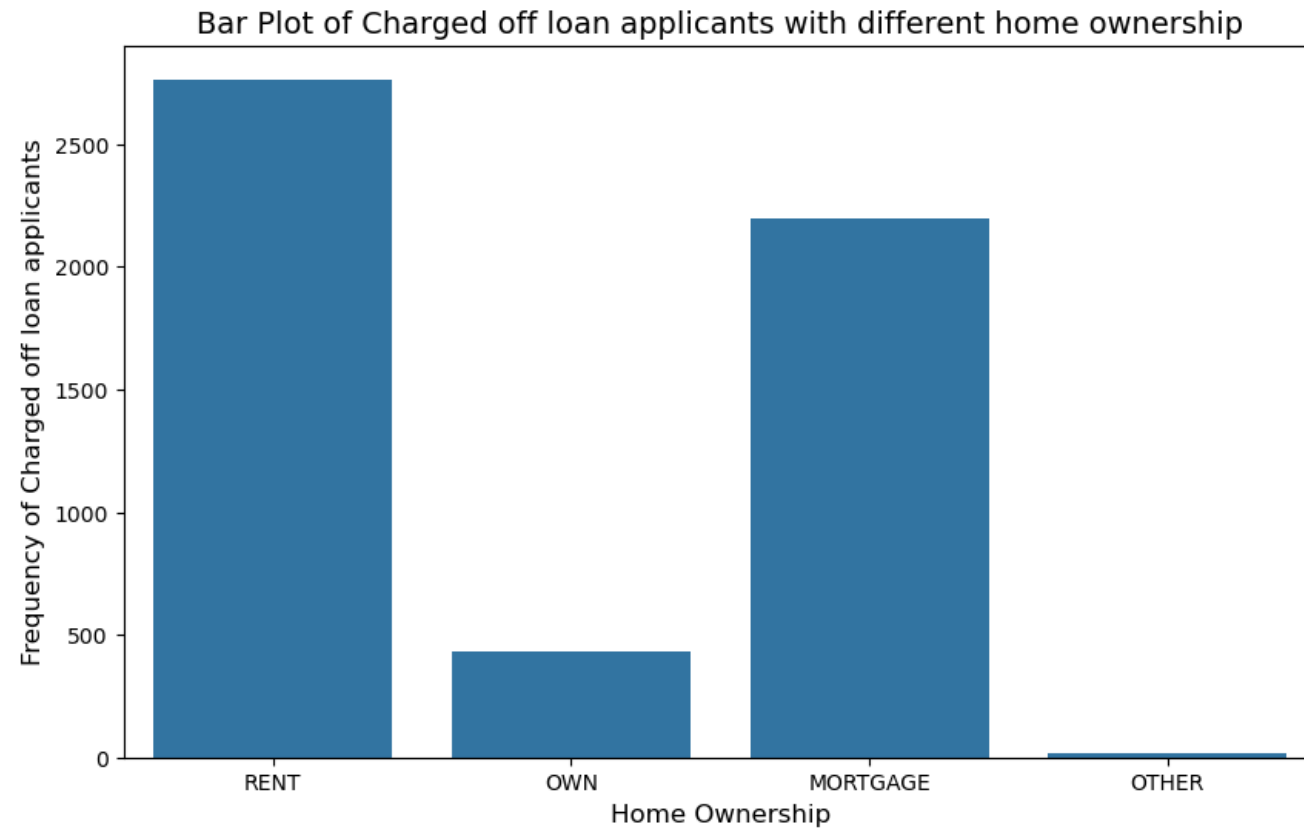


## Insights

Debt consolidation was the primary loan purpose for most "Charged off" loan applicant.

# Bar Plot of Charged off loan applicants with different home ownership

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## Insights

The majority of "Charged off" loan participants lived in rented houses or mortgage.

# Univariate Analysis

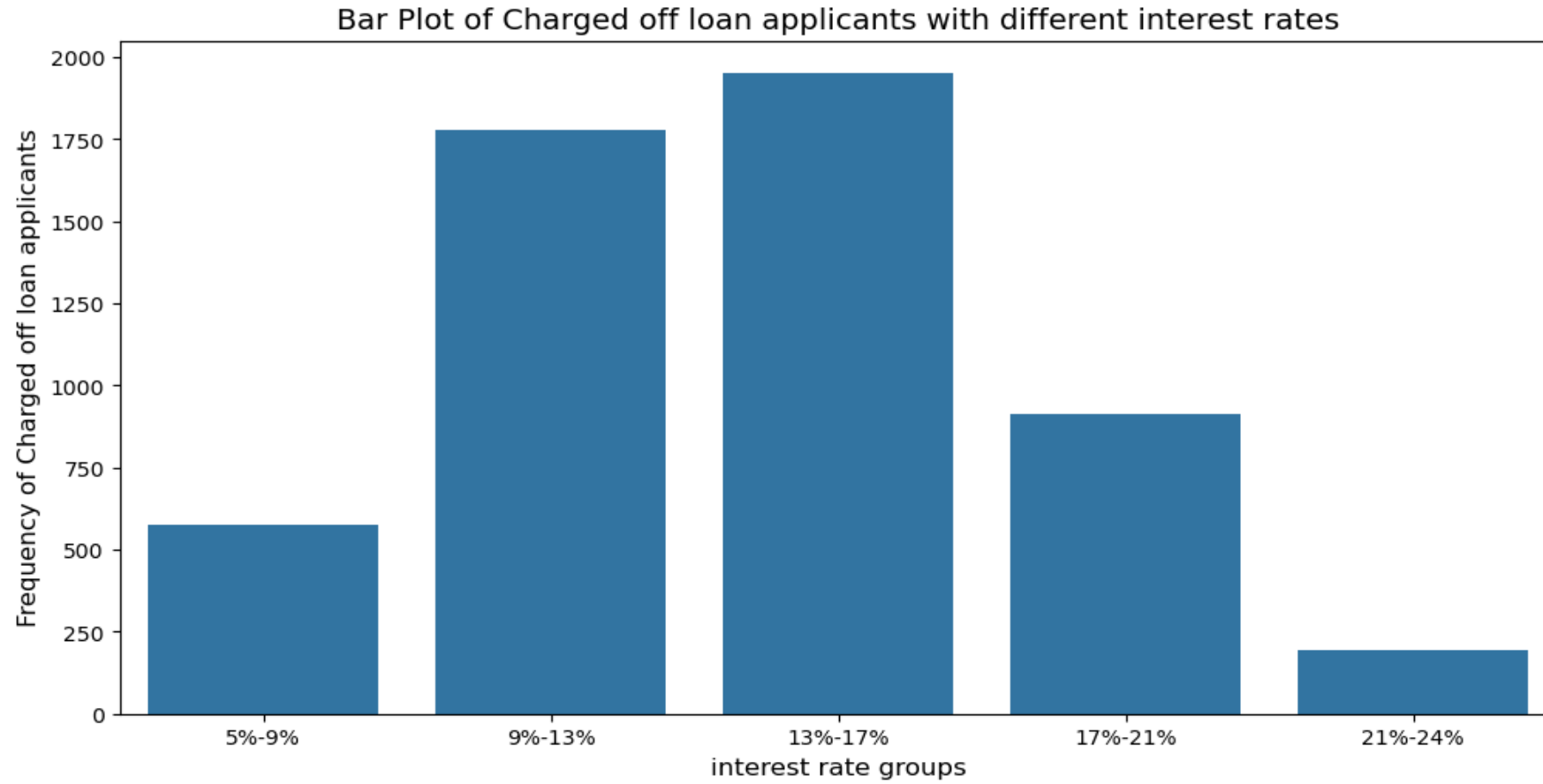
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## Quantitative variables

- Interest rate bucket (int\_rate\_groups)
- Annual income bucket (annual\_inc\_groups)
- Loan amount bucket (loan\_amnt\_groups)
- Debt to Income rate (DTI)
- Funded amount bucket (funded\_amnt\_groups)



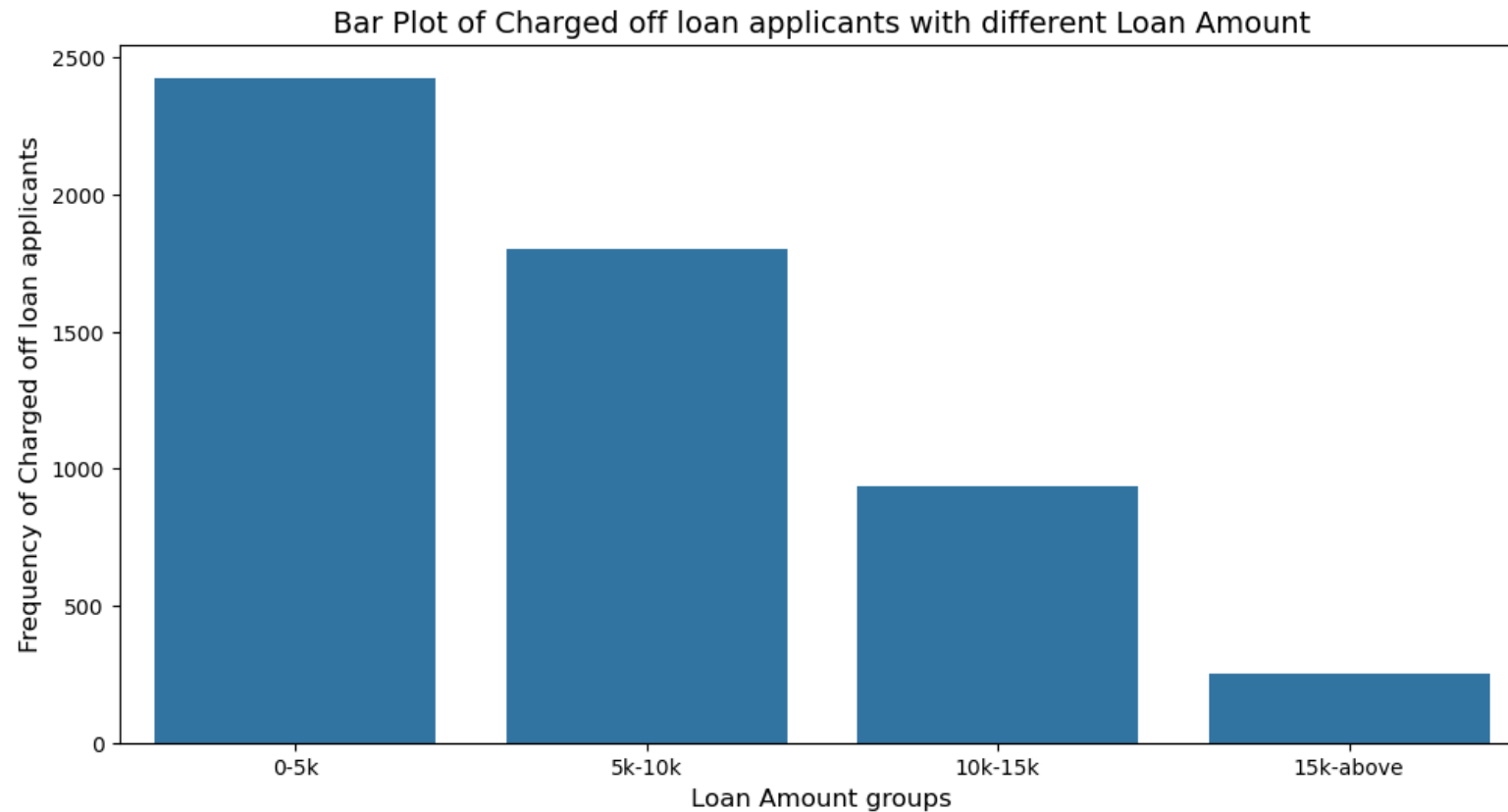
# Bar Plot of Charged off loan applicants with different interest rates



## Insights

Most of the loan participants who charged off has Dti is between 13-17

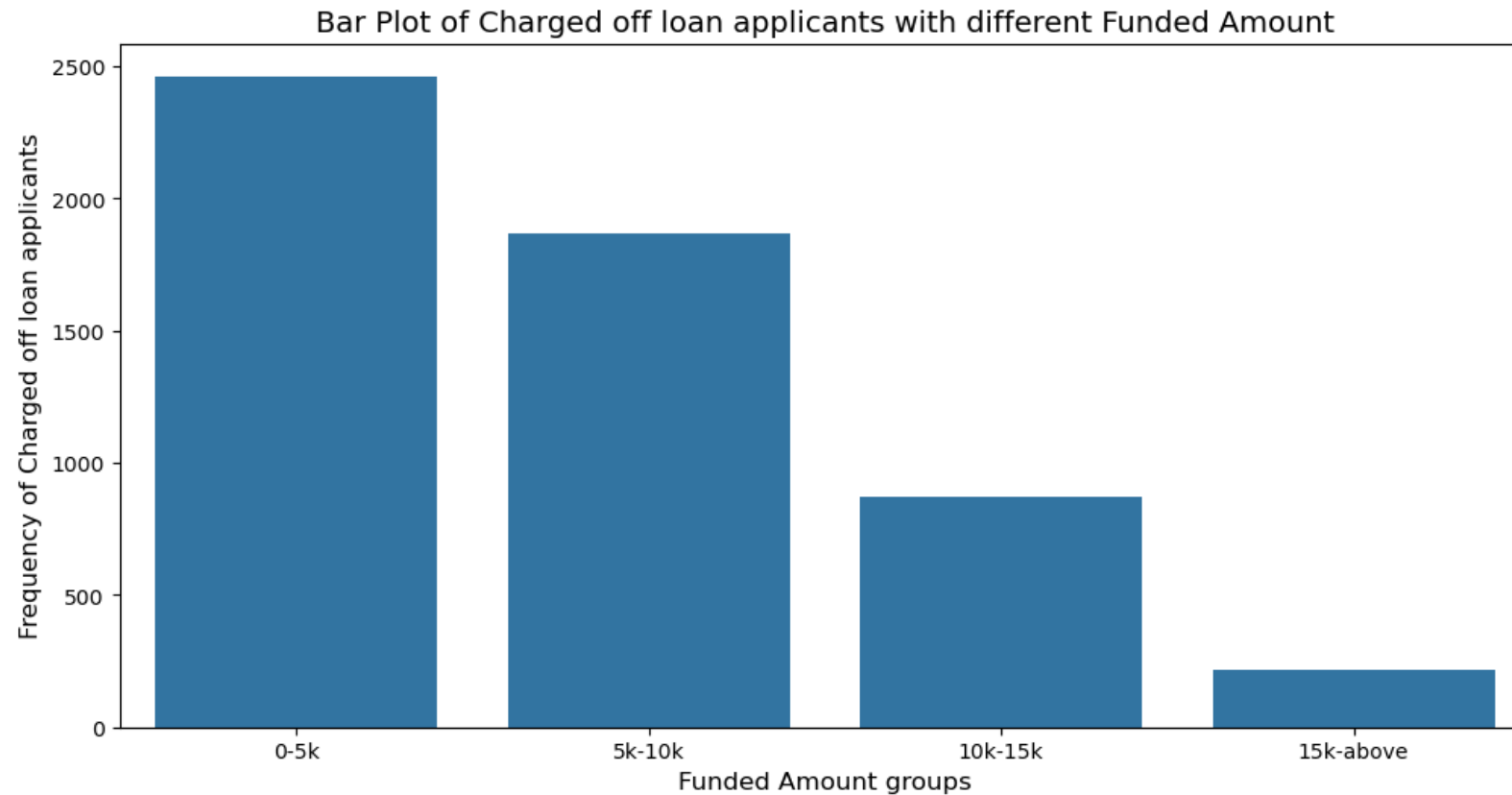
# Bar Plot of Charged off loan applicants with different Loan Amount



## Insights

Most of the loan participants who charged off received loan amounts are below 10,000 USD.

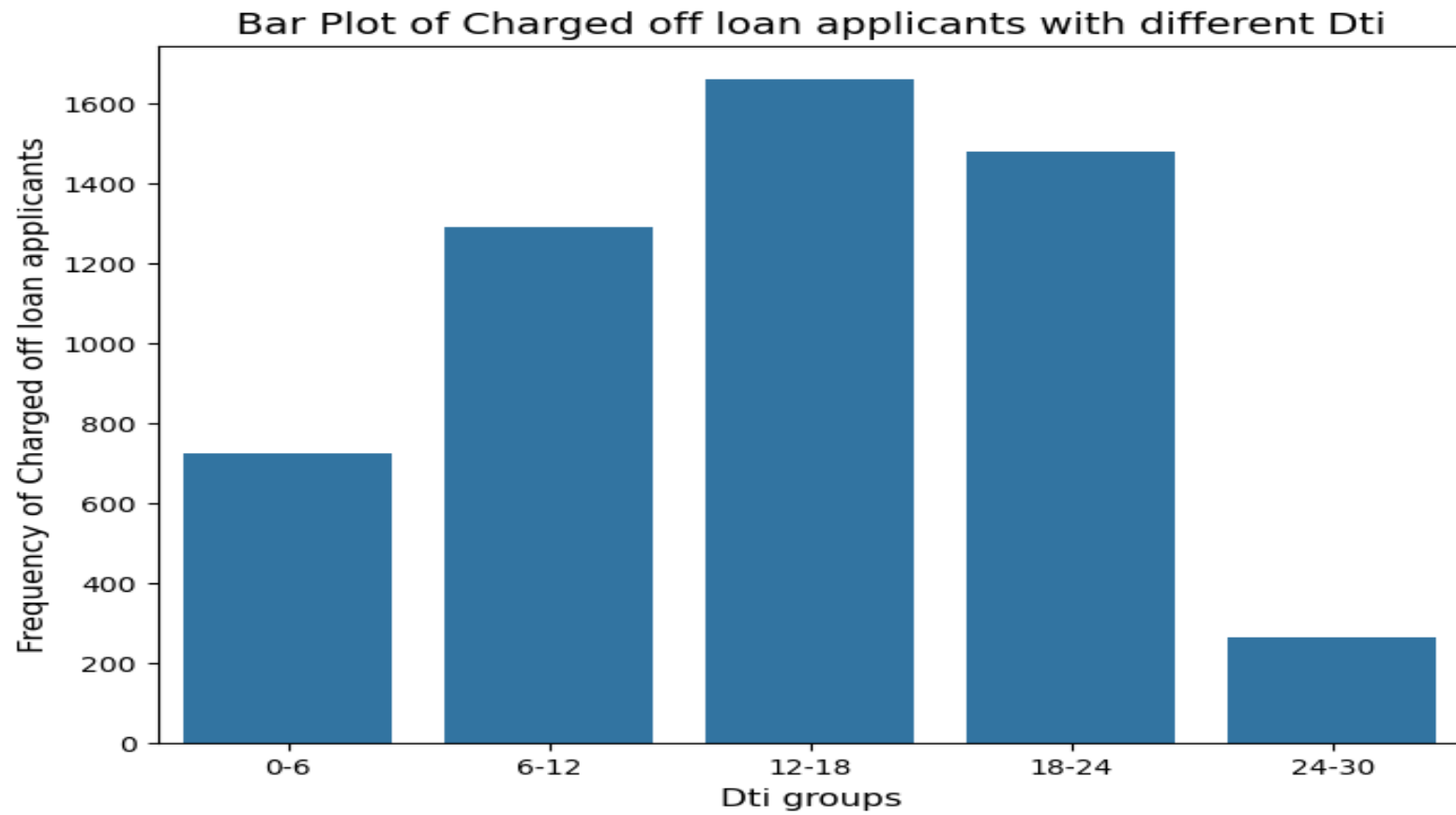
# Bar Plot of Charged off loan applicants with different Funded Amount



## Insights

Most of the loan participants who charged off received funded amounts are below 10,000 USD .

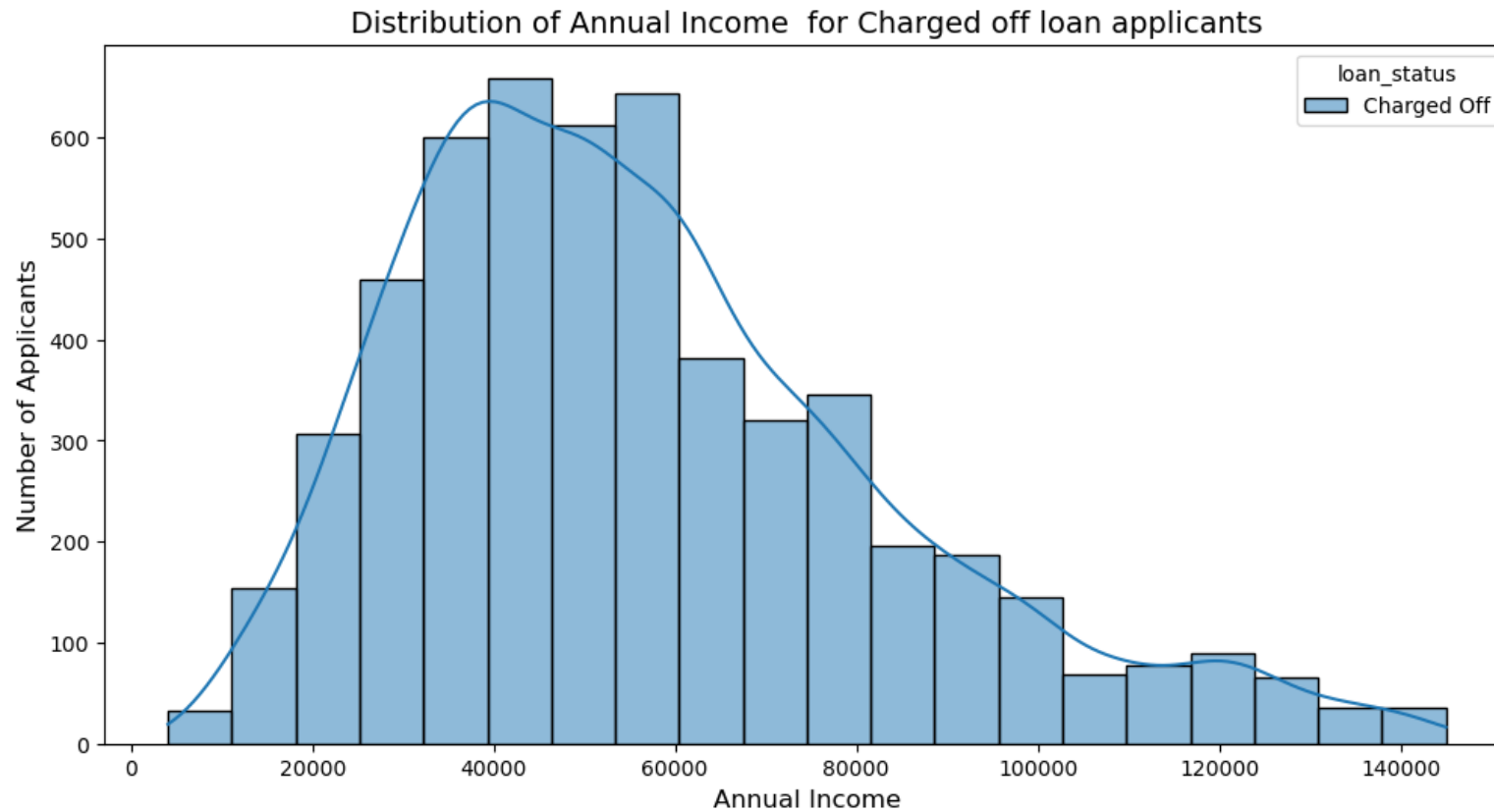
# Bar Plot of Charged off loan applicants with different Dti



## Insights

The majority of "Charged off" loan participants lived in rented houses or mortgage.

# Distribution of Annual Income for Charged off loan applicants



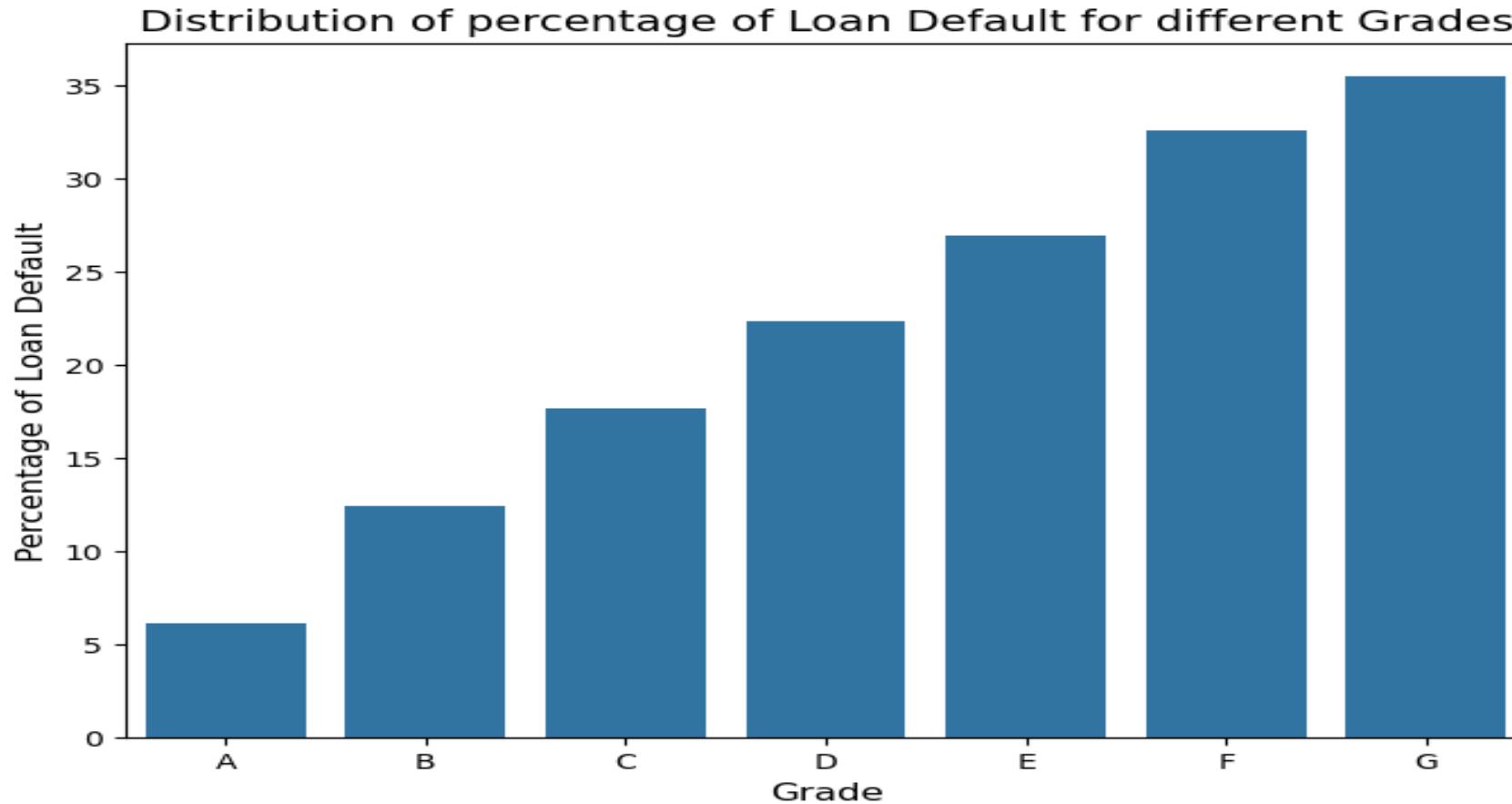
## Insights

Most of the charged off loan applicants had annual salaries between 35,000 to 60,000 USD.

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# Bivariate Analysis and Multivariate Analysis

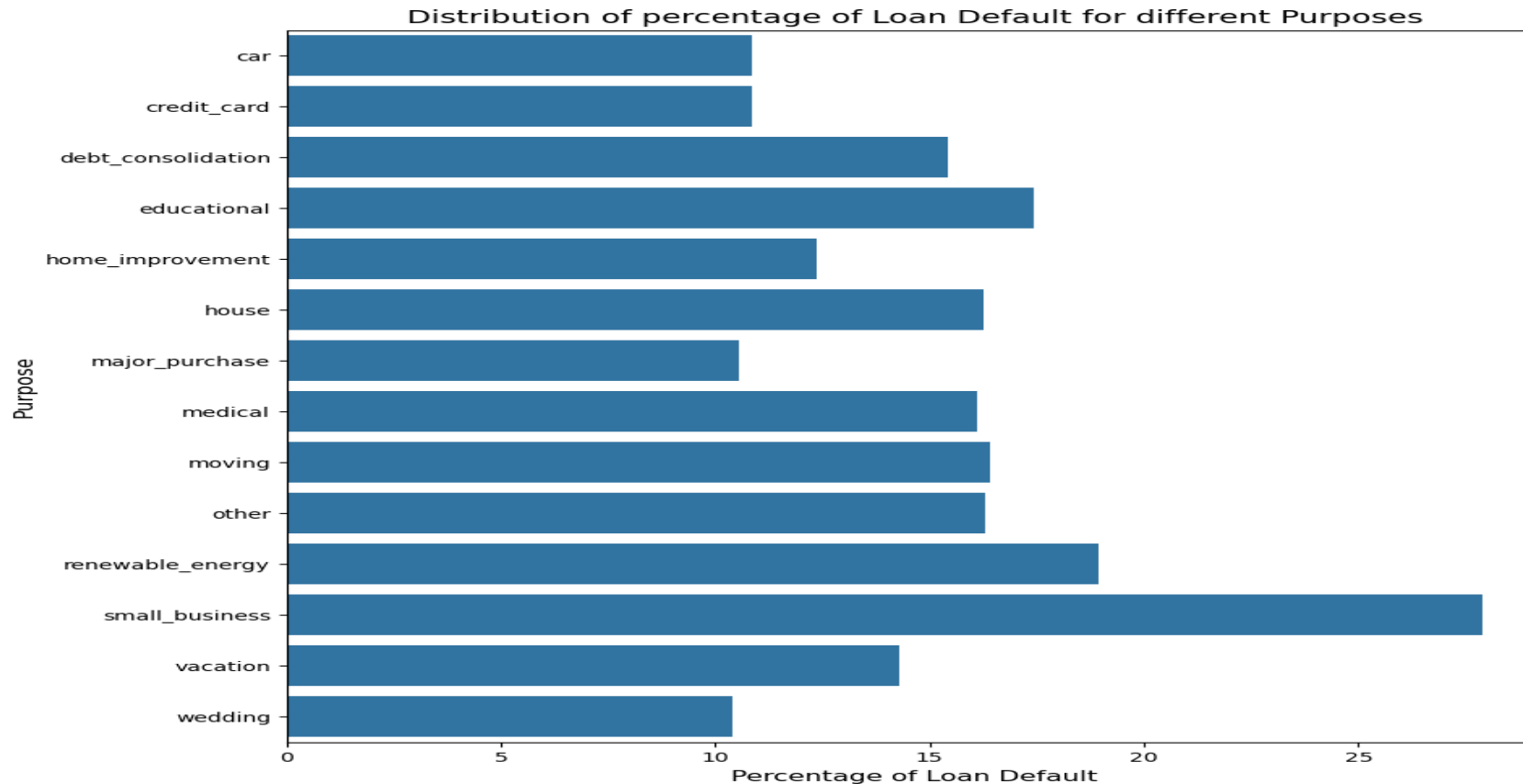
# Distribution of percentage of Loan Default for different Grades



## Insights

The Percentage of loan defaults increase with grade ,Grade E,F,G contributes to more percentage of Loan Defaults.

# Distribution of percentage of Loan Default for different Purposes



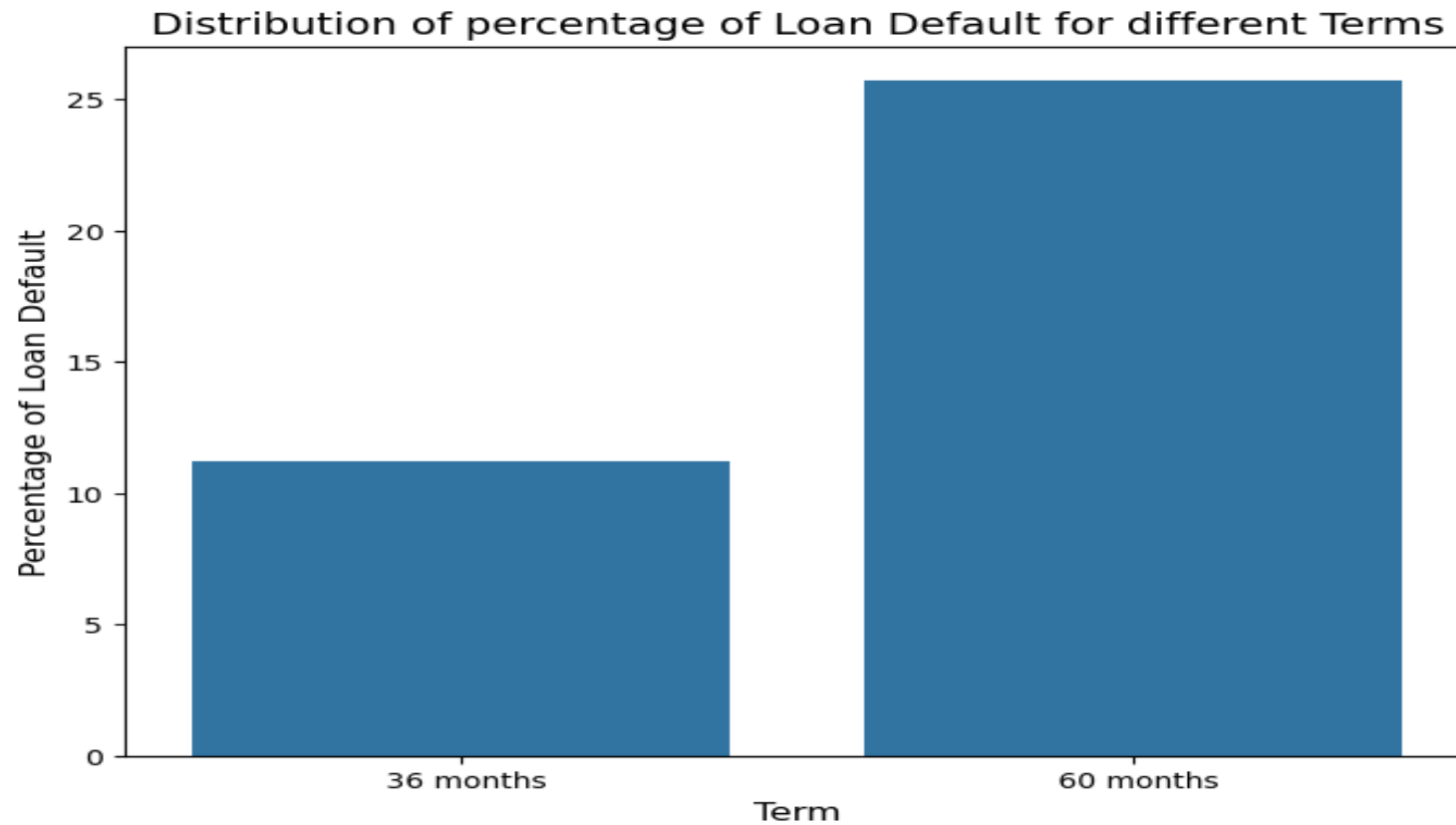
## Insights

Small Business is the category where the maximum percentage of loans are defaulted.



# Distribution of percentage of Loan Default for different Terms

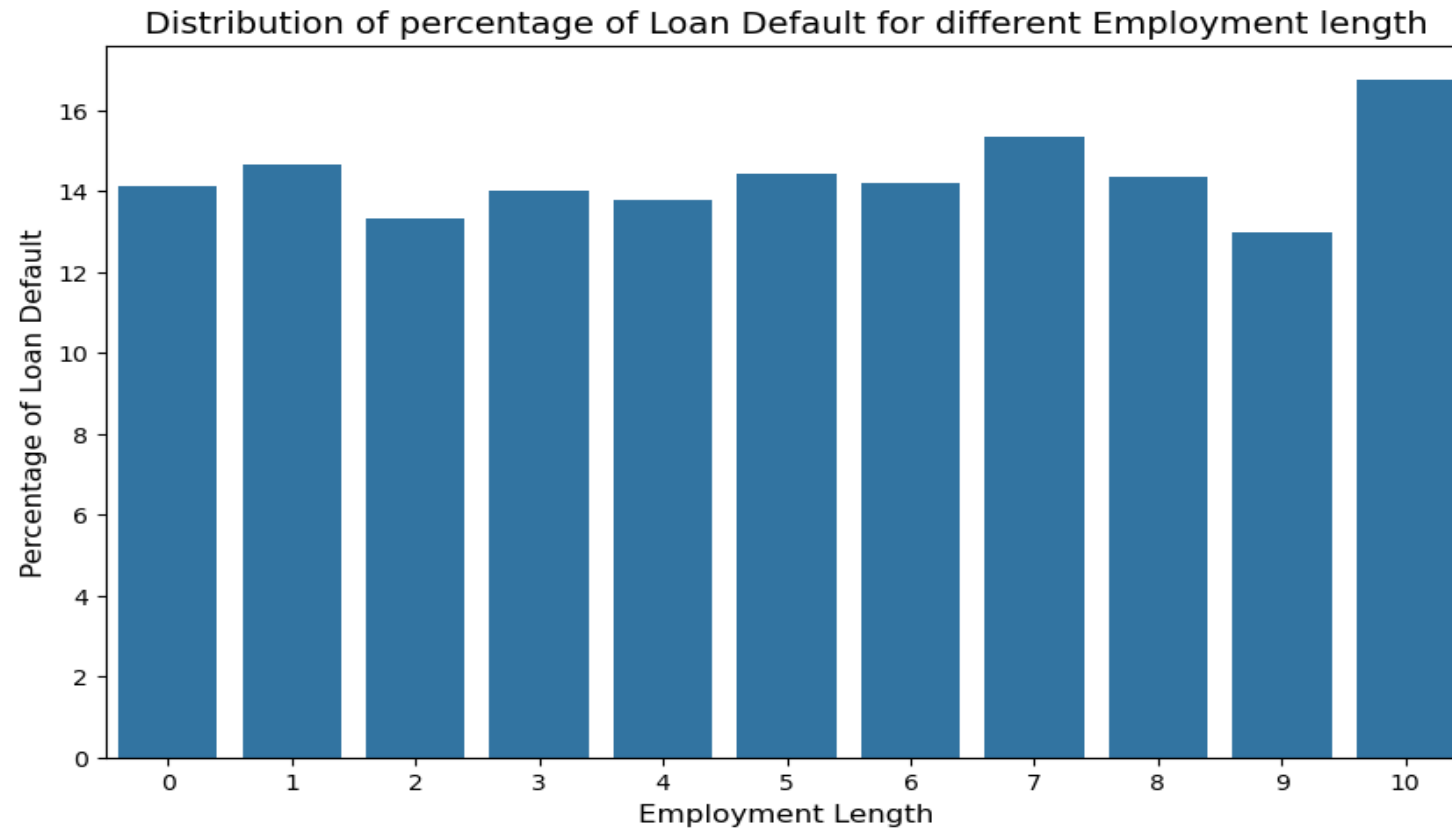
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## Insights

Loan applicants applying loan for 60 months are likely to default more than the one taking loan for 36 months.

# Distribution of percentage of Loan Default for different Employment length

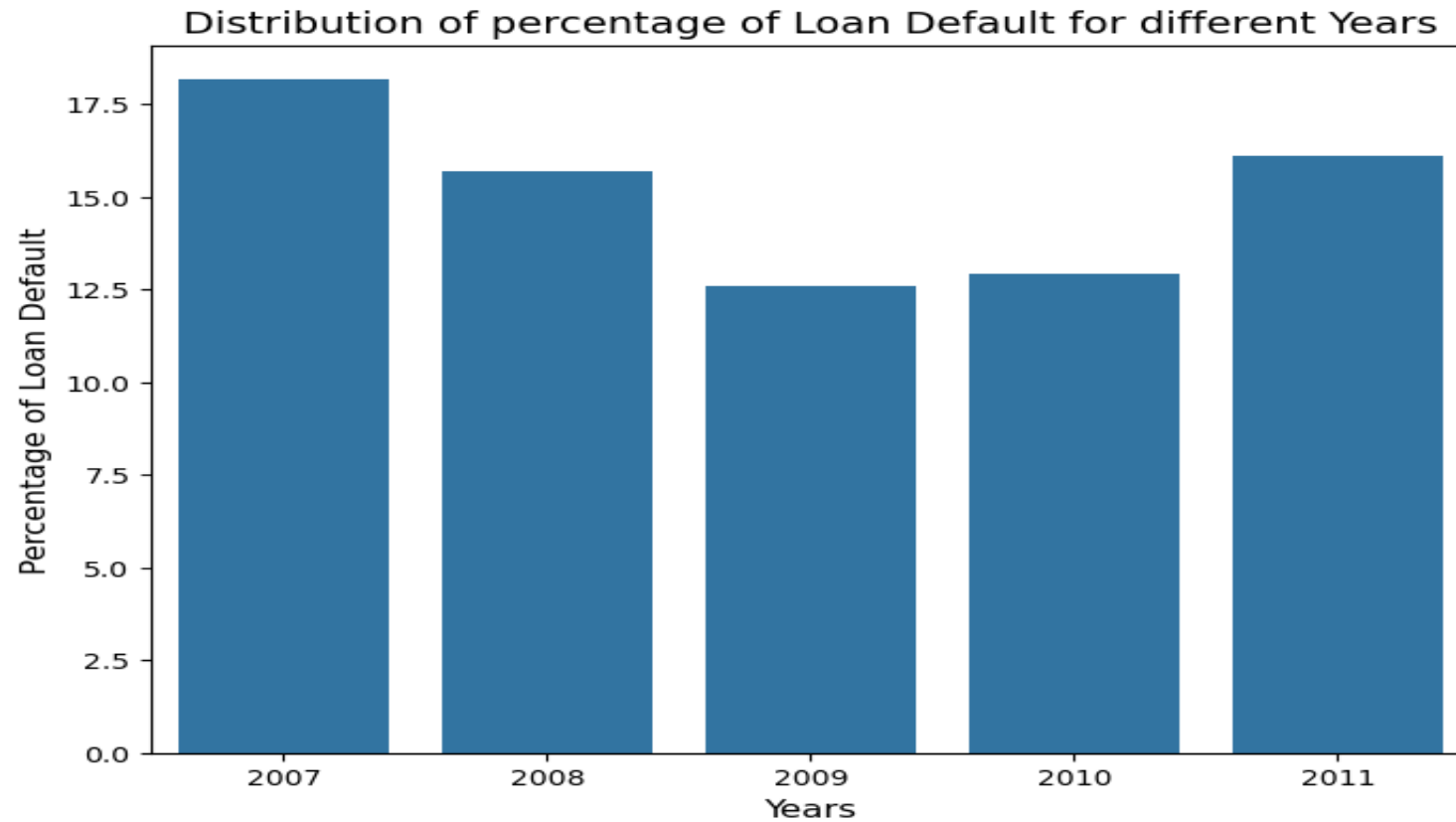


## Insights

Most loan applicants have ten or more years of experience, and they are also the most likely to default.

# Distribution of percentage of Loan Default for different Years

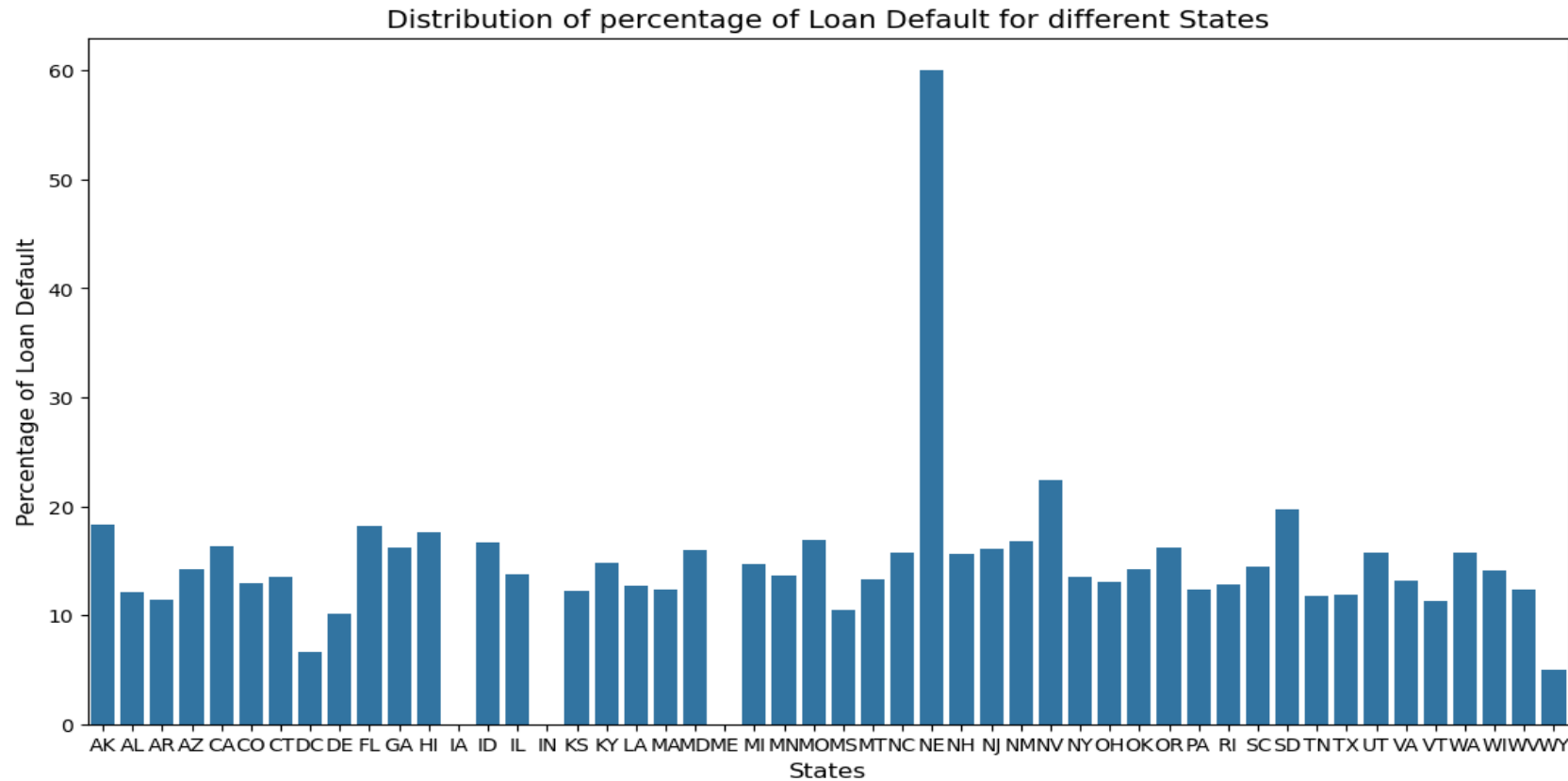
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## Insights

The percentage of loan Defaults is in reducing pattern from 2007 to 2009 and it increased in 2011 drastically.

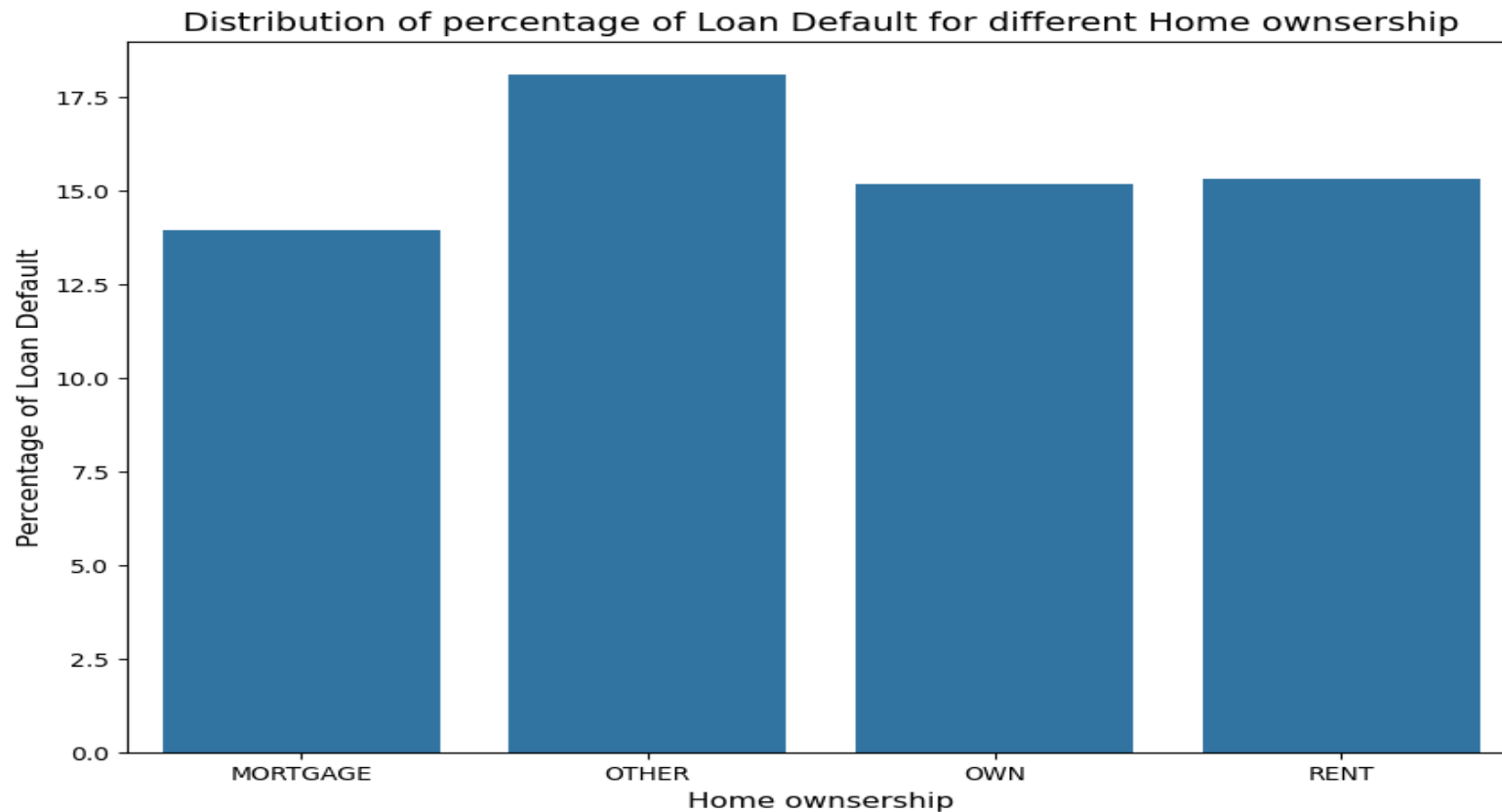
# Distribution of percentage of Loan Default for different States



## Insights

Loan applicants from the state of Nebraska(NE) are most likely to default.

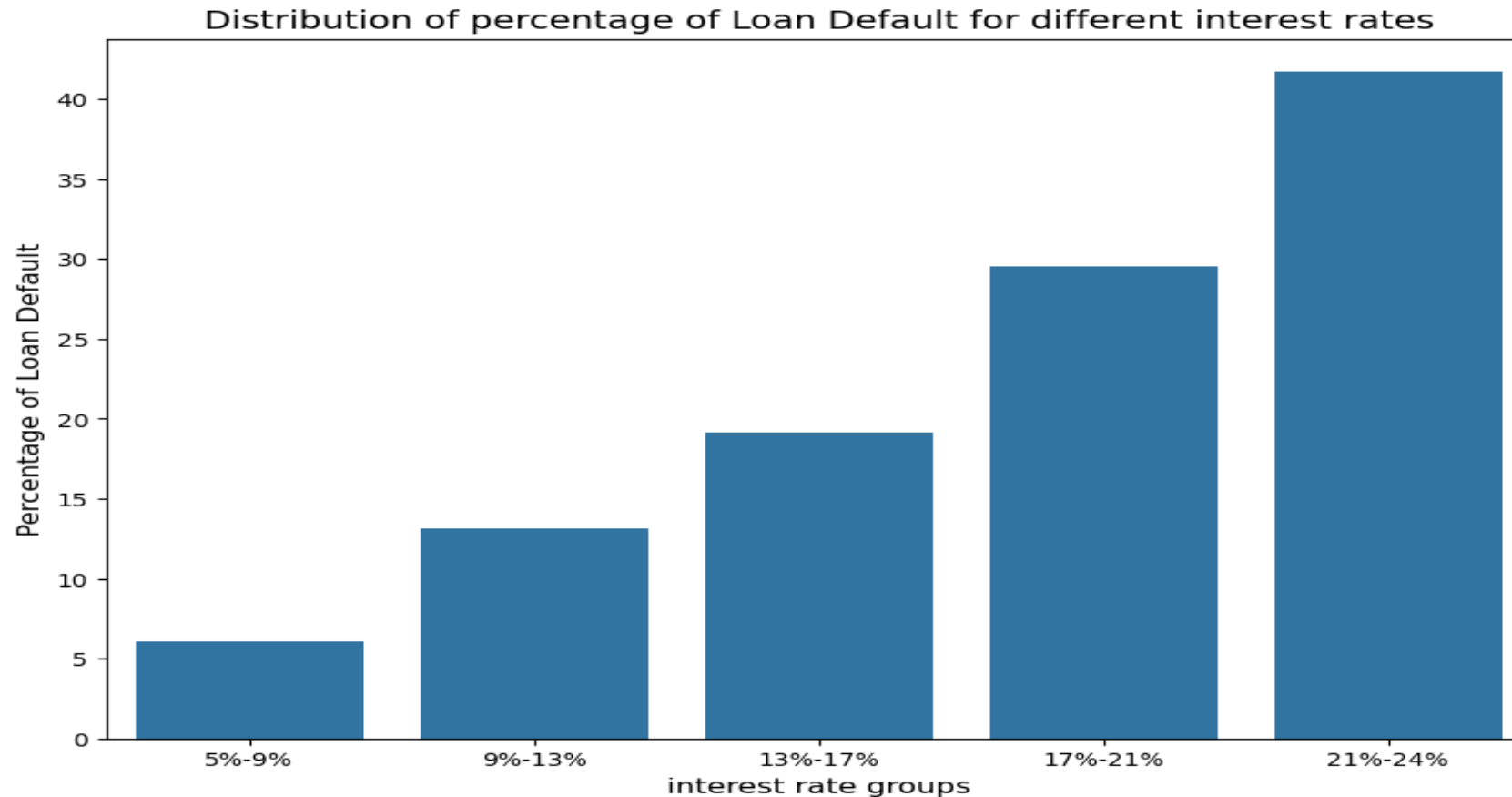
# Distribution of percentage of Loan Default for different Home ownership



## Insights

Loan applicants who mentioned other as home ownership are more likely to default.

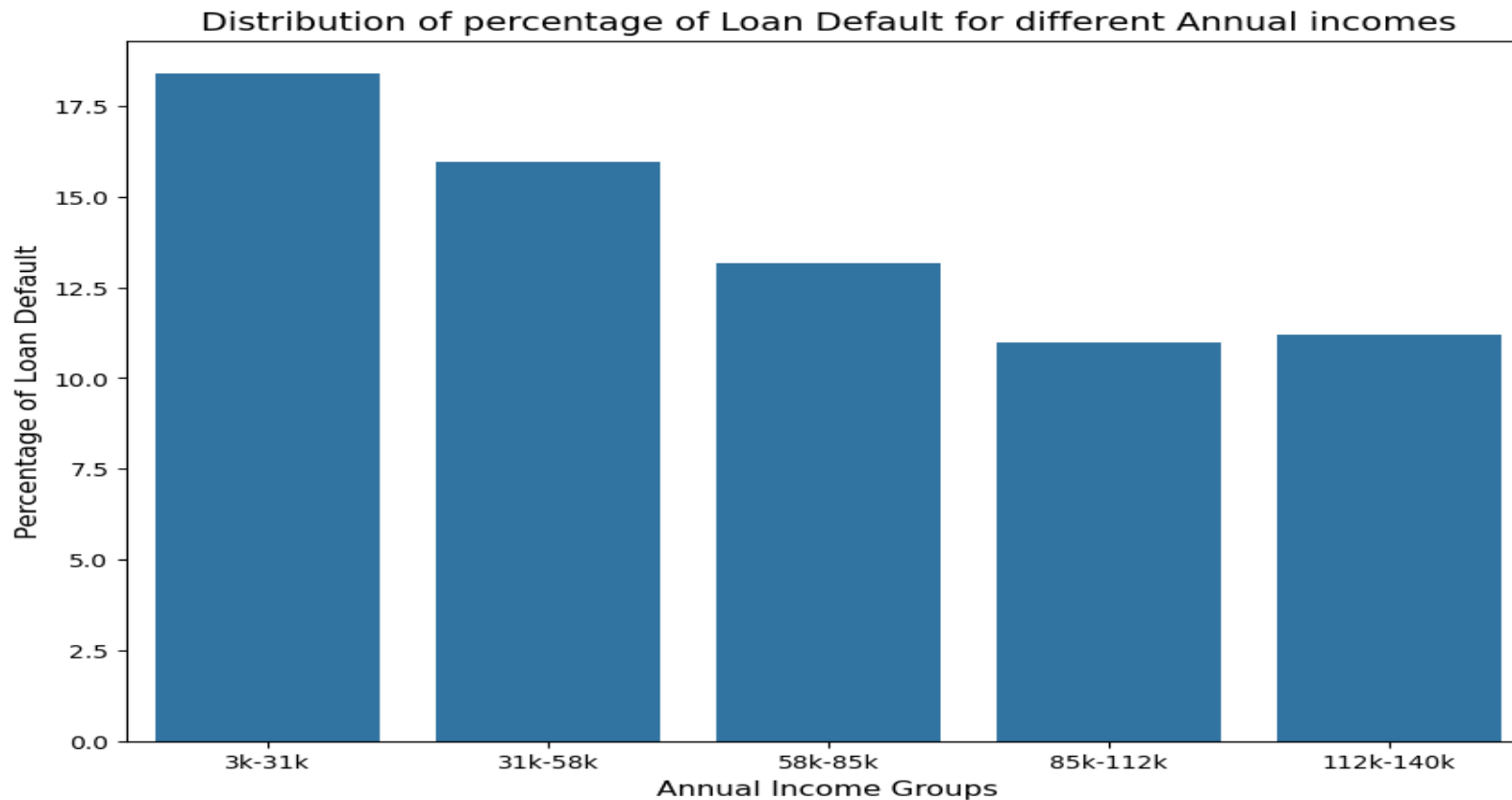
# Distribution of percentage of Loan Default for different interest rates



## Insights

The percentage of loan Defaults is in increasing pattern with increase in interest rates, 21%-24% range are mostly associated with defaults.

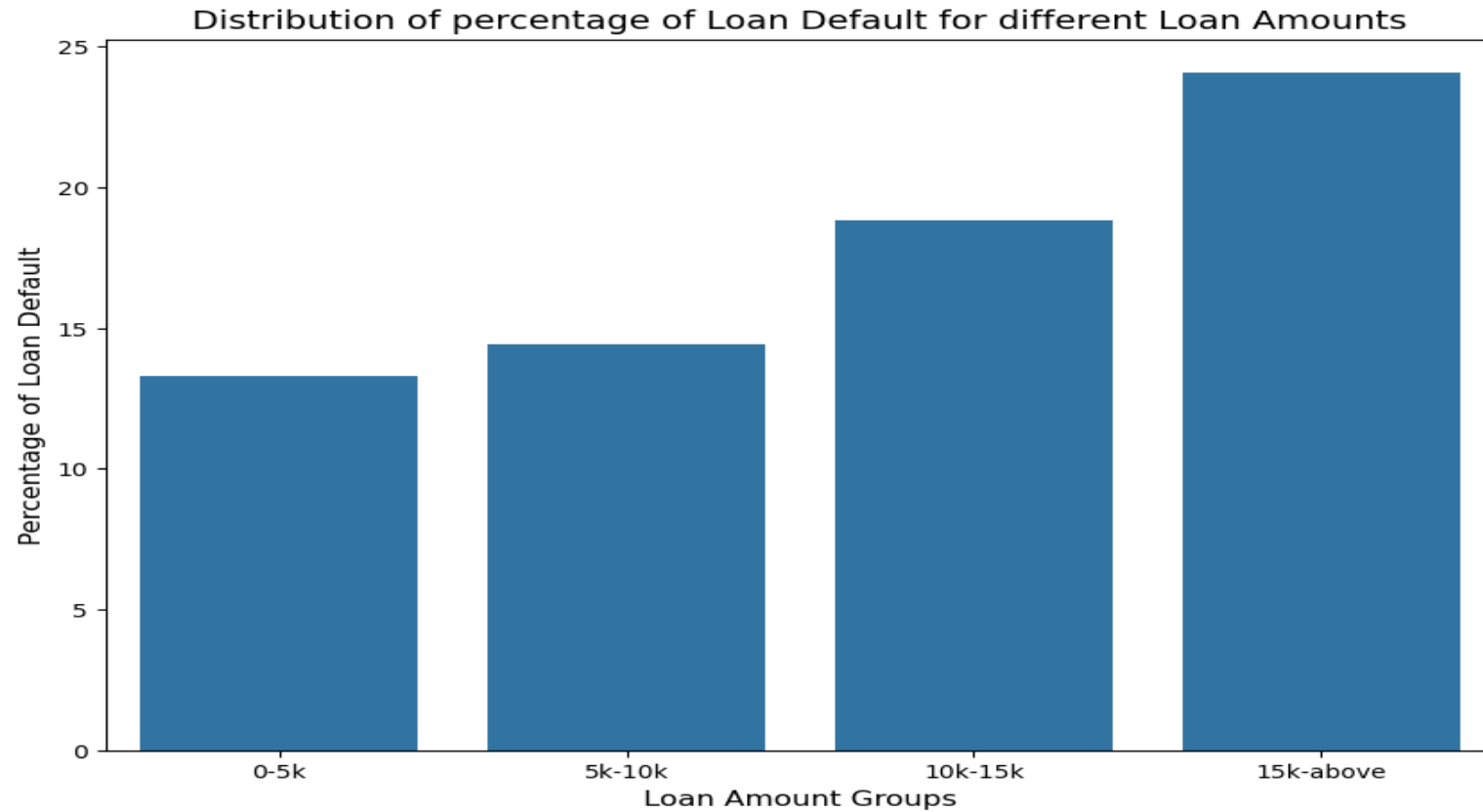
# Distribution of percentage of Loan Default for different Annual incomes



## Insights

A majority of the loan applicants who charged off reported an annual income of less than \$58,000.

# Distribution of percentage of Loan Default for different Loan Amounts

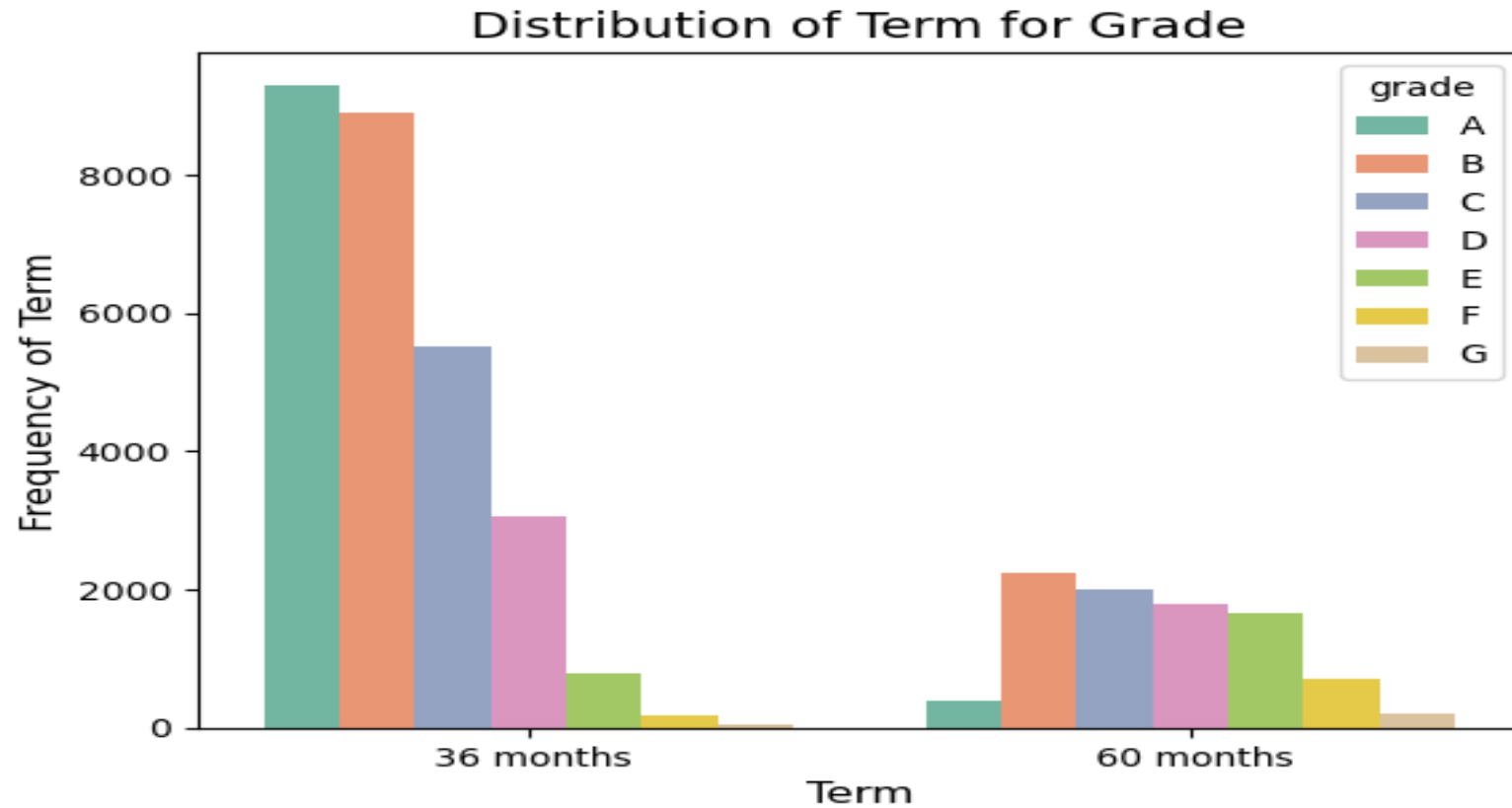


## Insights

Majority of the loan applicants who defaulted received loan amounts of \$15,000 or higher.



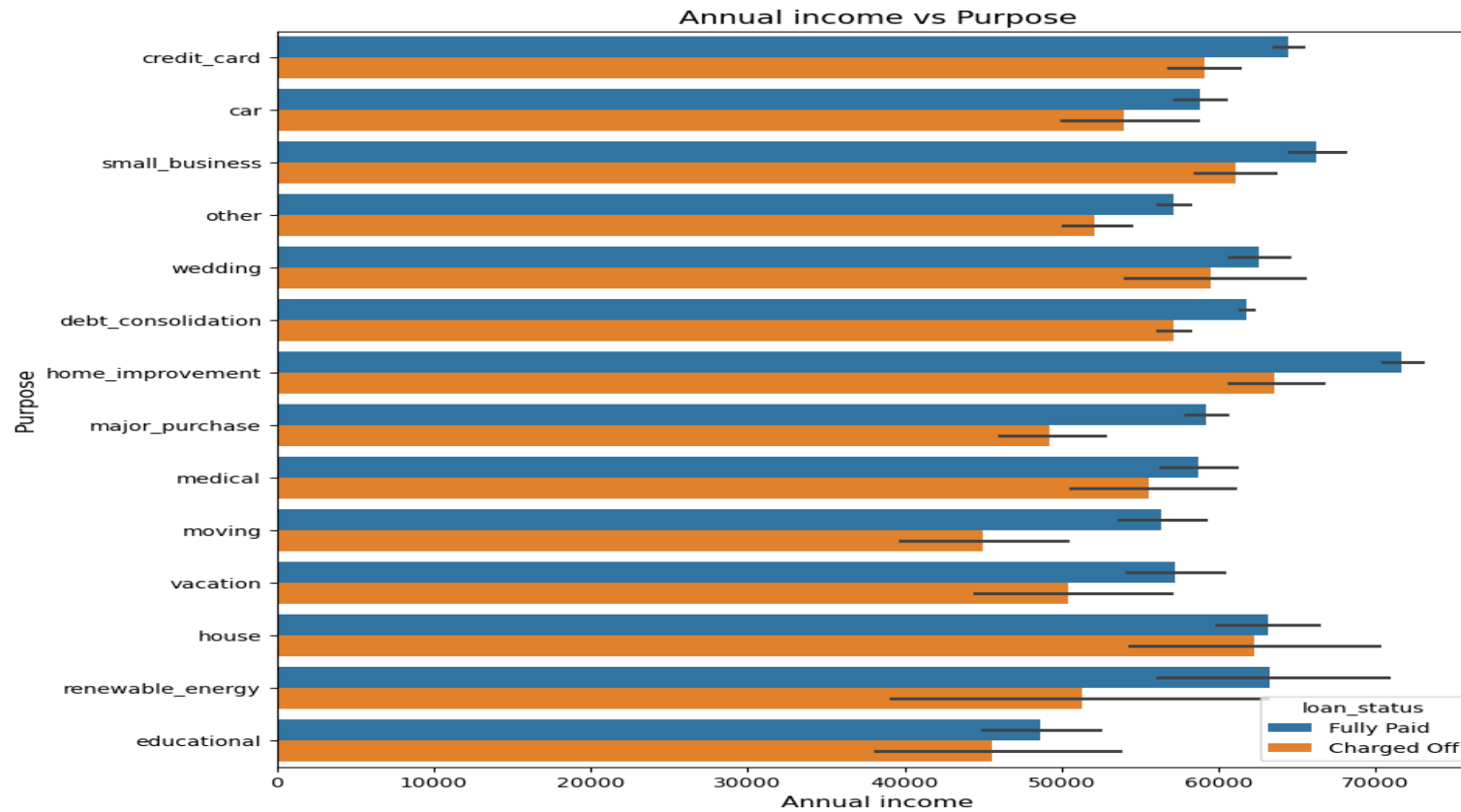
# Distribution of Term for Grade



## Insights

Grade A and B for short term loan has high chance of defaulting.

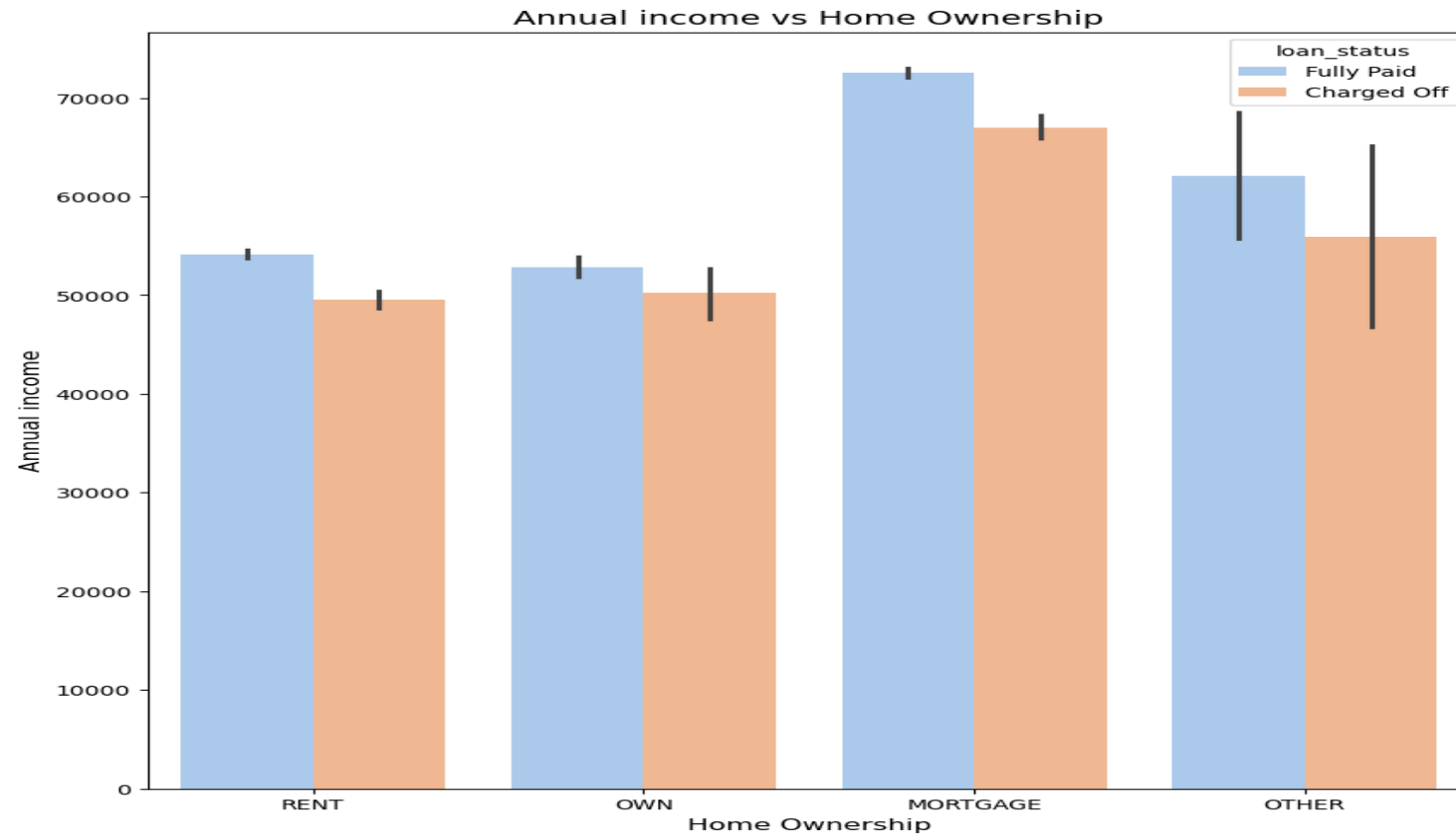
# Annual income vs Purpose



## Insights

Applicants taking loan for 'home improvement' and have income of 60k -70k, default most.

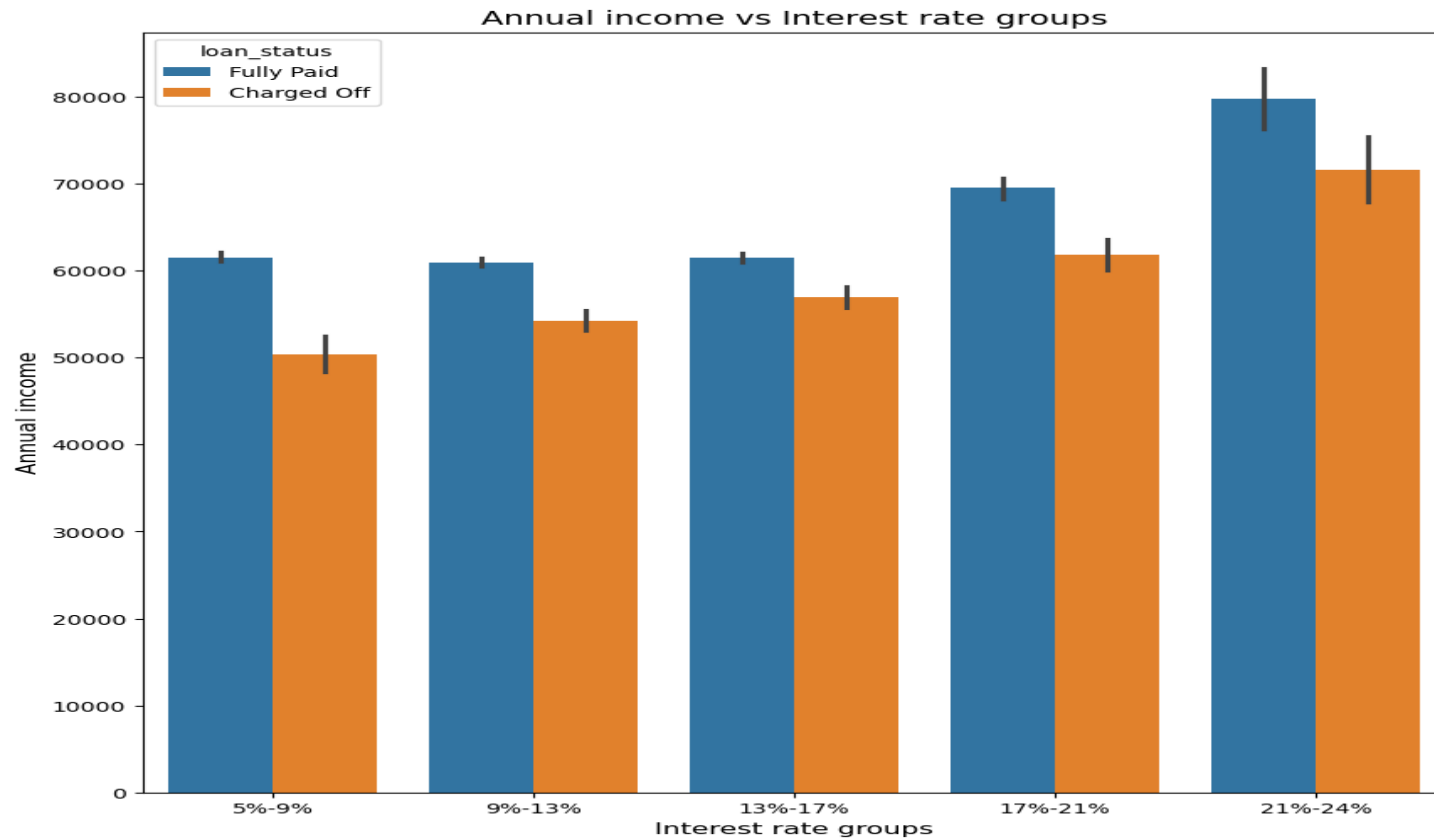
# Annual income vs Home Ownership



## Insights

Applicants whose home ownership is 'MORTGAGE' and have income of 60-70k default the most.

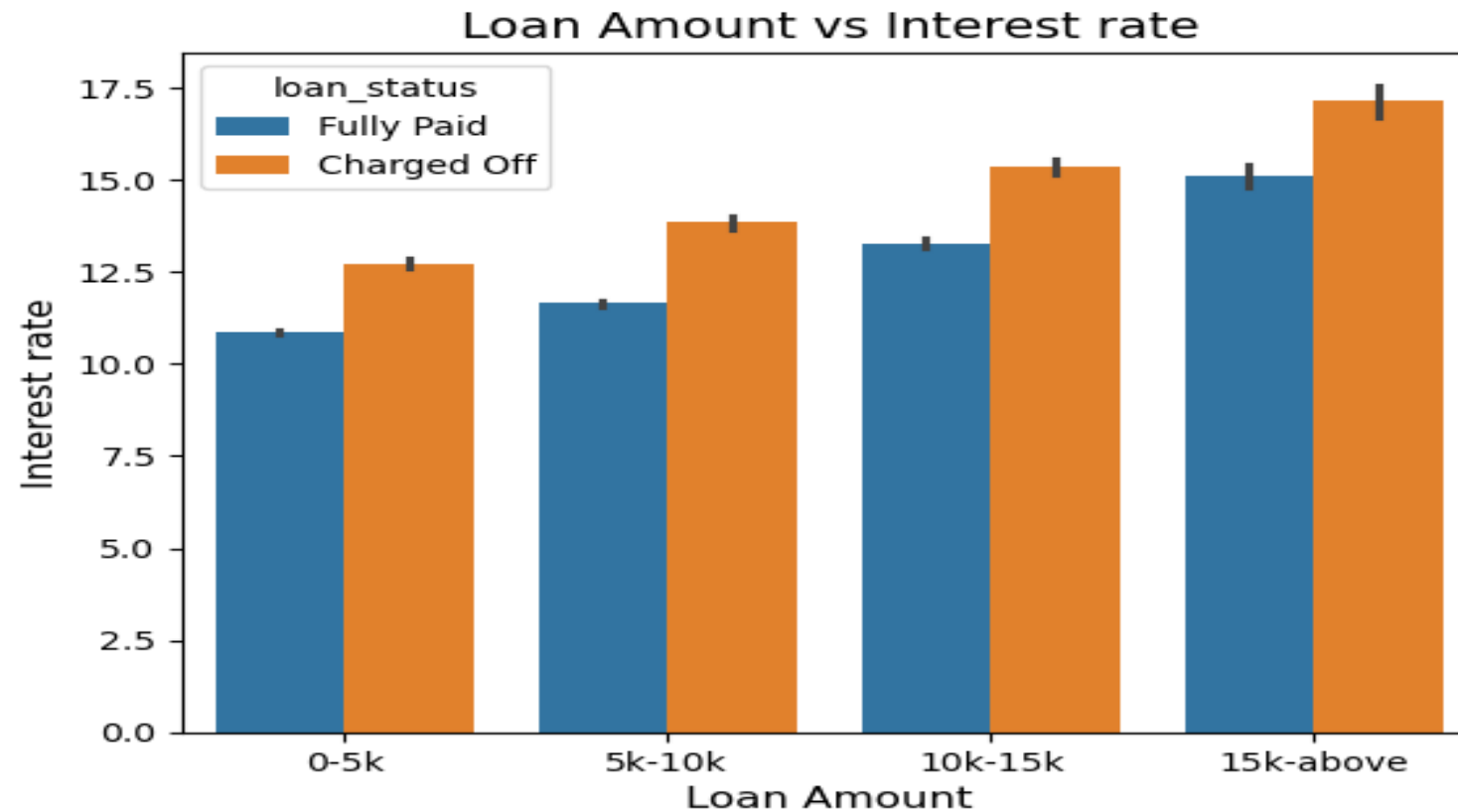
# Annual income vs Interest rate groups



## Insights

Applicants who receive interest at the rate of 21-24% and have an income of 70k-80k, default most.

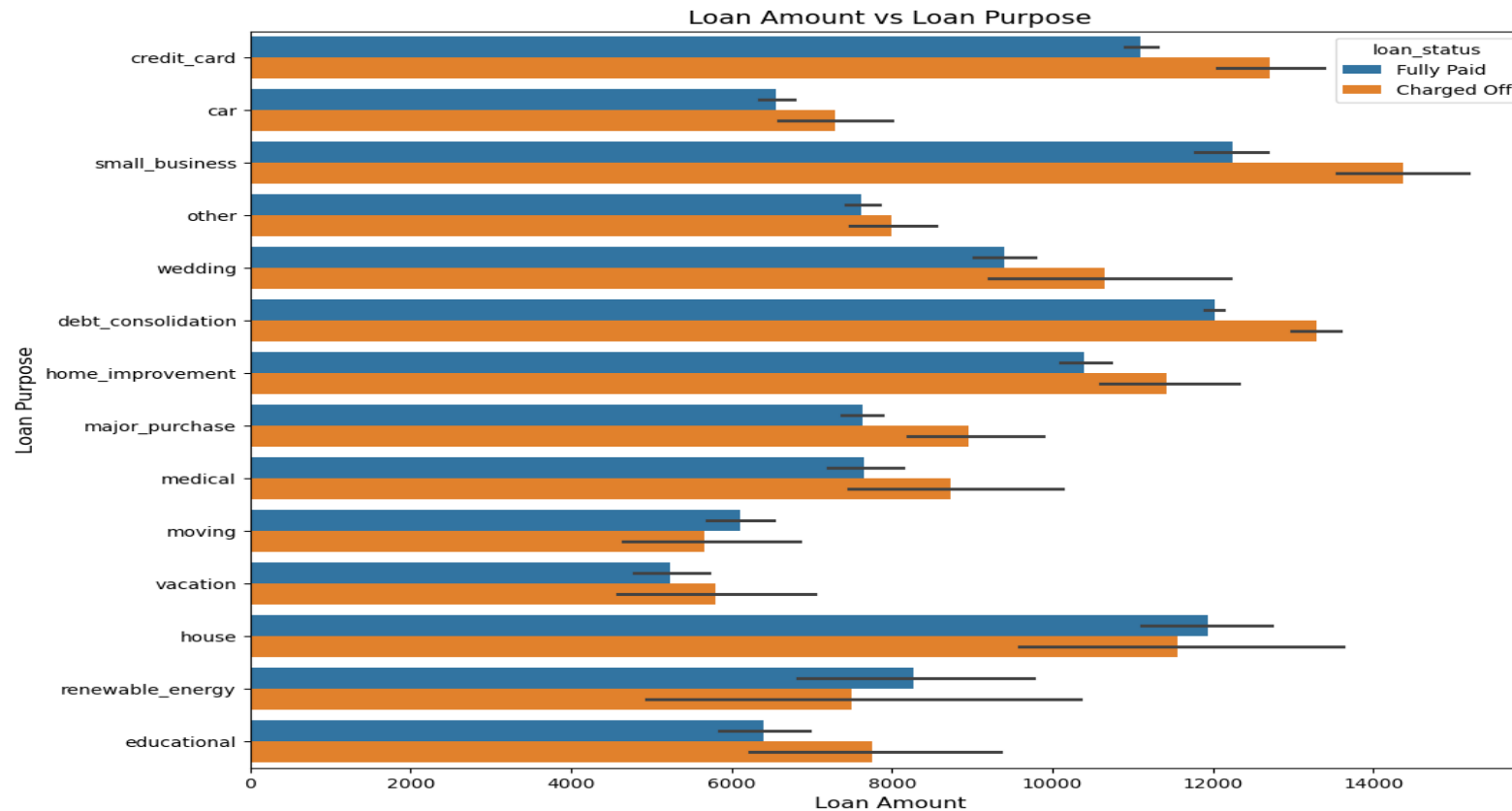
# Loan Amount vs Interest rate



## Insights

Applicants who have taken a loan in the range 15k -above and are charged interest rate of 15-17.5 % Default most.

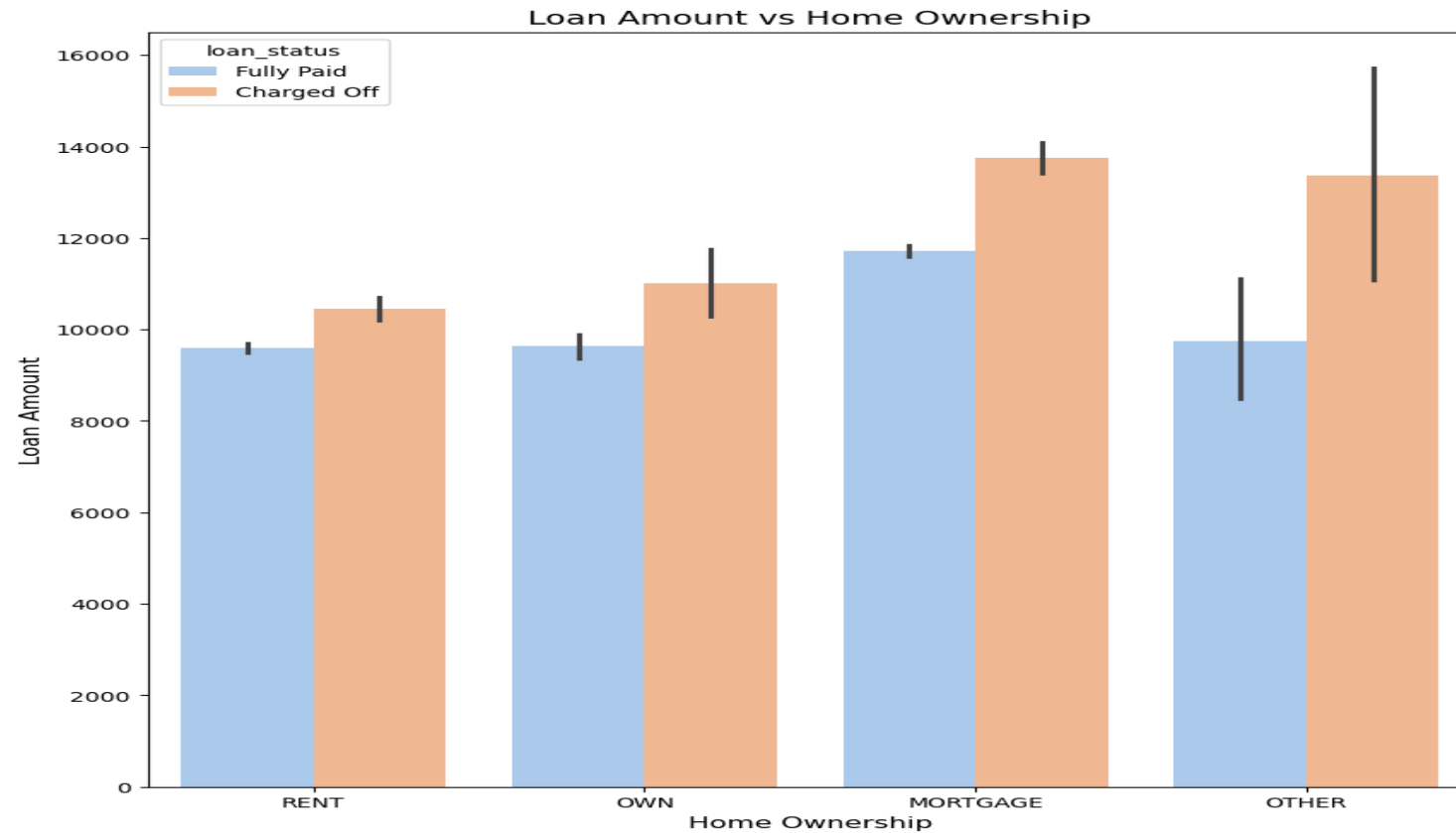
# Loan Amount vs Loan Purpose



## Insights

Applicants who have taken a loan for small business and the loan amount is greater than 14k default most.

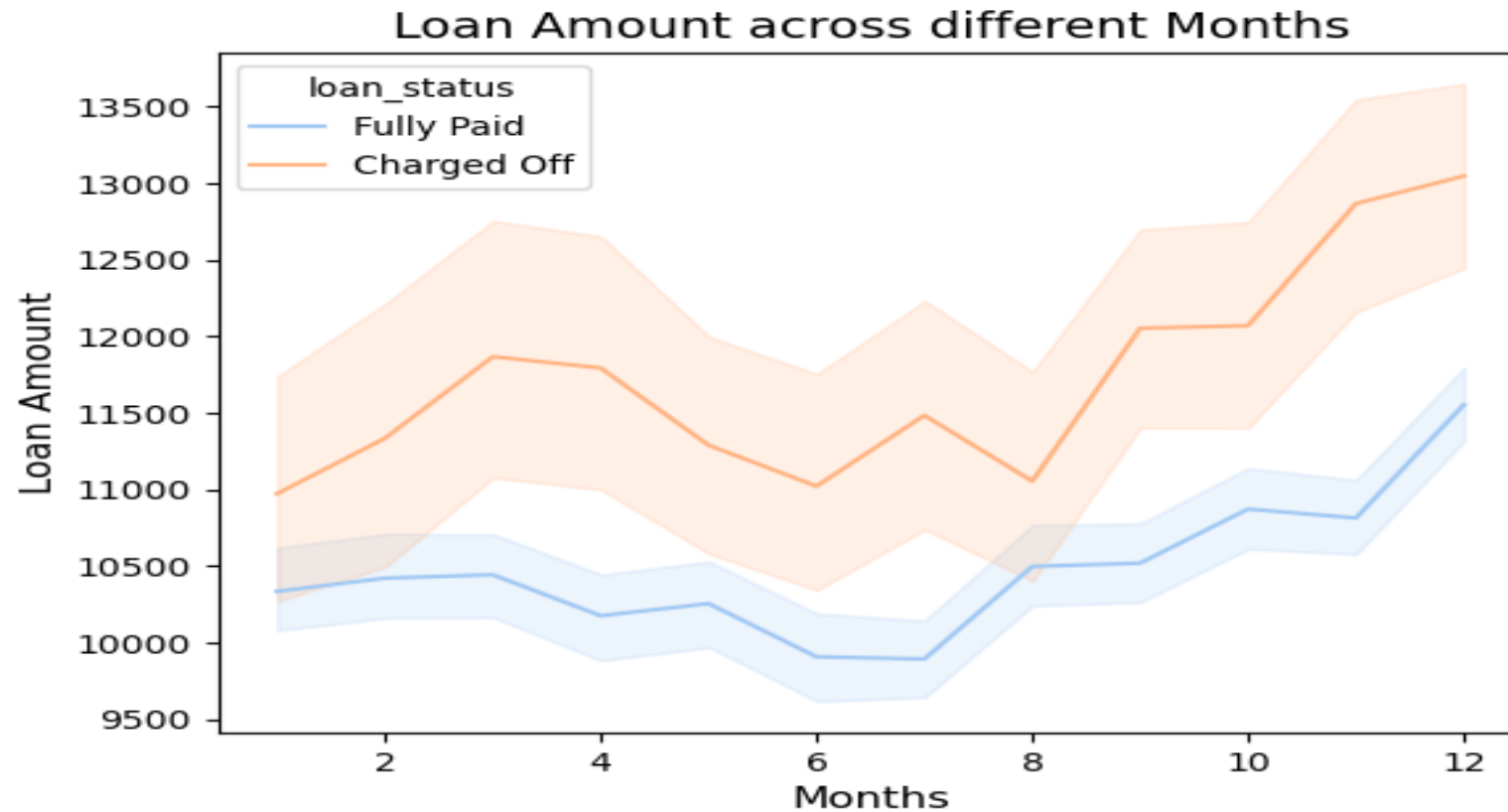
# Loan Amount vs Home Ownership



## Insights

Applicants whose home ownership is 'MORTGAGE' and have loan of 14-16k default most.

# Loan Amount across different Months

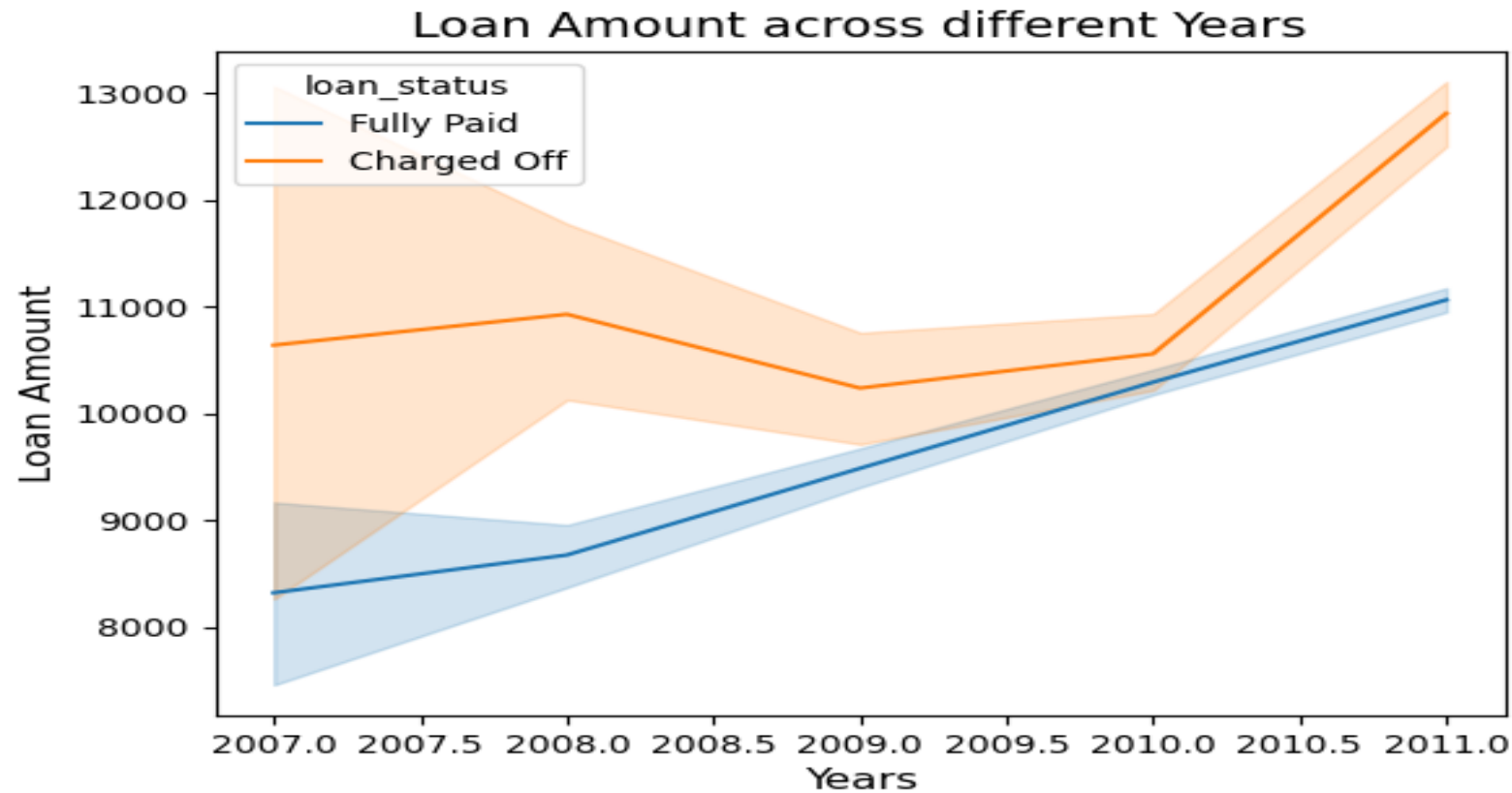


## Insights

Loan taken in December had highest defaults.



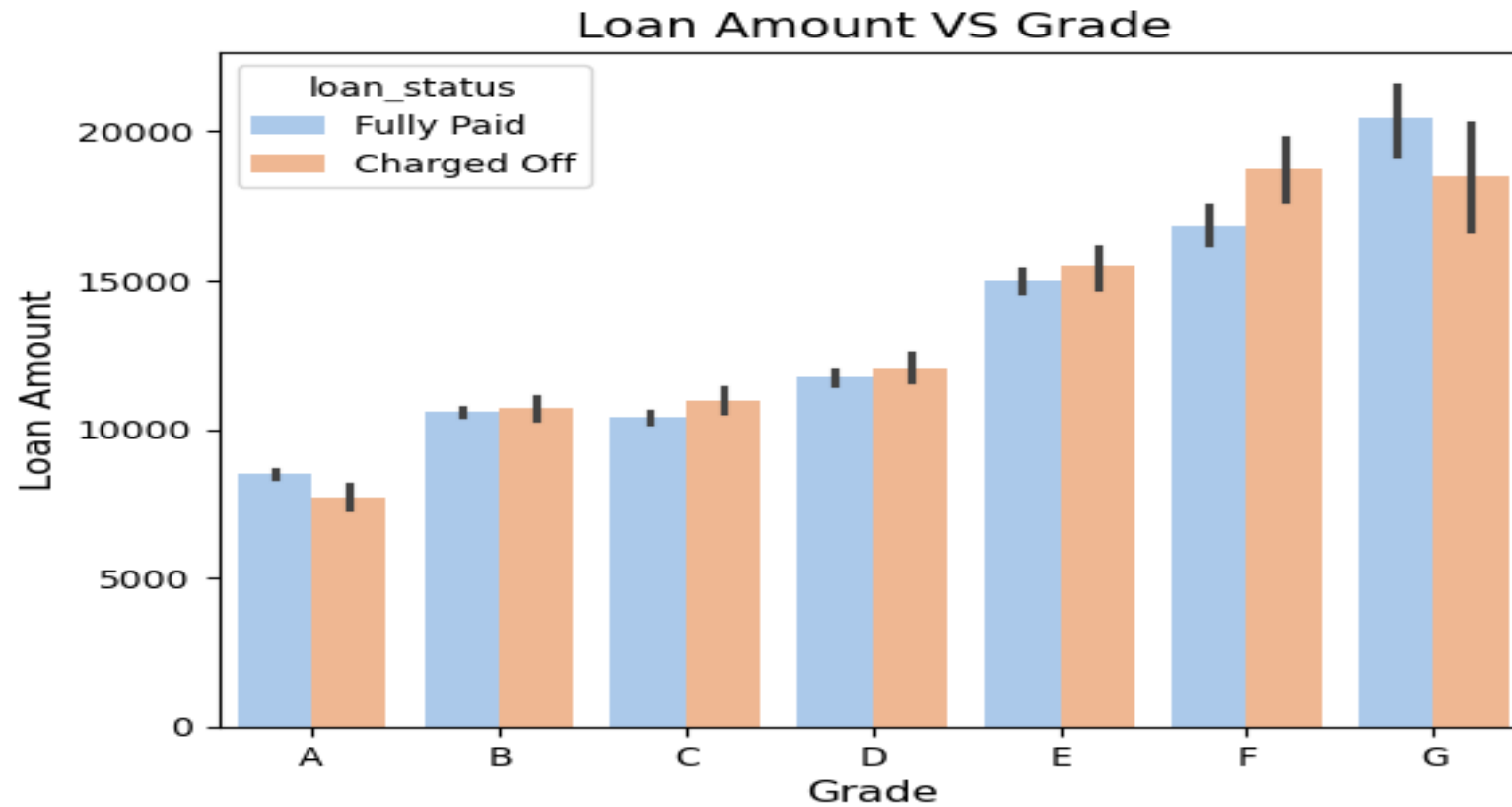
# Loan Amount across different Years



## Insights

2011 had most defaults due to some crisis.

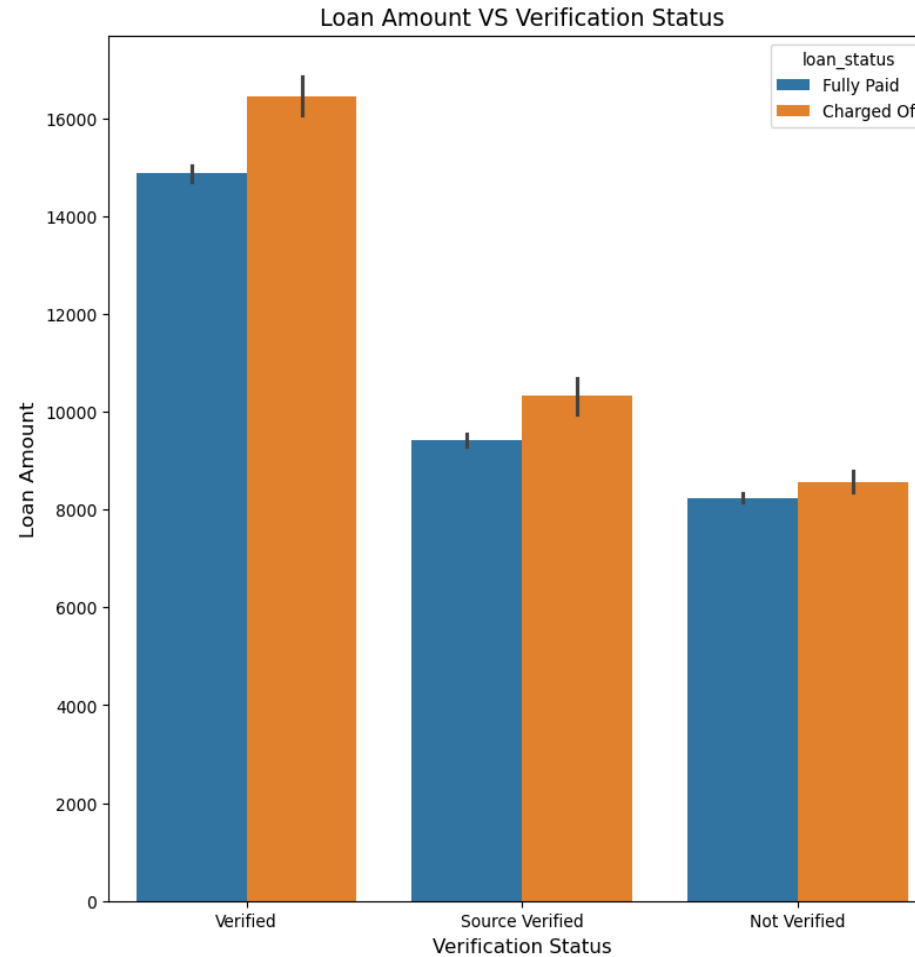
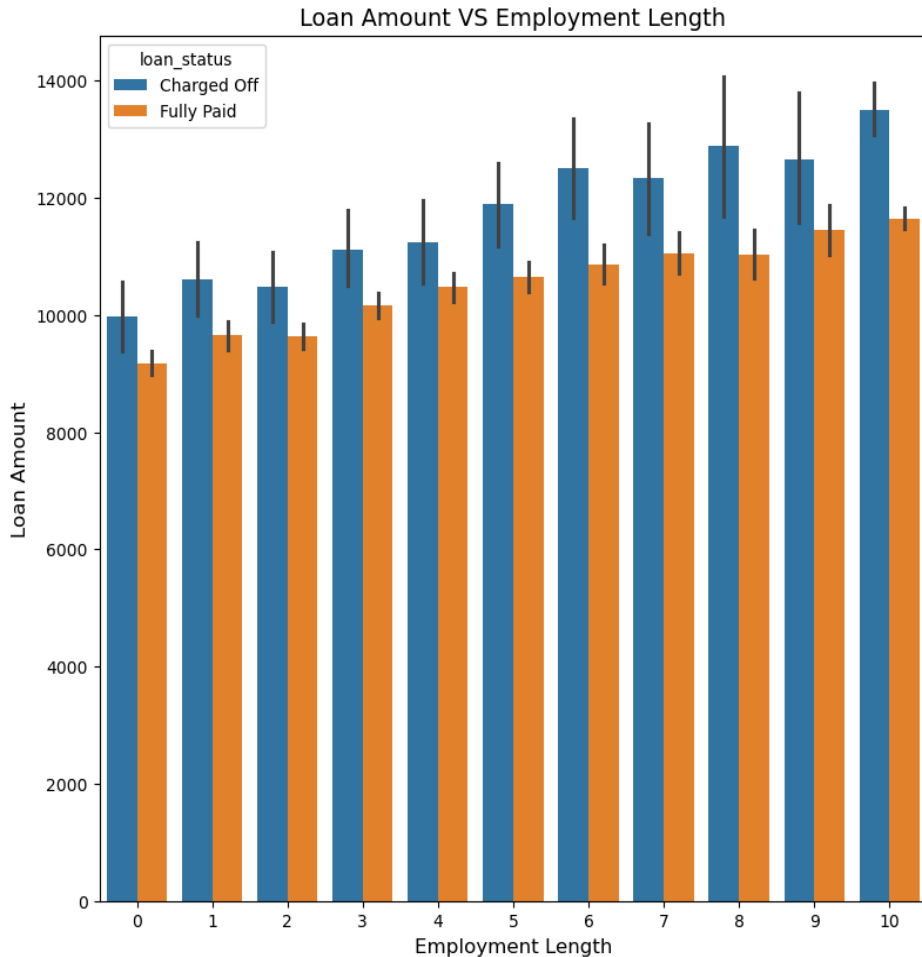
# Loan Amount VS Grade



## Insights

When grade is F,G and loan amount is between 15k-20k  
Had most defaults.

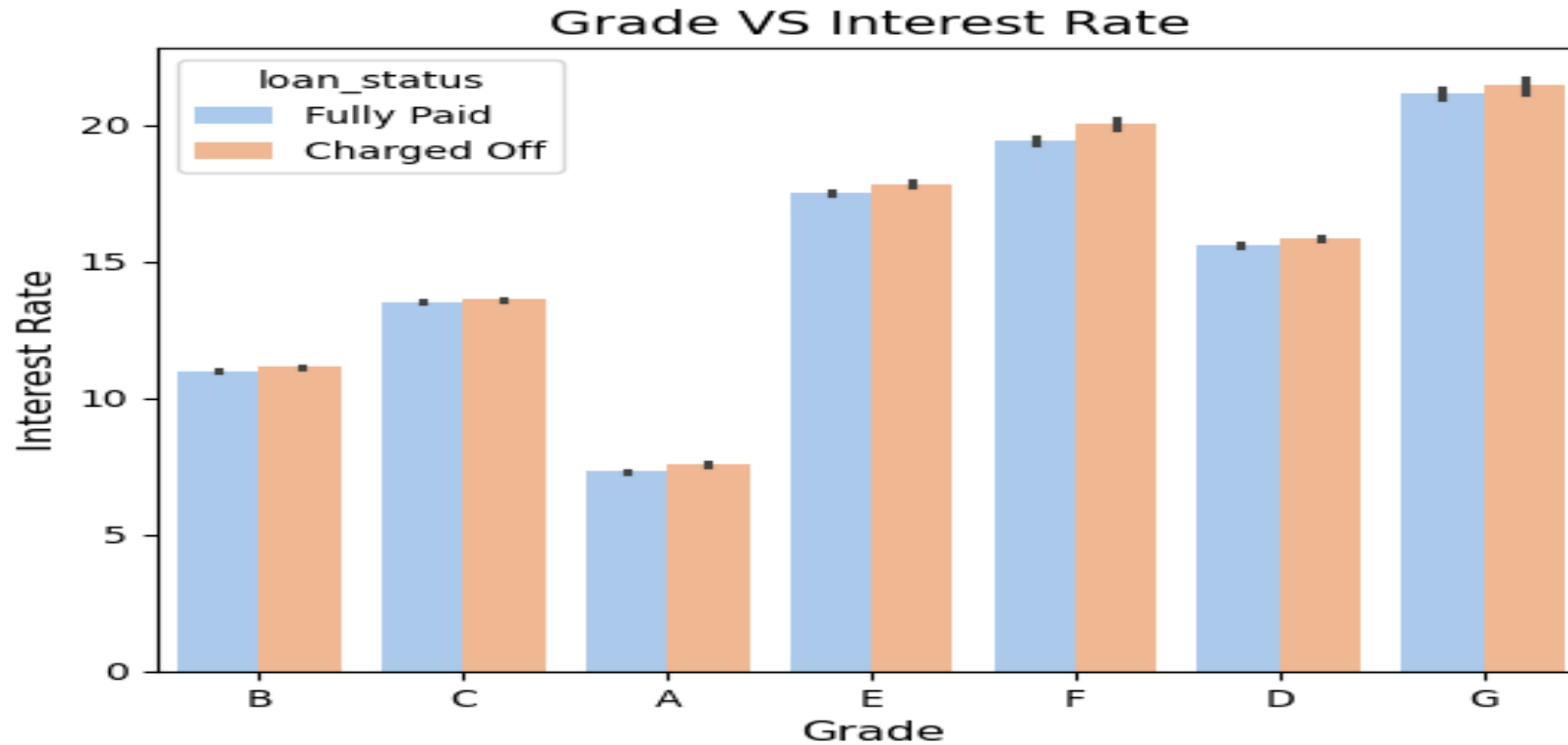
# Loan Amount VS Employment Length Loan Amount VS Verification Status



## Insights

- When employment length is 10yrs and loan amount is 12k-14k had most default.
- When the loan is verified and loan amount is above 16K had most default.

# Grade VS Interest Rate



## Insights

Grade G and interest rate above 20% had max default.

# Recommendations

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- Loan applicants applying loan for 60 months are likely to default more than the one taking loan for 36 months.
- Applicants who had been employed for more than 10 years accounted for the highest number of "Charged off" loans. This indicates that long-term employment history did not necessarily guarantee successful loan repayment.
- The majority of "Charged off" loan participants lived in rented houses or mortgage.
- Most of the charged off loan applicants had annual salaries between 35,000 to 60,000 USD
- Applicants taking loan for 'home improvement' and have income of 60k -70k likely to default
- Applicants whose home ownership is 'MORTGAGE and have income of 60-70k likely to default
- Applicants who receive interest at the rate of 21-24% and have an income of 70k-80k are likely default
- When grade is F,G and loan amount is between 15k-20k likely to default
- When the loan is verified and loan amount is above 16K likely to default
- For grade G and interest rate above 20% likely to default
- Loan applicants from the state of Nebraska(NE) have high percentage of default.
- Borrowers from states CA, FL, NJ have maximum number of loan defaults

# Recommendations Cont.

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- Most of the loan participants who charged off has Dti is between 13-17
- Small Business is the category where the maximum percentage of loans are defaulted.
- A majority of the loan applicants who charged off reported an annual income of less than \$58,000.
- The percentage of loan Defaults is in increasing pattern with increase in interest rates,21%-24% range are mostly associated with defaults.
- Majority of the loan applicants who defaulted received loan amounts of \$15,000 or higher.
- The Percentage of loan defaults increase with grade ,Grade E,F,G contributes to more percentage of Loan Defaults.